

# INSTALLATION MANUAL

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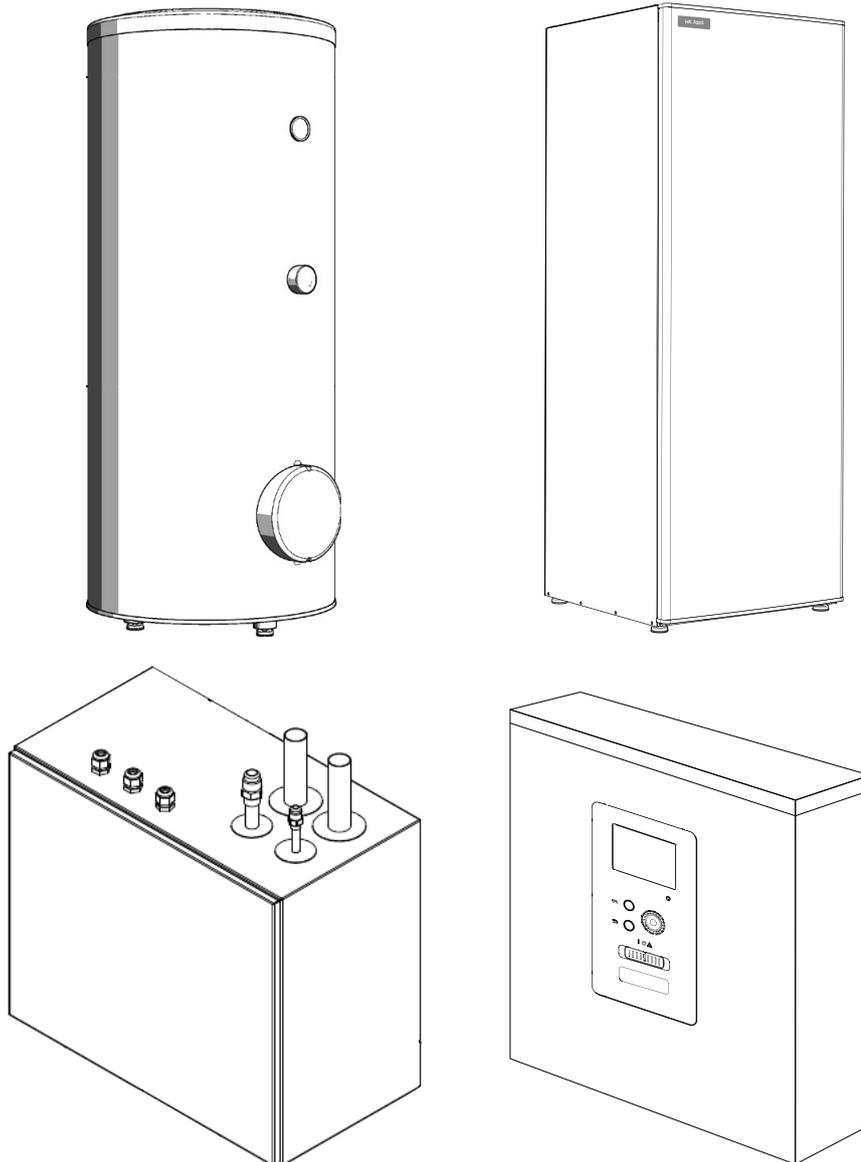
## MITSUBISHI HEAVY INDUSTRIES

Air to Water Heat Pump

Hydrolution (HM)

HSB60/HMK60/FDCW60VNX-A

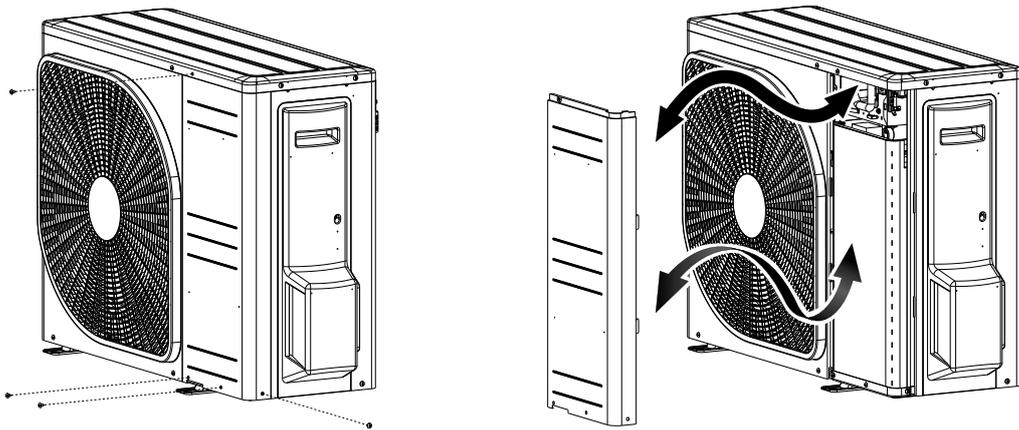
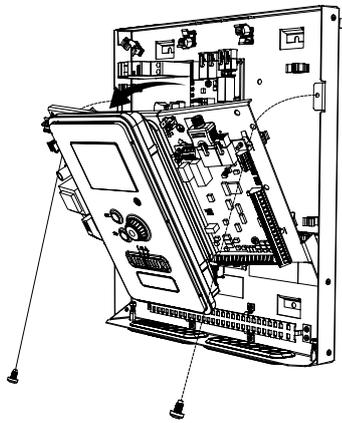
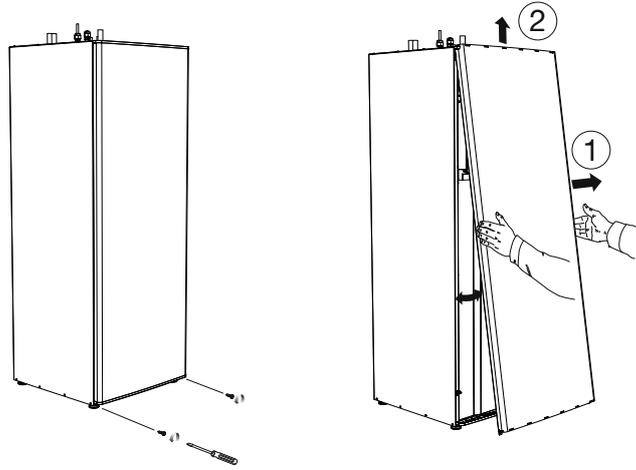
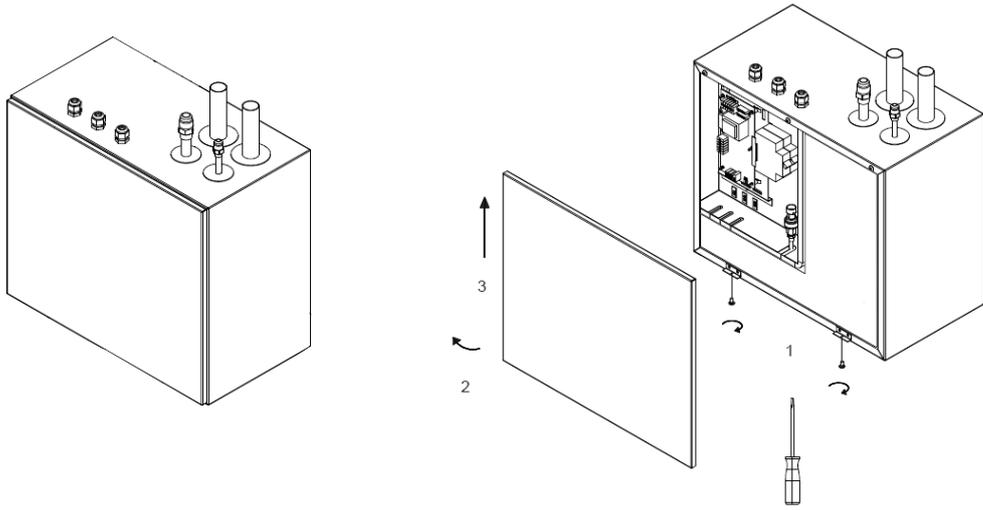
PT300/RC-HY20/40



This heat pump complies with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC (replaced by 2014/30/EU on 20/4/2016), LV Directive 2006/95/EC (replaced by 2014/35/EU on 20/4/2016). CE marking is applicable to the area of 50 Hz power supply.

English : Original instruction

PSC012D085BS



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## Safety precautions

When installing the unit, be sure to check whether the selection of installation place, power supply specifications, usage limitation (piping length, height differences between indoor and outdoor units, power supply voltage and etc.) and installation spaces.

- We recommend you to read this “SAFETY PRECAUTIONS” carefully before installation in order to gain full advantage of the functions of the unit and to avoid malfunction due to mishandling.
- The precautions described below are divided into  WARNING and  CAUTION. The matters with possibilities leading to serious consequences such as death or serious personal injury due to erroneous handling are listed in the  WARNING and the matters with possibilities leading to personal injury or damage of the unit due to erroneous handling including probability leading to serious consequences in some cases are listed in  CAUTION. These are very important precautions for safety. Be sure to observe all of them without fail.
- Be sure to confirm no anomaly on the equipment by commissioning after completed installation and explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the owner’s manual.
- Keep the installation manual together with owner’s manual at a place where any user can read at any time. Moreover if necessary, ask to hand them to a new user.

This heat pump complies with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU.

This appliance is designed for use in a home environment and can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children

shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

This in accordance to applicable parts of the low voltage directive 2014/35/EU, LVD.

This appliance is also intended for use by experts or trained users in shops, hotels, light industry, on farms and in similar environments. This in accordance to applicable parts of the machinery directive 2006/42/EC.

CE marking is applicable to the area of 50 Hz power supply.

The emission sound pressure level from each Indoor and Outdoor unit is under 70 dB(A).

### WARNING

**Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.** 

If you install the system by yourself, it may cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury, as a result of a system malfunction.

**Install the system in full accordance with the instruction manual.** 

Incorrect installation may cause bursts, personal injury, water leaks, electric shocks and fire.

**Use the original accessories and the specified components for installation.** 

If parts other than those prescribed by us are used, It may cause water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury.

**When installing in small rooms, take prevention measures not to exceed the density limit of refrigerant in the event of leakage.** 

Consult the expert about prevention measures. If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of leakage, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.

**Ventilate the working area well in the event of refrigerant leakage during installation.** 

If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gas is produced.

**After completed installation, check that no refrigerant leaks from the system.** 

If refrigerant leaks into the room and comes into contact with an oven or other hot surface, poisonous gas is produced.

**Hang up the unit at the specified points with ropes which can support the weight in lifting for portage. And to avoid jolting out of alignment, be sure to hang up the unit at 4-point support.** !

An improper manner of portage such as 3-point support can cause death or serious personal injury due to falling of the unit.

**Install the unit in a location with good support.** !

Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.

**Ensure the unit is stable when installed, so that it can withstand earthquakes and strong winds.** !

Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.

**Ensure that no air enters in the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed.** ⊘

If air enters in the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit becomes too high, which can cause burst and personal injury.

**The electrical installation must be carried out by the qualified electrician in accordance with “the norm for electrical work” and “national wiring regulation”, and the system must be connected to the dedicated circuit.** !

Power supply with insufficient capacity and incorrect function done by improper work can cause electric shocks and fire.

**Be sure to shut off the power before starting electrical work.** !

Failure to shut off the power can cause electric shocks, unit failure or incorrect function of equipment.

**Be sure to use the cables conformed to safety standard and cable ampacity for power distribution work.** !

Unconformable cables can cause electric leak, anomalous heat production or fire.

**Use the prescribed cables for electrical connection, tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the cables correctly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.** !

Loose connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire.

**Arrange the wiring in the control box so that it cannot be pushed up further into** !

**the box. Install the service panel correctly.**

Incorrect installation may result in overheating and fire.

**Do not perform brazing work in the airtight room.** !

It can cause lack of oxygen.

**Use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R410A.** !

Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause the unit failure and serious accidents due to burst of the refrigerant circuit.

**Tighten the flare nut by using double spanners and torque wrench according to prescribed method. Be sure not to tighten the flare nut too much.** !

Loose flare connection or damage on the flare part by tightening with excess torque can cause burst or refrigerant leaks which may result in lack of oxygen.

**Do not open the service valves for liquid line and gas line until completed refrigerant piping work, air tightness test and evacuation.** !

If the compressor is operated in state of opening service valves before completed connection of refrigerant piping work, air can be sucked into refrigerant circuit, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant.

**Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulphide gas can occur.** !

Poisonous gases will flow into the room through drainage pipe and seriously affect the user's health and safety.

**Only use prescribed optional parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.** !

If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire.

**Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections** ⊘

Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shocks.

**Be sure to fix up the service panels.** ⊘

Incorrect fixing can cause electric shocks or fire due to intrusion of dust or water.

**Do not perform any repairs or modifications by yourself. Consult the dealer if the unit requires repair.** ⊘

If you repair or modify the unit, it can cause water

leaks, electric shocks or fire.

**Do not perform any change of protective device itself or its setup condition** !

The forced operation by short-circuiting protective device of pressure switch and temperature controller or the use of non specified component can cause fire or burst.

**Be sure to switch off the power supply in the event of installation, inspection or servicing.** !

If the power supply is not shut off, there is a risk of electric shocks, unit failure or personal injury due to the unexpected start of fan.

**Consult the dealer or an expert regarding removal of the unit.** !

Incorrect installation can cause water leaks, electric shocks or fire.

**Stop the compressor before disconnecting refrigerant pipes in case of pump down operation.** !

If disconnecting refrigerant pipes in state of opening service valves before compressor stopping, air can be sucked, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant circuit.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Carry out the electrical work for ground lead with care.** ⚡

Do not connect the ground lead to the gas line, water line, lightning conductor or telephone line's ground lead. Incorrect grounding can cause unit faults such as electric shocks due to short-circuiting.

**Use the circuit breaker with sufficient breaking capacity.** !

If the breaker does not have sufficient breaking capacity, it can cause the unit malfunction and fire.

**Earth leakage breaker must be installed.** ⚡

If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause electric shocks.

**Do not use any materials other than a fuse with the correct rating in the location where fuses are to be used.** ⚡

Connecting the circuit with copper wire or other metal thread can cause unit failure and fire.

**Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of combustible gases can occur.** ⚡

If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can

cause fire.

**Do not install the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or combustible gas (such as thinner and petroleum gases) can accumulate or collect, or where volatile combustible substances are handled.** ⚡

Corrosive gas can cause corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts and etc. And combustible gas can cause fire.

**Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manual.** ⚡

Insufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place.

**When the outdoor unit is installed on a roof or a high place, provide permanent ladders and handrails along the access route and fences and handrails around the outdoor unit.** ⚡

If safety facilities are not provided, it can cause personal injury due to falling from the installation place.

**Do not use the indoor unit at the place where water splashes may occur.** ⚡

Since the indoor unit is not waterproof, it can cause electric shocks and fire.

**Do not install or use the system close to the equipment that generates electromagnetic fields or high frequency harmonics.** ⚡

Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telecommunication equipments can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns. The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming.

**Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit.** ⚡

Insects and small animals can enter the electric parts and cause damage or fire. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean.

**Do not use the base flame for outdoor unit which is corroded or damaged due to long periods of operation.** ⚡

Using an old and damage base flame can cause the unit falling down and cause personal injury.

**Do not install the unit in the locations listed below.** ⚡

- Locations where carbon fiber, metal powder or

any powder is floating.

- Locations where any substances that can affect the unit such as sulphide gas, chloride gas, acid and alkaline can occur.
- Vehicles and ships.
- Locations where cosmetic or special sprays are often used.
- Locations with direct exposure of oil mist and steam such as kitchen and machine plant.
- Locations where any machines which generate high frequency harmonics are used.
- Locations with salty atmospheres such as coastlines.
- Locations with heavy snow (If installed, be sure to provide base flame and snow hood mentioned in the manual).
- Locations where the unit is exposed to chimney smoke.
- Locations at high altitude (more than 1000m high).
- Locations with ammoniac atmospheres.
- Locations where heat radiation from other heat source can affect the unit.
- Locations without good air circulation.
- Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and outlet air of the unit.
- Locations where short circuit of air can occur (in case of multiple units installation).
- Locations where strong air blows against the air outlet of outdoor unit.

It can cause remarkable decrease in performance, corrosion and damage of components, malfunction and fire.

**Do not install the outdoor unit in the locations listed below.** 

- Locations where discharged hot air or operating sound of the outdoor unit can bother neighborhood.
- Locations where outlet air of the outdoor unit blows directly to plants.
- Locations where vibration can be amplified and transmitted due to insufficient strength of structure.
- Locations where vibration and operation sound generated by the outdoor unit can affect seriously. (on the wall or at the place near bed room)
- Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m)
- Locations where drainage cannot run off safely.

It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim.

**Do not install the remote controller at the direct sunlight.** 

It can cause malfunction or deformation of the remote controller.

**Do not use the unit for special purposes such as storing foods, cooling precision instruments and preservation of animals, plants or art.** 

It can cause the damage of the items.

**Take care when carrying the unit by hand.** 

If the unit weights more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons. Do not carry by the plastic straps, always use the carry handle when carrying the unit by hand. Use gloves to minimize the risk of cuts by the aluminum fins.

**Dispose of any packing materials correctly.** 

Any remaining packing materials can cause personal injury as it contains nails and wood. And to avoid danger of suffocation, be sure to keep the plastic wrapper away from children and to dispose after tear it up.

**Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld spatter when welding work is done near the indoor unit.** 

If weld spatter entered into the indoor unit during welding work, it can cause pin-hole in drain pan and result in water leakage. To prevent such damage, keep the indoor unit in its packing or cover it.

**Be sure to insulate the refrigerant pipes so as not to condense the ambient air moisture on them.** 

Insufficient insulation can cause condensation, which can lead to moisture damage on the ceiling, floor, furniture and any other valuables.

**Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed refrigerant piping work.** 

If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of refrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.

**Do not touch any buttons with wet hands.** 

It can cause electric shocks.

**Do not shut off the power supply immediately after stopping the operation.** 

Wait at least 5 minutes, otherwise there is a risk of water leakage or breakdown.

**Do not control the system with main power switch.** 

It can cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the

fan can start unexpectedly, which can cause personal injury.

**Do not touch any refrigerant pipes when the system is in operation.** 

During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending the operating condition, and it can cause burn injury or frost injury.

**Notabilia for units designed for R410A**

Only use R410A refrigerant. R410A is the refrigerant whose pressure is 1.6 times as high as that of conventional refrigerant.

The size of charging port of service valve and check joint for R410A are altered from that for conventional refrigerant in order to prevent the system being charged with the incorrect refrigerant by mistake. And the protruding dimension of pipe for flare processing and flare nut size for R410A are also altered from that for conventional refrigerant in order to reinforce strength against the pressure for R410A. Accordingly the dedicated tools for R410A listed in the below mentioned table should be prepared for installation and servicing.

Dedicated tools for R410A	
a)	Gauge manifold
b)	Charge hose
c)	Electronic scale for refrigerant charge
d)	Torque wrench
e)	Flare tool
f)	Protrusion control gauge for copper pipe
g)	Vacuum pump adapter
h)	Gas leak detector

Do not use charging cylinder. Using charging cylinder may alter the composition of refrigerant, which results in making the performance of the system worse.

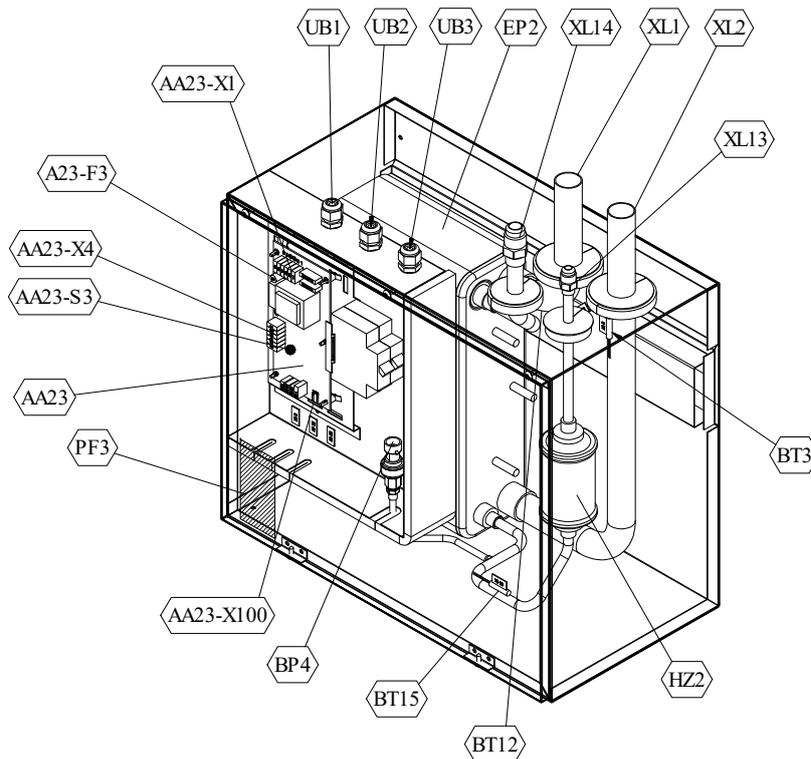
Refrigerant must be charged always in liquid state from the bottle.

## General information for installer

For outdoor unit installation information, see Installation manual for Outdoor unit.

### Over view and design

#### HSB60



#### Pipe connections

XL1 (Red mark)	Climate system supply
XL2 (Blue mark)	Climate system return
XL14	Connection, gas line
XL13	Connection, liquid line

#### Sensor, thermostats

BP4	Pressure sensor, high pressure
BT3	Temperature sensor, heating medium, return
BT12	Temperature sensor, condenser, supply
BT15	Temperature sensor, fluid pipe

#### Valves etc.

EP2	Heat exchanger
HQ1	Particle filter (supplied)
HZ2	Drying filter

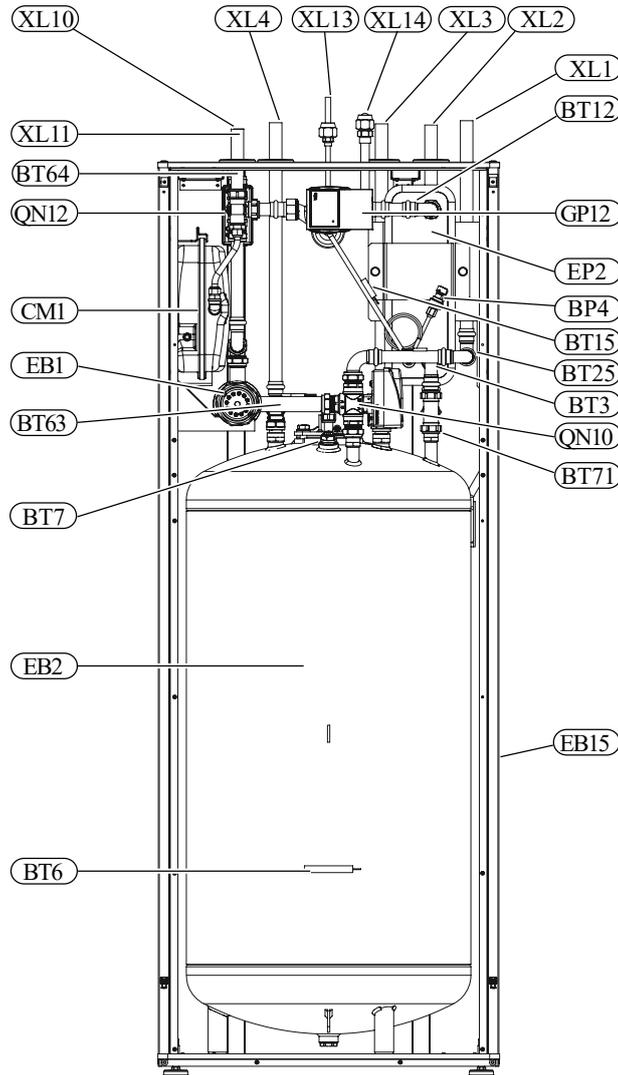
#### Miscellaneous

UB1	Cable gland
UB2	Cable gland
UB3	Cable gland

#### Electrical components

AA23	Communication board
AA23-F3	Fuse for external heating cable
AA23-S3	DIP switch, addressing of outdoor unit
AA23-X1	Terminal block, incoming supply, connection of KVR
AA23-X4	Terminal block, communication with indoor module / control module
AA23-X100	Terminal block, communication outdoor module

**HMK60**



**Pipe connections**

- XL1 (  ) Connection, heating medium, supply
- XL2 (  ) Connection, heating medium, return
- XL3 Connection, cold water
- XL4 Connection, hot water
- XL10 Connection, cooling
- XL11 Connection, safety group, manometer
- XL13 Connection, liquid cooling medium
- XL14 Connection, gas cooling medium

**HVAC elements**

- CM1 Diaphragm expansion vessel, closed
- QN10 Isolation valve, domestic hot water/central heating
- QN12 Isolation valve, cooling/heating
- GP12 Circulation pump
- EP2 Heat exchanger

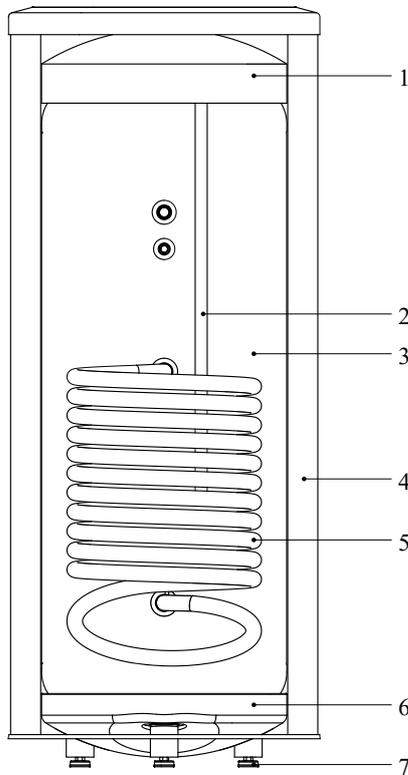
**Sensors**

- BP4 Pressure sensor, high pressure
- BT3 Temperature sensor, heating medium return
- BT6 Temperature sensor, hot water loading
- BT7 Temperature sensor, top of the hot water heater
- BT12 Temperature sensor, condenser outlet
- BT15 Temperature sensor, liquid
- BT25 Temperature sensor, heating medium supply
- BT63 Temperature sensor, heating medium supply downstream the submersible heater
- BT64 Temperature sensor, cooling medium supply
- BT71 Temperature sensor, heating medium re- turn

**Others**

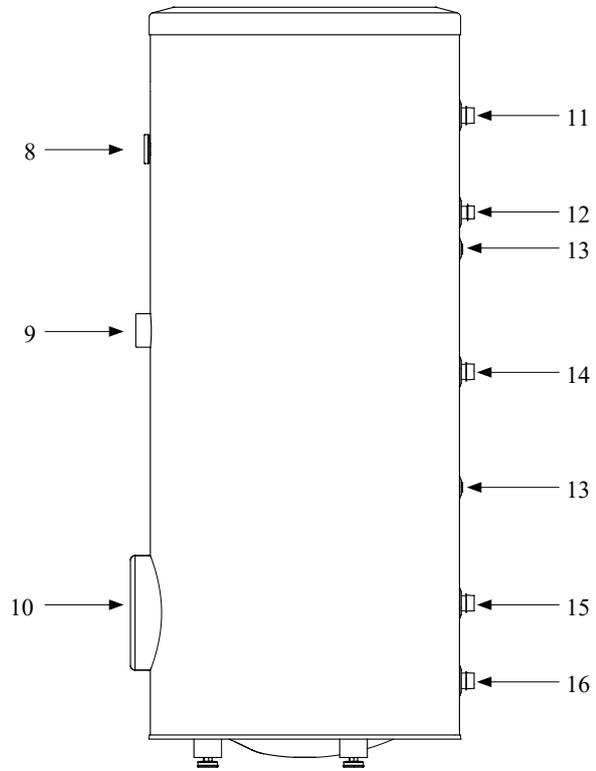
- EB15 HMK 60
- PF3 Serial number
- EB2 Domestic hot water tank

**PT300**



**Section of the PT300 storage tanks.**

1. Upper insulation of the storage tank
2. Protective magnesium anode
3. Enamelled tank
4. Side insulation of the storage tank
5. Coil
6. Lower insulation of the storage tank
7. Adjustable foot



**Side view of the PT300 storage tanks.**

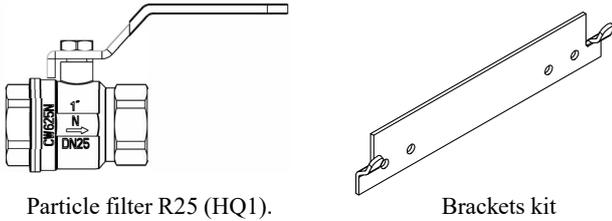
8. Thermometer
9. Connector pipe for mounting electric heating unit
10. Inspection opening
11. Hot water intake connector pipe
12. Hot water circulation connector pipe
13. Temperature sensor cover
14. Coil supply connector pipe
15. Connection of return line from the coil
16. Cold water supply connector pipe

## Transport and storage

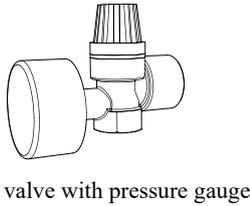
Indoor unit and tank unit must be transported and stored vertically in dry conditions.

## Supplied components

### HSB60 Indoor unit



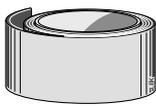
### HMK60 Indoor unit with tank



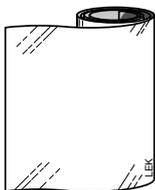
### RC-HY20/40 Control unit



Outside sensor



Insulation tape



Aluminium tape



Heating pipe paste



Room sensor (RC-HY40 only)



Temperature sensor



Cable ties

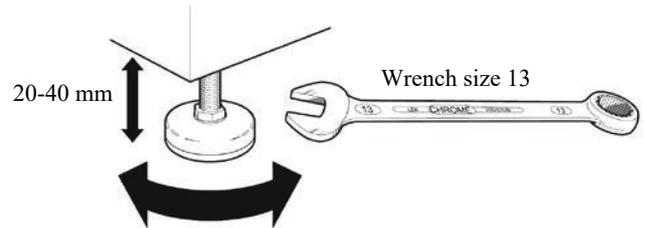


Current sensor (RC-HY40 only)

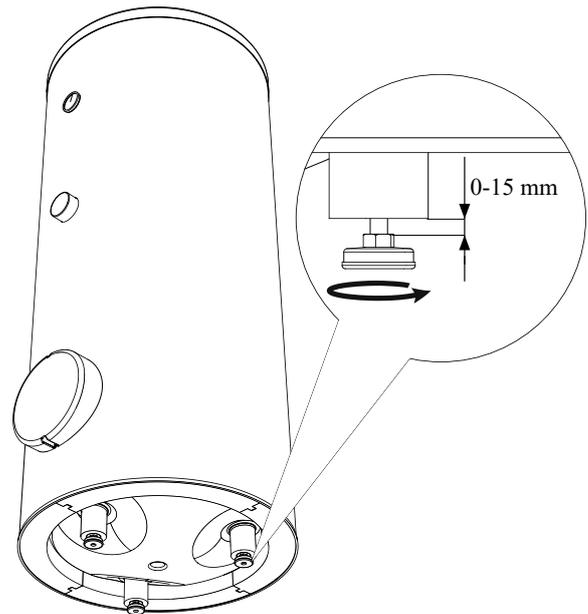
## Assembly

- It is recommended that indoor unit is installed in a room with existing floor drainage, most suitably in a utility room or boiler room.
- For indoor unit and control unit, the mounting surface must be firm, flat and vertical, preferably a concrete wall.
- Indoor unit with tank and tank unit must be set on a solid waterproof base that would keep the weight of the unit. The height-adjusting legs allow for levelling and stable setting.

### HMK60



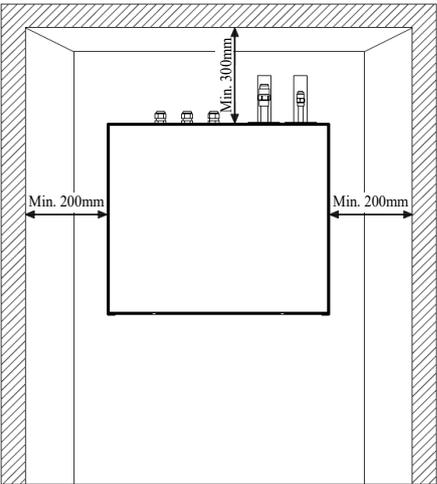
### PT300



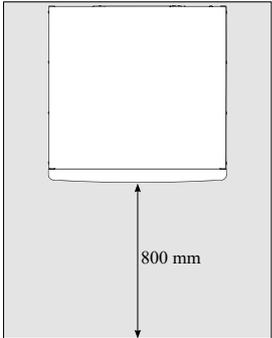
- For indoor unit with tank, floor drain port is required to connect drain hose in case cooling function is used.
- Install indoor unit with its back to an outside wall, ideally in a room where noise does not matter. If this is not possible, avoid placing it against a wall behind a bedroom or other room where noise may be a problem.
- Route pipes so they are not fixed to an internal wall that backs on to a bedroom or living room.
- Install indoor unit with tank, tank unit and its pipings to indoor unit indoors in order to avoid icing.
- Ensure free space described in the following figures for future maintenance.

**HSB60**

Recommendation for positioning on wall

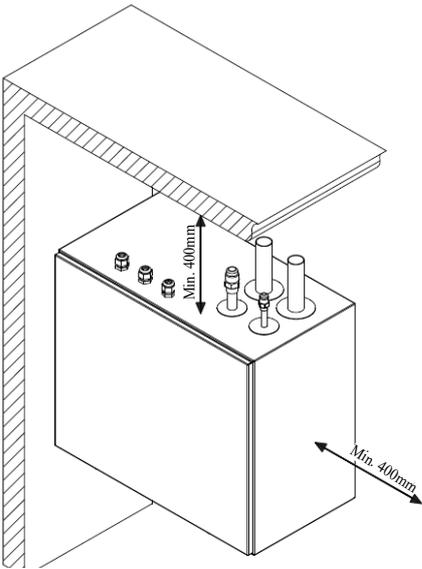


**HMK60**



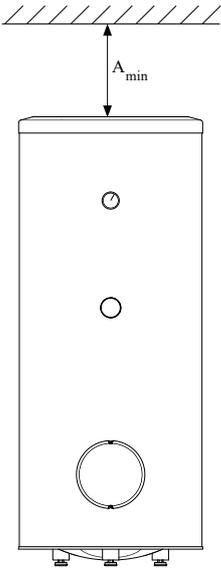
**IMPORTANT**  
 For HMK60, leave 10 – 25 mm free space between the indoor module and the back wall for cables and piping.

Recommendation for positioning in corner



\*Min 800mm is required in front

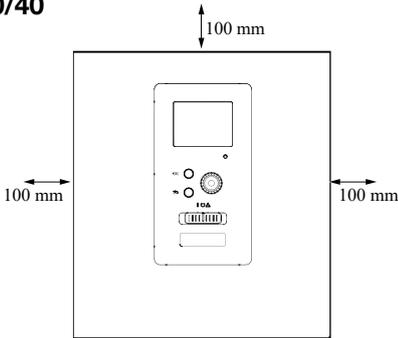
**PT300**



A<sub>min</sub> is required on top to replace anode bar, and 500 mm is required in front to replace immersion heater if equipped.

Application	Connector pipe dia.	Type of anode	A <sub>min</sub>
PT300	1"	Chain ø26 × 8	150 mm
	¾"	Titanium anode	200 mm

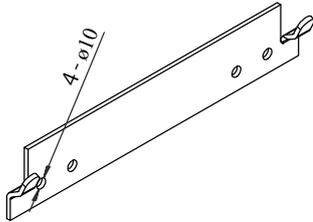
**RC-HY20/40**



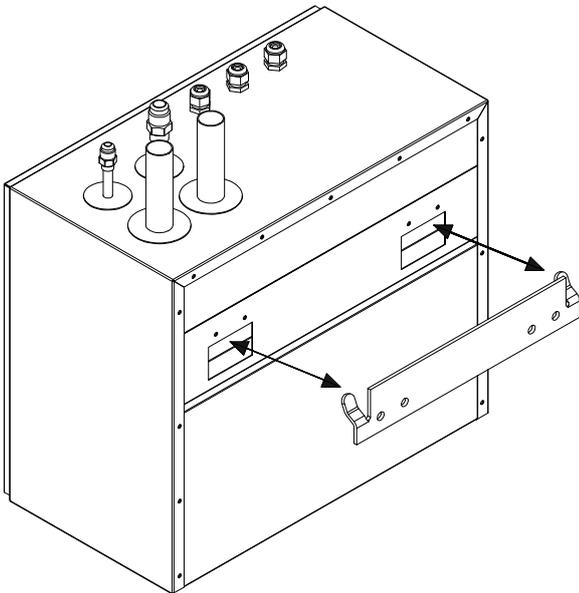
## Hanging indoor unit

It is recommended that the split box is installed in a room with existing floor drainage, most suitably in a utility room or boiler room.

1. The bracket for the split box is mounted to the wall by use of appropriate screws.



2. Insert HSB60 in the bracket mounted to the wall.

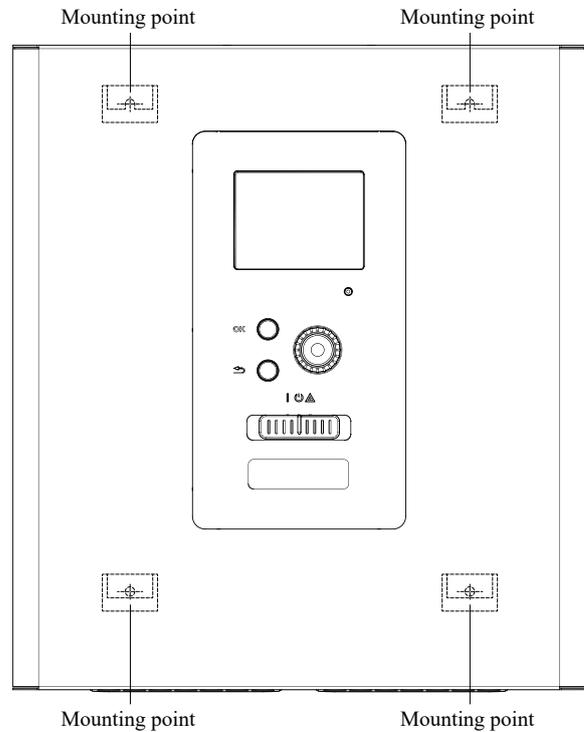


### NOTE

*Indoor unit weigh 16 kg excluding water inside.*

## Hanging control unit

Use all mounting points and install control unit upright against a flat wall. Make sure whole back surface faces the wall.



## Dimensioning expansion vessel

The expansion vessel volume must be at least 5% of total water volume in the circulation system.

HMK60 is equipped with an expansion vessel with a volume of 10 liters.

### Initial pressure and max height difference

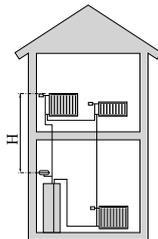
Recommended maximum height difference between expansion vessel and the highest point in the system is 5m.

The initial pressure of the pressure expansion vessel must be dimensioned according to the maximum height (H) between the vessel and the highest positioned radiator, see figure. An initial pressure of 0.5 bar (5 mvp) means a maximum permitted height difference of 5 m.

If the standard initial pressure in the pressure vessel is not high enough it can be increased by filling via the valve in the expansion vessel. The expansion vessel's standard initial pressure must be entered in the check list on User's manual.

Any change in the initial pressure affects the ability of the expansion vessel to handle the expansion of the water.

Consult local distributor in case height difference exceeds 5m.



## Recommended installation order

1. Hang indoor unit and control unit to appropriate position and connect indoor unit and tank unit.
2. Connect indoor unit to climate system, cold and hot water lines as well as any external heat sources. See page 14, 15. Also see docking descriptions on page 26-28 and further on.
3. Install refrigerant pipes according to the description on the Installation manual for outdoor unit.
4. Connect current limiter, any centralised load control and external contacts as well as the cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit.
5. Connect incoming electricity to indoor unit and/or outdoor unit. See page 34-36.
6. Follow the commissioning instructions on page 37-55.

# Pipe installation

## General

Pipe installation must be carried out in accordance with current norms and directives.

A following table shows plumbing necessary for each product.

	Refrigerant	Plumbing
HSB	Necessary	Necessary
HMK	Necessary	Necessary
PT	—	Necessary
PC-HY	—	—

This heat pump system is designed for low or medium temperature heating system. It is recommended water temperature must not exceed 55°C on supply and 45°C on

return at lowest design outdoor temperature (DOT) though indoor unit can operate with a return temperature of up to 65°C and an outgoing temperature from the unit of 65°C.

Indoor unit is not equipped with shut off valves; these must be installed outside the heat pump to facilitate any future servicing.

Indoor unit can be connected to the radiator system, floor heating system and/or fan convectors.

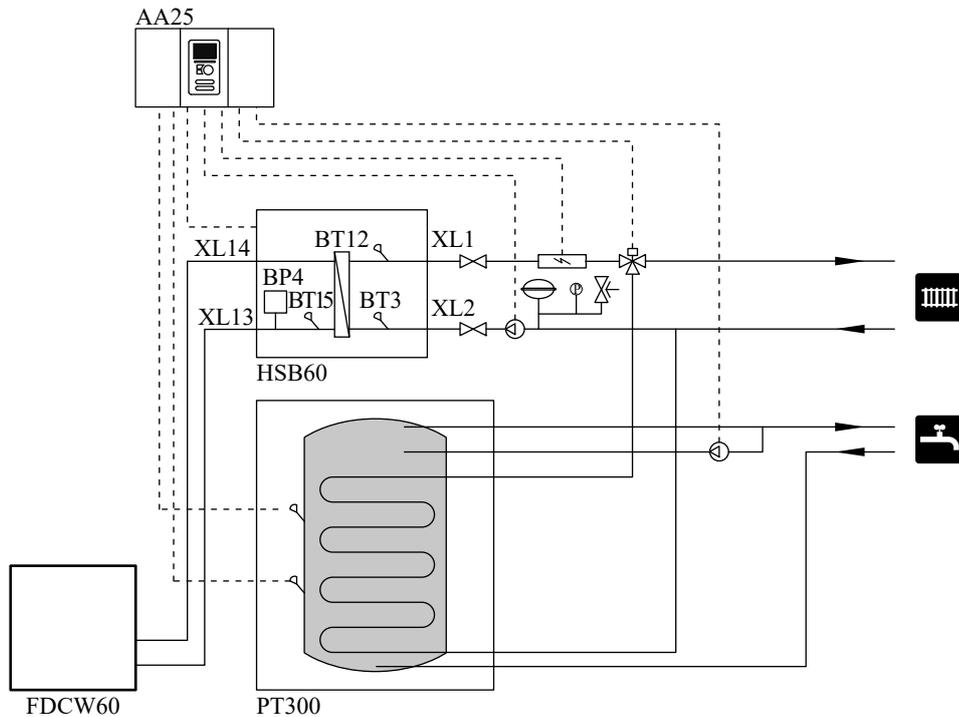
Safety valve is not equipped with in indoor unit. Make sure to install safety valve in the circuit.

## Installation diagram

FDCW60VNX-A outdoor unit provides heat for space heating and domestic hot water using free energy in the outdoor air within the range of low temperature up to -20°C. Connection is different according to the type of indoor unit (see below figures). The system is controlled by RC-HY20 or RC-HY40 control unit.

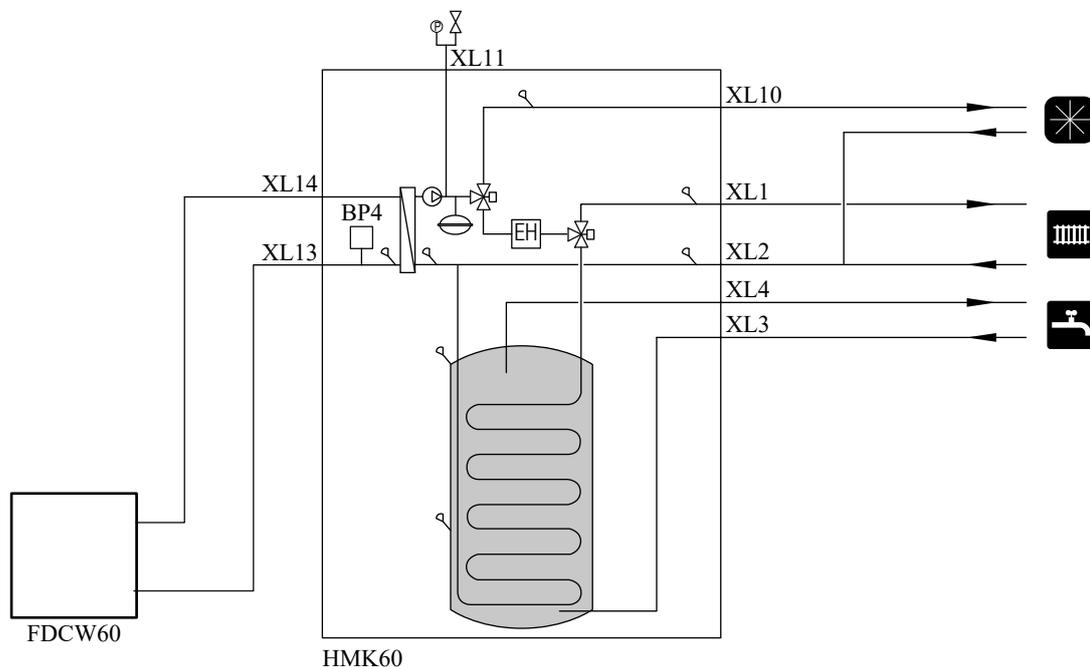
### HSB60

HSB60 indoor unit is equipped with plate heat exchanger. It needs to install expansion vessel, shut-off valves, safety valve, electric heater and circulation pump to make a complete heating system. In case domestic hot water is required, 3 way valve and tank is also necessary.



### HMK60

HMK60 indoor unit is equipped with coil water heater, expansion vessel, safety valve, electric heater, plate heat exchanger, sensors and gauge, and circulation pump.



Symbol	Meaning
↑	Vent
∩	Cut-off valve
⊥	Water tap
∩	Non-return valve
∩	Balancing valve
⊕	Three-way valve
∩	Safety valve
⊕	Thermometer
∩	Temperature sensor
⊕	Diaphragm expansion vessel

Symbol	Meaning
⊕	Manometer
⊕	Circulation pump
□	Particulate filter
⊕	Compressor
∩	Heat exchanger
∩	Cooling
∩	Central heating system
∩	Domestic hot water
∩	Heating systems Floor heating
∩	Cooling system

## System requirements

The minimum water volume in the climate system is subject to the values in the table below. If it is not fulfilled, volume vessel must be installed.

For more options, see the docking description on Page 24.

(liter)

	With underfloor cooling application	Without underfloor cooling application
HSB60, HMK60, FDCW60VNX-A	50	20

## Overflow valve

### NOTE

*A free flow is required for all docking options, which means that an overflow valve must be installed.*

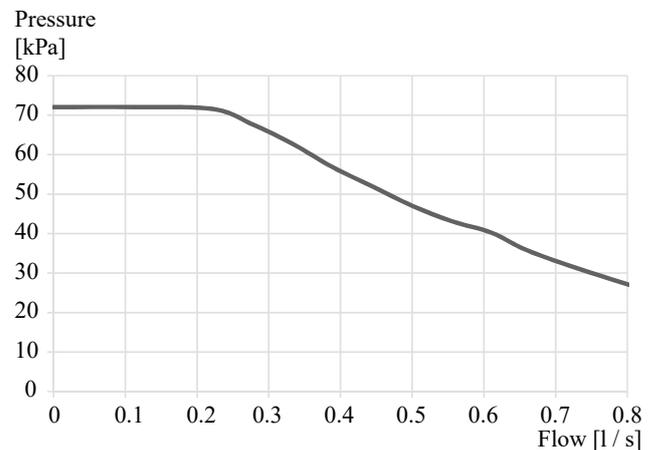
***The circulation pump may become damaged.***

## Pump capacity diagram

### HSB60

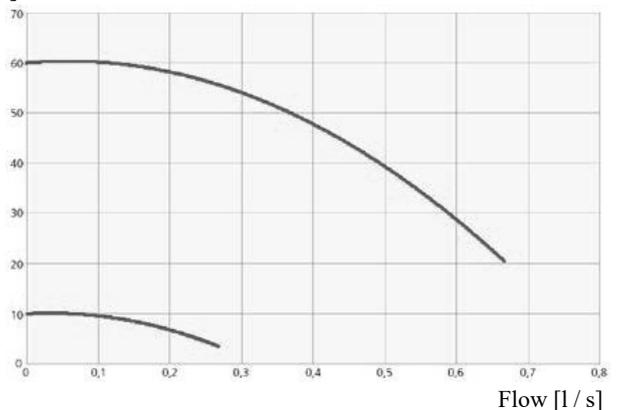
HSB60 is not equipped with circulation pump.

This graph shows the characteristic of CPD11-25/55.



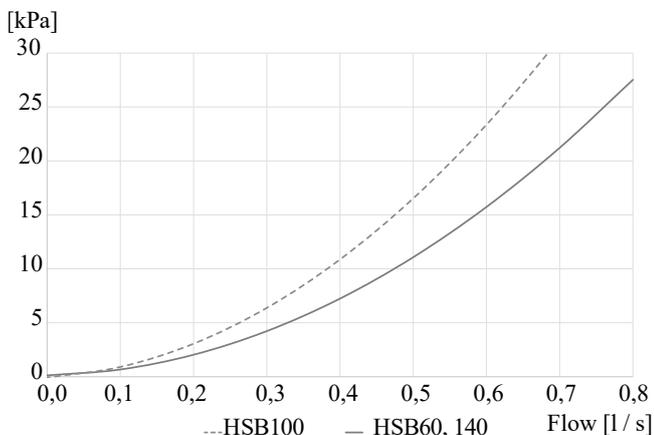
### HMK60

Pressure [kPa]

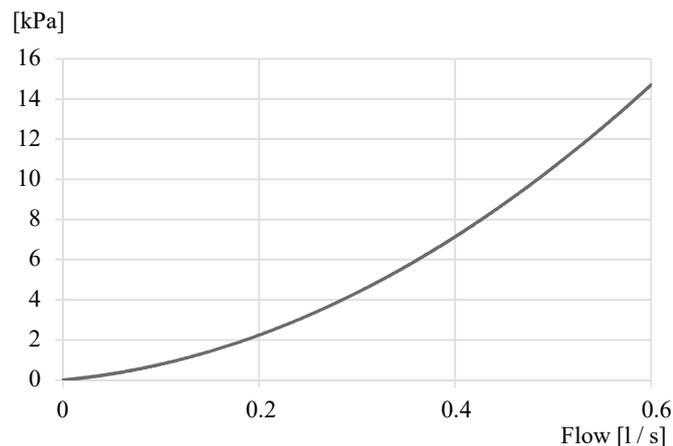


## Pressure drop in indoor unit

### HSB60



### HMK60



### Connection of extra circulation pump

When connecting extra circulation pumps, requirements for pressure, maximum flow etc must be met. See page 27 for location.

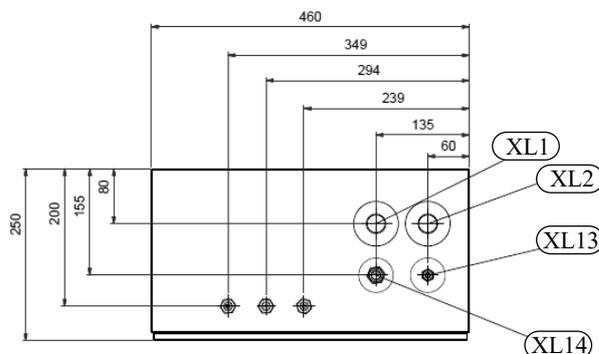
#### NOTE

*Non-return valve must be installed in case extra circulation pump is used. See page 27 for the position.*

**The circulation pump may become damaged.**

## Dimensions and pipe connections

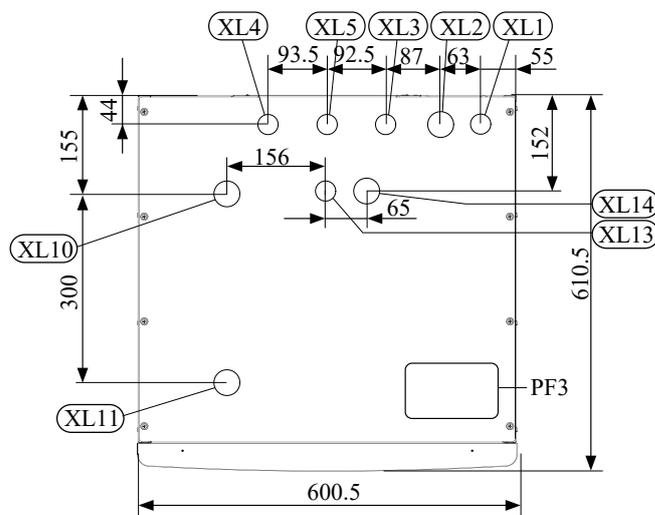
### HSB60



### Pipe connections

- XL1 (Red mark) Climate system, flow  $\varnothing 28$  mm
- XL2 (Blue mark) Climate system, return  $\varnothing 28$  mm
- XL14 Gas line refrigerant, flare  $\frac{1}{2}$ "
- XL13 Liquid line refrigerant, flare  $\frac{1}{4}$ "

### HMK60



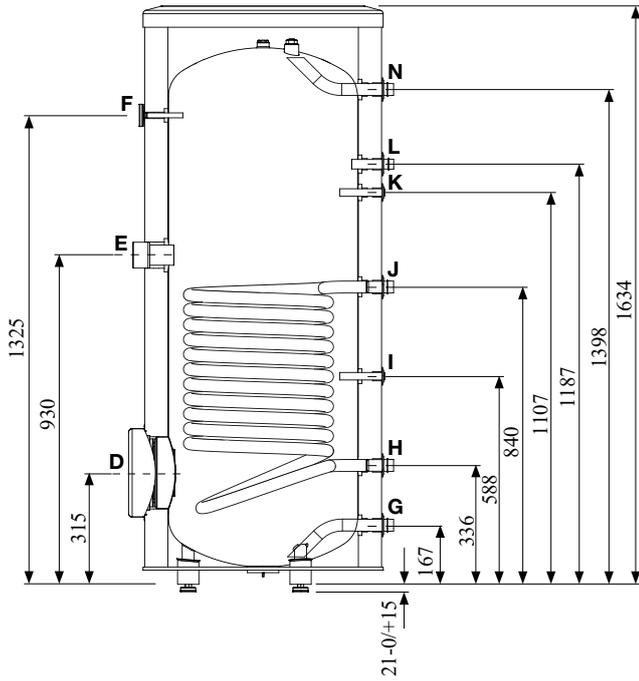
### Pipe connections

- XL1 (→) Connection, Heating medium supply  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL2 (←) Connection, Heating medium return  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL3 Connection, cold water  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL4 Connection, hot water  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL5 Connection, circulation  $\varnothing 15$  mm
- XL13 Connection, liquid cooling medium  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- XL14 Connection, gas cooling medium  $\frac{1}{2}$ "
- XL10 Connection, cooling  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL11 Connection, safety valve  $\varnothing 22$  mm, manometer

### Other information

- PF3 Serial number plate

PT300



Connection	U/m	PT300
<b>D</b> Inspection opening	mm	ø120
<b>E</b> Heating unit connection	inch	1½" Female
<b>F</b> Thermometer enclosure	mm	ø10 Female
<b>N</b> Hot water outlet	inch	1" Male
<b>L</b> Hot water circulation	inch	¾" Male
<b>K</b> Temp. sensor enclosure (BT7)	mm	ø16 Female
<b>J</b> Coil supply	inch	1" Male
<b>I</b> Temp. sensor enclosure (BT6)	mm	ø16 Female
<b>H</b> Return from coil	inch	1" Male
<b>G</b> Cold water input	inch	1" Male

## Water circuit

### Connection to heating system

Connect XL1 to supply line and X2 to return line from heating system.

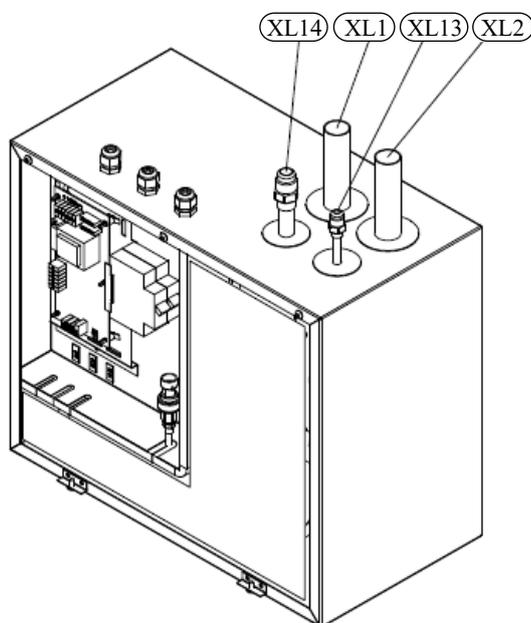
- All required safety devices and shut-off valves must be installed as close to the indoor unit as possible.
- Install bleed valves where necessary, highest point of the water system in usual case.
- When connecting to a system with thermostats on all radiators, install an overflow valve or remove some of the thermostats to ensure sufficient flow.
- See section Dockings on page 25 for outline diagram.
- Install a safety valve with manometer on heating circuit and hot water circuit. (FL2)

For HSB60 install a safety valve for heating circuit on the water pipe returning to indoor unit since it doesn't have port for FL2.

The entire length of the overflow water pipe from the safety valves must be inclined to prevent water pockets and must also be frost proof.

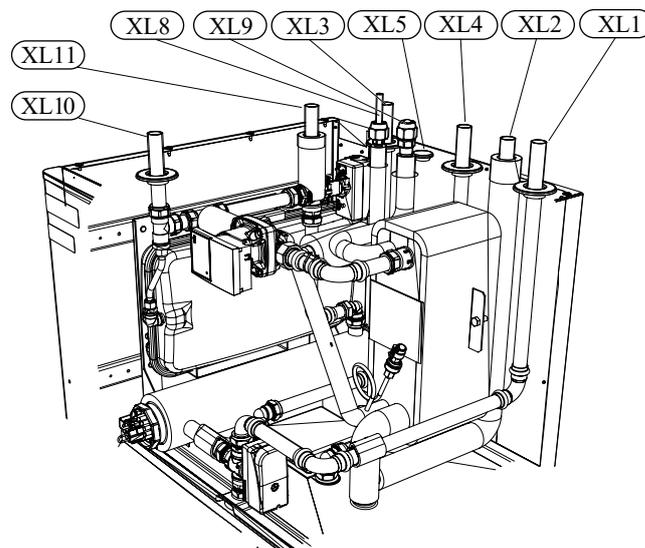
- The end of overflow water pipe from the safety valves must be left open to the atmosphere. The water may drip from the pipe.

### HSB60



Install safety valve as close to XL2 as possible.

### HMK60



Install safety valve FL2 on XL11.

### Connection to hot water heater

For HSB60 indoor unit, it is necessary to connect PT300 tank unit applying 3 way valve in order to use domestic hot water function.

For HMK60 indoor unit, 180L tank unit is integrated in indoor unit.

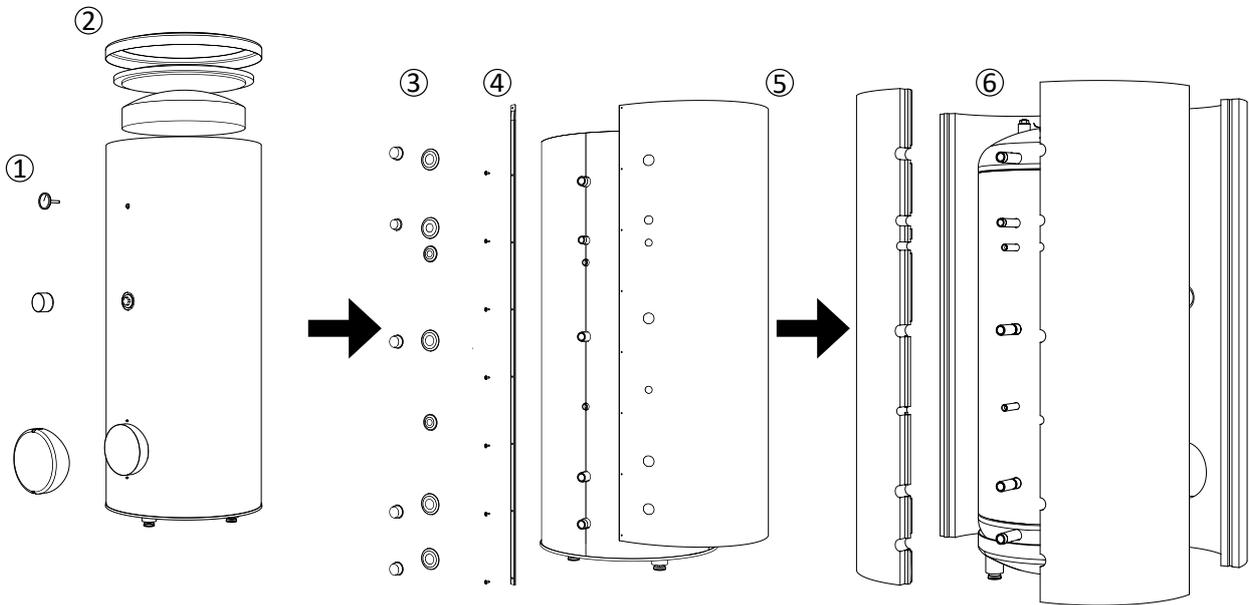
### Housing disassembly of tank unit

Removable housing with thermal insulation facilitates transport and installation of the storage tank. Disassembly the housing in the following order (see below figure):

1. Remove the Temperature gauge, plug of the heating element connector pipe and blanking plate of the inspection opening.
2. Remove the upper cover of the housing together with thermal insulation.
3. Remove the plugs from the connector pipes and black bushings.
4. Remove the fixing screws and the strip connecting the housing jacket.
5. Remove the jacket surrounding the tank (housing jacket.)
6. Remove the four-piece thermal insulation.

After the installation of the storage tank in its final location, reinstall the removed components in the reverse order.

Housing and thermal insulation disassembly



Connecting hot water tank to indoor unit

**CAUTION**

*Installation and commissioning of the storage tank shall only be done by appropriately qualified installer. The installer should inform the user of the functions of the product and provide the necessary information on its safe use.*

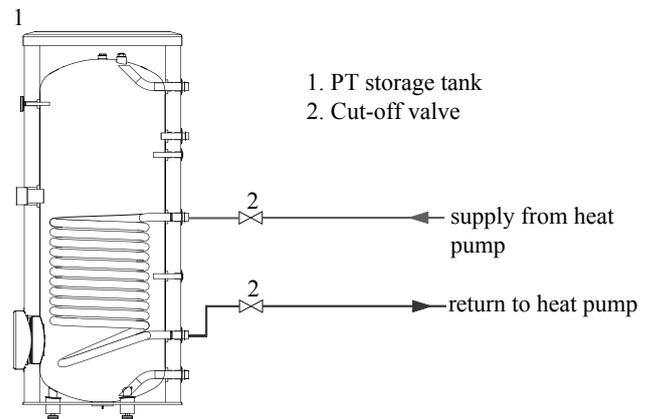
**Information**

*We recommend installing a strainer in order to protect the pumps, check valve and the components of the heating system.*

- Tank and its pipings to indoor unit must be installed indoors where the temperature wouldn't drop below 15°C in order to prevent pipings from icing.
- Maximum piping length between indoor unit and tank is 10m.
- Tank unit should be placed on firm, preferably a concrete floor or foundation.

- Tank unit can be aligned using the adjustable feet.
- Protection against overpressure shall be made in accordance with the relevant regulations.
- Connect the heating system according to the installation diagram (see figure).

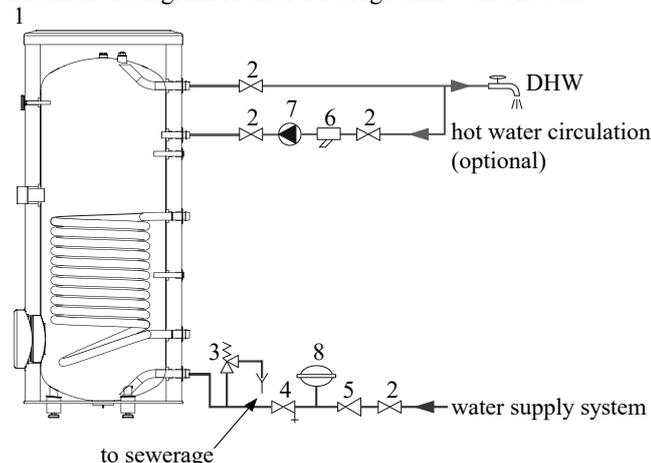
Installation diagram of the PT storage tank with one coil.



### Connecting hot water tank to water main

- Install a mixing valve if the temperature exceeds 60 °C.
- It is recommended to install a thermostatic mixing valve for stable temperature hot water supply.
- Connect the storage tank to the water supply system of water pressure at least 1 bar and max 10 bar. Install a pressure reducer if the pressure at the cold water inlet to the tank is higher than allowed.
- Install a safety valve which have a maximum 10.0 bar opening pressure on the incoming domestic water line according to outline diagram in order to protect the storage tank against overpressure. Pressure increases during heating the water.
- During heating the water, small and temporary water flow from the safety valve can occur, which indicates that the pressure has increased above the rated value, which triggered the valve. This may in no way be prevented.
- Safety valve drain line should be installed with a decline, in an environment free of freezing and remain open to the atmosphere. The manufacturer is not responsible for flooding the room through the safety valve.
- Blocked safety valve can cause equipment failure. Drain the outflow from the safety valve to the sewerage or drain grate.
- See section Dockings on page 25 for outline diagram.
- Connect the water supply system according to the installation diagram.

Installation diagram of the PT storage tank with one coil.



1. PT storage tank
2. Cut-off valve
3. Safety valve
4. Drain valve
5. Pressure reducer (option, if the pressure in the system exceeds the allowable value)
6. Strainer
7. Hot water circulating pump
8. Hot water expansion vessel

### Information

*In order to minimize the flow of water from the safety valve associated with the thermal expansion of the liquid, it is advisable to install a suitable expansion vessel at the cold water connection (see item 8.)*

### CAUTION

*Installation of the appropriate safety valve in the cold water supply line protecting the unit against overpressure is mandatory!*

### CAUTION

*Installation of necking of any kind (such as reducers, dirt pockets, etc.) and cut-off valves between the storage tank and the safety valve is not allowed. Only a T-pipe with a drain valve and a T-pipe with an expansion vessel may be installed in these line sections.*

### CAUTION

*Never block the safety valve or drain line. This can cause a dangerous overpressure in the storage tank.*

### CAUTION

*When heating water, slight, temporary discharge from the safety valve can occur. This is a correct safety valve function. Any attempt to interfere in its operation can lead to the danger and destruction of the storage tank.*

### CAUTION

*Never use the equipment with clogged safety valves.*

### Connection

After the installation and levelling the tank, follow the procedure below (for the connector pipe symbols, refer to page 19):

1. Remove protecting plugs from the connector pipes
2. Connect the hot water intake line (N).
3. Connect the cold water supply line together with the required safety valves (G).
4. If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the connector pipe (L). Otherwise, plug the pipe.
5. Connect the supply (J) and return (H) of the heating medium to the coil.

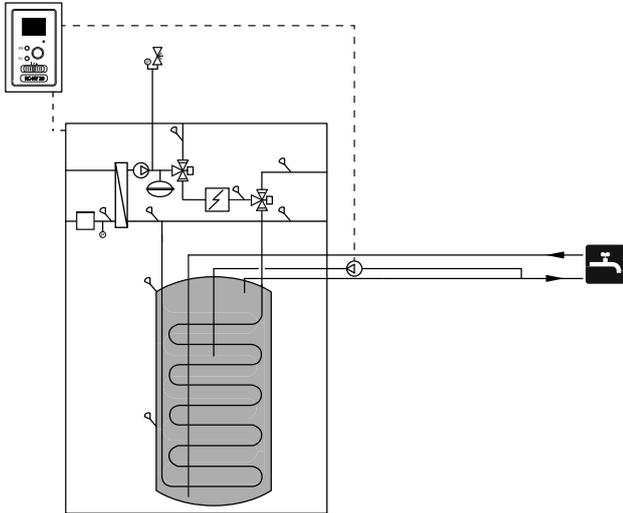
### CAUTION

*If there is an electric heating module installed in the storage tank, fill the tank with water before connecting it to the electrical installation.*

### Hot water circulation circuit

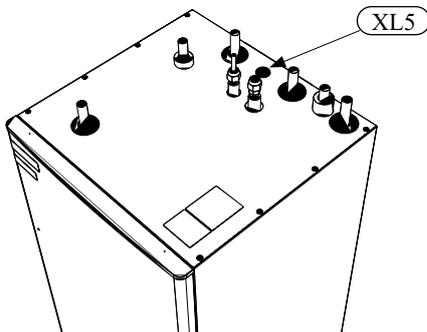
Hot water circulation function is available for HMK60 and PT300.

#### HMK60

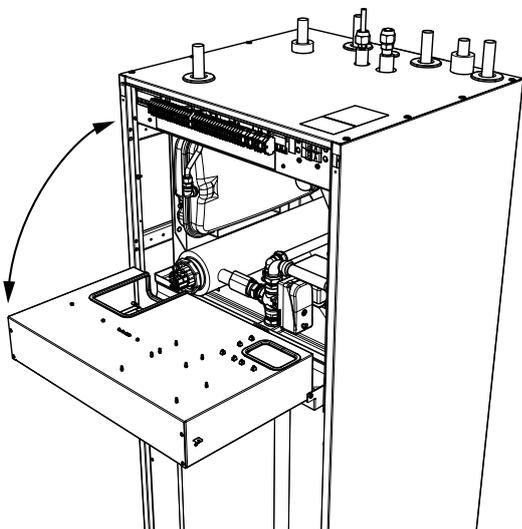


To connect the circulation:

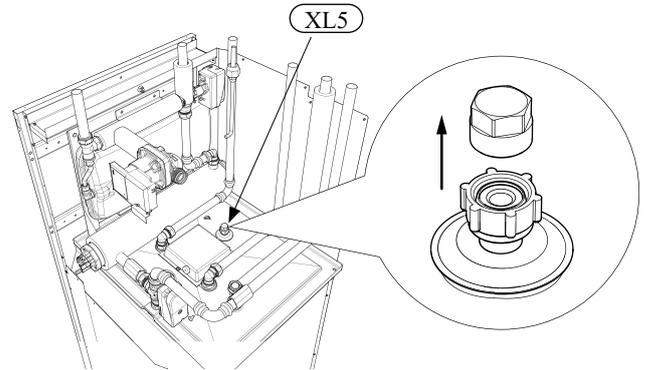
1. Remove the XL5 plug from the top of the housing.



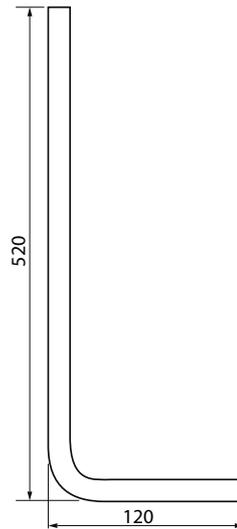
2. Remove the front panel, then slide the control panel down to access the hydraulic connections.



3. Remove the plug from the circulation pipe (XL5).



4. Install the elbow, facing the rear housing, on the circulation pipe.
5. Connect the pipe to the elbow, with the dimensions shown in the figure below, leading pipe in the top of the housing, in place of the XL5 plug. Mount the pipe insulation.



Circulation pipe dimensions (\*)



Elbow 15x15 (\*)

6. At the outlet of the circulation tube, install the circulation pump and then connect its control to the RC-HY (Chapter 5 Electrical connection).
7. Install the control panel and the front panel.

(\*) Prepared on site.

#### PT300

If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the port L (see page 19).

Then install the Cut-off valves, circulation pump and strainer.

## Connection of external heat source

External heat source, e.g. a gas or oil boiler or electric heater, can be connected on supply line of heating system (XL1).

## Refrigerant circuit

### Connecting refrigerant pipes

See Installation manual for outdoor unit.

### Piping insulation

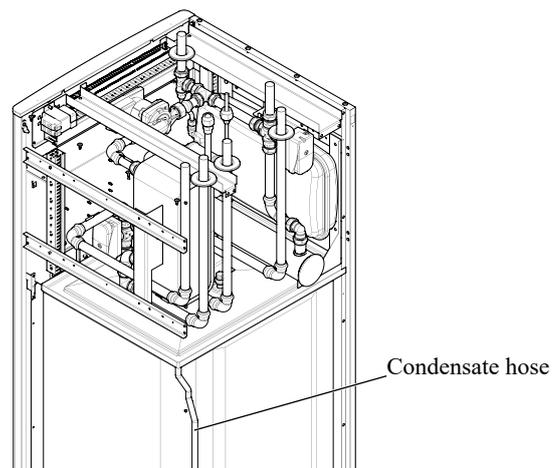
Install insulation on all piping in order to avoid condensation during cooling operation.

It is also strongly recommended to insulate piping for heating only application in order to avoid getting burned or reducing the heating capacity.

The thickness of the insulation should be 20mm where the relative humidity exceeds 70%.

### Drain connection

HMK 60 is equipped with a condensate hose in the heat exchanger section. The hose drains all condensate away from the device to minimize the risk of damage. If necessary, the hose can be extended.



## Dockings

### General

#### Installation requirements

Hydrolution can be connected in several different ways, some of which are shown on the following pages.

	HSB60	HMK60
	FDCW60VNX-A	
Max pressure, climate system	0.25 MPa (2.5 Bar)	
Highest recommended supply/return temperature	55/45°C	
Max temperature, climate system	65 °C	
Max temperature in indoor unit	65 °C	
Max temperature from external heat source	65 °C	
Max supply temperature with compressor at outdoor temp -15°C	58 °C	
Min supply temp. cooling	7 °C	
Max supply temp. cooling	25 °C	
Min volume, climate system during heating, cooling	20 L	
Min volume, climate system during underfloor cooling	50 L	
Max flow, climate system	0.29 L/s	
Min flow, climate system, at 100% circulation pump speed	0.19 L/s	
Min flow, climate system	0.09 L/s	
Nominal system flow heating ( $\Delta T=5K$ )	0.29 L/s (6kW, 7/45°C)	
Nominal system flow cooling ( $\Delta T=5K$ )	0.28 L/s (5.8kW, 35/7°C)	

External circulation pump must be used when the pressure drop in the system is greater than the available external pressure. In such cases, a bypass line with non-return valve must be installed.

Use an overflow valve if system flow cannot be guaranteed.

#### Symbol key

Symbol	Meaning
	Venting valve
	Shut-off valve
	Non-return valve
	Control valve
	Safety valve
	Temperature sensor
	Expansion vessel
	Pressure gauge
	Circulation pump
	Shunt / shuttle valve
	Fan

## Docking alternatives

Heating system can be constructed in several different ways combining indoor unit, tank, control unit and other accessories.

For further option information, see page 84.

In the system example shown on the following page, heating, hot water as well as cooling operation are available.

Additional heating is helpful on the cold day of the year as the energy from the air is reduced. It is also recommended as back-up in case the heat pump operation is blocked for any reason (e.g. ambient temperature exceeds the operation limit of heat pump).

### NOTE

*The heating medium side and the hot water side must be fitted with the necessary safety equipment in accordance with the applicable regulations.*

***This is the outline diagram. Actual installations must be planned according to applicable standards.***

## Explanation

### AA25

#### Controller

BT1	Outdoor sensor <sup>1)</sup>
BT6	Temperature sensor, hotwater charging <sup>1)</sup>
BT7	Temperature sensor, hot water top <sup>1)</sup>
BT25	Temperature sensor, external supply line <sup>1)</sup>
BT50	Room sensor
BT63	Temperature sensor, external supply line after electric heater
BT71	Temperature sensor, external return line <sup>1)</sup>
GP10	Circulation pump, Heating medium
QN10	Reversing valve, Hot water/Heating medium <sup>2)</sup>

### EB1

#### Additional heat

EB1	Immersion heater
KA1	Auxiliary relay/Contactor <sup>2)</sup>

### EB101

#### Heat pump system

BP4	Pressure sensor, condensor <sup>3)</sup>
BT3	Temperature sensor, return line <sup>3)</sup>
BT12	Temperature sensor, condenser supply line <sup>3)</sup>
BT15	Temperature sensor, fluid pipe <sup>3)</sup>
EB101	Heat pump
FL10	Safety valve
GP12	Charge pump <sup>2)</sup>
HQ1	Particle filter <sup>3)</sup>
QM1	Drain valve, Heating medium
QM31	Shut-off valve, Heating medium, Flow
QM32	Shut off valve, Heating medium, Return
QM43	Shut-off valve

### EQ1

#### Cooling system

BT64	Temperature sensor, cooling supply line <sup>2)</sup>
CP6	Single jacket accumulator tank, cooling
GP13	Circulation pump, cooling
QN12	Reversing valve, Cooling/Heating <sup>2)</sup>

### Miscellaneous

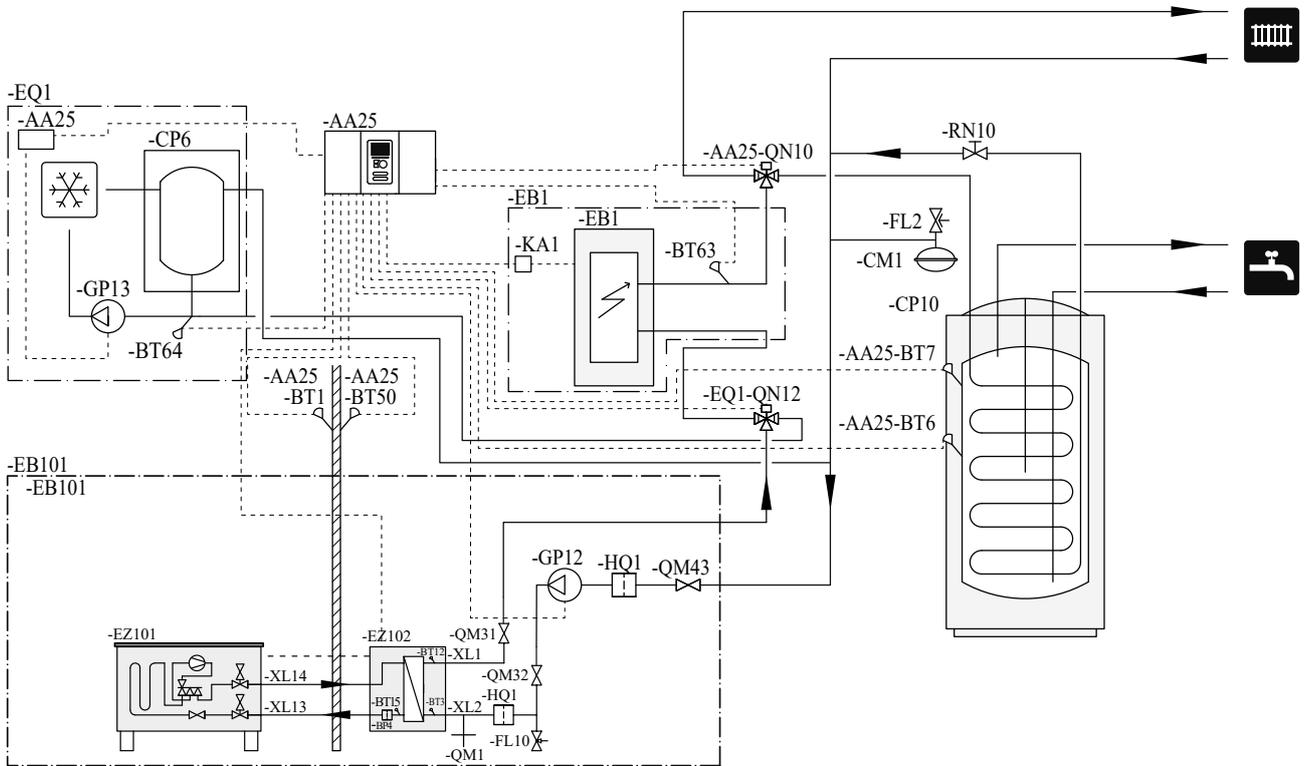
CM1	Expansion vessel closed, Heating medium
CP5	Buffer vessel
CP10	Accumulator tank with hotwater heating
EB20	Immersion heater
FL2	Safety valve, Heating medium
KA1	Auxiliary relay/Contactor
RN10	Trim valve

1) Included in and supplied with controller

2) Included in and supplied with accessory

3) Included in indoor unit

**Installation with indoor unit HSB60, tank PT300, controller RC-HY20/40 with step controlled additional heat before reversing valve for hot water and cooling function (4 pipe system)**



**NOTE**

*Not all components are shown in this outline diagram.*

Controller (AA25) starts and stops the heat pump (EB101) to meet the heating and hot water demand.

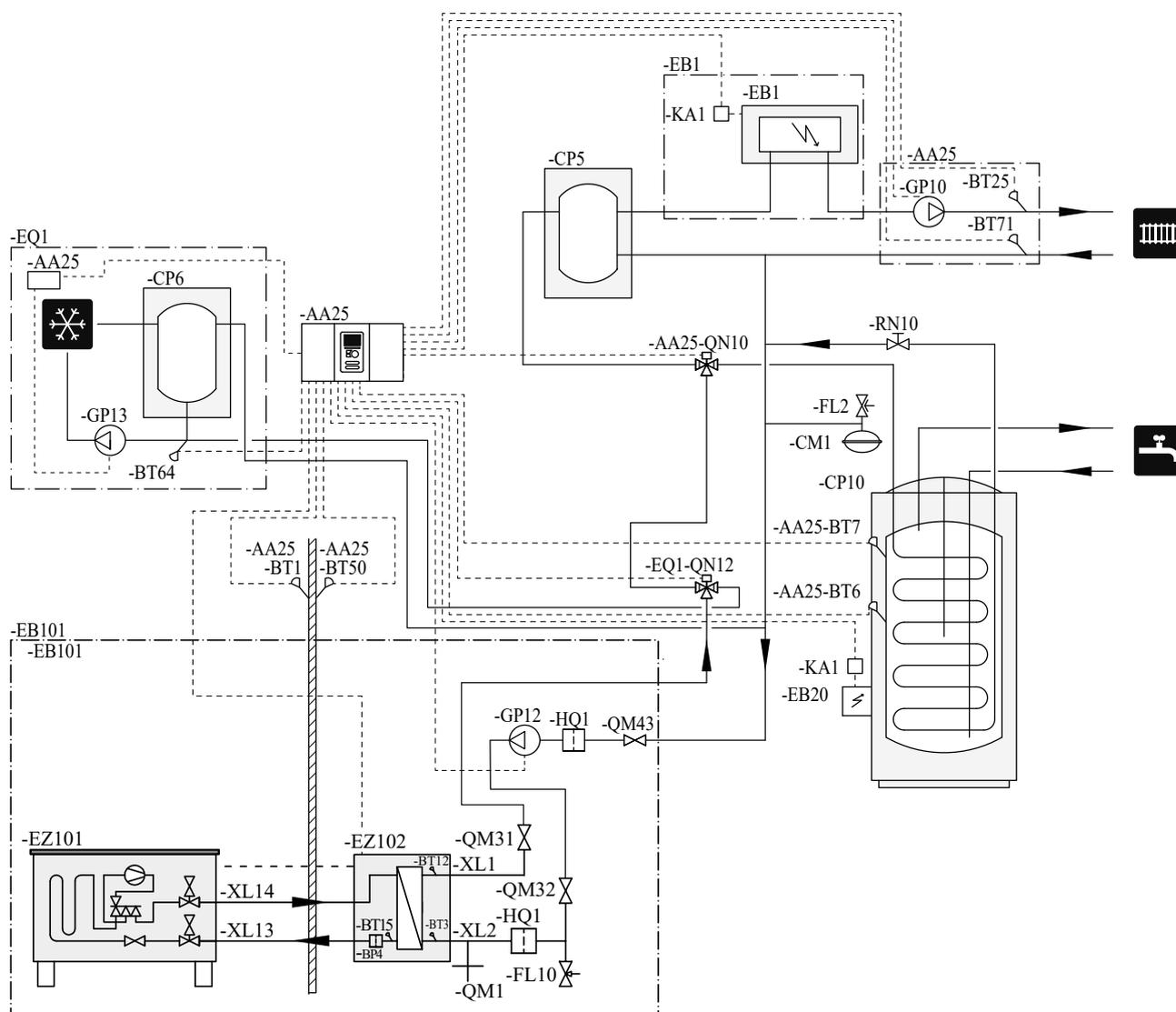
At simultaneous heating and hot water demand, the reversing valve (AA25-QN10) switches periodically between the climate system and the water heater/accumulator tank (CP10). When the hot water heater/accumulator tank is fully charged, the reversing valve switches to the climate system.

Additional heat (EB1) is turned on automatically when the heating demand exceeds the heat pump capacity. This is used for both heating and charging hot water.

The additional heat can also be used for water heater when a higher temperature is required than the heat pump can produce.

During cooling operation, the reversing valve (EQ1-QN12) switches to the cooling system (EQ1). If several simultaneous demands occur while there is a cooling demand, the system reacts differently. In the event of a hot water demand, the reversing valve switches back and hot water is produced until the demand is fulfilled. In the event of a heating demand, the reversing valve switches periodically between cooling and heating. If the cooling demand is met, the reversing valve switches back to basic mode (heating/hot water).

### Indoor unit HSB60, tank PT300, controller RC-HY20/40 with step controlled additional heat after reversing valve for hot water and cooling function (4 pipe system)



## NOTE

Not all components are shown in this outline diagram.

This installation alternative is suitable for more complex installations with a focus on comfort.

Controller (AA25) starts and stops the heat pump (EB101) to meet the heating and hot water demand of the installation.

At simultaneous heating and hot water demand the reversing valve (AA25-QN10) switches periodically between the climate system and the water heater/accumulator tank (CP10). When the hot water heater/accumulator tank is fully charged, the reversing valve switches to the climate system.

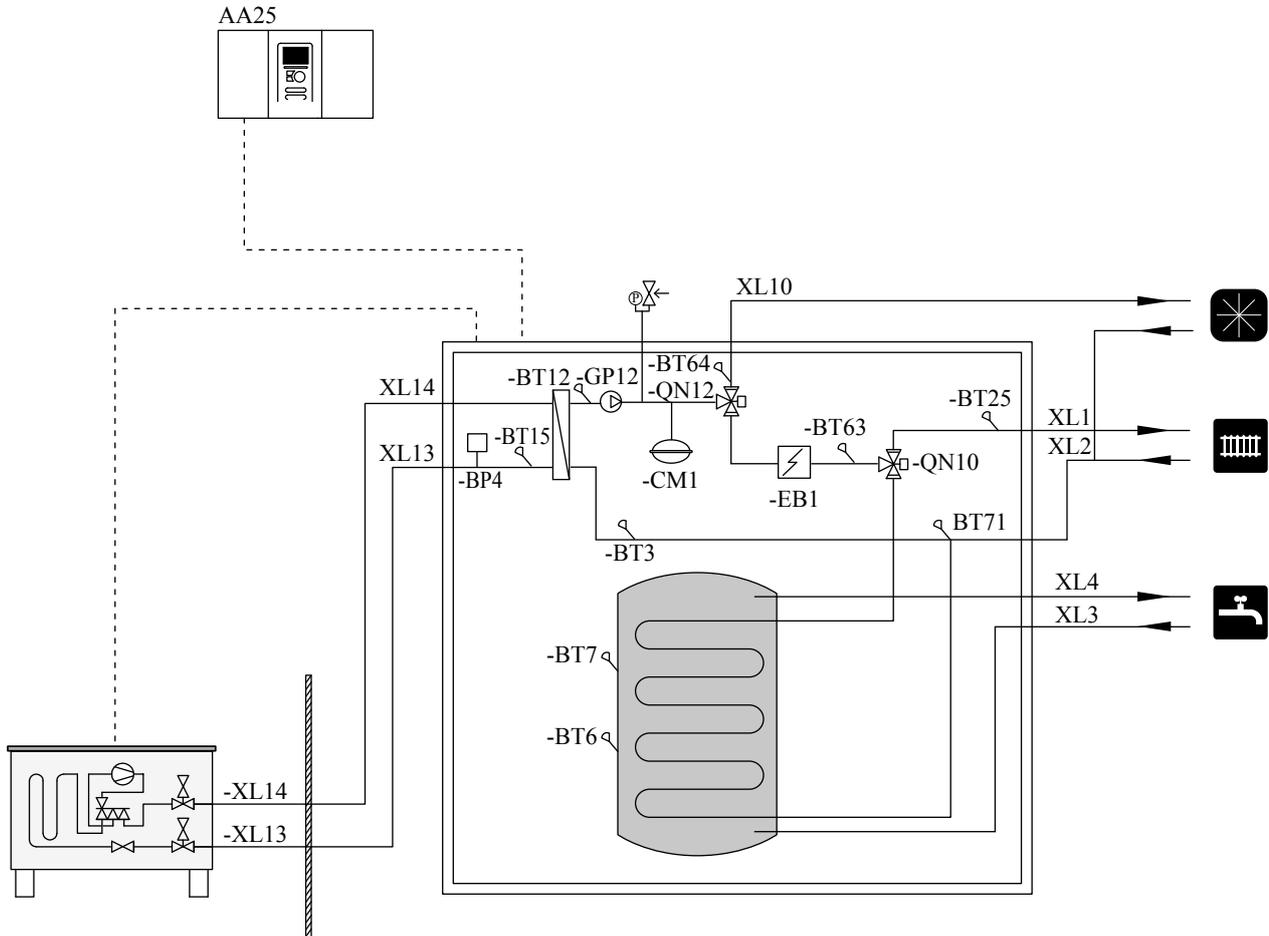
Additional heat (EB1) is turned on, automatically when the heating demand exceeds the heat pump capacity.

Immersion heater (EB20) in the water heater/accumulator tank is used during the time to produce hot water if the heat pump is used for heating at the same time.

The immersion heater (EB20) can also be used if a higher temperature of hot water is required than the heat pump can produce.

During cooling operation, the reversing valve (EQ1-QN12) switches to the cooling system (EQ1). If several simultaneous demands occur while there is a cooling demand, the system reacts differently. In the event of a hot water demand, the reversing valve switches back and hot water is produced until the demand is fulfilled. In the event of a heating demand, the reversing valve switches periodically between cooling and heating. If the cooling demand is met, the reversing valve switches back to basic mode (heating/hot water).

Installation with indoor unit HMK60 for hot water and cooling function (4 pipe system)



Controller (AA25) starts and stops the heat pump (EB101) to meet the heating and hot water demand. At simultaneous heating and hot water demand, the reversing valve (QN10) switches periodically between the climate system and the hot water heater. When the hot water heater is fully charged, the reversing valve switches to the climate system.

Additional heat (EB1) is turned on automatically when the heating demand exceeds the heat pump capacity. This is used for both heating and charging water heater.

The additional heat can also be used for water heater when a higher temperature is required than the heat pump can produce.

Cooling is controlled by the sensor BT64, and the reversing valve (QN12) switches to the cooling system. If several simultaneous demands occur while there is a cooling demands, the system reacts differently. In the event of a hot water demand, the reversing valve switches back and hot water is produced until the demand is fulfilled. In the event of heating demand, the reversing valve switches periodically between cooling and heating. If the cooling demand is met, the reversing valve switches back to basic mode (heating/hot water).

# Electrical installation

## General

Indoor unit must be installed via an isolator switch in accordance with the local codes and regulations.

For HMK60, electrical equipments, except outdoor air sensor, room sensor, current transformers and outdoor unit has been connected at the factory.

- Disconnect the indoor unit, outdoor unit and control unit before insulation testing of the house wiring.
- If the building is equipped with an earth-fault breaker, Hydrolution should be equipped with a separate one.
- For the electrical wiring diagram, see page 85.
- Do not lay communication, sensor or signal cables for external connection close to high voltage lines.
- Minimum cross section of communication, sensor or signal cables for external connection must be 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> up to 50 m, for example EKKX, LiYY or equivalent.
- Use screened three core cable for communication between controller (RC-HY20/40) and indoor unit (HSB60/HMK60).
- When laying cables into indoor units and controllers, be sure to route the cable grommet (UB1 AND UB2).
- Be careful to route cables not to be damaged by metal edge or trapped by panels.
- Outdoor unit is equipped with a single phase compressor. This means that phase L3 is loaded with up to 15 A during compressor operation.

### NOTE

Electrical installation and service must be carried out under the supervision of a qualified electrician.

Turn off the circuit breaker before carrying out any servicing.

Electrical installation and wiring must be carried out in accordance with the stipulations in force.

Make sure to turn off the power supply during installation.

### NOTE

Do not turn on the power on control until the boiler is filled with water.

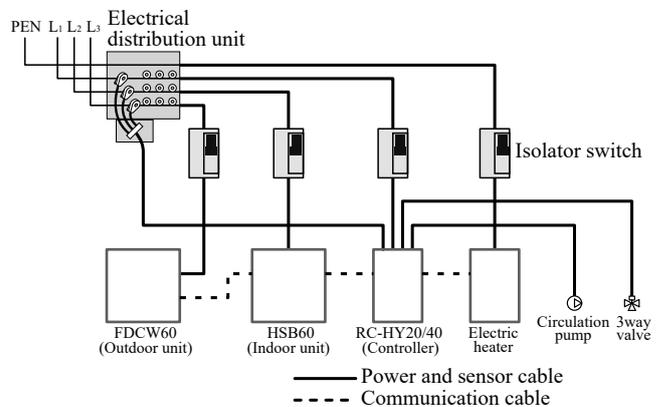
**The circulation pump and immersion heater may become damaged.**

### NOTE

If the power supply cable is damaged, only authorised person may replace it to avoid danger or damage.

## Principle diagram, electrical installation

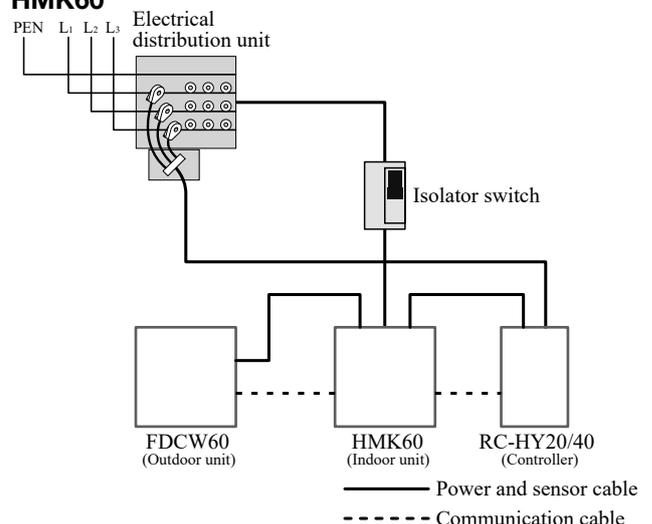
### HSB60



	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Power – Outdoor unit	3core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	2core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

The cable size shown on the above table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

### HMK60

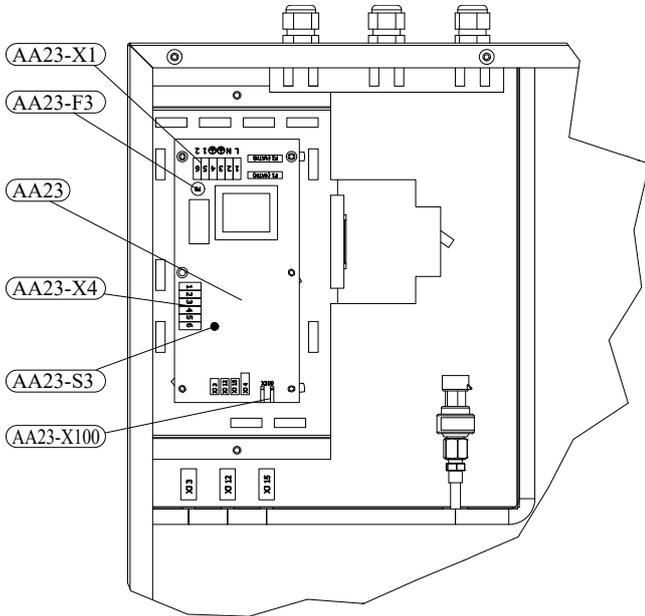


	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	5core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power/communication cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	5core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power/communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable) 3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

The cable size shown on the above table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

## Electrical components

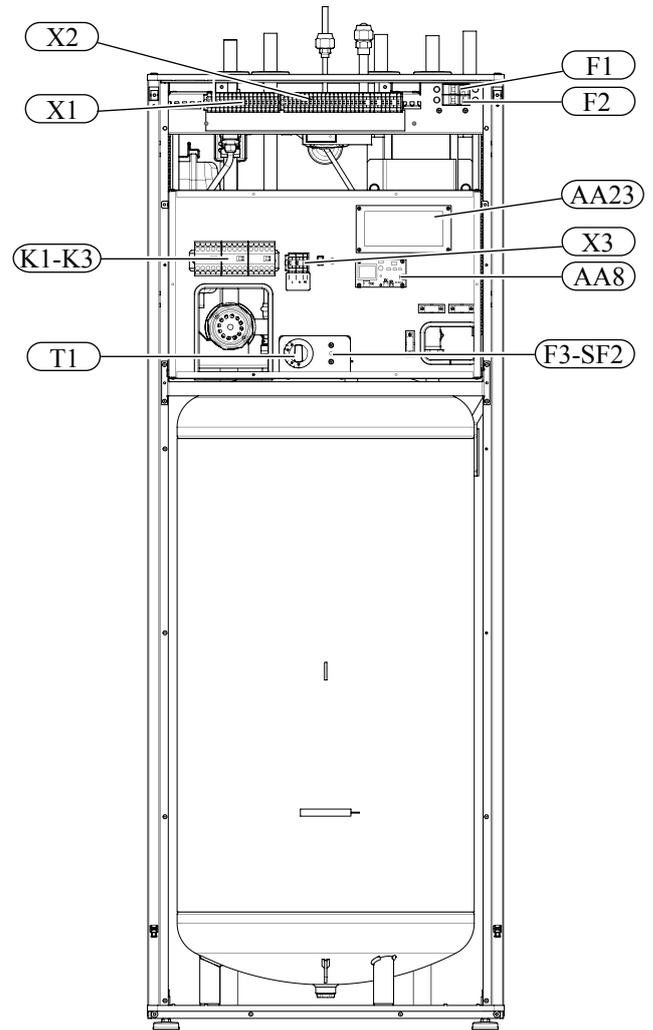
### HSB60



#### Explanation

AA23	Communication board
AA23-F3	Fuse for external heating cable
AA23-S3	DIP switch, addressing of outdoor unit
AA23-X1	Terminal block, incoming supply, connection of KVR
AA23-X4	Terminal block, communication with indoor module / control module
AA23-X100	Terminal block, communication outdoor module FDCW

### HMK60



#### Explanation

X1	Terminal block, sensors
X2	Terminal block, power supply
X3	Terminal block
SF1	Controller switch
K1-K3	Submersible heater contact
T1	Thermostat, standby mode
F3	Temperature limiter
AA8	Titanium anode board
AA23	Communication board
F1	Circuit breaker, outdoor unit
F2	Circuit breaker, controller
UB1	Cable grommet
UB2	Cable grommet
F3-SF2	Reset button, temperature limiter

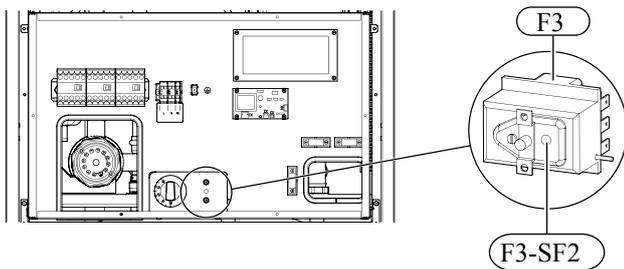
### Temperature limiter

Temperature limiter (F3) cuts off the power supply of the electrical heating module if the temperature increases to the range of approximately 87 °C, and can be reset manually.

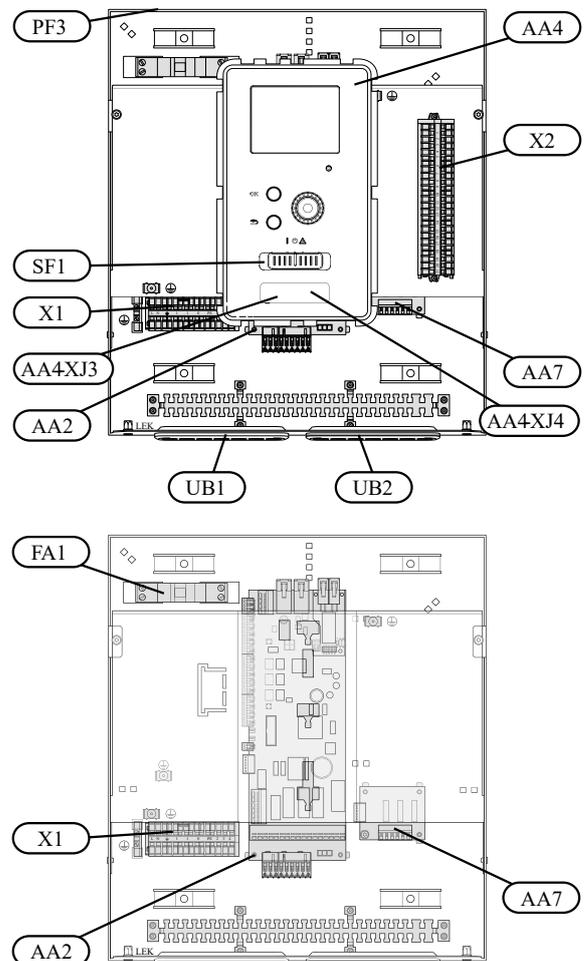
### Resetting

Temperature limiter (F3) is accessible behind the front cover. Temperature limiter is reset by strong pressing of the button (F3-SF2) using a small screwdriver.

Press the button, max. 15 N (approx. 1.5 kg).



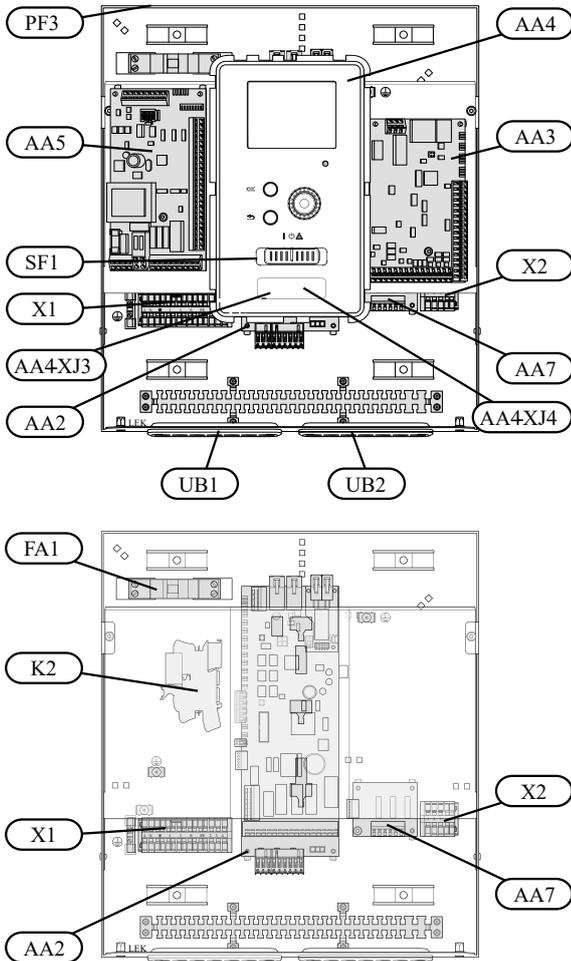
### RC-HY20



### Explanation

AA2	Base card
AA4	Display unit
AA4-XJ3	USB socket
AA4-XJ4	Service outlet (No function)
AA7	Extra relay circuit board
FA1	Miniature circuit-breaker
X1	Terminal block, incoming electrical supply
X2	Terminal block, control signal circulation pump, sensors AUX inputs and heat pump
SF1	Switch
PF3	Serial number plate
UB1	Cable grommet, incoming supply electricity, power for accessories
UB2	Cable grommet, signal

RC-HY40

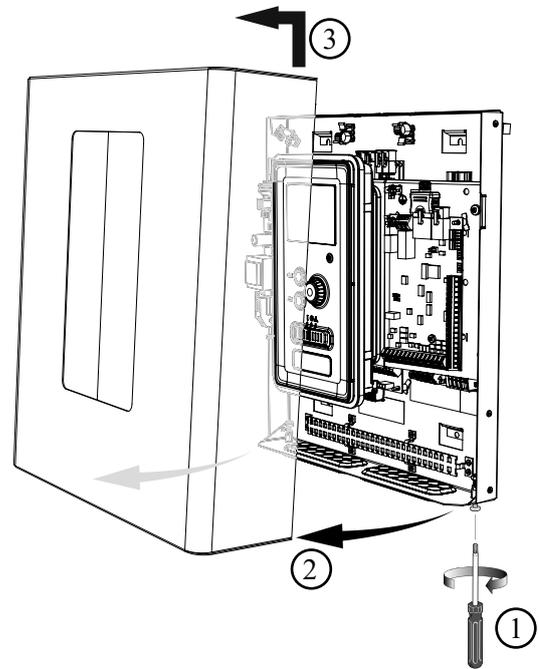


Explanation

- AA2 Base card
- AA3 Input circuit board
- AA4 Display unit
- AA4-XJ3 USB socket
- AA4-XJ4 Service outlet (No function)
- AA5 Accessory card
- AA7 Extra relay circuit board
- FA1 Miniature circuit-breaker
- K2 Emergency mode relay
- X1 Terminal block, incoming electrical supply
- X2 Terminal block, AUX4 - AUX6
- SF1 Switch
- PF3 Serial number plate
- UB1 Cable grommet, incoming supply electricity, power for accessories
- UB2 Cable grommet, signal

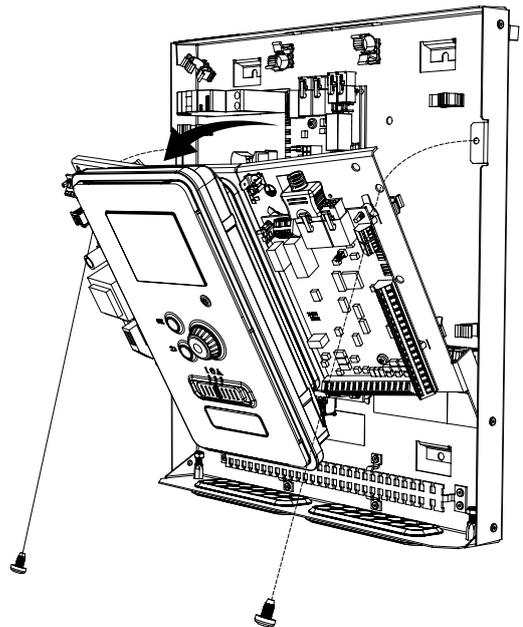
Accessibility, electrical connection for controller

The cover of the control module is opened using a Torx 25 screwdriver. Assembly takes place in the reverse order.

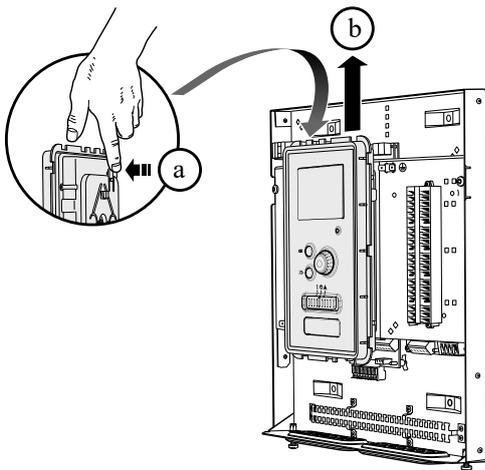


**NOTE**

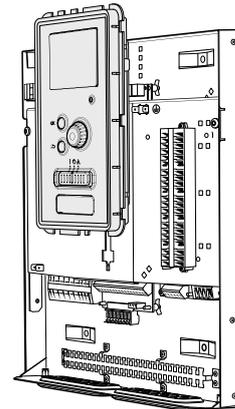
The cover to access the base board is opened using a Torx 25 screwdriver



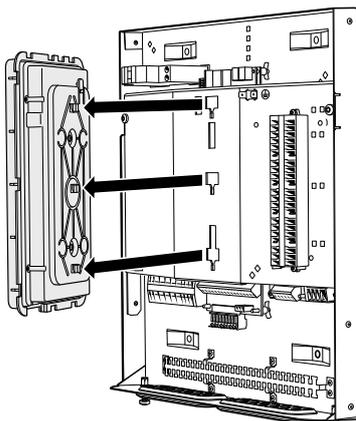
The display may need to be moved for easier access when connecting electrics. This is easily done by following these steps.



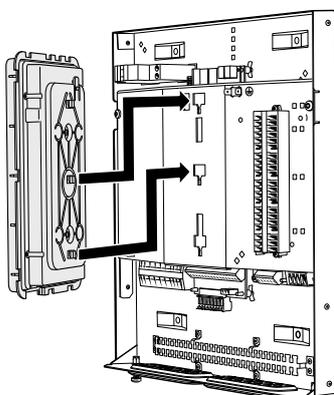
1. Press in the catch on the upper rear side of the display unit towards you (a) and move the display unit upwards (b) so that the mountings unhook from the panel.



4. Secure the display on the panel.
5. When the electrical connection is ready the display must be reinstalled with three mounting points again, otherwise the front cover cannot be installed.



2. Lift the display unit from its mountings.



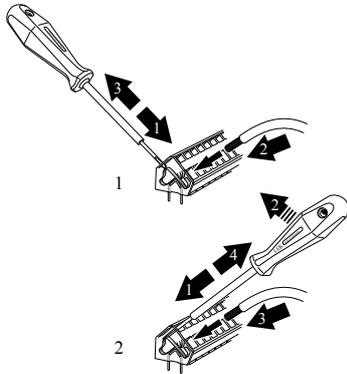
3. Align the two lower mountings on the reverse of the display unit with the two upper holes in the panel as illustrated.

## Cable lock

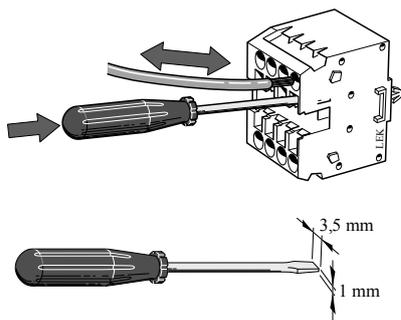
Use a suitable tool to release/lock cables in the terminal block.

### HSB60, RC-HY20/40

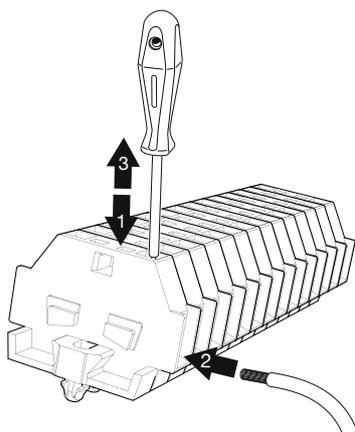
Terminal block on the electrical card



Terminal block



### HMK60



## Connection

### NOTE

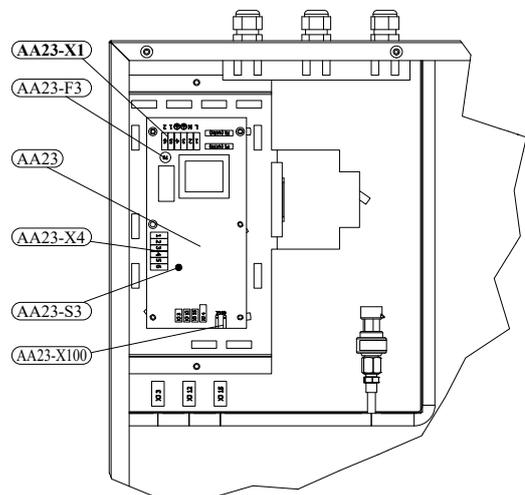
To prevent interference, unscreened communication and/or sensor cables to external connections must not be laid closer than 20 cm from high voltage cables.

### HSB60

#### Power supply

In case of HSB60, power supply is made to indoor unit, outdoor unit and controller separately. 230V 1AC 50Hz is applied.

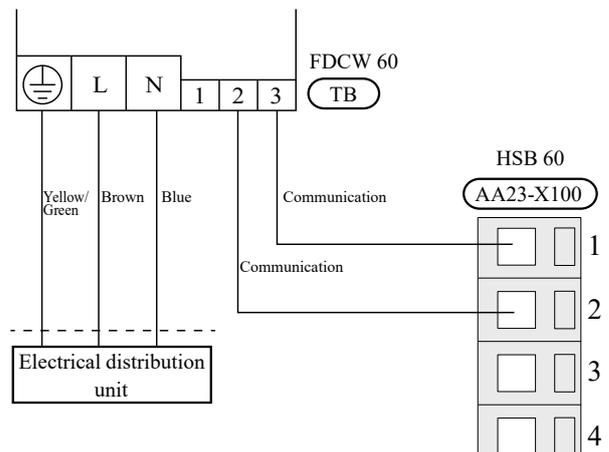
For indoor unit, incoming supply is connected on AA23-X1 terminal.



For outdoor unit, incoming supply is connected on TB terminal. See figure on Connection between indoor and outdoor unit.

#### Connection between indoor and outdoor unit

The communication cable between indoor and outdoor unit is connected between terminal AA23-X100 in indoor unit and TB in outdoor unit. Screened 2 core cable is recommended.



### Connection between indoor unit and controller

See Connection for RC-HY20/40

### Cascade connection setting

In case of cascade connection system, it is necessary to allot unique address to each indoor unit. Set the dip switch S3-1, -2 and -3 according to the following table.

Address	S3:1	S3:2	S3:3
1	OFF	OFF	OFF
2	On	OFF	OFF
3	OFF	On	OFF
4	On	On	OFF
5	OFF	OFF	On
6	On	OFF	On
7	OFF	On	On
8	On	On	On

### Recommended fuse size for HSB60

The recommended fuse size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Fuse size
Indoor unit (HSB60)	6A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Outdoor unit (FDCW60VNX-A)	20A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Controller (RC-HY20/40)	10A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Electric heater (ELK9M) (reference)	16 A / 400V 3NAC 50Hz

### Recommended cable size for HSB60

The recommended cable size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Power – Outdoor unit	3core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	2core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

## HMK60

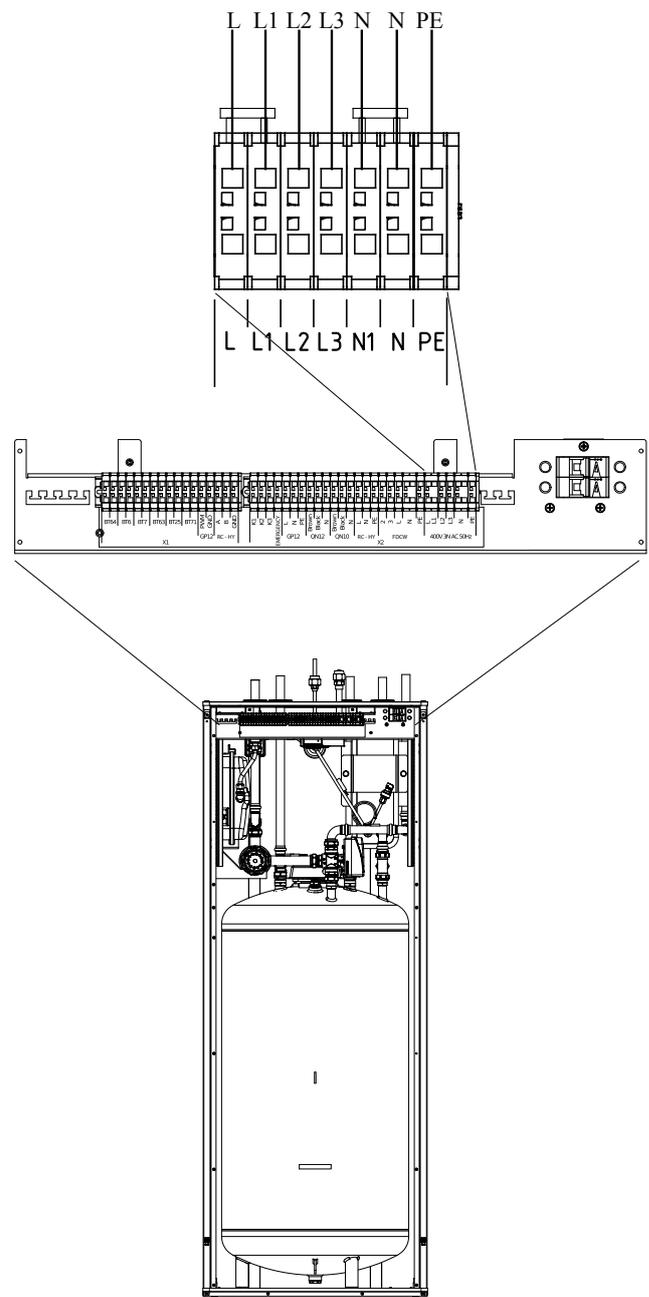
### Circuit breaker

HMK60 is equipped with internal circuit breakers to protect the system and components. The circuit breaker F1 protects outdoor unit and F2 protects controller.

### Power supply

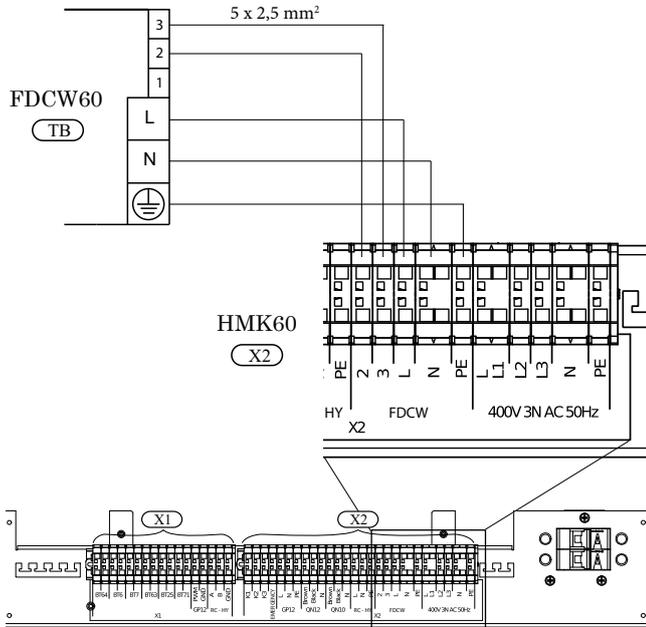
In case of HMK60, power supply is made to indoor unit, and further connected to outdoor unit and controller. 400V 3NAC 50Hz is applied.

Connect power supply cable to the port for power supply on X2 terminal as shown below.



**Connection between indoor and outdoor unit**

For interconnection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit, connect 2, 3, L, N and PE port for outdoor unit on X2 terminal on HMK60 to 2, 3, L, N, and  $\oplus$  port on FDCW60 respectively according to the below figure.



**Connection between indoor unit and controller**

See Connection for RC-HY20/40.

**Recommended fuse size for HMK60**

The recommended fuse size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Fuse size
Indoor unit (HMK60)	25A / 400V 3NAC 50Hz

**Recommended cable size for HMK60**

The recommended fuse size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	5core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power/communication cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	5core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power/communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable) 3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

**RC-HY20/40**

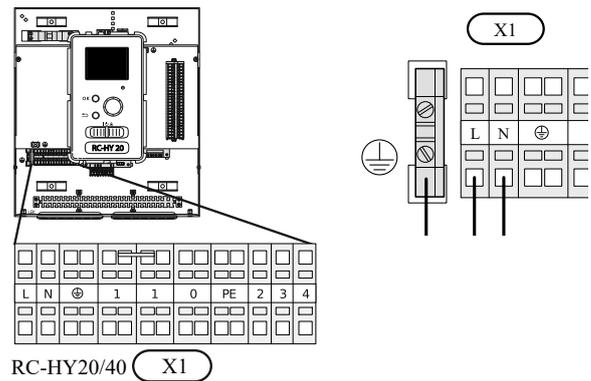
Cable connection is different according to the system structure. Refer to the connection method according to the indoor unit.

**Power supply**

**HSB60**

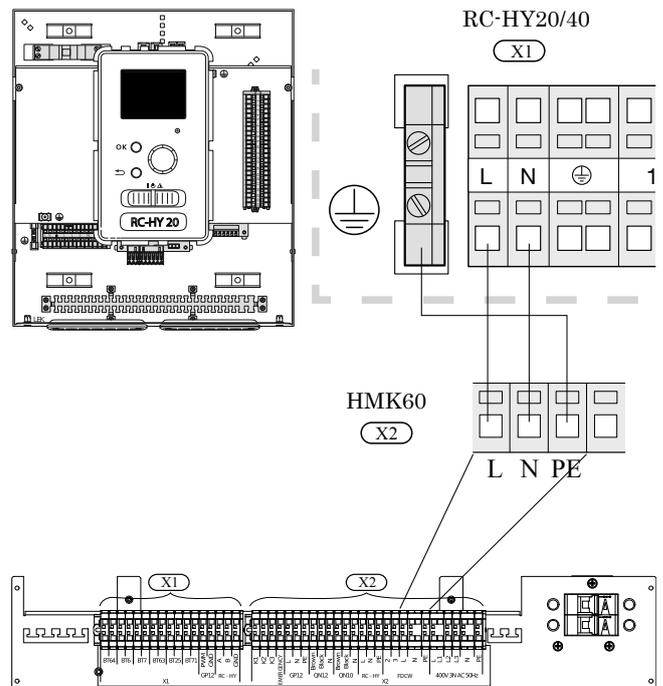
Connect power cable on X1 terminal as shown below.

RC-HY 20/40 must be installed via an isolator switch with a minimum breaking gap of 3 mm. Minimum cable area must be sized according to the fuse rating used.



**HMK60**

Power is supplied through indoor unit. Connect the port L, N and  $\oplus$  on X1 terminal on RC-HY20/40 to the port L, N and PE for controller on X2 terminal on HMK60 respectively as shown below.



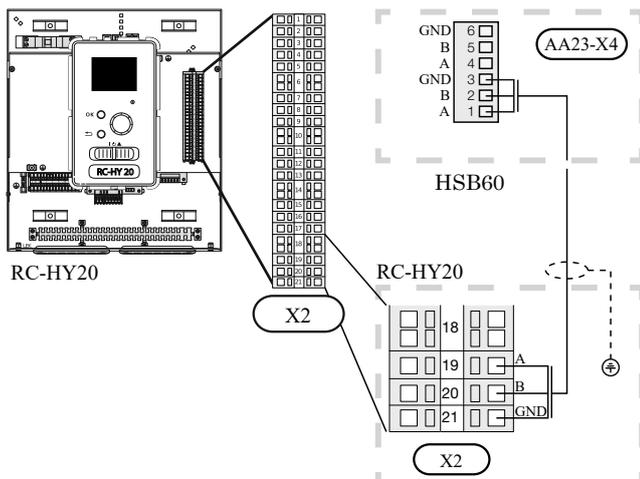
**Connection between controller and indoor unit**

**HSB60**

Signal cable is connected between controller and indoor unit with screened 3 core cable for HSB60. Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller as shown below.

**<HSB60 with RC-HY20>**

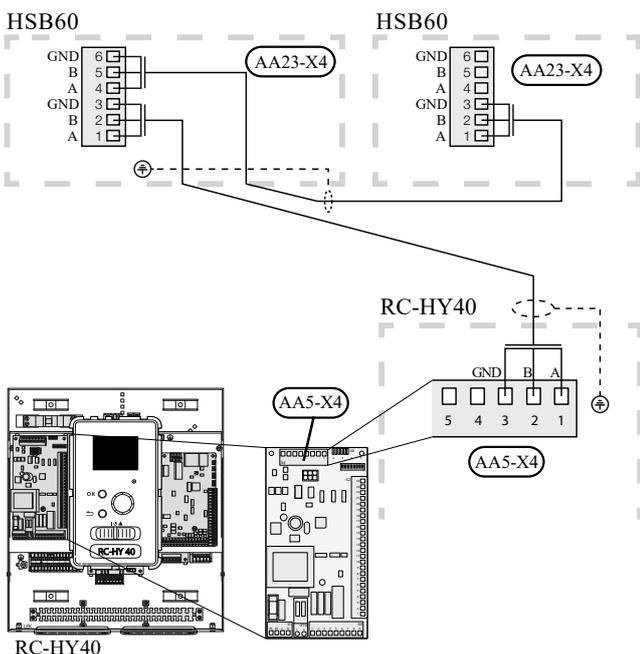
Connect the port 19(A), 20(B) and 21(GND) on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB60 respectively.



**<HSB60 with RC-HY40>**

Connect the port 1(A), 2(B) and 3(GND) on X4 terminal on AA5 board on RC-HY40 to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB60 respectively.

In case several systems are connected to one controller, connect the port 4, 5 and 6 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB60 close to the controller to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on another HSB60.



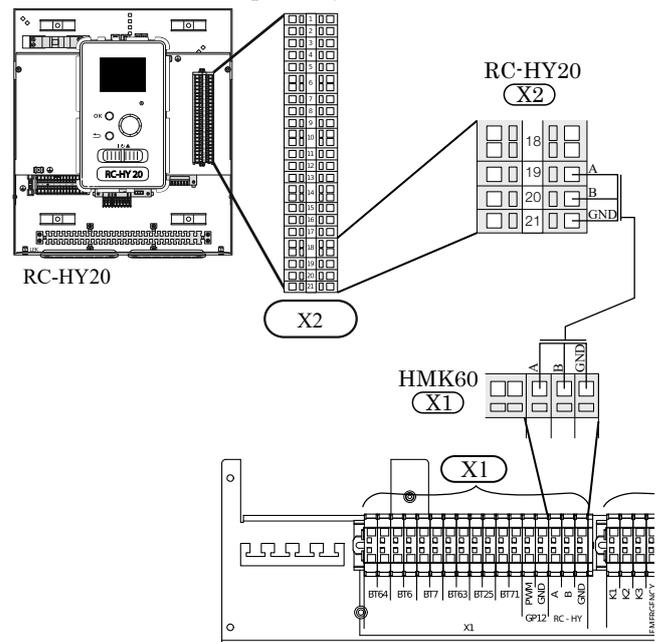
**HMK60**

Communication cable and pump cable are connected between controller and indoor unit. with screened 3 core cable for HMK60. Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller as shown below.

**<HMK60 with RC-HY20>**

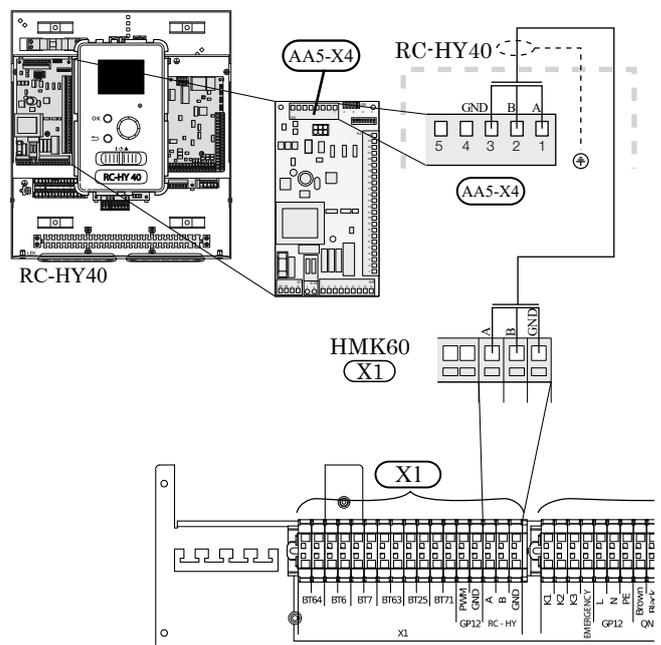
Communication cable

Connect the port 19(A), 20(B) and 21(GND) on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port A, B and GND for EB101 on X1 terminal on HMK60 respectively.



**<HMK60 with RC-HY40>**

Connect the port 1(A), 2(B) and 3(GND) on X4 terminal on AA5 board on RC-HY40 to the port A, B and GND for EB101 on X1 on HMK60 respectively.



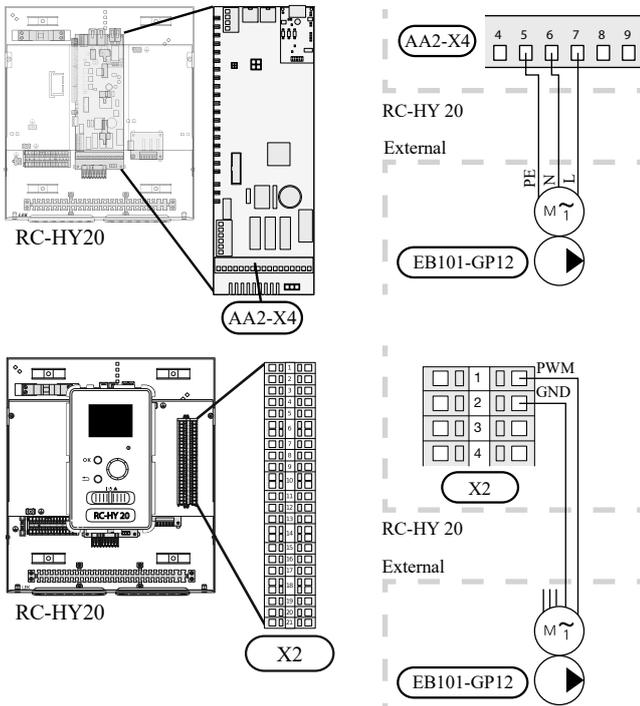
**Connection between controller and circulation pump (GP12)**

**HSB60**

For HSB60, circulation pump (GP12) is installed outside of indoor unit. Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller.

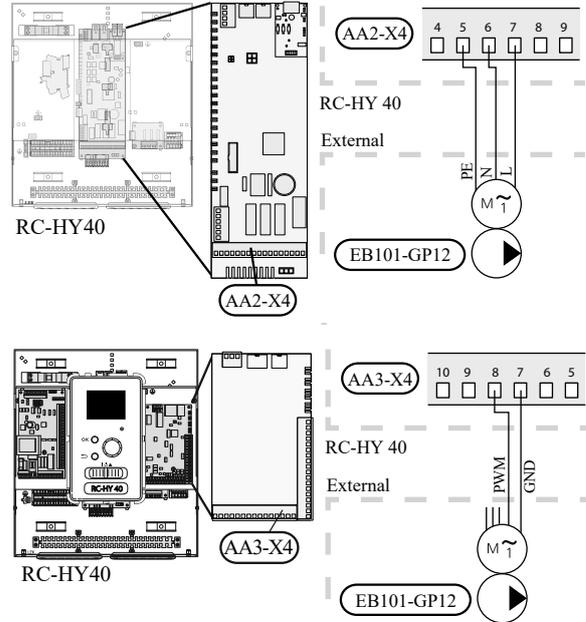
**<HSB60 with RC-HY20>**

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20/40 to the port PE, N and L on circulation pump respectively. Control signal cable is connected between the port 1 and 2 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 and PWM and GND on circulation pump respectively as shown below.

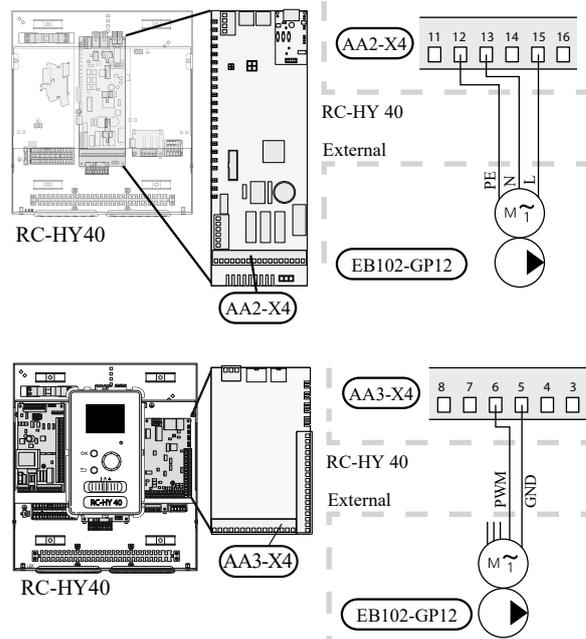


**<HSB60 with RC-HY40>**

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY40 to the port PE, N and L on circulation pump (EB101-GP12) respectively. Control signal cable is connected between the port 7 and 8 on X4 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 and GND and PWM on circulation pump respectively as shown below.



RC-HY40 can connect and control up to two pumps. Connect the port 12, 13 and 15 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY40 to the port PE, N and L on second circulation pump (EB102-GP12) respectively. Control cable is connected between the port 5 and 6 on X4 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 and GND and PWM on circulation pump respectively as shown below.

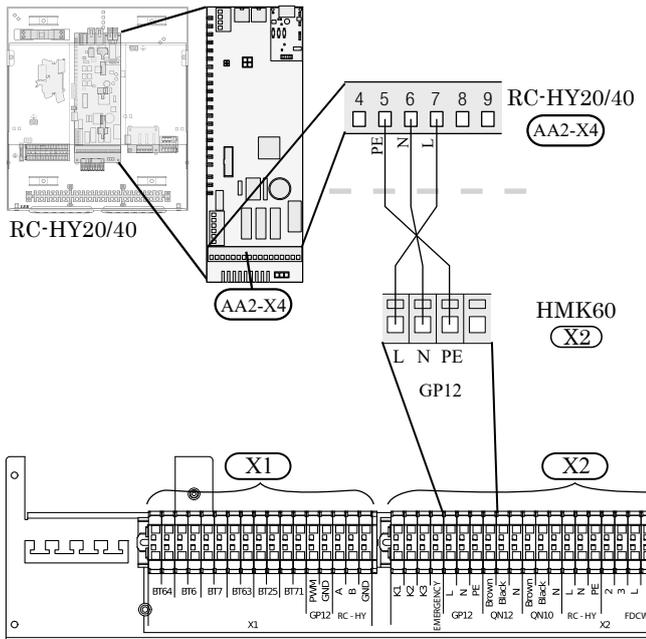


**HMK60**

HMK60 is equipped with circulation pump (GP12). Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller.

**<HMK60 with RC-HY20>**

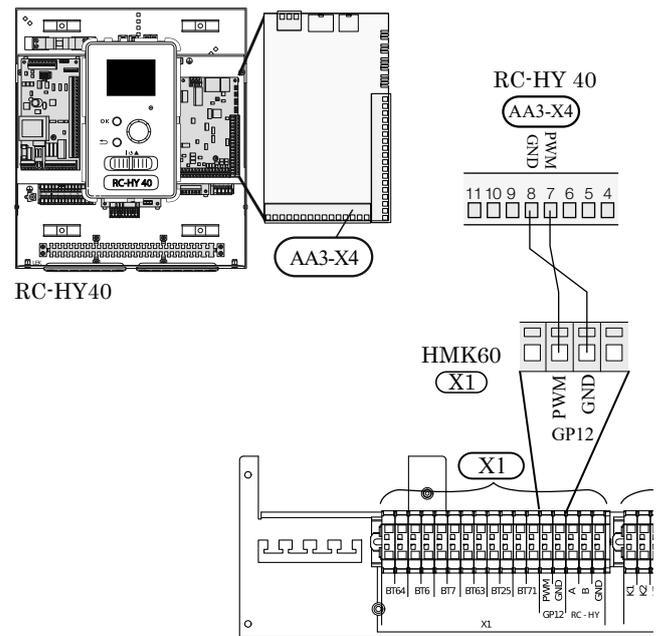
Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board to the port L, N and PE for GP12 on X2 terminal on HMK60 respectively.



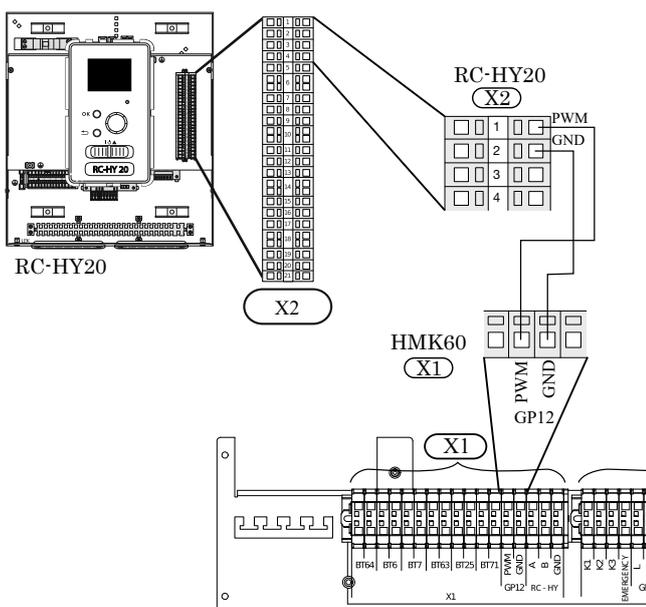
**<HMK60 with RC-HY40>**

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board to the port L, N and PE for GP12 on X2 terminal on HMK60 respectively (same as with RC-HY20).

Also, connect the port 7 and 8 on X4 terminal on AA3 board to the port PWM and GND for GP12 on X1 terminal on HMK60 respectively as shown below.



Also, connect the port 1 and 2 on X2 terminal to the port PWM and GND for GP12 on X1 terminal on HMK60 respectively as shown below.



**Connection between controller and 3-way valve (QN10/QN12)**

3-way valve is used for switching heating / hot water production (QN10), or switching heating / cooling (QN12). Install appropriate valves according to the system structure on site.

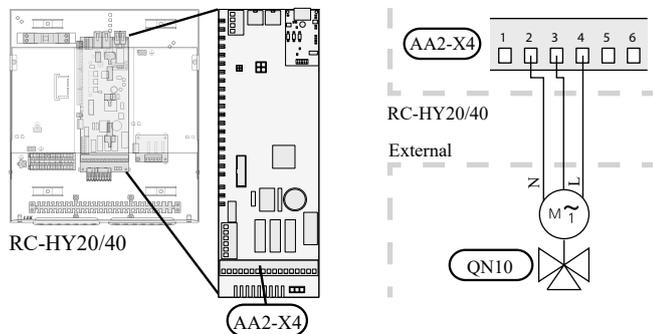
**HSB60**

HSB60 is not equipped with 3-way valve. Install the valves on right position according to the diagram and connect wires on appropriate port according to the type of controller.

**<HSB60 with RC-HY20>**

- **3-way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)**

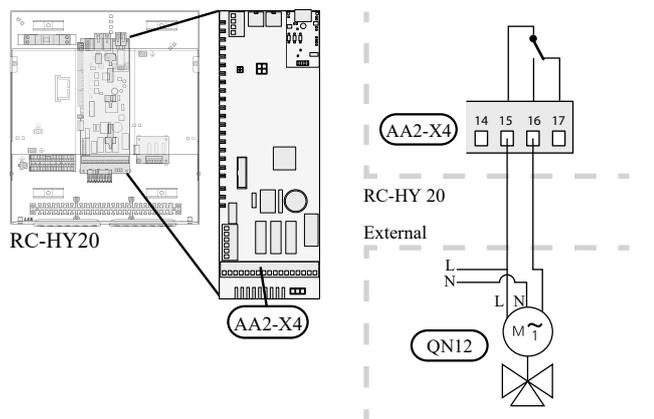
Connect the N, Control and L wire on 3-way valve to the port 2, 3 and 4 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20/40 respectively as shown below.



- **3-way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)**

QN12 can be controlled with potential free variable relay. Connect L and Control wire on 3-way valve to the port 15 and 16 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20 respectively. Also, connect L and N wire to power supply as shown below.

Additional setting is necessary in menu 5.4. See Menu system for details.



**CAUTION**

The relay outputs can have a max load of 2 A at resistive load (230V AC).

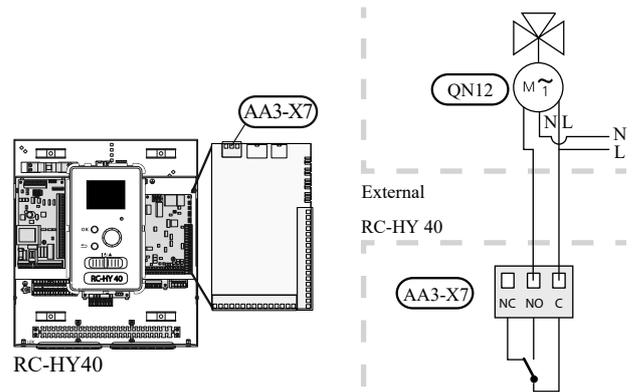
**<HSB60 with RC-HY40>**

- **3-way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)**

Refer to 3-way valve connection for HSB60 with RC-HY20.

- **3-way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)**

QN12 can be controlled with potential free variable relay. Connect L and Control wire on 3-way valve to the port C and NO on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 respectively. Also, connect L and N wire to power supply as shown below.



**CAUTION**

The relay outputs may be subjected to a max load of 2A at resistive load (230V AC).

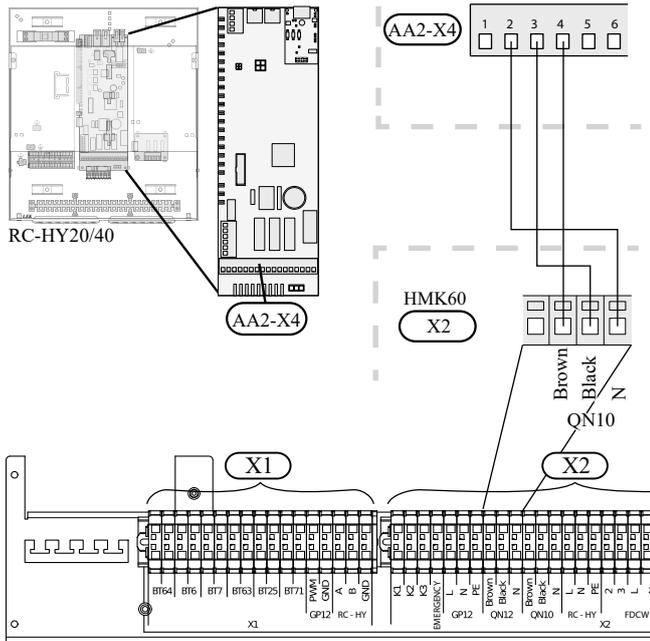
**HMK60**

HMK60 is equipped with both QN10 (for switching heating / hot water) and QN12 (for switching heating / cooling). Connect wires on appropriate port according to the type of controller.

**<HMK60 with RC-HY20>**

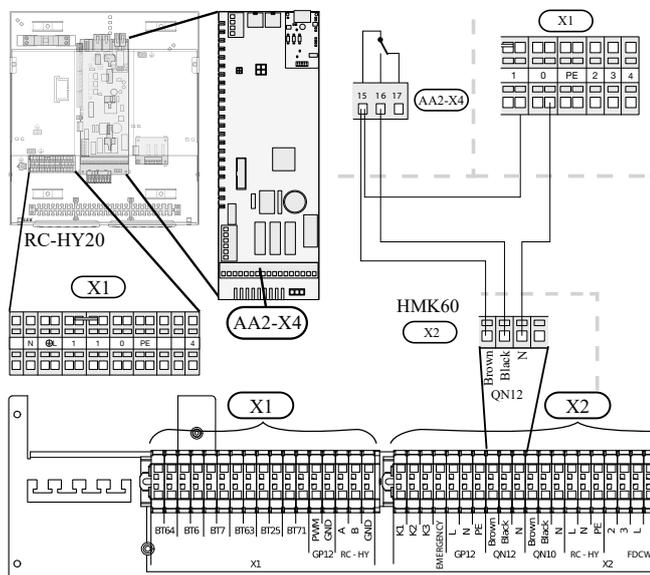
**• 3 way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)**

Connect the port 2, 3 and 4 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20/40 to the port N, Black and Brown for QN10 on X2 terminal on HMK60 respectively as shown below.



**• 3 way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)**

Connect the port 15 and 16 on X3 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20 to the port Brown and Black for QN12 on X2 terminal on HMK60 respectively. Also, connect to the port 0 on X1 terminal on RC-HY20 to N port for QN12 on X2 terminal on HMK60. In addition, connect the port 1 on X1 terminal to the port 15 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20.



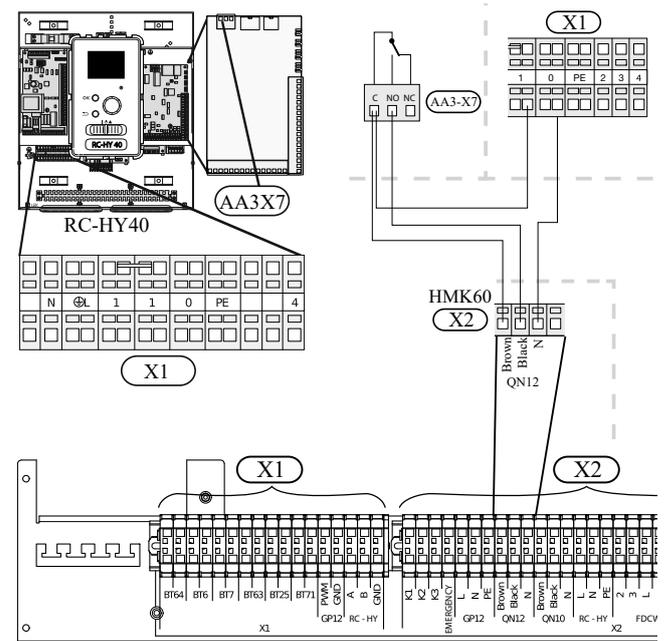
**<HMK60 with RC-HY40>**

**• 3 way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)**

Refer to 3-way valve connection for HMK60 with RC-HY20.

**• 3 way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)**

Connect the port C and NO on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 to the port Brown and Black for QN12 on X2 terminal on HMK60 respectively. Also, connect the port 0 on X1 terminal on RC-HY40 to N port for QN12 on X2 terminal on HMK60. In addition, connect the port 1 on X1 terminal to the port C on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40.



### Connection between controller and sensors

Sensor connection is different according to the combination of indoor unit and controller. Refer to the appropriate combination mentioned below.

Use two-core cable with a minimum 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> cross section.

Regarding other sensors not mentioned in this chapter, refer to page 49, Optional connections.

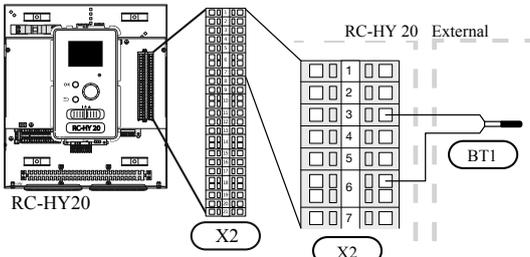
#### <RC-HY20 with HSB60>

##### • Ambient air temperature sensor BT1

Install ambient air temperature sensor (BT1) in the shade on a wall facing north or north-west, so it is unaffected by the morning sun.

Connect the sensor to the port 3 and 6 on X2 terminal.

If a conduit is used it must be sealed to prevent condensation in the sensor capsule.

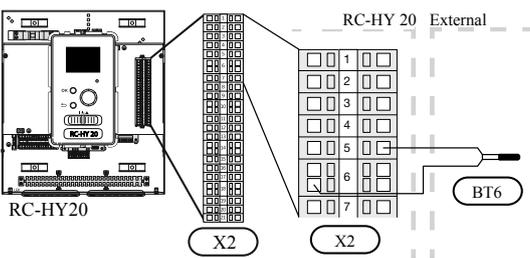


##### • Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.

Connect the sensor to the port 5 and 6 on X2 terminal.

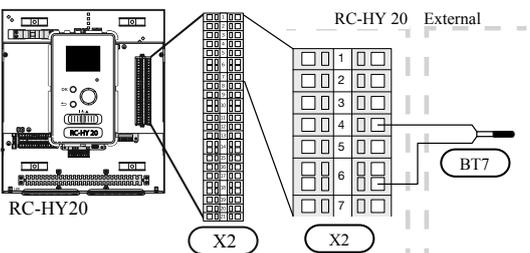
Hot water charging is activated in menu 5.2 or in the start guide.



##### • Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)

A temperature sensor for hot water top (BT7) can be connected to RC-HY20 to show the water temperature at the top of the tank (if it is possible to install a sensor at the top of the tank).

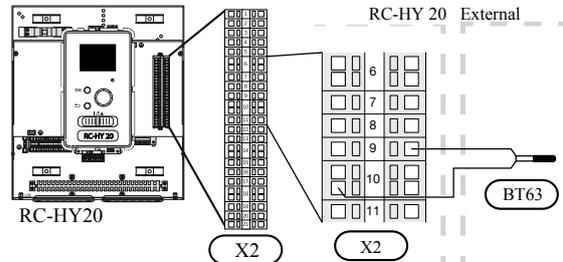
Connect the sensor to the port 4 and 6 on X2 terminal.



##### • Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed before 3-way valve (QN10) for switching heating/hot water (see page 26 for diagram).

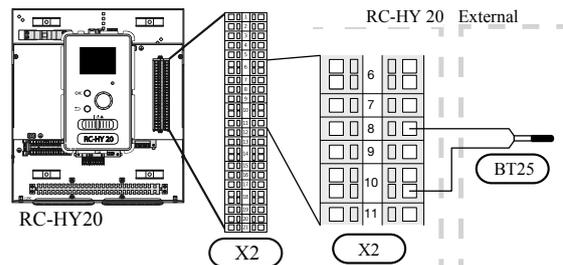
Connect temperature sensor, external supply after electric heater (BT63) to the port 9 and 10 on terminal X2.



##### • Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 27 for diagram).

Connect temperature sensor, external supply (BT25) to the port 8 and 10 on X2 terminal.



##### • Temperature sensor BT71, return line for heating

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 27 for diagram).

For connection, see page 50, AUX inputs.

##### • Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling

This sensor is used in case cooling application is required.

For connection, see page 51, AUX inputs.

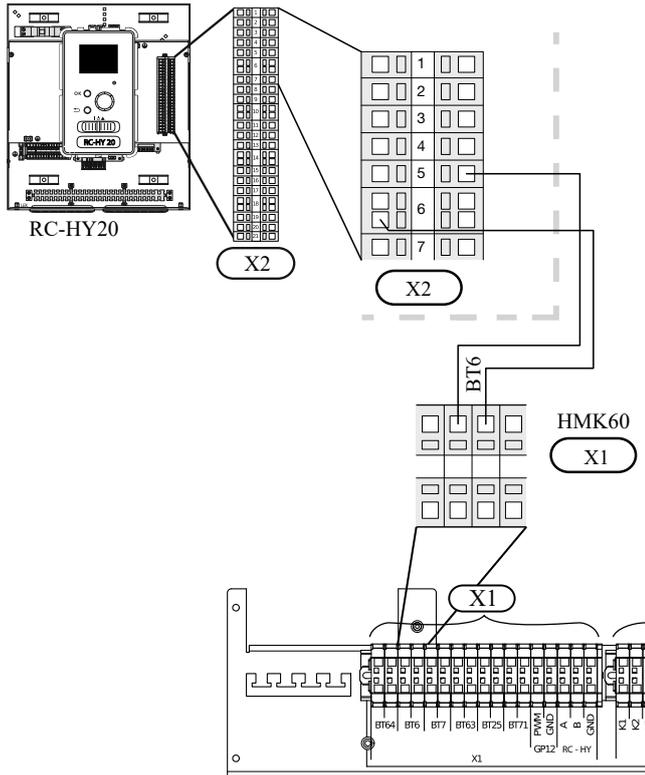
<RC-HY20 with HMK60>

• Ambient air temperature sensor BT1

Refer to the connection RC-HY20 with HSB60.

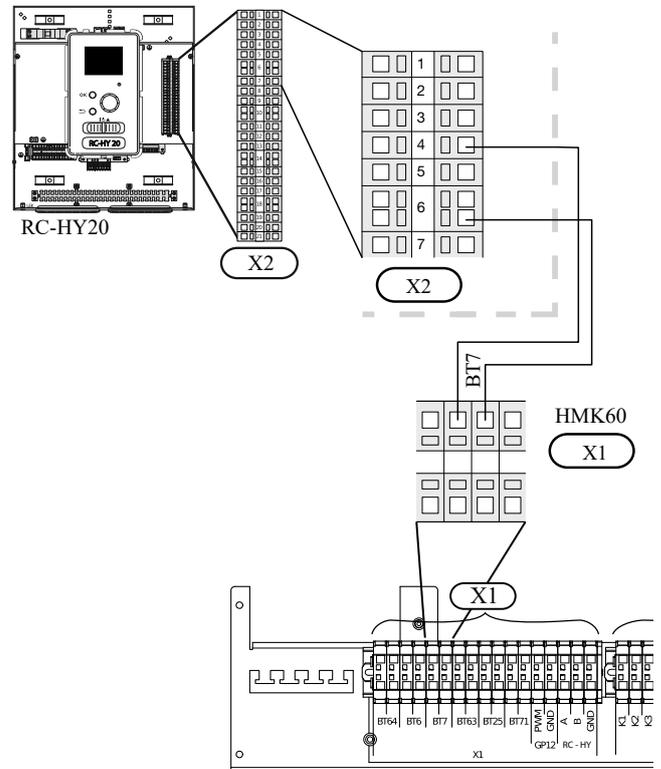
• Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed at the bottom part of the water heater. Connect the port 5 and 6 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port BT6 on X1 terminal on HMK60.



• Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)

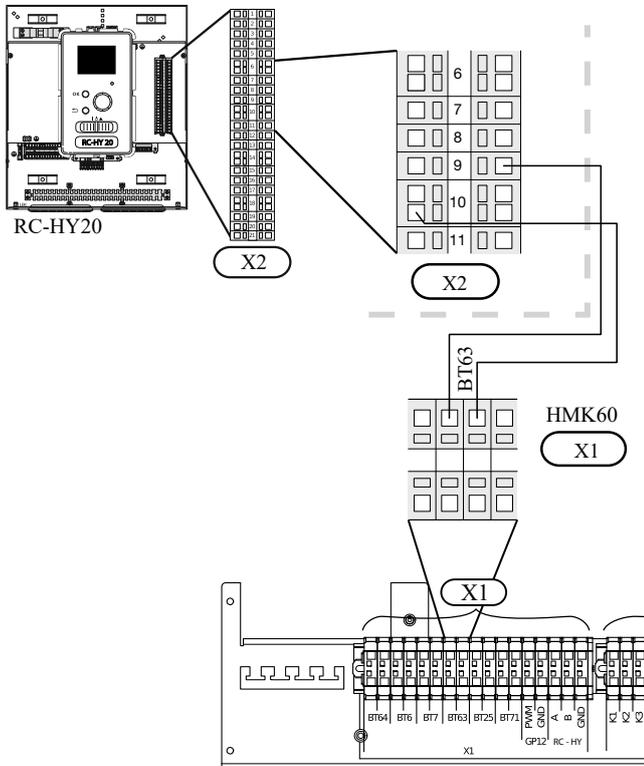
The temperature sensor, hot water top (BT7) is placed at the top of the water heater. Connect the port 4 and 6 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port BT7 on X1 terminal on HMK60.



## Electrical installation

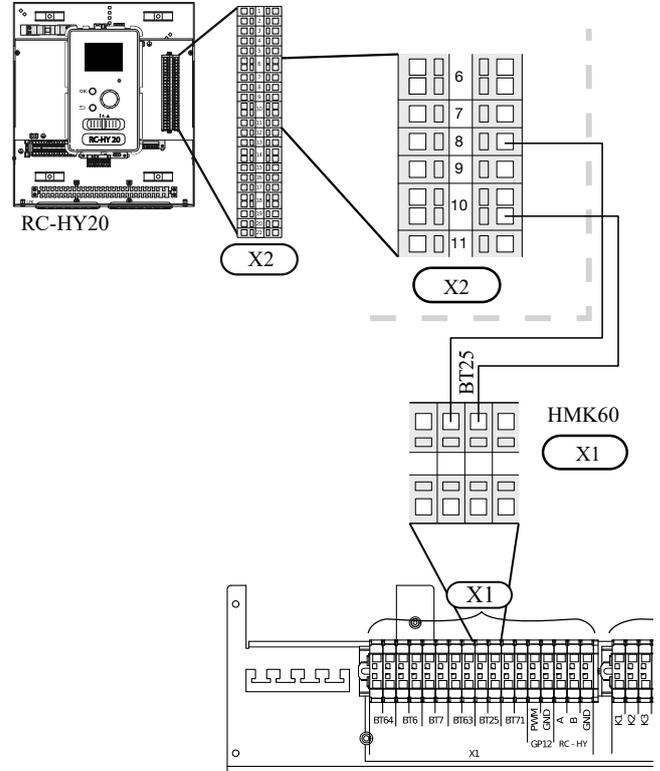
- **Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater**

The temperature sensor BT63 is placed on the outlet at additional heater. Connect the port 9 and 10 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port BT63 on X1 terminal on HMK60.



- **Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating**

The temperature sensor BT 25 is placed on the supply line for heating. Connect the port 8 and 10 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port BT25 on X1 terminal on HMK60.



- **Temperature sensor BT71, return pipe**

The temperature sensor BT71 is placed on the return pipe line for water heater. For connection, see page 50, AUX inputs.

- **Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling**

The temperature sensor BT64 is placed on the supply line for cooling. For connection, see page 51, AUX inputs.

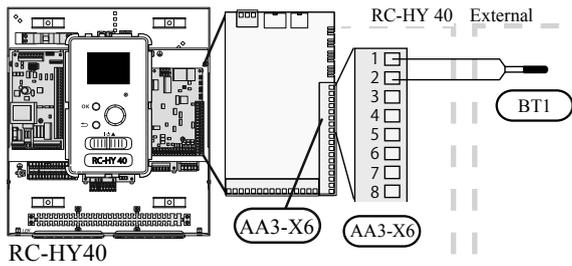
<RC-HY40 with HSB60>

• Ambient air temperature sensor BT1

Install ambient air temperature sensor (BT1) in the shade on a wall facing north or north-west, so it is unaffected by the morning sun for example.

Connect the sensor to the port 1 and 2 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.

If a conduit is used it must be sealed to prevent condensation in the sensor capsule.

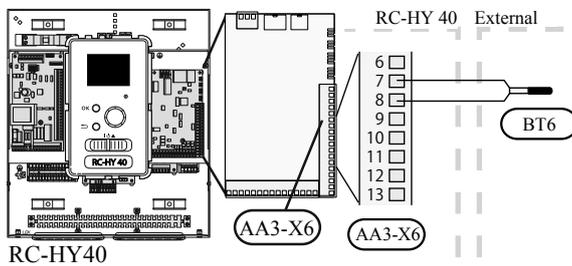


• Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.

Connect the sensor to the port 7 and 8 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.

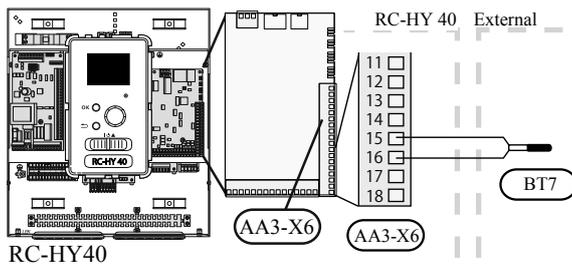
Hot water charging is activated in menu 5.2 or in the start guide.



• Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)

A temperature sensor for hot water top (BT7) can be connected to RC-HY40 to show the water temperature at the top of the tank (if it is possible to install a sensor at the top of the tank).

Connect the sensor to the port 15 and 16 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



• Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater

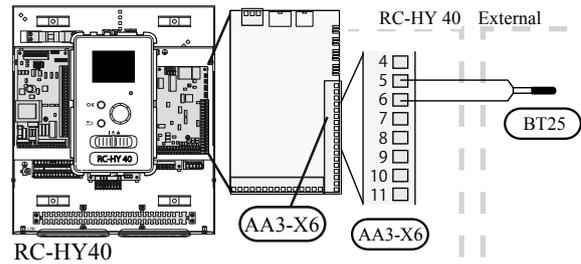
This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed before 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hotwater (see page 26 for diagram).

For connection, see page 54, AUX inputs.

• Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 27 for diagram).

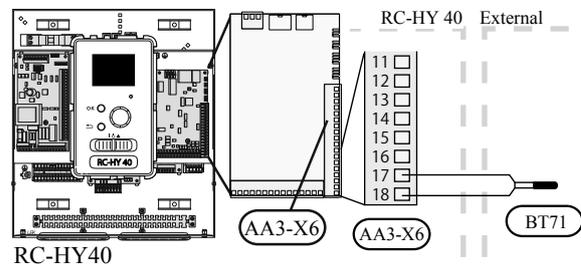
Connect temperature sensor, external supply line (BT25) to the port 5 and 6 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



• Temperature sensor BT71, return line for heating

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 27 for diagram).

Connect temperature sensor, external return line (BT71) to the port 17 and 18 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



• Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling

This sensor is used in case cooling application is required.

For connection, see page 54, AUX inputs.

## Electrical installation

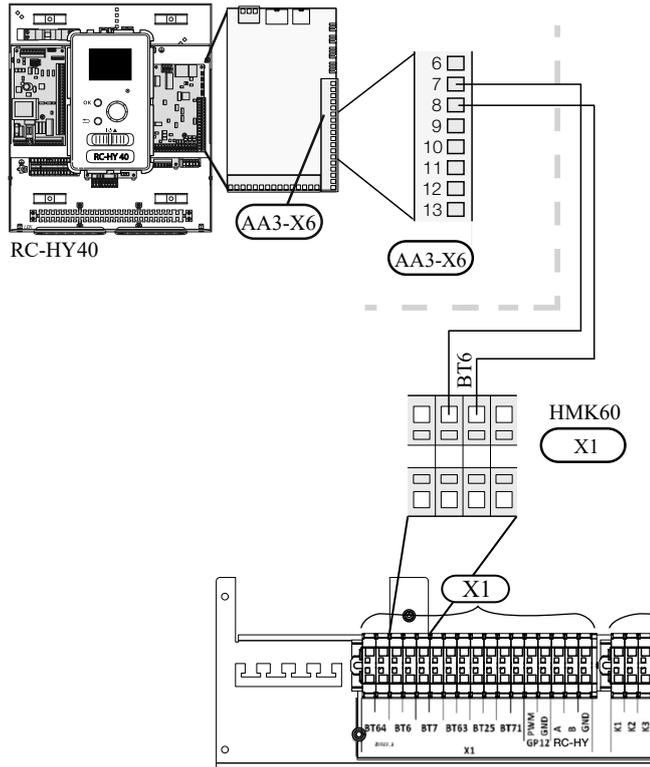
### <RC-HY40 with HMK60>

- **Ambient air temperature sensor BT1**

Refer to the connection RC-HY40 with HSB60.

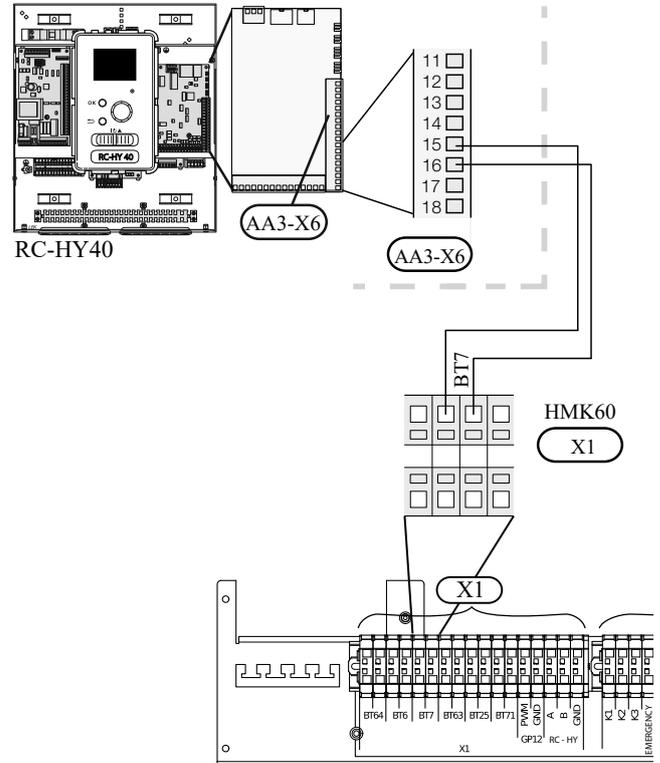
- **Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)**

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed at the bottom part of the water heater. Connect the port 7 and 8 on X6 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 to the port BT6 on X1 terminal on HMK60.



- **Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)**

The temperature sensor, hot water top (BT7) is placed at the top of the water heater. Connect the port 15 and 16 on X6 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 to the port BT7 on X1 terminal on HMK60.

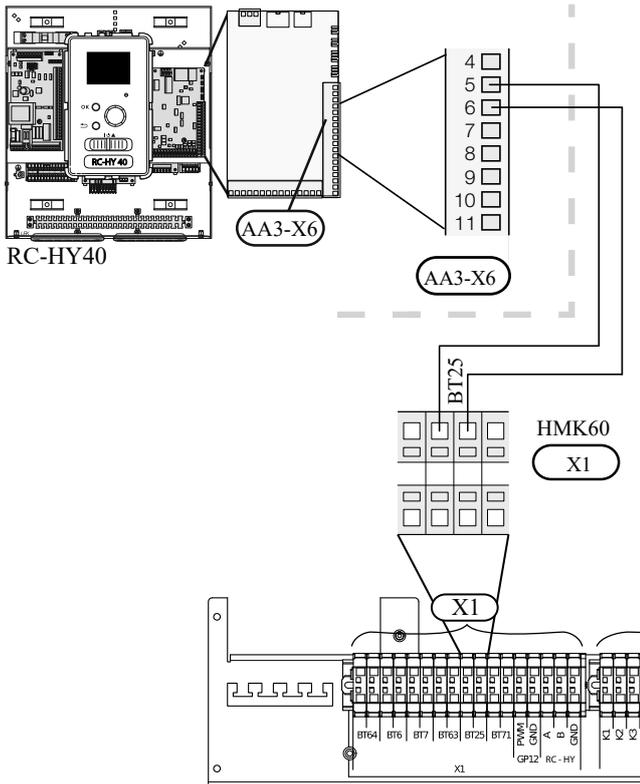


- **Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater**

The temperature sensor BT63 is placed on the outlet at additional heater. For connection, see page 54, AUX inputs.

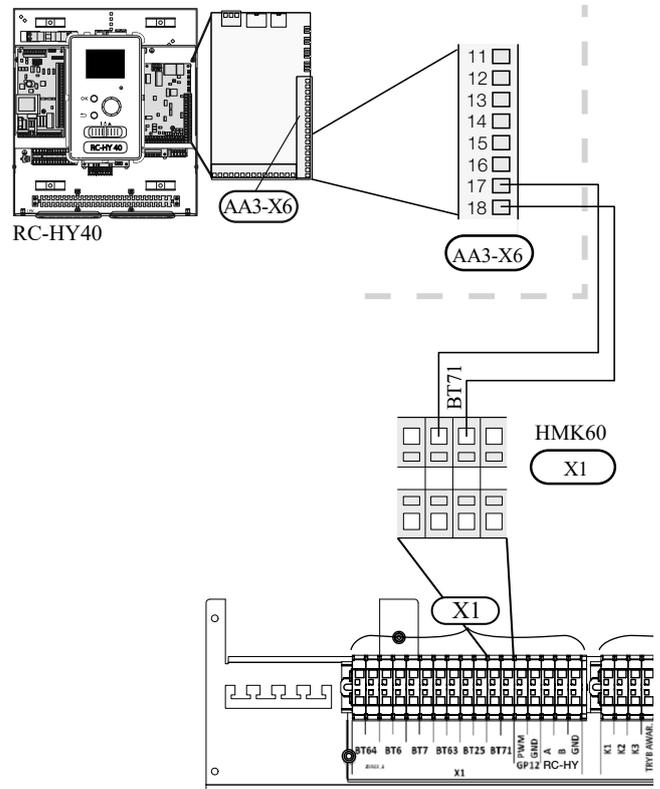
- **Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating**

The temperature sensor BT 25 is placed on the supply line for heating. Connect the port 5 and 6 on X6 terminal on RC-HY40 to the port BT25 on X1 terminal on HMK60.



- **Temperature sensor BT71, return pipe**

The temperature sensor BT71 is placed on the return pipe line for water heater. Connect the port 17 and 18 on X6 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 to the port BT71 on X1 terminal on HMK60.



- **Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling**

The temperature sensor BT64 is placed on the supply line for cooling. For connection, see page 54, AUX inputs.

Optional connections

RC-HY20

• Room sensor BT50

Room sensor can be connected to controller.

The room temperature sensor has up to three functions:

1. Show current room temperature in the control module display.
2. Option of changing the room temperature in °C.
3. Makes it possible to change/stabilise the room temperature.

Install the sensor in a neutral position where the set temperature is required. A suitable location is on a free inner wall in a hall approx. 1.5 m above the floor.

Do not install the sensor where correct room temperature cannot be detected such as in a recess, between shelves, behind a curtain, above or close to a heat source, in a draft from an external door or in direct sunlight.

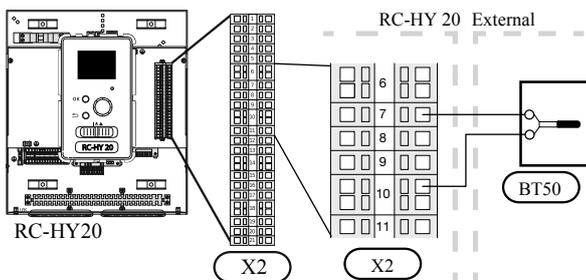
Closed radiator thermostats can also cause problems.

The control module can operate without the sensor, but if user wants to read off the accommodation's indoor temperature in controller display, the sensor must be installed.

Connect the room sensor to the port 7 and 10 on X2 terminal.

If the sensor is to be used to change the room temperature in °C and/or to change/stabilise the room temperature, the sensor must be activated in menu 1.9.4.

If the room sensor is used in a room with underfloor heating, it should only have an indicative function, not control of the room temperature.



**CAUTION**

*Changes of temperature in accommodation take time. For example, short time periods in combination with underfloor heating will not give a noticeable difference in room temperature.*

Use two-core cable with a minimum 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> cross section.

• Step controlled additional heat

**NOTE**

*Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.*

External step controlled additional heat can be controlled by up to three potential-free relays in the control module (3 step linear or 7 step binary). Alternatively two relays (2 step linear or 3 step binary) can be used for step controlled additional heat, which means that the third relay can be used to control the immersion heater in the water heater/accumulator tank.

Step in occurs with at least 1 minute intervals and step outs with at least 3 seconds intervals.

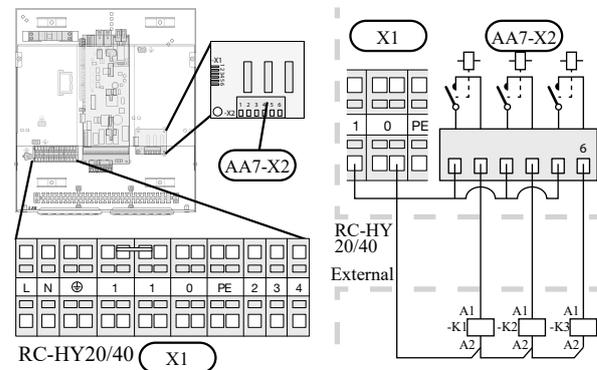
Step 1 is connected to terminal block X2:2 on the additional relay board (AA7).

Step 2 is connected to terminal block X2:4 on the additional relay board (AA7).

Step 3 or immersion heater in the water heater/accumulator tank is connected to terminal block X2:6 on the additional relay board (AA7).

The settings for step controlled additional heat are made in menu 4.9.3 and menu 5.1.12.

All additional heat can be blocked by connecting a potential-free switch function to the software controlled input on terminal block X2 which is selected in menu 5.4.



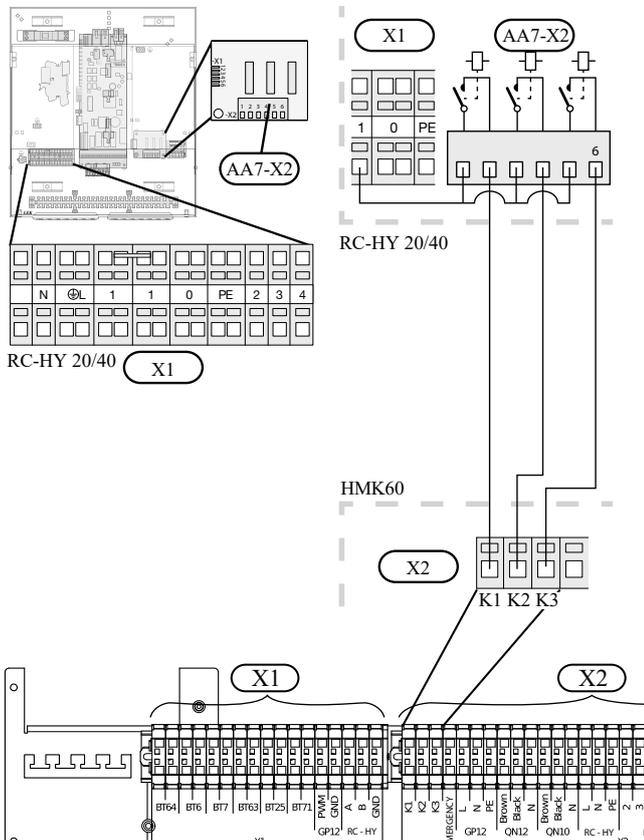
If the relays are to be used for control voltage, bridge the supply from terminal block X1:1 to X2:1, X2:3 and X2:5 on additional relay board (AA7). Connect the neutral from the external additional heat to terminal block X1:0.

Use a cable with appropriate cross section.

For connection, see the installation manual for additional heater.

<Connection example with HMK60>

Connect the port 2, 4, 6 on X2 terminal on AA7 board on RC-HY20/40 to the port K1, K2, K3 on X2 terminal on HMK60 respectively.



• Relay output for emergency mode

**NOTE**

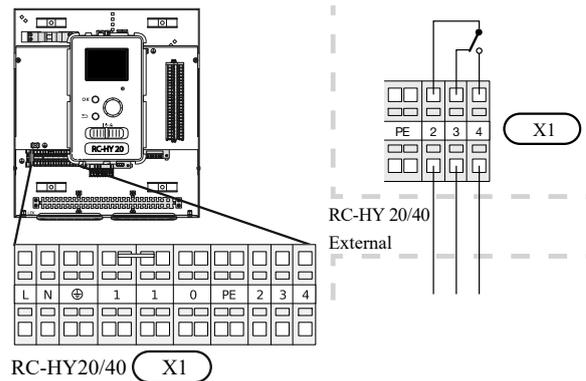
Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

When the switch (SF1) is in "Δ" mode (emergency mode) the circulation pump is activated (EB101-GP12).

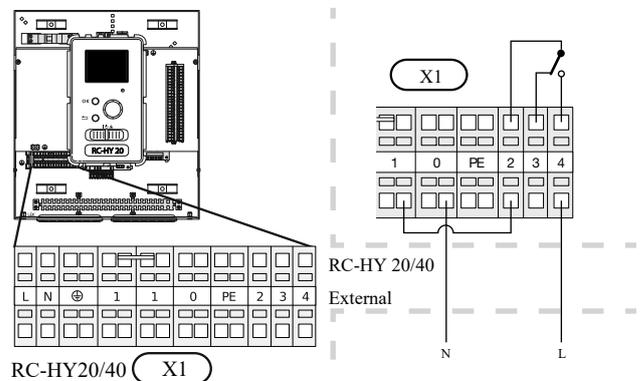
**CAUTION**

No hot water is produced when emergency mode is activated.

The emergency mode relay can be used to activate external additional heat. Between the port 2 and 4 is closed during emergency mode. An external thermostat must be connected to the control circuit (port 4) to control the temperature. Ensure that the heating medium circulates through the external additional heating.

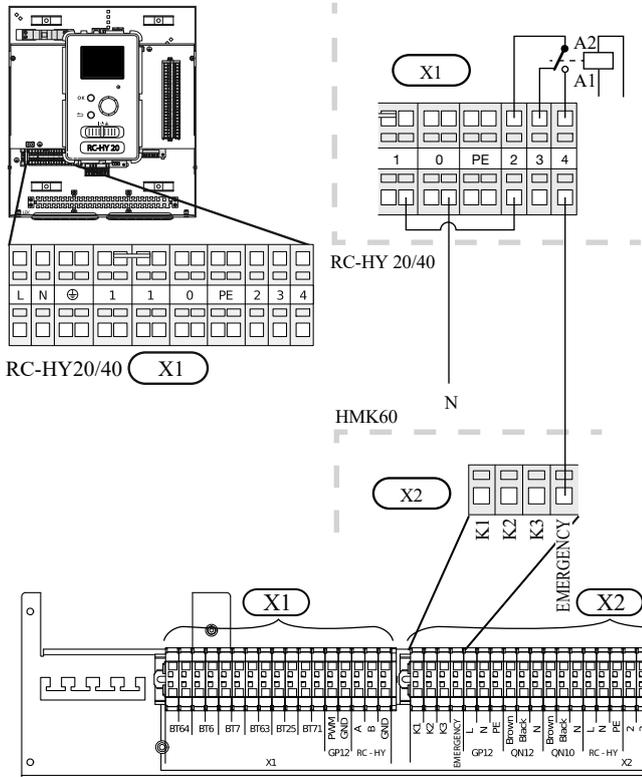


If the relay is to be used for control voltage, bridge the supply from terminal block X1:1 to X1:2 and connect neutral and control voltage from the external additional heat to X1:0 (N) and X1:4 (L).

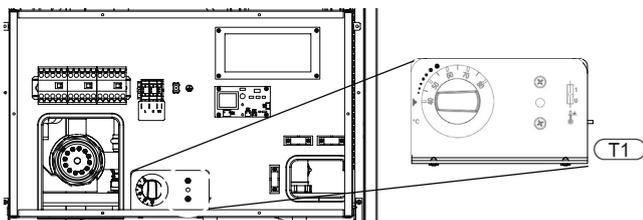


## <Connection example with HMK60>

Connect the port 4 on X1 terminal on RC-HY20/40 to EMERGENCY on X2 terminal on HMK60, as well as the port 0 on X1 terminal on RC-HY20/40 to Neutral on HMK60.

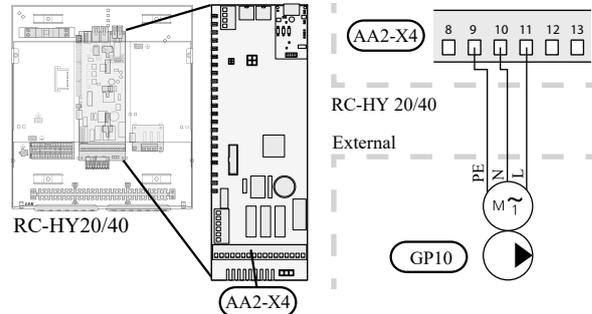


Set the supply temperature with the thermostat T1 in case of emergency mode. The setting range is 6-67°C. For floor heating, the setting must be min.20°C to max. 35-45°C in order to preserve heat comfort in the room and ensure effective system operation. When the temperature is set at 35°C or higher, be careful not to cause low temperature burn.



## • External circulation pump

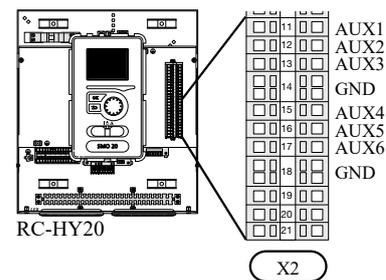
Connect the external circulation pump (GP10) to terminal block X4:9 (PE), X4:10 (N) and X4:11 (230 V) on the base board (AA2) as illustrated.



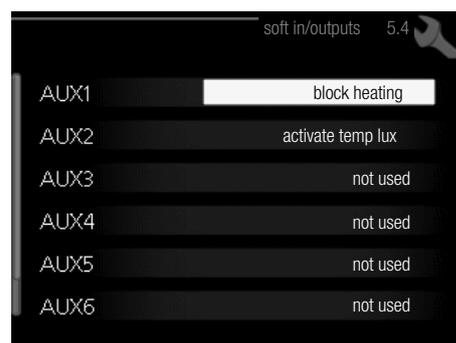
## • AUX inputs

Other external inputs are available on the port 11 through 18 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20.

AUX1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 correspond to the port 11, 12, 13, 15, 16 and 17 respectively. Port 14 and 18 are GND and are common to the all auxiliary circuit. Connect a sensor or switch between AUX and GND with a two-core cable with a minimum cross section of 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Select the appropriate function in menu 5.4.



### ■ Temperature sensor, cooling/heating (BT74)

Additional room sensor (BT74) is applied in case user wants to determine the operation mode (cooling/heating) with a temperature in a particular room.

This option can be chosen only in case cooling function is available.

### ■ Temperature sensor, external return line (BT71)

Temperature sensor BT71 is applied in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve (see page 27 and 28 for diagram).

■ Temperature sensor, flow line cooling (BT64)

Temperature sensor BT64 is required in case 4-pipe system is used for cooling operation. (see page 26-28 for diagram)

This option can be chosen only in case cooling function is activated.

■ Contact for external tariff blocking

In cases where external tariff blocking is required it must be connected to terminal block X2.

Tariff blocking means that the additional heat, the compressor, heating and cooling are disconnected by connecting a potential free switch function to the input selected in menu 5.4.

A closed contact results in the electrical output being disconnected.

■ Switch for “SG ready”

**NOTE**

*This function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready"-standard. "SG Ready" requires two AUX inputs.*

This function can only be used in power supply networks that support the “SG Ready” standard. “SG Ready” requires two AUX inputs.

“SG Ready” is a smart tariff management scheme in which electricity supplier can affect indoor and hot water temperature or simply prohibits additional heat and/or the compressor operation in heat pump at certain period of the day. You can choose which operation mode is affected by this function in menu 4.1.5 after the function is activated.

Choose two external input circuits and connect potential-free switches, and set “SG Ready A” and “SG Ready B” in menu 5.4. The system works differently according to the combination of the circuit open/closed.

• Blocking (A: Closed, B: Open)

“SG Ready” is active. Compressor operation and additional heat is prohibited.

• Normal mode (A: Open, B: Open)

“SG Ready” is not active. No effect on the system.

• Low price mode (A: Open, B: Closed)

"SG Ready" is active. The system operates to provide higher capacity than normal mode by using lower tariff electricity. You can select the operation mode (heating/hot water/cooling) affected by this function in menu 4.1.5.

• Overcapacity mode (A: Closed, B: Closed)

“SG Ready” is active. The system supplies higher capacity than Low price mode since the electricity price is supposed to be very low in this mode. You can select the operation mode (heating/hot water/cooling) affected by this function in menu 4.1.5.

■ Contact for activation of “temporary lux”

Temporary hot water production function “temporary lux” is activated with this signal. Connect the terminals with a potential-free switch and choose the function in menu 5.4.

“Temporary lux” is activated only when the switch is closed.

■ Contact for activation of “external adjustment”

Target temperature offset for supply temperature or room temperature can be done with this signal.

When a room sensor is connected and activated, the target room temperature is offset in °C if the switch is closed.

When a room sensor is not connected, target supply water temperature (heat curve) is offset instead. The degree of offset can be set in menu 5.4.

■ Switch for external alarm

Alarms from external devices can be connected to the control and appear as an info alarm. Potential-free signal of NO or NC type can be connected.

■ Switch for external blocking

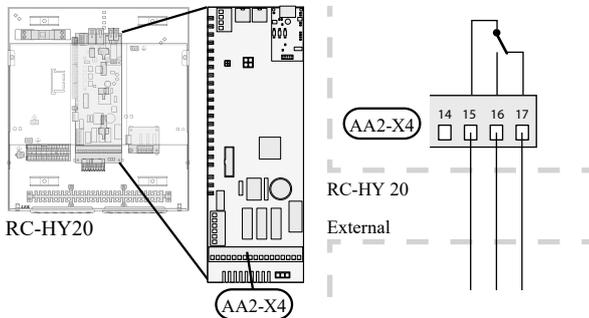
This function is used in case certain operation mode needs to be prohibited. The operation at selected operation mode is prohibited when the switch is closed. Following functions can be managed.

- Additional heat
- compressor operation
- heating mode
- cooling mode
- hot water mode

## Electrical installation

### • AUX outputs

External output is available on the port 15 to 17 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20. The relay output can have a max load of 2A at resistive load.



Following functions are available. Select the function in menu 5.4.

### • Indication of buzzer alarm

When an alarm occurs, the circuit becomes closed between the port 15 and 16. During normal operation, the port 15 and 17 is closed.

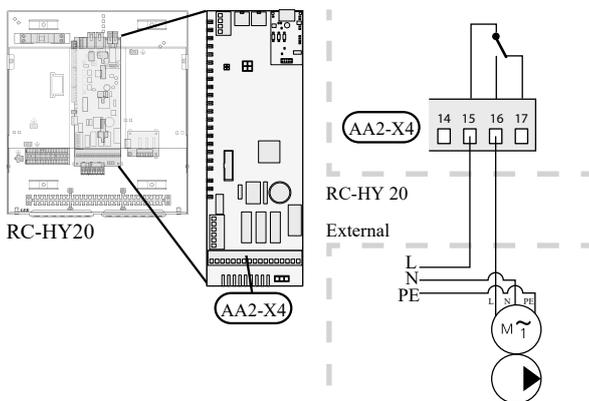
### • Cooling mode indication / Active cooling mode (4-pipe cooling)

When the system turns into cooling mode, the circuit becomes closed between the port 15 and 16. By using this signal, it is possible to switch 3-way valve for 4-pipe cooling or to assemble a display circuit indicating cooling mode. For details of connecting the 3-way valve, refer to page 40 to 41

### • External pump control (GP10)

External pump (GP10) is used in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve that switches heating/hot water (refer to page 27 for diagram).

Connect the circulation pump as shown below using the port 15 and 16 on X4 terminal.



### • Hot water circulation pump control (GP11)

In case the distance between hot water tap and hot water storage tank is far, the hot water supply line temperature is likely to drop and it may take time to supply hot water from the tap. In that case, hot water circulation pump (GP11) is applied to maintain hot water supply line temperature warm (refer to page 22 for diagram).

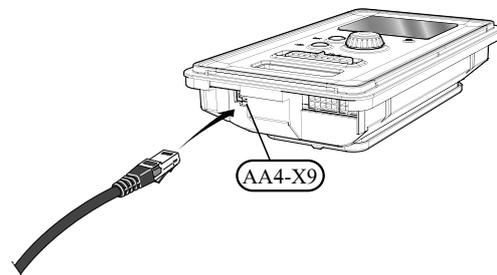
For details of connecting the pump, refer to External pump control (GP10).

## NOTE

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

### • myUpway™

Connect the network connected cable (straight, Cat.5e UTP) with RJ45-contact (male) to contact AA4-X9 on the display unit (as illustrated). Use the cable grommet (UB2) in the control module for cable routing.



**RC-HY40**

• **Load monitor**

In case many power electrical appliances are connected in the property and the electric heater is energised at the same time, there is a risk of tripping the main fuse of the property.

The control module has an integrated load monitor that controls the power steps of the electric heater by disconnecting step by step in the event of overload in a phase. It will be reconnected if other current consumption is reduced.

**Connecting current sensors**

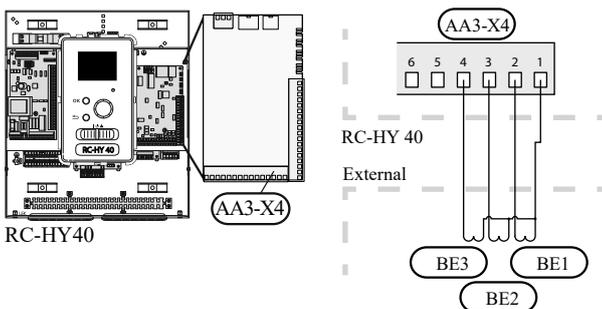
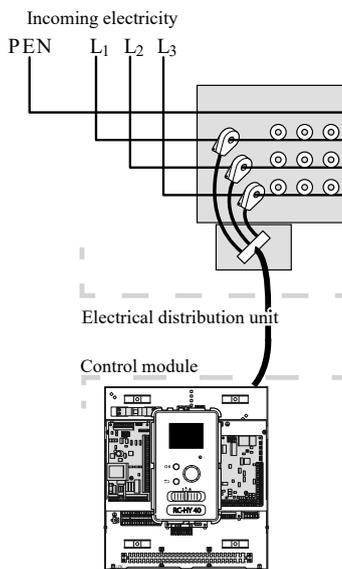
A current sensor (BE1 - BE3) should be installed on each incoming phase conductor in to the electrical distribution unit to measure the current. This is best done in the electrical distribution unit.

Connect the current sensors to a multi-core cable in an enclosure next to the electrical distribution unit. Use a multi-core cable of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> from the enclosure to the heat pump.

Connect the cable to terminal block X4:1 to 4.

X4:1 is the common terminal block for the three current sensors.

Set the size of the property's main fuse in menu 5.1.12.



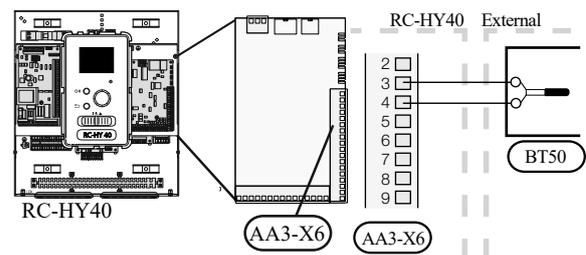
• **Room sensor BT50**

Refer to Room sensor BT50 for RC-HY20 for function and installation place.

Connect the room sensor to terminal block X6:3 and X6:4 on the input board (AA3).

If the sensor is to be used to change the room temperature in °C and/or to change/stabilise the room temperature, the sensor must be activated in menu 1.9.4.

If the room sensor is used in a room with underfloor heating, it should only have an indicatory function, not control of the room temperature.



**CAUTION**

*Changes of temperature in accommodation take time. For example, short time periods in combination with underfloor heating will not give a noticeable difference in room temperature.*

• **Step controlled additional heat**

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

• **Relay output for emergency mode**

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

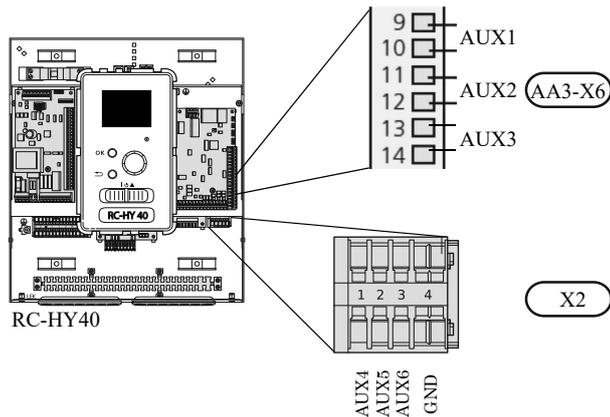
• **External circulation pump**

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

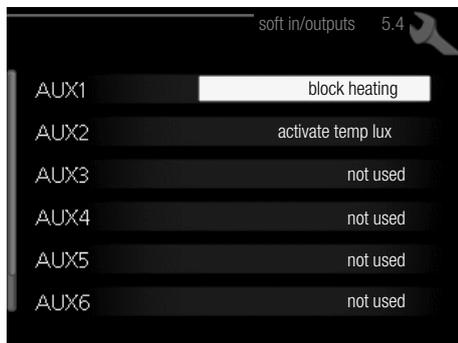
• **AUX inputs**

Up to 6 other external inputs are available on RC-HY40.

AUX1 through 3 correspond to the port 9/10, 11/12, 13/14 respectively on X6 terminal on AA3 board. AUX4 through 6 correspond to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X2 terminal on RC-HY40. Port 4 on X2 terminal is GND and is common to AUX4 through 6. Connect a sensor or switch between AUX and GND with a two-core cable with a minimum cross section of 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Select the appropriate function in menu 5.4.



- Temperature sensor, external supply at additional heat before reversing valve (BT63)

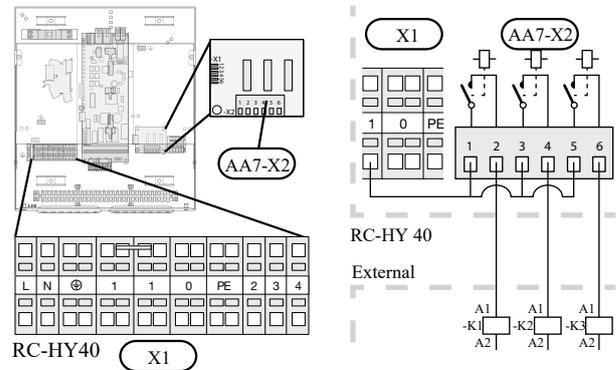
Temperature sensor BT63 is applied in case additional heater is placed before 3-way valve (see page 26 for diagram)

The following functions are available. For details, see AUX inputs for RC-HY20.

- Temperature sensor, cooling/heating (BT74)
- Temperature sensor, external return line (BT71)
- Temperature sensor, flow line cooling (BT64)
- Contact for external tariff blocking
- Switch for “SG ready”
- Contact for activation of “temporary lux”
- Contact for activation of “external adjustment”
- Switch for external alarm
- Switch for external blocking

• **AUX outputs**

External output is available on the port NC, NO and C on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40. The relay output can have a max load of 2A at resistive load.



Following functions are available. Select the function in menu 5.4.

- Indication of buzzer alarm

When an alarm occurs, the circuit becomes closed between the port NO and C. During normal operation, the port NC and C is closed.

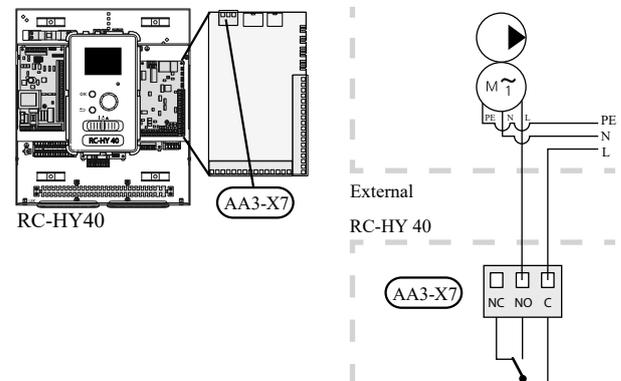
- Cooling mode indication / Active cooling mode (4-pipe cooling)

When the system turns into cooling mode, the circuit becomes closed between the port NO and C. By using this signal, it is possible to switch 3-way valve for 4-pipe cooling or to assemble a display circuit indicating cooling mode. For details of connecting the 3-way valve, refer to page 40 and 41

- External pump control (GP10)

External pump (GP10) is used in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve that switches heating/hot water (refer to page 27 and 28 for diagram).

Connect the circulation pump using the port NO and C on X7 terminal on AA3 board as shown below.



- Hot water circulation pump control (GP11)

In case the distance between hot water tap and hot water storage tank is far, the hot water supply line temperature is likely to drop and it may take time to supply hot water from the tap. In that case, hot water circulation pump (GP11) is applied to maintain hot water supply line temperature warm (refer to page 22 for diagram).

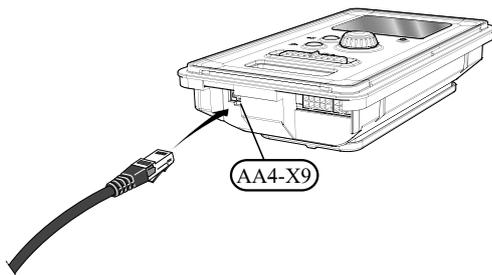
For details of connecting the pump, refer to External pump control (GP10).

**NOTE**

*Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.*

- myUpway™

Connect the network connected cable (straight, Cat.5e UTP) with RJ45-contact (male) to contact AA4-X9 on the display unit (as illustrated). Use the cable grommet (UB2) in the control module for cable routing.



## Commissioning and adjusting

### Preparations

Before starting commissioning, check the followings;

- The signal cable is connected between indoor unit and outdoor unit as well as indoor unit and controller according to the instruction.
- The power cable is connected to indoor unit, outdoor unit and controller according to the instruction.
- Operation switch in controller is in the position .
- The service valves on outdoor unit (QM35 and QM36) are open.
- Drain valve is closed before filling water in the system.
- Temperature limiter and electrical switch are not tripped.
- The system is filled with water and well vented.
- There are no leaks on the water pipe.

### Filling and venting

#### Hot water tank

1. Open the hot water tap as well as venting valve if applicable, and then open the cold water cut-off valve at the inlet.
2. Fill the storage tank until obtaining uniform water outflow at the hot water tap, and then close the hot water tap and venting valve.
3. Fill the water heater coil in the tank. See Climate system for details.

After the installation and levelling the tank, follow the procedure below (for the connector pipe symbols, refer to page 18):

1. Remove protecting plugs from the connector pipes
2. Connect the hot water intake line (N).
3. Connect the cold water supply line together with the required safety valves (G).
4. If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the connector pipe (L). Otherwise, plug the pipe.
5. Connect the supply (J) and return (H) of the heating medium to the coil.

#### CAUTION

*If there is an electric heating module installed in the storage tank, fill the tank with water before connecting it to the electrical installation.*

#### CAUTION

*Open the hot water intake valves before heating the system up for the first time or after a longer break in its operation in order to check whether the storage tank is filled with water and the cut-off valve at the cold water inlet is not closed.*

### Climate system

1. Open the vent at the top of the heating system.
2. Open all shut-off valves, where installed, so that water flows into all circuits.
3. Open the valve for filling the heating circuit and fill it with water.
4. Close the vent when water comes out continuously without bubbles.
5. Check the manometer and close the filling valve when the pressure reaches the required value (2 bar is recommended).
6. Start the circulation pump of the heating system, and open the vent from time to time and release the all remaining air in the heating system.
7. Open safety valve until the pressure of the heating system drops down to about 1 bar. If the pressure drops below 1 bar during venting, add additional water in the circuit.

### Inspection of installation

Current regulations require that the climate system is inspected before it is commissioned. The inspection must be carried out by a suitably qualified person and must be documented. Do not replace any part of the system without carrying out new checks.

## Start-up and inspection

### Before start-up

- 1 In case of cascade connection, check if each indoor unit has a unique address. See Cascade connection setting on page 35 for details.
- 2 For an outdoor unit equipped with a crank case heater, it is necessary to supply power 6-8 hours before starting compressor operation to heat the compressor with the heater. To do this, supply power to whole system and disable the compressor operation from menu 5.2.2 on the controller. Disable additional heater as well if necessary.
- 3 After 6-8 hours, enable the compressor operation in menu 5.2.2 on the controller and enable the additional heater in menu 4.9.2 and 4.9.3 on the controller.

- 4 Start commissioning by the following steps.

\*Step 2 and 3 are not necessary for FDCW60VNX-A.

### Commissioning with heat pump

Start guide is shown on the display on the controller when it is turned ON for the first time. Follow the start guide in the display, or choose menu 5.7 to show the start guide. For details, see Start guide on page 58.

### Commissioning with additional heater only

Follow the start guide in the display as same as commissioning with heat pump, and then follow the list below.

1. Go to menu 4.2 op. mode.
2. Mark "add. heat only" using the control knob and then press the OK button.
3. Return to the main menus by pressing the Back button.

### CAUTION

*When commissioning without MHI air/water heat pump an alarm communication error may appear in the display.  
The alarm is reset if the relevant heat pump is deactivated in menu 5.2.2 ("installed heat pump").*

### 3-way valve operation check

1. Activate "AA2-K1 (QN10)" in menu 5.6.
2. Check that the reversing valve opens or is open for hot water charging.
3. Deactivate "AA2-K1 (QN10)" in menu 5.6.

### AUX function check

To check any function connected to the AUX socket,

1. Activate "AA2-X4 (RC-HY20)" or "AA3-X7 (RC-HY40)" in menu 5.6.
2. Check the desired function.
3. Deactivate "AA2-X4 (RC-HY20)" or "AA3-X7 (RC-HY40)" in menu 5.6.

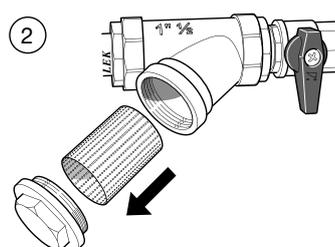
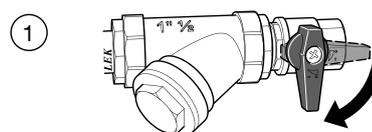
### Cooling mode

In case the climate system contains a cooling circuit, activate cooling function in menu 5.11.1.1. After that, you can choose cooling mode indication in menu 5.4 for the AUX output.

### Cleaning particle filter

Clean the particle filter (HQ1) after installation.

1. Close valve QM31 and the valve by the particle filter (HQ1).
2. Open the safety valve (QM20) to ensure that the pressure in HSB60 drops.
3. Clean the particle filter (HQ1) as illustrated.



### Secondary adjustment

Air is initially released from the hot water and venting may be necessary. If bubbling sounds can be heard from the heat pump, the circulation pump and radiators the entire system will require further venting. When the system is stable (correct pressure and all air eliminated) the automatic heating control system can be set as required

### Start guide

#### NOTE

Fill in the climate system with water before the switch is set to "1".

1. Set the control module's switch to "1".
2. Follow the instructions in the start guide in the control module display. If the start guide does not start when you start the control module, start it manually in menu 5.7.

#### TIP

See page 63 for a more in-depth introduction to the installation's control system (operation, menus etc.).

### Commissioning

The start guide is displayed when installation is started. It describes what needs to carry out at the first start together with basic settings during installation.

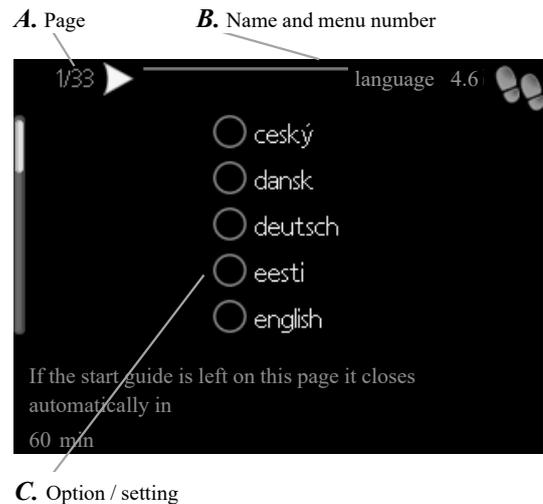
The start guide is displayed so that it cannot be bypassed in order to carry out the start-up correctly. You can start the start guide later in menu 5.7.

During the start-up guide, reversing valves and the shunt are run back and forth to help vent the heat pump.

#### CAUTION

As long as the start guide is active, no function in the heat pump will start automatically.  
Each time the controller is ON, the guide will appear until it is completed on the last page.

### Operation in the start guide



#### A. Page

You can see the current page of the start guide.

Scroll between the pages of the start guide as follows:

1. Turn the control knob until the arrow is marked in the top left corner (at the page number).
2. Press OK button to proceed to the next page in the start guide.

#### B. Name and menu number

You can see the menu name of this page. The number refers to the menu number in the control system.

To read more about affected menus, see the help menu or read the user manual.

#### C. Option / setting

Make settings for the system here.

#### D. Help menu

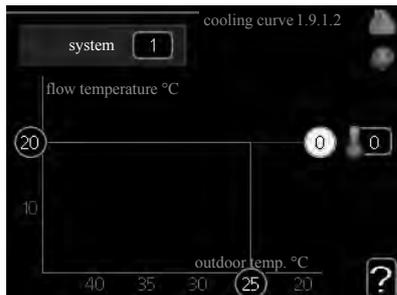
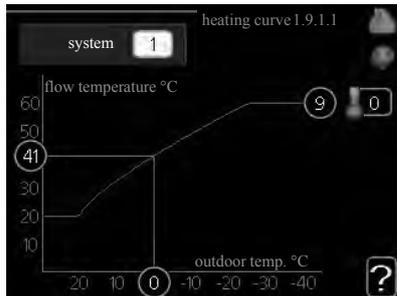
 In many menus there is a symbol indicating that extra help is available.

To access the help text:

1. Use the control knob to select the help symbol.
2. Press OK button.

The help text often consists of several windows that you can scroll between using the control knob.

## Heating/cooling curve setting



### heating curve

Setting range: 0 – 15

Default value: 9

### cooling curve (accessory required)

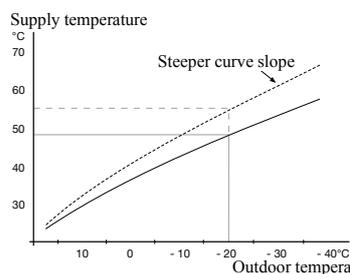
Setting range: 0 – 9

Default value: 0

The prescribed heating curve for your house can be viewed in the menu heating curve . The task of the heating curve is to give an even indoor temperature, regardless of the outdoor temperature, and thereby energy efficient operation. From this heating curve, the control module determines the temperature of the water to the heating system, supply temperature, and there by the indoor temperature. Select the heating curve and read off how the supply temperature changes at different outdoor temperatures here. If there is cooling function, the same settings can be made for the cooling curve.

### Curve coefficient

The heating/cooling curve shows the relation between the target supply temperature and the corresponding outdoor temperature. A steep curve indicates that supply temperature becomes higher at low outdoor air temperature in heating and it becomes lower at high outdoor air temperature in cooling.



The optimum slope depends on the climate conditions in your location, the type of heating device (radiators or under floor heating) and how well insulated the house is.

The curve is set when the heating installation is installed, but may need adjusting later. Normally, the curve will not need further adjustment.

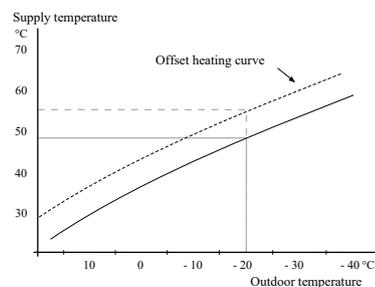
### CAUTION

*In the event of making fine adjustments of the indoor temperature, the curve must be offset up or down instead, this is done in menu 1.1 temperature .*

### Curve offset

The target temperature can be offset in parallel over the entire outdoor temperature range by this function. This is offset by 5 °C by adjusting 2 steps.

The target temperature can be parallel offset in the entire outdoor temperature range with this function. It is offset by 5 °C by adjusting 2 steps.



### Flow line temperature – maximum and minimum values

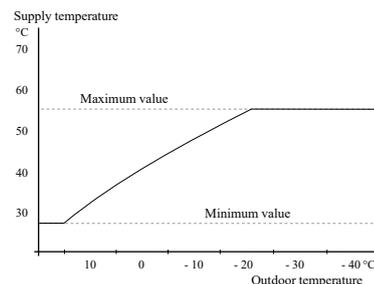
This function is used in order to limit max-min supply temperature. The heating / cooling curve becomes flat beyond max / min target temperature.

### CAUTION

*Underfloor heating systems are normally max flow line temperature set between 35 and 45°C. Take care not to cause low temperature burns in case it is set higher than 35°C.*

*Must be restricted with underfloor cooling min. flow line temp. to prevent condensation.*

*Check the max temperature for your floor with your installer/floor supplier.*



The figure at the end of the curve indicates the curve number. The figure beside the thermometer icon gives the curve offset. Use the control knob to set a new value.

Confirm the new setting by pressing the OK button.

Curve 0 is an own curve created in menu 1.9.7.

### To select another curve (slope):

1. Press OK button to access the setting mode
2. Select a new curve. The curves are numbered from 0 to 15, and the bigger number curve has steeper slope.  
Curve 0 means that own curve (menu 1.9.7) is used.
3. Press OK button to exit the setting.

### To read off a curve:

1. Turn the control knob so that the ring on the shaft with the outdoor temperature is marked.
2. Press OK button.
3. Follow the grey line up to the curve and out to the left to read off the value for the supply temperature at the selected outdoor temperature.
4. You can now select to take read outs for different outdoor temperatures by turning the control knob to the right or left and read off the corresponding flow temperature.
5. Press OK or Back button to exit read off mode.

## TIP

*Wait 24 hours before making a new setting, so that the room temperature has time to stabilise.*

*If it is cold outdoors and the room temperature is too low, increase the curve slope by one increment.*

*If it is cold outdoors and the room temperature is too high, lower the curve slope by one increment.*

*If it is warm outdoors and the room temperature is too low, increase the curve offset by one increment.*

*If it is warm outdoors and the room temperature is too high, lower the curve offset by one increment.*

## Hot water circulation setting

### hot water recirc.

#### **operating time**

Setting range: 1 – 60 min

Default value: 60 min

#### **downtime**

Setting range: 0 – 60 min

Default value: 0 min

Set the hot water circulation for up to three periods per day here. During the set periods the hot water circulation pump will run according to the settings above.

"operating time" decide how long the hot water circulation pump must run per operating instance.

"downtime" decide how long the hot water circulation pump must be stationary between operating instances.

Hot water circulation is activated in menu 5.4 "soft inputs and outputs".

## SG Ready

This function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready"-standard .

Make settings for the function "SG Ready" here.

Low price mode means that the electricity supplier has a low tariff and the system uses this to reduce costs.

Over capacity mode means that the electricity supplier has set the tariff very low and the system uses this to reduce the costs as much as possible.

### affect room temperature

Here you set whether room temperature should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

With low price mode of "SG Ready" the parallel offset of the indoor temperature is increased by "+1". If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature increases by 1 °C.

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" the parallel offset for the indoor temperature is increased by "+2".

If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature increases by 2 °C.

### affect hot water

Here you set whether the temperature of the hot water should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

With low price mode on "SG Ready" the stop temperature of the hot water is set as high as possible at only compressor operation (immersion heater not permitted).

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" the hot water is set to "luxury" (immersion heater permitted).

### affect cooling (accessory required)

Here you set whether room temperature during cooling operation should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

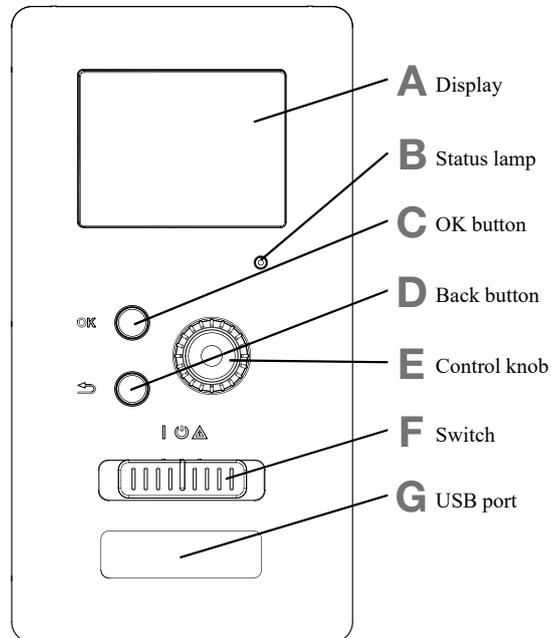
With low price mode of "SG Ready" and cooling operation the indoor temperature is not affected.

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" and cooling operation the parallel offset for the indoor temperature is reduced by "-1". If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature decreases by 1 °C.

## NOTE

*The function must be connected to two AUX inputs and activated in menu 5.4.*

## Control Display unit



### A Display

Instructions, settings and operational information are shown on the display. The easy-to-read display and menu system, make it easy to navigate between various menus and options, set comfort and get the necessary information.

### B Status lamp

The status lamp indicates the status of the control module. It:

- lights green during normal operation.
- lights yellow in emergency mode.
- lights red in the event of an alarm.

### C OK button

The OK button is used to:

- confirm selections of sub menus/options/set values/page in the start guide.

### D Back button

The back button is used to:

- go back to the previous menu.
- change a setting that has not been confirmed.

### E Control knob

The control knob can be turned to the right or left. You can:

- scroll in menus and between options.
- increase and decrease values.
- change pages in multiple page instructions (for example help text and service info).

### F Switch (SF1)

The switch shows three positions:

- On (I)
- Standby (⏻)
- Emergency mode (⚠)

Emergency mode must only be used in the event of a fault on the control module. In this mode, the compressor in the heat pump is turned off and the immersion heater is activated.

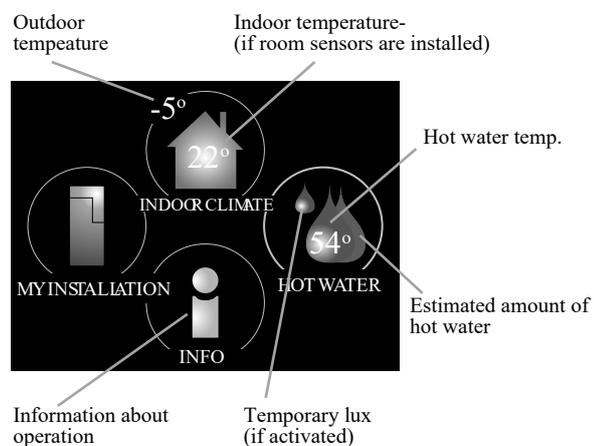
The control module display is not illuminated and the status lamp lights yellow.

### G USB port

The USB port is hidden behind the plastic badge of the product name.

The USB port is used to update the software.

## Menu system



### Menu 1 - INDOOR CLIMATE

Setting and scheduling the indoor climate. See information in the help menu or user manual.

### Menu 2 - HOT WATER

Setting and scheduling hot water production. See information in the help menu or user manual.

This menu only appears if a water heater is installed in the system.

### Menu 3 - INFO

Display of temperature and other operating information and access to the alarm log. See information in the help menu or user manual.

### Menu 4 - MY INSTALLATION

Setting time, date, language, display, operating mode etc. See information in the help menu or user manual.

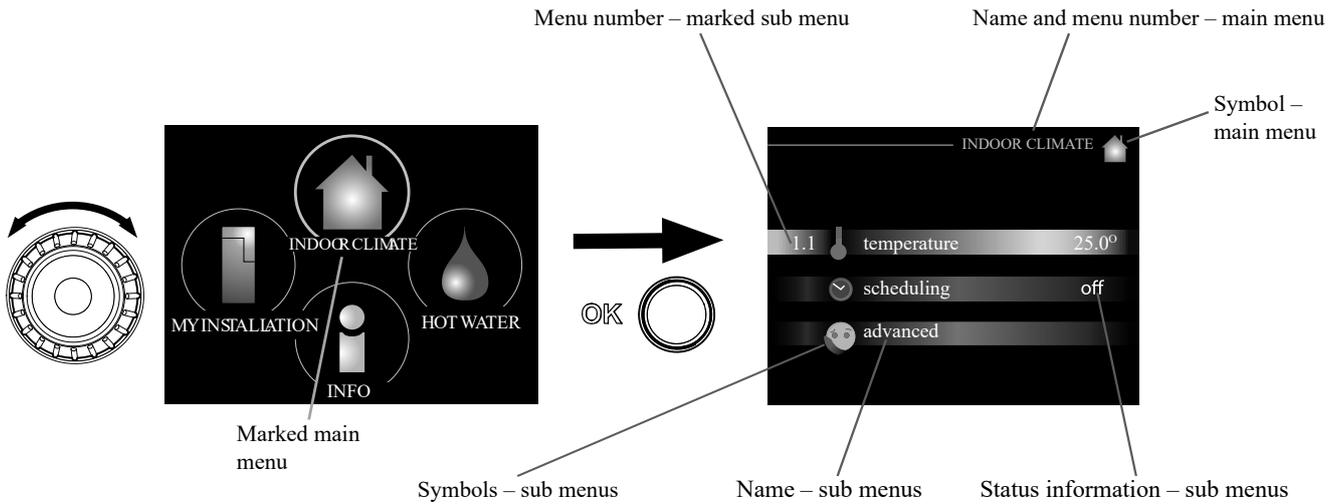
### Menu 5 - SERVICE

Advanced settings. These settings are not available to the end user. The menu is made visible by pressing the Back button for 7 seconds in the top screen. See page 68 for details.

## Symbols in the display

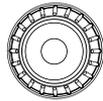
The following symbols can appear in the display during operation.

Symbol	Description
	This symbol appears when there is information to be noticed in menu 3.1.
	<p>These two symbols indicate whether the compressor in the outdoor unit or additional heat in the installation is blocked via controller.</p> <p>These functions will be blocked for example, when either of the operation mode is blocked in menu 4.2, when blocking of either function is scheduled in menu 4.9.5, or when an alarm for blocking the operation occurs.</p> <p> Blocking the compressor.</p> <p> Blocking additional heat.</p>
	This symbol appears if periodic increase or lux mode for the hot water is activated.
	This symbol indicates if "holiday setting" is active in menu 4.7.
	This symbol indicates if the controller has contact with myUpway.
	This symbol indicates if cooling is active.



### Operation

To move the cursor, turn the control knob to the left or the right. The marked position is brighter and/or has a light frame.

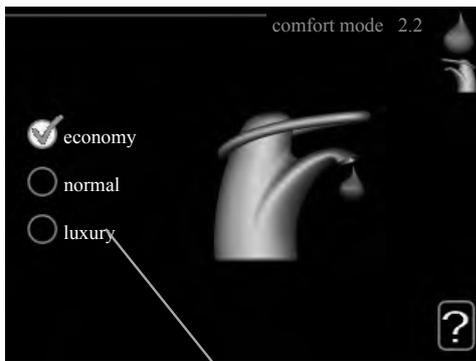


### Selecting menu

To advance in the menu system select a main menu by marking it and then pressing the OK button. A new window opens with sub menus.

Select one of the sub menus by marking it and then pressing the OK button.

### Selecting options



Alternative

In an options menu the current selected option is indicated by a green tick.

To select another option:

1. Mark the applicable option. One of the options is pre-selected (white).
2. Press the OK button to confirm the selected option. The selected option has a green tick.

### Setting a value

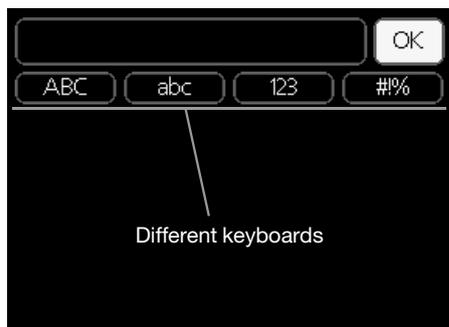


Values to be changed

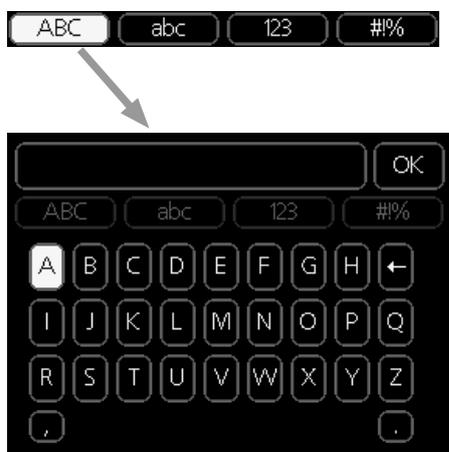
To set a value:

1. Mark the value you want to set using the control knob. 01
2. Press the OK button. The background of the value becomes green, which means that you have accessed the setting mode. 01
3. Turn the control knob to the right to increase the value and to the left to reduce the value. 04
4. Press the OK button to confirm the value you have set. To change and return to the original value, press the Back button. 04

## Use the virtual keyboard



In some menus where text may require entering, a virtual keyboard is available.

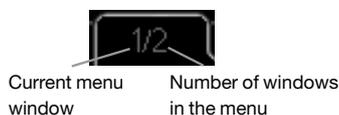


Depending on the menu, you can gain access to different character sets which you can select using the control knob. To change character table, press the Back button. If a menu only has one character set, the keyboard is displayed directly.

When you have finished writing, mark "OK" and press the OK button.

## Scroll through the windows

A menu can consist of several windows. Turn the control knob to scroll between the windows.



## Scroll through the windows in the start guide



1. Turn the control knob until one of the arrows in the top left corner (at the page number) has been marked.
2. Press the OK button to skip between the steps in the start guide.

## Help menu

 In many menus there is a symbol that indicates that extra help is available.

To access the help text:

1. Use the control knob to select the help symbol.
2. Press the OK button.

The help text often consists of several windows that you can scroll between using the control knob.

## Menu list

\*\* Accessories are needed. \*\* Heat pump with cooling function required. 40"

MENU			RC-HY20	RC-HY40	
<b>1 INDOOR CLIMATE</b>					
1.1 - temperature	1.1.1 heating		✓	✓	
	1.1.2 cooling **		✓	✓	
1.3 - scheduling	1.3.1 heating		✓	✓	
	1.3.2 cooling **		✓	✓	
1.9 - advanced	1.9.1 curve	1.9.1.1 heating curve	✓	✓	
		1.9.1.2 cooling curve **	✓	✓	
	1.9.2 external adjustment		✓	✓	
	1.9.3 min. flow line temp.	1.9.3.1 heating	✓	✓	
		1.9.3.2 cooling **	✓	✓	
	1.9.4 room sensor settings		✓	✓	
	1.9.5 cooling settings *		✓	✓	
	1.9.7 own curve	1.9.7.1 heating	✓	✓	
		1.9.7.2 cooling **	✓	✓	
1.9.8 point offset		✓	✓		
<b>2 HOTWATER</b>					
2.1 temporary lux			✓	✓	
2.2 comfort mode			✓	✓	
2.3 scheduling			✓	✓	
2.9 advanced	2.9.1 periodic increase		✓	✓	
	2.9.2 hot water recirc. *		✓	✓	
<b>3 INFO</b>					
3.1 service info			✓	✓	
3.2 compressor info			✓	✓	
3.3 add. heat info			✓	✓	
3.4 alarm log			✓	✓	
3.5 indoor temp. log			✓	✓	
<b>4. MY SYSTEM</b>					
4.1 plus functions	4.1.3 internet	4.1.3.1 myUpway™	✓	✓	
		4.1.3.8 tcp/ip settings	✓	✓	
		4.1.3.9 proxy settings	✓	✓	
	4.1.5 SG Ready		✓	✓	
	4.1.6 smart price adaption™		✓	✓	
	4.1.8 smart energy source™	4.1.8.1 settings		—	✓
		4.1.8.2 set. Price		—	✓
		4.1.8.3 CO2 impact		—	✓
		4.1.8.4 tariff periods, electricity		—	✓
		4.1.8.6 tariff per, ext. shunt add		—	✓
4.1.8.7 tariff per, ext. step add		—	✓		
4.2 op. mode			✓	✓	
4.3 my icons			✓	✓	
4.4 time & date			✓	✓	

\*\* Accessories are needed. \*\* Heat pump with cooling function required. 40"

MENU		RC-HY20	RC-HY40	
4.6 language		✓	✓	
4.7 holiday setting		✓	✓	
4.9 advanced	4.9.1 op. prioritisation	✓	✓	
	4.9.2 auto mode setting	✓	✓	
	4.9.3 degree minute setting	✓	✓	
	4.9.4 factory setting user	✓	✓	
	4.9.5 schedule blocking	✓	✓	
	4.9.6 schedule silent mode	✓	✓	
<b>5 SERVICE</b>				
5.1 operating settings	5.1.1 hot water settings *		✓	✓
	5.1.2 max flow line temperature		✓	✓
	5.1.3 max diff flow line temp.		✓	✓
	5.1.4 alarm actions		✓	✓
	5.1.12 addition		✓	✓
	5.1.14 flow set. climate system		✓	✓
	5.1.22 heat pump testing		✓	✓
	5.1.23 compressor curve		✓	✓
5.2 system settings	5.2.2 installed slaves		✓	✓
	5.2.3 docking		✓	✓
	5.2.4 accessories		✓	✓
5.3 accessory settings	5.3.2 shunt controlled add. heat *		—	✓
	5.3.3 extra climate system *		—	✓
	5.3.6 step controlled add. Heat		—	✓
	5.3.8 hot water comfort *		—	✓
	5.3.20 flow sensor*		—	✓
5.4 soft in/outputs		✓	✓	
5.5 factory setting service		✓	✓	
5.6 forced control		✓	✓	
5.7 start guide		✓	✓	
5.8 quick start		✓	✓	
5.9 floor drying function		✓	✓	
5.10 change log		✓	✓	
5.11 slave settings	5.11.1 EB101	5.11.1.1 heat pump	✓	✓
		5.11.1.2 charge pump (GP12)	✓	✓
	5.11.2 EB102		—	✓
	5.11.3 EB103		—	✓
	5.11.4 EB104		—	✓
	5.11.5 EB105		—	✓
	5.11.6 EB106		—	✓
	5.11.7 EB107		—	✓
	5.11.8 EB108		—	✓
5.12 country		✓	✓	

### Sub-menus

Menu SERVICE has orange text and is intended for the advanced user. This menu has several sub-menus.

Status information for the relevant menu can be found on the display to the right of the menus.

**operating settings:** Operating settings for the control module.

**system settings:** System settings for the control module, activating accessories etc.

**soft in/outputs:** Setting software controlled in and outputs on the input card (AA3) and terminal block (X2).

**factory setting service:** Total reset of all settings (including settings available to the user) to default values.

**forced control:** Forced control of the different components in the indoor module.

**start guide:** Manual start of the start guide which is run the first time when the control module is started.

**quick start:** Quick starting the compressor.

### NOTE

*Incorrect settings in the service menus can damage the installation.*

### Menu 5.1 - operating settings

Operating settings can be made for the control module in the sub menus.

#### Menu 5.1.1 - hot water settings

##### **economy**

Setting range start temp. economy: 5 – 55 °C

Factory setting start temp. economy: 42 °C

Setting range stop temp. economy: 5 – 60 °C

Factory setting stop temp. economy: 48 °C

##### **normal**

Setting range start temp. normal: 5 – 60 °C

Factory setting start temp. normal: 46 °C

Setting range stop temp. normal: 5 – 65 °C

Factory setting stop temp. normal: 50 °C

##### **luxury**

Setting range start temp. lux: 5 – 70 °C

Factory setting start temp. lux: 49 °C

Setting range stop temp. lux: 5 – 70 °C

Factory setting stop temp. lux: 53 °C

##### **stop temp. per. increase**

Setting range: 55 – 70 °C

Factory setting: 55 °C

##### **charge method**

Setting range: target temp, delta temp

Default value: delta temp

Here you set the start and stop temperature of the hot water for the different comfort options in menu 2.2 as well as the stop temperature for periodic increase in menu 2.9.1.

The charge method for hot water mode is selected here. "delta temp" is recommended for heaters with charge coil, "target temp" for heaters with domestic coil.

#### Menu 5.1.2 - max flow line temperature

##### **climate system**

Setting range: 5 – 70 °C

Default value: 60 °C

Set the maximum supply temperature for the climate system here. If the installation has more than one climate system, individual maximum supply temperatures can be set for each system. Climate systems 2 – 8 cannot be set to a higher max supply temperature than climate system 1.

### CAUTION

*Underfloor heating systems are normally max flow line temperature set between 35 and 45°C.*

*Be careful not to cause low temperature burn if it is set at 35°C or higher.*

*Check the max floor temperature with your floor supplier.*

**Menu 5.1.3 - max diff flow line temp.****max diff compressor**

Setting range: 1 – 25 °C

Default value: 10 °C

**max diff addition**

Setting range: 1 – 24 °C

Default value: 7 °C

Here you set the maximum permitted difference between the calculated and actual supply temperature during compressor mode and add. heat mode. Max diff. additional heat can never exceed max diff. compressor

**max diff compressor**

When the current supply temperature **deviates** from the set value compared to that calculated, the heat pump is forced to stop irrespective of the degreeminute value.

If the current supply temperature exceeds the calculated flow temperature plus the set value, the degree minute value is set to 0. The compressor in the heat pump stops when there is only a heating demand.

**max diff addition**

If "addition" is selected and activated in menu 4.2 and the present supply temp **exceeds** the calculated temperature plus the set value, the additional heat is forced to stop.

**Menu 5.1.4 - alarm actions**

Select how to control the heat pump in the event of an alarm. You can choose to stop producing hot water and/or reduce the room temperature.

**CAUTION**

*If no alarm action is selected, it can result in higher energy consumption in the event of an alarm.*

**Menu 5.1.12 - addition**

add type: step controlled

**max step**

Setting range (binary stepping deactivated): 0 – 3

Setting range (binary stepping activated): 0 – 7

Default value: 3

**fuse size**

Setting range: 1 – 200 A

Factory setting: 16 A

You can set the maximum number of permitted additional heat steps, if there is internal additional heat in the tank (only accessible if the additional heat is positioned after QN10), whether binary stepping is to be used and the size of the fuse.

**<Add. Type: shurt controlled (RC-HY40 only)>****prioritised additional heat**

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

**minimum running time**

Setting range: 0 – 48 h

Default value: 12 h

**min temp.**

Setting range: 5 – 90 °C

Default value: 55 °C

**mixing valve amplifier**

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

**mixing valve step delay**

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

**fuse size**

Setting range: 1 – 200 A

Factory setting: 16 A

**transformation ratio**

Setting range: 300 – 3000

Factory setting: 300

Select this option if shunt controlled additional heat is connected.

Set when the addition is to start, the minimum run time and the minimum temperature for external addition with shunt here. External addition with shunt is for example a wood/oil/gas/pellet boiler.

You can set shunt valve amplification and shunt valve waiting time.

Selecting "prioritised additional heat" uses the heat from the external additional heat instead of the heat pump.

The shunt valve is regulated as long as heat is available, otherwise the shunt valve is closed.

**TIP**

*See the accessory installation instructions for function description.*

**Menu 5.1.14 - flow set. climate system****presettings**

Setting range: radiator, floor heat., rad. + floor heat.

Default value: radiator

Setting range DOT: -40.0 – 20.0 °C

The factory setting of DOT value depends on the country that has been given for the product's location.

The example below refers to Sweden.

Factory setting DOT: -20.0 °C

**own setting**

Setting range dT at DOT: 0.0 – 25.0

Factory setting dT at DOT: 10.0  
 Setting range DOT: -40.0 – 20.0 °C  
 Factory setting DOT: -20.0 °C

Select the type of heating distribution system.

dT at DOT is the difference in degrees between flow and return temperatures at dimensioned outdoor temperature.

**Menu 5.1.22 - heat pump testing**

**NOTE**

*This menu is intended for testing heat pump according to different standards.  
 Use of this menu for other reasons may result in your installation not functioning as intended.*

This menu contains several sub-menus, one for each standard.

**Menu 5.1.23 - compressor curve**

Set whether the compressor in the heat pump should work to a particular curve under specific requirements or if it should work to predefined curves.

You can set a curve for each operation mode (heat, hot water, coolingetc.) by unticking "auto", turning the control knob until a temperature is marked and pressing OK. You can set at what temperature max- min frequencies will occur.

This menu consists of several windows (one for each operation mode). Use the navigation arrow in the top left corner to change between the windows.

**Menu 5.2 - system settings**

Make different system settings for your installation here, e.g. activate the connected heat pump and which accessories are installed.

**Menu 5.2.2 - installed heat pump**

If a heat pump is connected to the master installation, set it here.

For RC-HY40, you can set slave unit to be connected.

There are two ways of activating connected slaves. You can either mark the alternative in the list or use the automatic function "search installed slaves".

**search installed slaves**

Mark "search installed slaves" and press the OK button to automatically find connected slaves for the master heat pump.

**Menu 5.2.3 – docking (RC-HY 40 only)**

Enter how your system is docked regarding pipes, for example to hot water heating and heating the building.

This menu has a docking memory which means that the control system remembers how a particular reversing valve is docked and automatically enters the correct docking the next time you use the same reversing valve.

Slave (heat pump)                      Workspace for docking



Compressor                      Marking frame

**Slave:** Here you select for which heat pump the docking setting is to be made.

**Compressor:** Select if the compressor in the heat pump is blocked (factory setting), or standard (docked for example to pool heating, hot water charging and heating the building).

**Marking frame:** Move around the marking frame using the control knob. Use the OK button to select what you want to change and to confirm setting in the options box that appears to the right.

**Workspace for docking:** The system docking is drawn here.

Symbol	Description
	Compressor (blocked)
	Compressor (standard)
	Reversing valves for hot water, cooling. The designations above the reversing valve indicate where it is electrically connected (EB101 = Slave 1, etc.).
	Hot water charging
	Heating (heating the building, includes any extra climate system)
	Cooling

### Menu 5.2.4 - accessories

Set which accessories are installed on the installation here.

If the water heater is connected, hot water charging must be activated here.

### Menu 5.3 - accessory settings

The operating settings for accessories that are installed and activated are made in the sub-menus for this.

#### Menu 5.3.2 - shunt controlled add. Heat

##### ***prioritised additional heat***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

##### ***start diff additional heat***

Setting range: 0 – 2000 GM

Default values: 400 GM

##### ***minimum running time***

Setting range: 0 – 48 h

Default value: 12 h

##### ***min temp.***

Setting range: 5 – 90 °C

Default value: 55 °C

##### ***mixing valve amplifier***

Setting range: 0.1 –10.0

Default value: 1.0

##### ***mixing valve step delay***

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Set when the addition is to start, the minimum run time and the minimum temperature for external addition with shunt here. External addition with shunt is for example a wood/oil/gas/pellet boiler.

You can set shunt valve amplification and shunt valve waiting time.

Selecting "prioritised additional heat" uses the heat from the external additional heat instead of the heat pump.

The shunt valve is regulated as long as heat is available, otherwise the shunt valve is closed.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

#### Menu 5.3.3 - extra climate system

##### ***use in heating mode***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: on

##### ***use in cooling mode***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

##### ***mixing valve amplifier***

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

##### ***mixing valve step delay***

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Here you select which climate system (2 - 8) you wish to set. In the next menu you can make settings for the climate system

that you have selected. If this function is activated, you can set "cooling flow temp. at +20°C" and "cooling flow temp. at +40°C" for each climate system where the function is activated.

## CAUTION

*This setting option only appears if "cooling permitted" is activated in menu 5.11.1.1.*

The shunt amplification and shunt waiting time for the different extra climate systems that are installed are also set here.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.6 - step controlled add. heat

#### start addition

Setting range: 0 – 2000 GM

Default values: 400 GM

#### diff. between additional steps

Setting range: 0 – 1000 GM

Default values: 30 GM

#### max step

Setting range

(binary stepping deactivated): 0 – 3

Setting range

(binary stepping activated): 0 – 7

Default value: 3

#### binary stepping

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

Make settings for step controlled addition here. Step controlled addition is for example an external electric boiler.

It is possible, for example, to select when the additional heat is to start, to set the maximum number of permitted steps and whether binary stepping is to be used.

When binary stepping is deactivated (off), the settings refer to linear stepping.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.8 - hot water comfort

#### activating imm heater

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### activ. imm heat in heat mode

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### activating the mixing valve

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### outgoing hot water

Setting range: 40 – 65 °C

Default value: 55 °C

#### mixing valve amplifier

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

#### mixing valve step delay

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Make settings for the hot water comfort here.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

**activating imm heater:** The immersion heater is activated here if installed in the water heater.

**activ. imm heat in heat mode:** Activate here whether the immersion heater in the tank (required if the alternative above is activated) will be permitted to charge hot water, if the compressors in the heat pump prioritise heating.

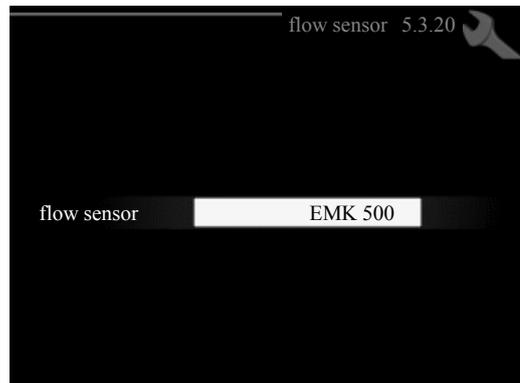
**activating the mixing valve:** Activate here whether a mixer valve for limiting the temperature of hot water from the water heater is installed.

If this alternative has been activated, you can set the outgoing hot water temperature, shunt amplification and shunt waiting time for the mixer valve.

**outgoing hot water:** Set the temperature at which the mixing valve is to restrict hot water from the water heater.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.20 - flow sensor



#### flow sensor

Setting option: EMK 500, EMK 310 / 300, EMK 150

Factory setting: EMK 500

Here you select which flow sensor is used for the energy measurement.

### Menu 5.4 – soft in/outputs

You can set the function of in/output for each terminal (AUX1-6 and output).

Position of the terminal depends on the type of controller.

RC-HY20: port 11-18 on X2 terminal (AUX1-6), X4 terminal on AA2 board (output)

RC-HY40: port 9-14 on terminal X6 and port 1-4 on X2 terminal on AA3 board (AUX1-6), X7 terminal on AA3 board (output)

### Menu 5.5 - factory setting service

All settings can be reset (including settings available to the user) to default values here.

#### NOTE

*When resetting, the start guide is displayed the next time the control module is restarted.*

### Menu 5.6 - forced control

You can force control the different components in the control module and any connected accessories here.

### Menu 5.7 - start guide

When the control module is started for the first time the start guide starts automatically. Start it manually here.

See page 25 for more information about the start guide.

### Menu 5.8 - quick start

It is possible to start the compressor from here.

#### CAUTION

*There must be a heating or hot water demand to start the compressor.*

#### CAUTION

*Do not quick start the compressor too many times over a short period of time as this may damage the compressor and its surrounding equipment.*

### Menu 5.9 - floor drying function

#### length of period 1 – 7

Setting range: 0 – 30 days

Factory setting, period 1 – 3, 5 – 7: 2 days

Factory setting, period 4: 3 days

#### temp. period 1 – 7

Setting range: 15 – 70 °C

Default value:

temp. period 1	20 °C
temp. period 2	30 °C
temp. period 3	40 °C
temp. period 4	45 °C
temp. period 5	40 °C
temp. period 6	30 °C
temp. period 7	20 °C

Set the function for under floor drying here.

You can set up to seven period times with different calculated flow temperatures. If less than seven periods

are to be used, set the remaining period times to 0 days.

Mark the active window to activate the underfloor drying function. A counter at the bottom shows the number of days the function has been active.

#### TIP

*If operating mode "add. heat only" is to be used, select it in menu 4.2.*

### Menu 5.10 - change log

Read off any previous changes to the control system here.

The date, time and ID no. (unique to certain settings) and the new set value is shown for every change.

#### NOTE

*The change log is saved at restart and remains unchanged after factory setting.*

### Menu 5.11 - heat pump settings

Settings for installed heat pump can be made in the submenus.

#### Menu 5.11.1 - EB101 - EB108

Make settings specifically for the installed heat pump and charge pump here.

For RC-HY40, it is possible to connect up to 8 heat pumps.

##### Menu 5.11.1.1 - heat pump

Make settings for the installed heat pump here. To see what settings you can make, see installation manual for the heat pump.

##### Menu 5.11.1.2 - charge pump (GP12)

###### **op. mode**

Heating/cooling

Setting range: auto / intermittent

Default value: auto

Set the operating mode for the charge pump here.

**auto:** The charge pump runs according to the current operating mode for SMO 20.

**intermittent:** The charge pump starts and stops 20 seconds before and after the compressor in the heat pump.

###### **speed during operation heating, hot water, cooling**

Setting range: auto / manual

Default value: auto

###### **Manual setting**

Setting range: 1 – 100 %

Default values: 70 %

###### **speed in wait mode**

Setting range: 1 – 100 %

Default values: 30 %

###### **max. allowed speed**

Setting range: 80 – 100 %

Default values: 100 %

Set the speed at which the charge pump is to operate in the present operating mode. Select "auto" if the speed of the charge pump is to be regulated automatically (factory setting) for optimal operation.

If "auto" is activated for heating operation, you can also make the setting "max. allowed speed" which restricts the charge pump and does not allow it to run at a higher speed than the set value.

For manual operation of the charge pump deactivate "auto" for the current operating mode and set the value to between 1 and 100 % (the previously set value for "max. allowed speed" no longer applies).

Speed in standby mode (only used if "auto" has been selected for "Operating mode") means the charge pump operates at the set speed during the time when there is neither a need for compressor operation nor additional heat.

### 5.12 - country

Select here where the product was installed. This allows access to country specific settings in your product.

Language settings can be made regardless of this selection.

#### **NOTE**

*This option locks after 24 hours, restart of display or program updating.*

## Service

### Service actions

#### NOTE

*Servicing should only be carried out by persons with the necessary expertise.  
When replacing components on the system, only genuine replacement parts may be used.*

#### NOTE

*If an electrical connection has been disconnected and is connected, ground must be checked using a suitable multimeter.*

### Maintenance

#### General inspection

Check the following:

1. Condition of casing.
2. Electrical connections.
3. Alarm log.

Correct any fault before continuing.

#### Climate system

Check the following:

1. Climate system start and stop temperature.
2. Heating curve settings.
3. Function of the room sensor (if installed).
4. System pressure.
5. Flow and return temperature. The difference must be 5-10 °C.

Correct any fault before continuing.

### Emergency mode

#### NOTE

*Switch (SF1) must not be put into mode "1" or  $\Delta$  before the installation is filled with water.  
The compressor in the heat pump can be damaged.*

Emergency mode is used in event of operational interference and in conjunction with service. Hot water is not produced in emergency mode.

Emergency mode is activated by setting switch (SF1) in mode " $\Delta$ ". This means that:

- The status lamp illuminates yellow.
- The display is not lit and the control computer is not connected.
- Hot water is not produced.
- The compressors are switched off. Charge pump (EB101-GP12) is running.
- The heating medium pump is active.
- The emergency mode relay (K1) is active.

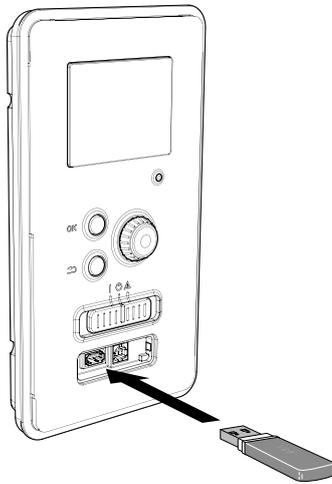
External additional heat is active if it is connected to the emergency mode relay (K1, terminal block X1).

Ensure that the heating medium circulates through the external additional heat.

#### Temperature sensor data

Temperature (°C)	Resistance (kOhm)	Voltage (VDC)
-40	351.0	3.256
-35	251.6	3.240
-30	182.5	3.218
-25	133.8	3.189
-20	99.22	3.150
-15	74.32	3.105
-10	56.20	3.047
-5	42.89	2.976
0	33.02	2.889
5	25.61	2.789
10	20.02	2.673
15	15.77	2.541
20	12.51	2.399
25	10.00	2.245
30	8.045	2.083
35	6.514	1.916
40	5.306	1.752
45	4.348	1.587
50	3.583	1.426
55	2.968	1.278
60	2.467	1.136
65	2.068	1.007
70	1.739	0.891
75	1.469	0.785
80	1.246	0.691
85	1.061	0.607
90	0.908	0.533
95	0.779	0.469
100	0.672	0.414

## USB service outlet



RC-HY20/40 is equipped with a USB socket in the display unit. This USB socket can be used to connect a USB memory to update the software, save logged information and handle the settings in RC-HY20/40.



When a USB memory is connected a new menu (menu 7) appears in the display.

## Menu 7.1 - update firmware



This allows you to update the software in RC-HY20/40.

### NOTE

*For the following functions to work the USB memory must contain files with software for RC-HY20/40.*

This information states which product the software is intended for, the software version and general information about them. If you wish to select another file than the one selected, the correct file can be selected by "choose another file".

### start updating

Select "start updating" if you want to start the update.

You are asked whether you really want to update the software. Respond "yes" to continue or "no" to undo.

If you responded "yes" to the previous question the update starts and you can now follow the progress of the update on the display. When the update is complete RC-HY20/40 restarts.

### NOTE

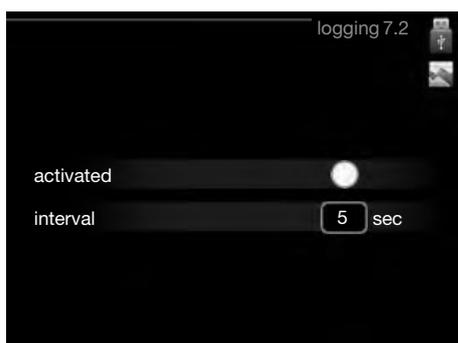
*A software update does not reset the menu settings in RC-HY20/40.*

### NOTE

*If the update is interrupted before it is complete (for example power cut etc.) the software can be reset to the previous version if the OK button is kept pressing during start up until the green lamp starts to illuminate (takes about 10 seconds).*

**choose another file**

Select "choose another file" if you do not want to use the suggested software. When you scroll through the files, information about the marked software is shown in a fact box just as before. When you have selected a file with the OK button you will return to the previous page (menu 7.1) where you can choose to start the update.

**Menu 7.2 - logging**

Setting range: 1 s – 60 min

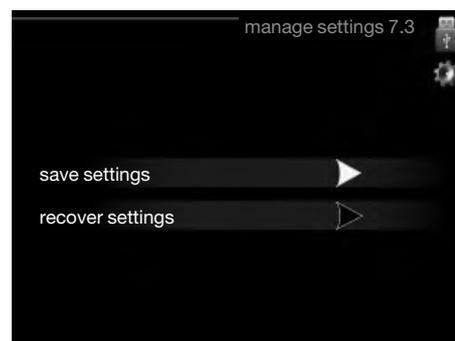
Factory setting range: 5 s

You can set the interval of the log data storage and start saving the log data on the USB memory.

1. Set the desired interval between loggings.
2. Tick "activated".
3. The present values from RC-HY20/40 are saved in a file in the USB memory at the set interval until "activated" is unticked.

**NOTE**

*Untick "activated" before removing the USB memory.  
Menu 7.3 - manage settings*

**Menu 7.3 - manage settings**

Here you can manage (save as or retrieve from) all the menu settings (user and service menus) in RC-HY20/40 with a USB memory.

Via "save settings" you save the menu settings to the USB memory in order to restore them later or to copy the settings to another RC-HY20/40.

**NOTE**

*When you save the menu settings to the USB memory you replace any previously saved settings on the USB memory.*

Via "recover settings" you reset all menu settings from the USB memory.

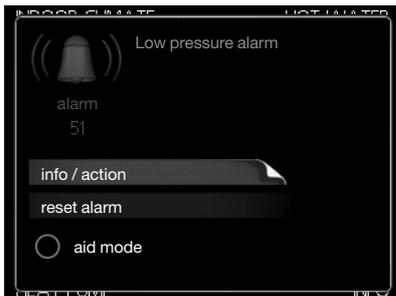
**NOTE**

*Reset of the menu settings from the USB memory cannot be undone.*

## Disturbance in comfort

In most cases, the control module notes a malfunction and indicates this with alarms and shows instructions to rectify it in the display. See "Manage alarm" for information about managing alarms. If the malfunction does not appear in the display, or if the display is not lit, the following troubleshooting guide can be used.

### Manage alarm



In the event of an alarm, some kind of malfunction has occurred, which is indicated by the status lamp changing from green continuously to red continuously. In addition, an alarm bell appears in the information window.

#### Alarm

In the event of an alarm with a red status lamp a malfunction has occurred that the heat pump and/or control module cannot remedy itself. In the display, by turning the control knob and pressing the OK button, you can see the type of alarm it is and reset it. You can also choose to set the installation to aid mode.

**info / action** Here you can read what the alarm means and receive tips on what you can do to correct the problem that caused the alarm.

**reset alarm** In most cases it is enough to select "reset alarm" to correct the problem that caused the alarm. If a green light illuminates after selecting "reset alarm" the alarm has been remedied. If a red light is still visible and a menu called "alarm" is visible in the display, the problem that caused the alarm remains. If the alarm disappears and then returns, see the troubleshooting section (page 78 and 79).

**aid mode** "aid mode" is a type of emergency mode. This means that the installation produces heat and/or hot water despite there being some kind of problem. This can mean that the heat pump's compressor is not running. In this case any electrical addition produces heat and/or hot water.

#### NOTE

To select aid mode an alarm action must be selected in the menu 5.1.4.

#### CAUTION

Selecting "aid mode" is not the same as correcting the problem that caused the alarm. The status lamp will therefore continue to be red.

## Troubleshooting

If the operational interference is not shown in the display the following tips can be used:

### Basic actions

Start by checking the following possible fault sources:

- The switch's (SF1) position.
- Group and main fuses of the accommodation.
- The property's earth circuit breaker.
- The control module's miniature circuit breaker (FA1).

### Low hot water temperature or a lack of hot water

This part of the fault-tracing chapter only applies if the water heater is installed in the system.

- Closed or choked filling valve for the hot water heater.
  - Open the valve.
- Mixing valve (if there is one installed) set too low.
  - Adjust the mixer valve.
- Control module in incorrect operating mode.
  - If mode "manual" is selected, select "addition".
- Large hot water consumption.
  - Wait until the hot water has heated up. Temporarily increased hot water capacity (temporary lux) can be activated in menu 2.1.
- Too low hot water setting.
  - Enter menu 2.2 and select a higher comfort mode.
- Too low or no operating prioritisation of hot water.
  - Enter menu 4.9.1 and increase the time for when hot water is to be prioritised.

### Low room temperature

- Closed thermostats in several rooms.
  - Set the thermostats to max, in as many rooms as possible. Adjust the room temperature via menu 1.1, instead of choking the thermostats.
- Control module in incorrect operating mode.
  - Enter menu 4.2. If mode "auto" is selected, select a higher value on "stop heating" in menu 4.9.2.
  - If mode "manual" is selected, select "heating". If this is not enough, select "addition".
- Too low set value on the automatic heating control.
  - Enter menu 1.1 "temperature" and adjust the offset heating curve up. If the room temperature is only low in cold weather the curve slope in menu 1.9.1 "heating curve" needs adjusting up.
- Too low or no operating prioritisation of heat.
  - Enter menu 4.9.1 and increase the time for when heating is to be prioritised.
- "Holiday mode" activated in menu 4.7.
  - Enter menu 4.7 and select "Off".

- External switch for changing the room heating activated.
  - Check any external switches.
- Air in the climate system.
  - Vent the climate system.
- Closed valves to the climate system.
  - Open the valves.
- Incorrectly adjusted flow across the heat pump.
  - Check whether alarm high condenser in (163) or high condenser out (162) is in the alarm log. Follow the instructions for adjusting charge flow.

### High room temperature

- Too high set value on the automatic heating control.
  - Enter menu 1.1 (temperature) and reduce the offset heating curve. If the room temperature is only high in cold weather the curve slope in menu 1.9.1 "heating curve" needs adjusting down.
- External switch for changing the room heating activated.
  - Check any external switches.

### Low system pressure

- Not enough water in the climate system.
  - Top up the water in the climate system.

### The compressor does not start

- There is no heating requirement.
  - The heat pump does not call on heating nor hot water.
- Temperature conditions tripped.
  - Wait until the temperature condition has been re-set.
- Minimum time between compressor starts has not been reached.
  - Wait 30 minutes and check if the compressor has started.
- Alarm tripped.
  - Follow the display instructions.

## Additional heating only

If you are unsuccessful in rectifying the fault and are unable to heat the house, you can, whilst waiting for assistance, continue running the heat pump in "add. heat only". This means that additional heating only is used to heat the house.

### Set the installation to additional heat mode

1. Go to menu 4.2 op. mode.
2. Mark "add. heat only" using the control knob and then press OK button.

Return to the main menus by pressing the Back button.

### CAUTION

*When commissioning without MTH air/water heat pump an alarm communication error may appear in the display. The alarm is reset if the relevant heat pump is deactivated in menu 5.2.2 ("installed heat pump").*

## Alarm list

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
157	Low lp cooling	Protection against freezing in water HX during cooling operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Low/no water flow</li> </ul>
162	High condenser out temperature	Too high temperature out from the condenser. Self-resetting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Low flow during heating operation</li> <li>■ Too high set temperatures</li> </ul>
163	High condenser in temperature	Too high temperature into the condenser. Self-resetting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Temperature generated by another heat source</li> </ul>
183	Defrosting in progress	Not an alarm, but an operating status.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Set when the heat pump runs the defrosting procedure</li> </ul>
220	High pressure alarm	BP4 has been above 4,15MPa 5 times within 60 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or blocked heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Expansion valve not correctly connected</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Low or no flow during heating operation</li> <li>■ Defective circulation pump</li> <li>■ Defective fuse, F(4A)</li> </ul>
224	Fan alarm from heat pump	Deviations in the fan speed in FDCW.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The fan cannot rotate freely</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Defective fan motor</li> <li>■ Control board in FDCW dirty</li> <li>■ Fuse (F2) blown</li> </ul>
228	Failed defrosting	10 aborted defrost due to alarm: 418,419 or 343	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> <li>■ Too low return temperatur</li> </ul>
230	Hot gas alarm	Temperature deviation on the hot gas sensor (Tho-D) twice within 60 minutes or for 60 minutes continuously.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Ambient temperature sensor")</li> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Blocked</li> <li>■ If the fault persists during cooling, there may be an insufficient amount of refrigerant.</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
261	High HWX temp	Temperature deviation on the heat exchanger sensor (Tho-R1/R2) five times within 60 minutes or for 60 minutes continuously.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or blocked heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Too much refrigerant</li> </ul>
262	Inv. err.	When IPM (Intelligent power module) displays FO-signal (Fault Output) five times during a 60-minute period.	Can occur when 15V power supply to the inverter PCB is unstable.

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
263	Inv. err.	Voltage from the inverter outside the parameters four times within 30 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Incoming power supply interference</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Insufficient amount of refrigerant</li> <li>■ Compressor fault</li> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> </ul>
265	Inv. err.	Continuous deviation on power transistor for 15 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Defective fan motor</li> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> </ul>
267	Inv. err.	Failed start for compressor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Compressor fault</li> </ul>
268	Inv. err.	Overcurrent, Inverter A/F module	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sudden power failure</li> </ul>
271	Lw otd tmp	Temperature of BT28 below the value that permits operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Cold weather conditions</li> <li>■ Sensor fault</li> </ul>
272	High otd tmp	Temperature of BT28 above the value that permits operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Warm weather conditions</li> <li>■ Sensor fault</li> </ul>
277	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, heat exchanger in FDCW(Tho-R).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
278	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, outdoor temperature sensor in FDCW (Tho-A).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
279	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, hot gas in FDCW (Tho-D).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
294	Incompatible heat pump	Heat pump and indoor module do not work properly together due to technical parameters.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Outdoor module and indoor module are not compatible.</li> </ul>
343	Low temp water out	Low water out temperature during cooling or tank defrost operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> <li>■ Too low return temperatur</li> </ul>
347	Temp high press	Temporary high pressure alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ No/low water flow</li> <li>■ Air in water system</li> </ul>
403	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor incoming water in indoor unit (BT3).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>

## Disturbance in comfort

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
404	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor high pressure heating/ low pressure cooling in indoor unit (BP4).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
412	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor outgoing water in indoor unit (BT12).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
415	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor fluid pipe in indoor unit (BT15).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
418	Low temp water out	Anti-freeze protection water heat exchanger during defrost.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> </ul>
419	Freeze prot. exch. defr.	Anti-freeze protection water heat exchanger during defrost.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water return temperature</li> </ul>

## Accessories

### **EMK300M**

Part no. MCD291A013

### **EMK500M**

Part no. MCD291A014

### **Charge pump CPD 11**

Charge pump for heat pump

#### **CPD 11-25M/55**

Part no. MCD291A016

#### **CPD 11-25M/75**

Part no. MCD291A017

### **External electric additional heat ELK**

These accessories may require accessories card AXC 30 (step controlled addition).

#### **ELK 9M**

Immersion heater

9 kW 3 x 400 V

Part no. MCD291A015

### **Hot water control**

#### **VST 05M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø22

Max heat pump size 8 kW

Part no. MCD291A018

#### **VST 11M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø28

(Max recommended output, 17 kW)

Part no. MCD291A019

#### **VST 20M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø35

(Max recommended output, 40 kW)

Part no. MCD291A020

### **Reversing valve for cooling**

#### **VCC 05M**

Part no. MCD291A021

#### **VCC 11M**

Part no. MCD291A022

### **Electrical model**

#### **MEL 1030M**

Part no. MCD291A023

### **Anode**

#### **Anode for tank**

##### **Anode T300**

Part no. MCD291A024

##### **Anode T500**

Part no. MCD291A025

#### **Anode M300**

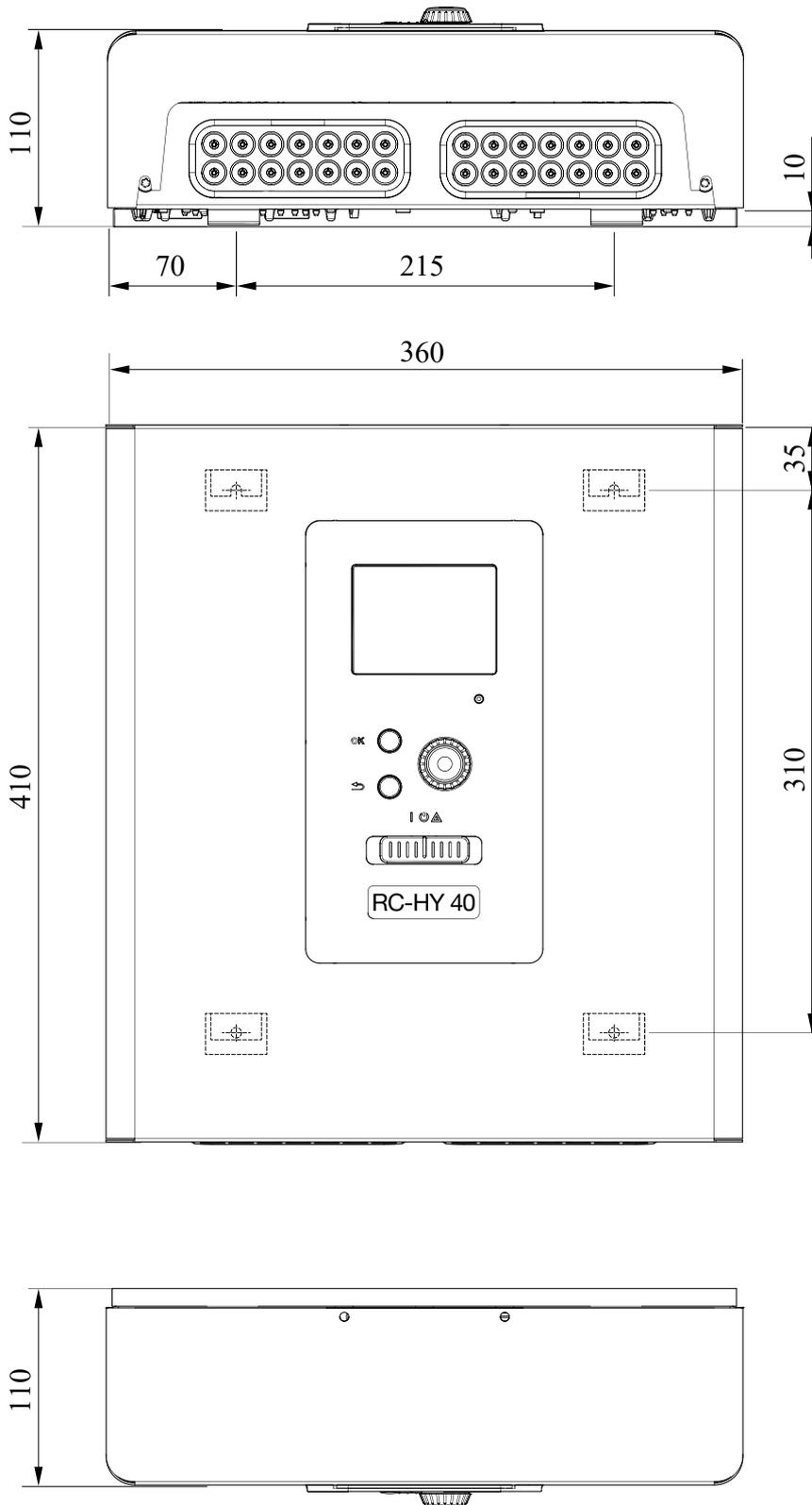
Part no. MCD291A026

#### **Anode M500**

Part no. MCD291A027

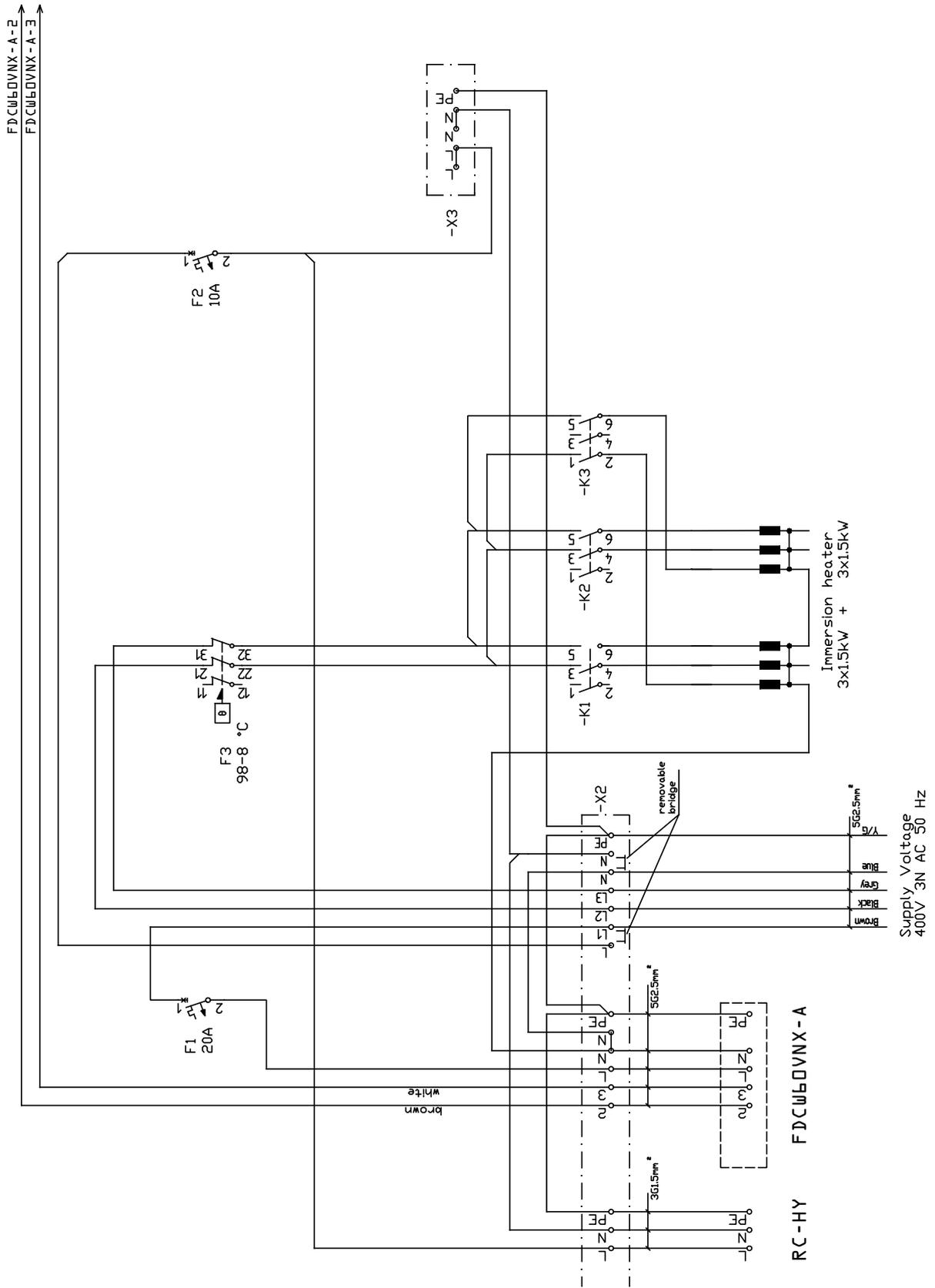
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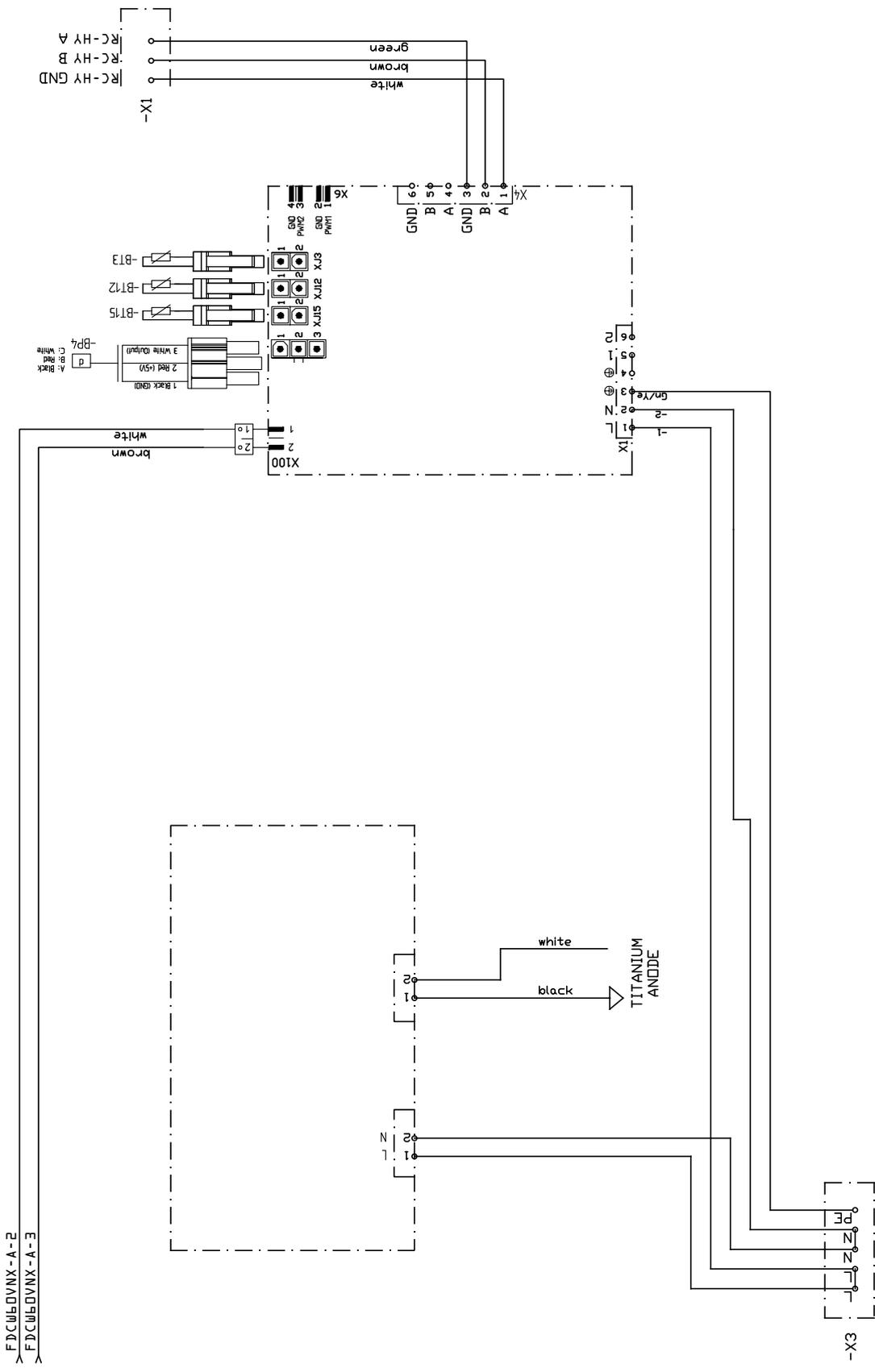
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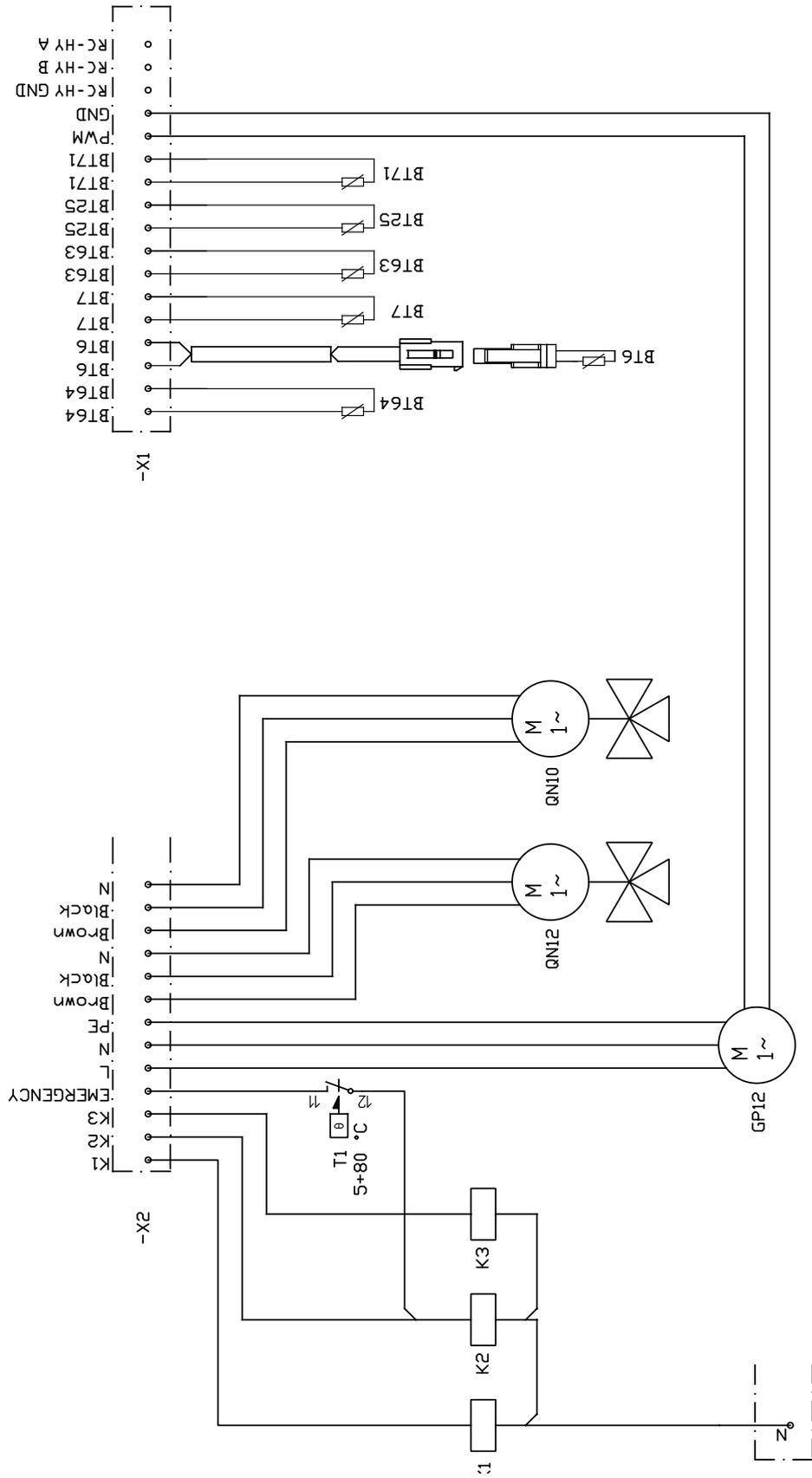


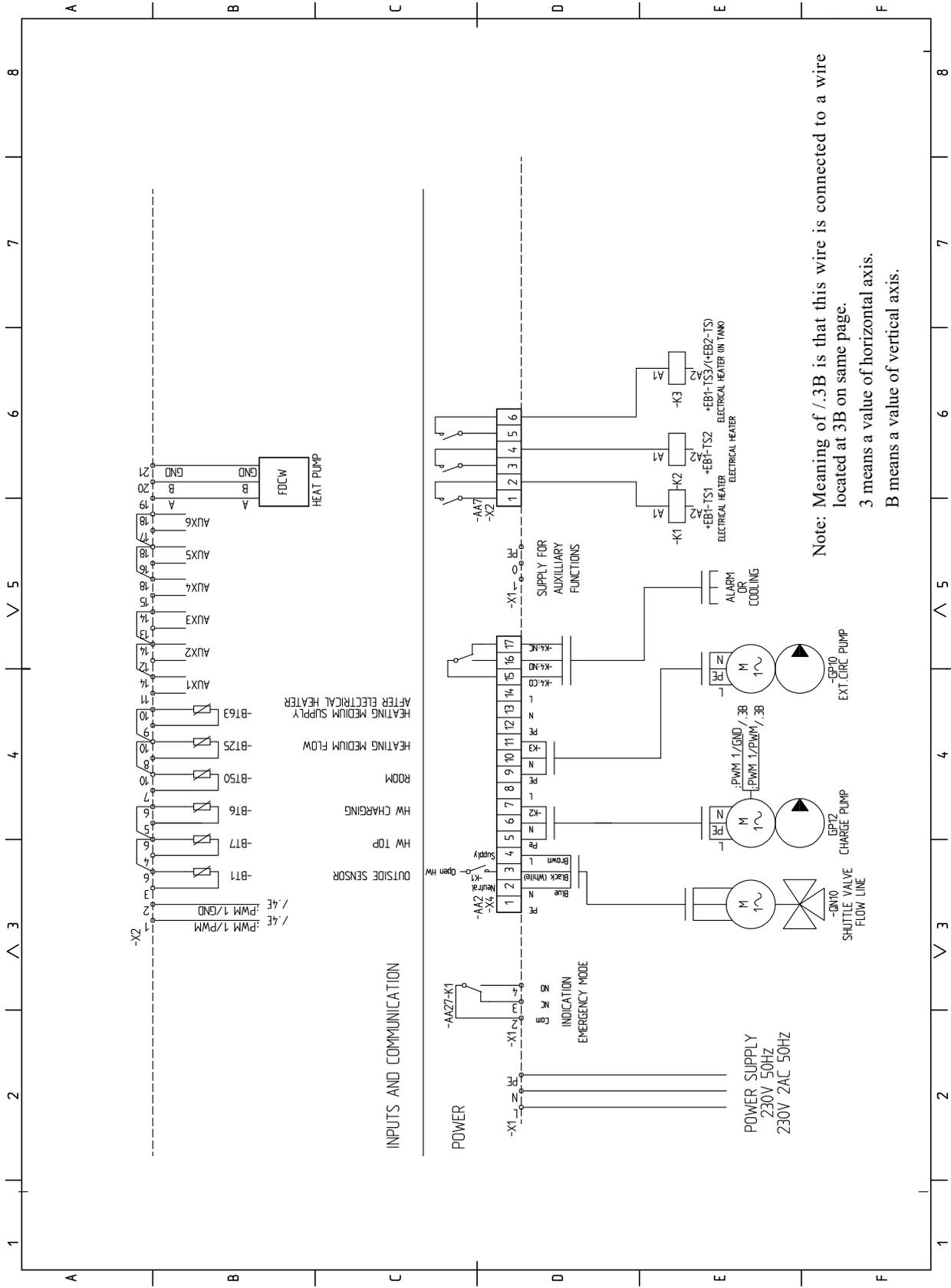


HMK60

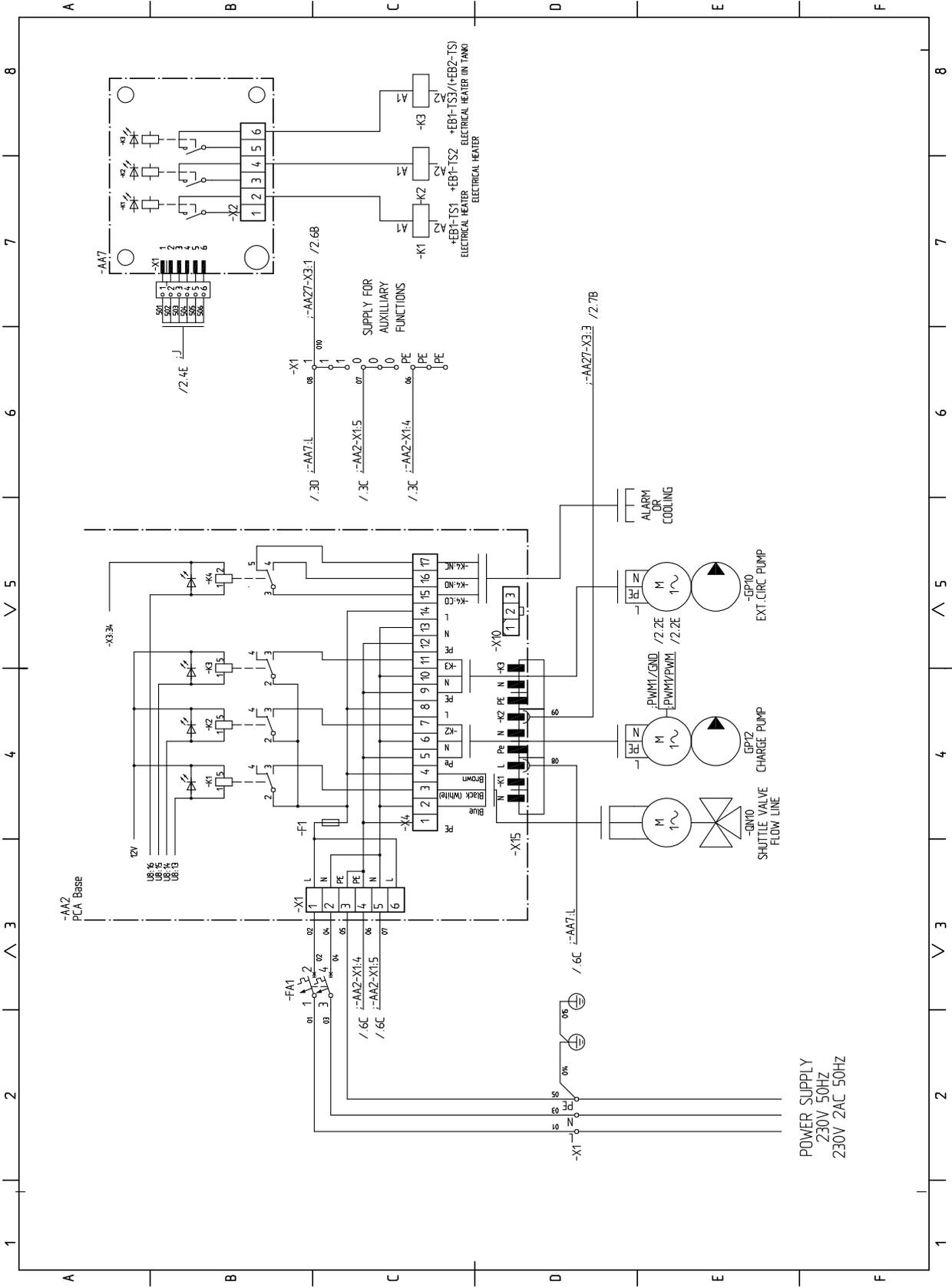


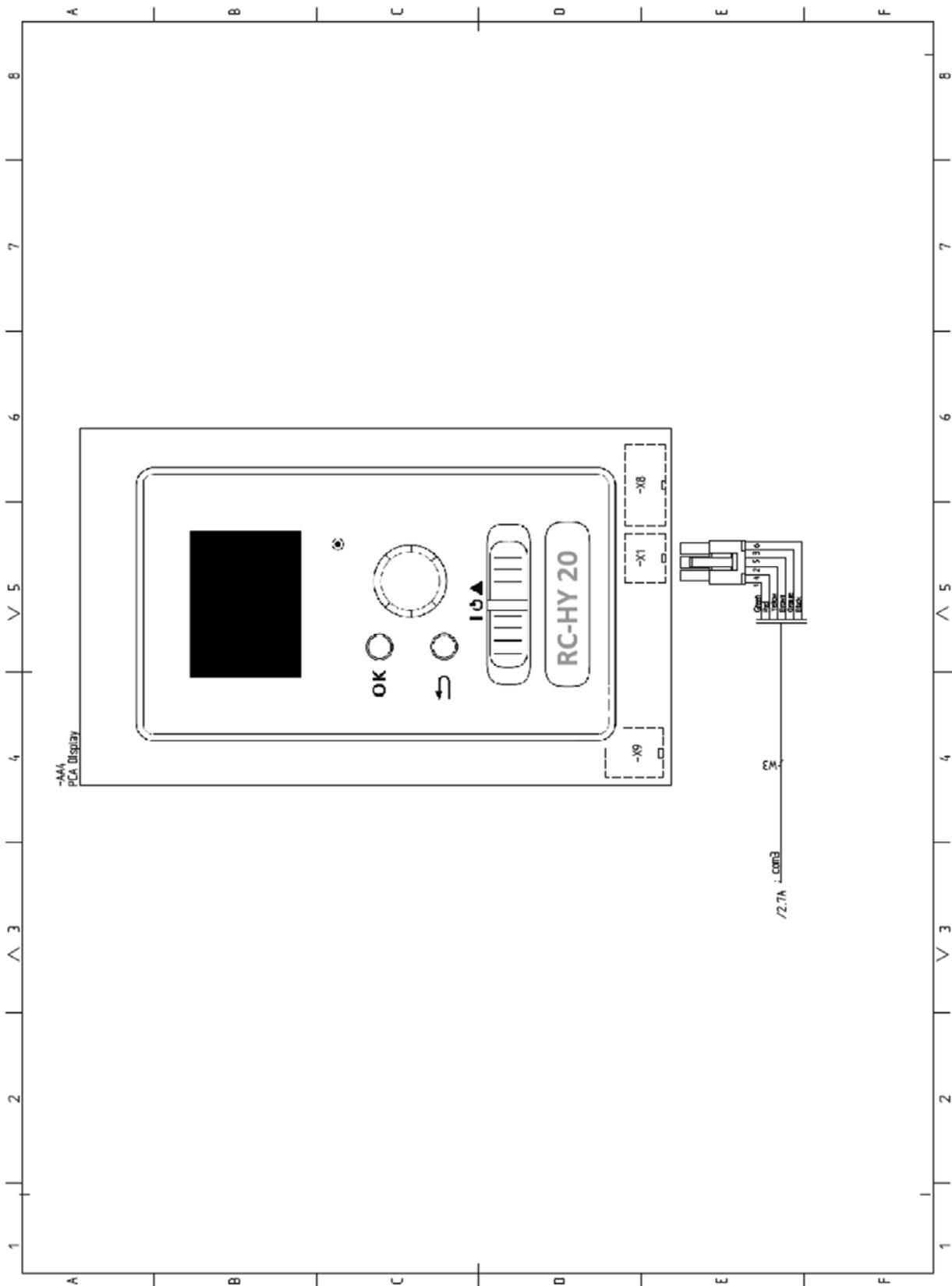


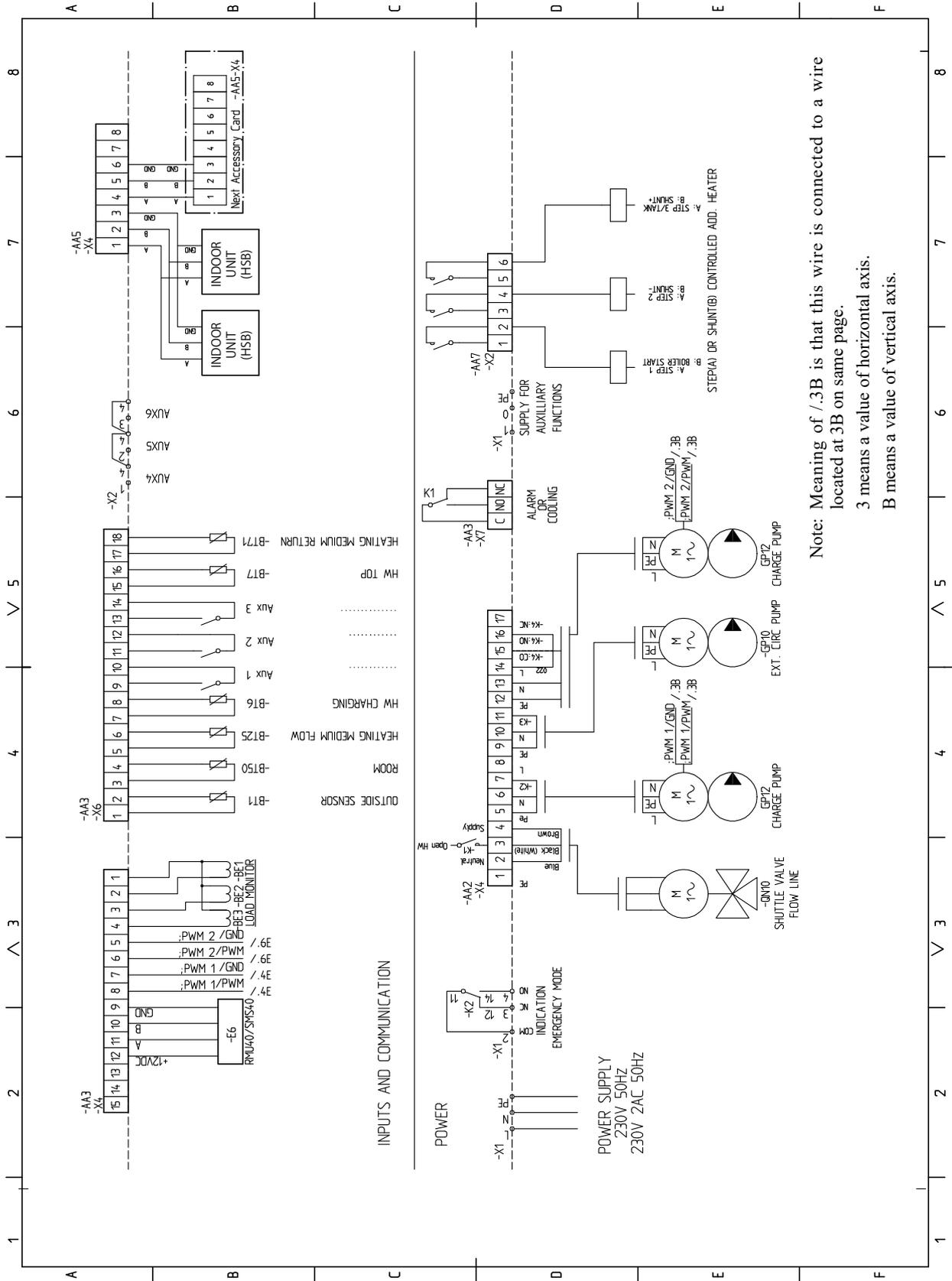




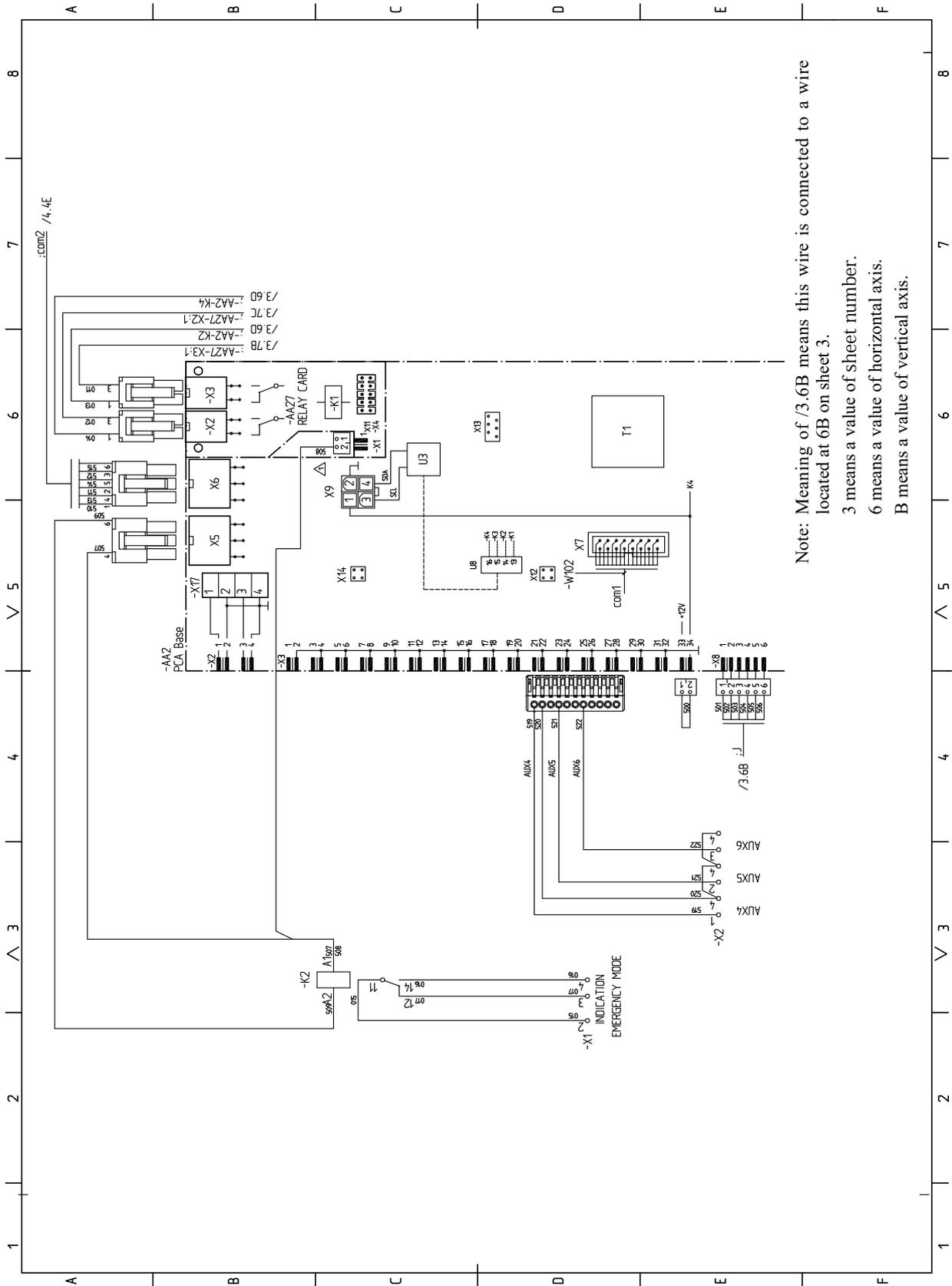


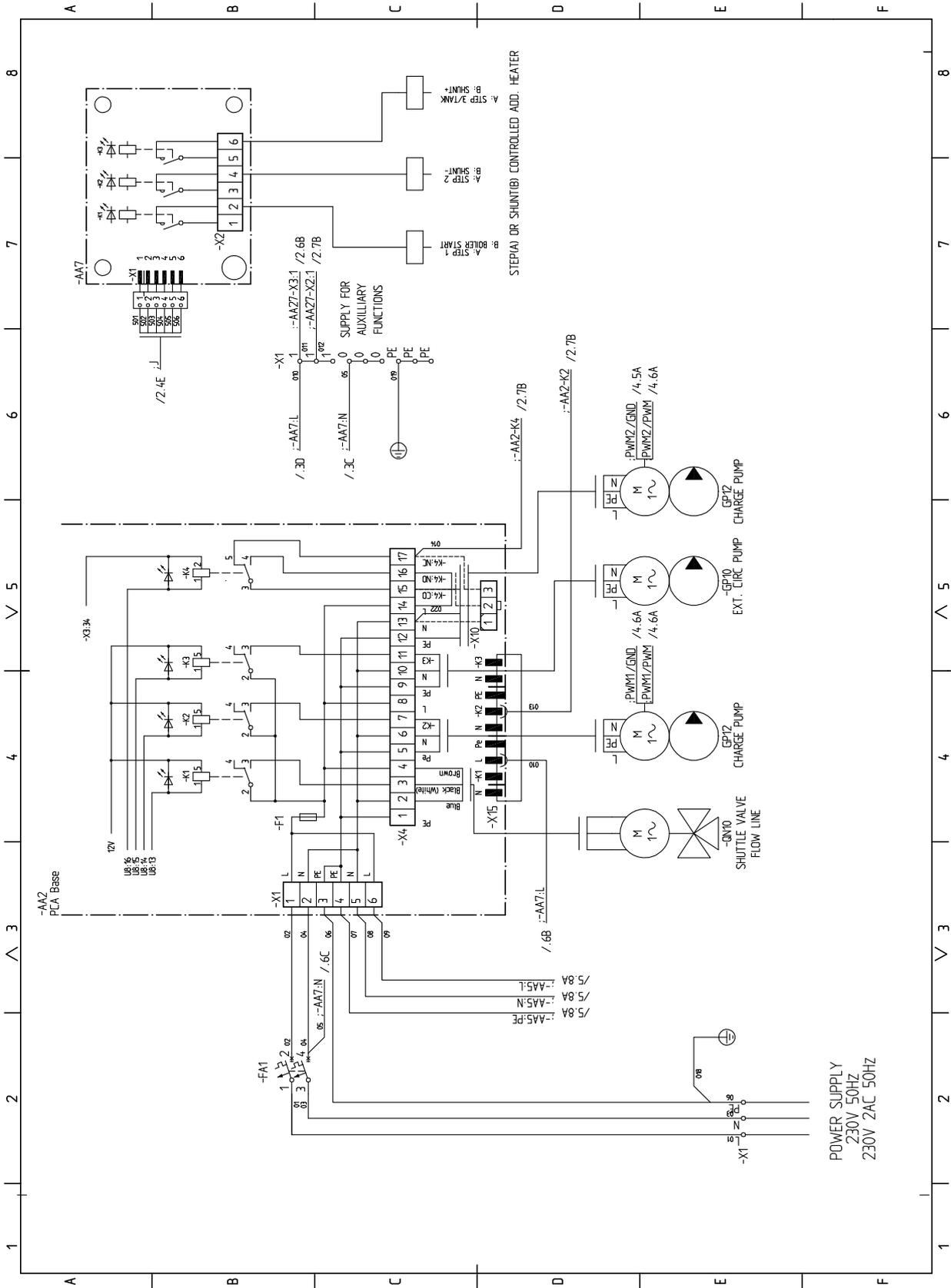


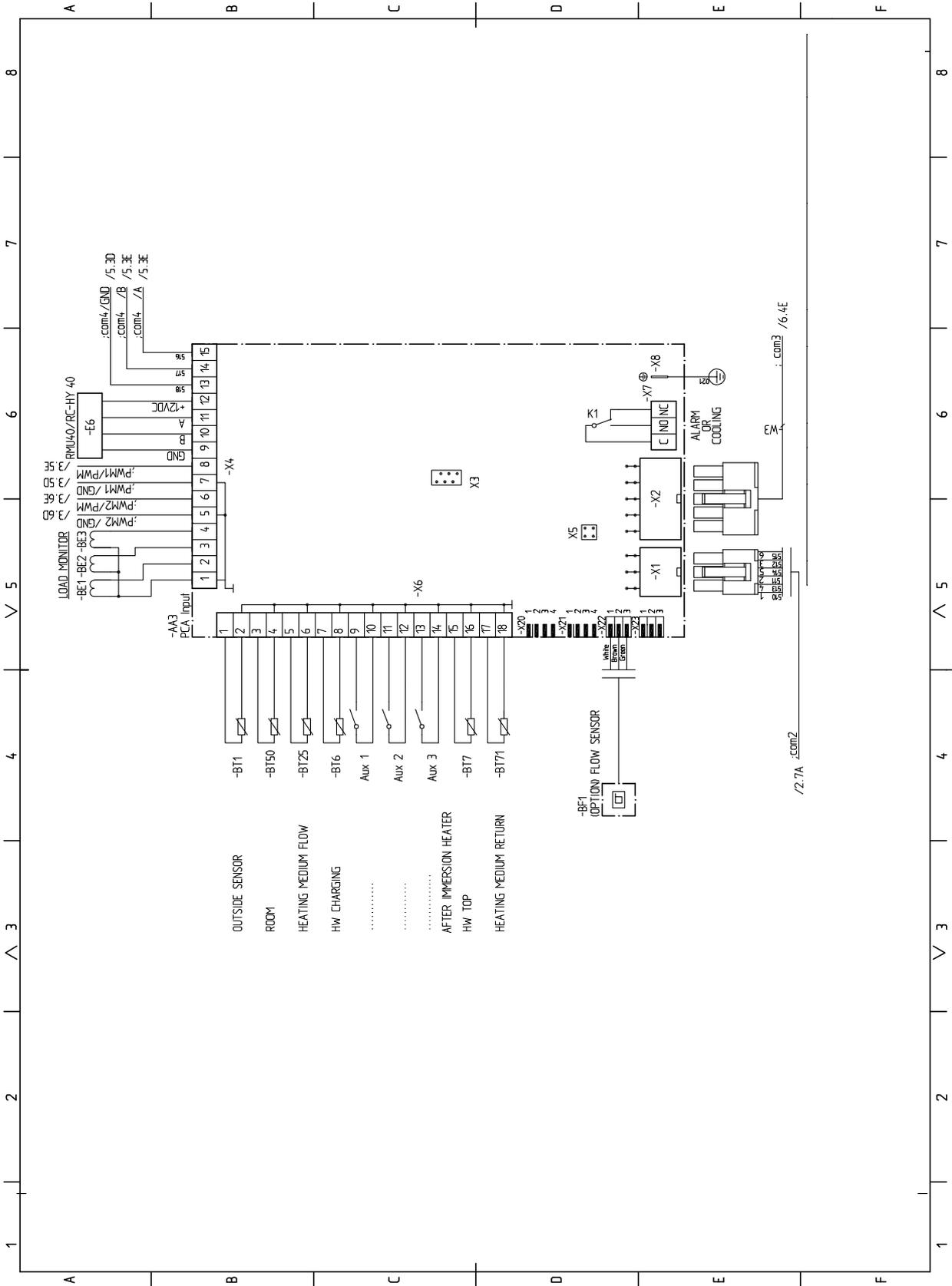




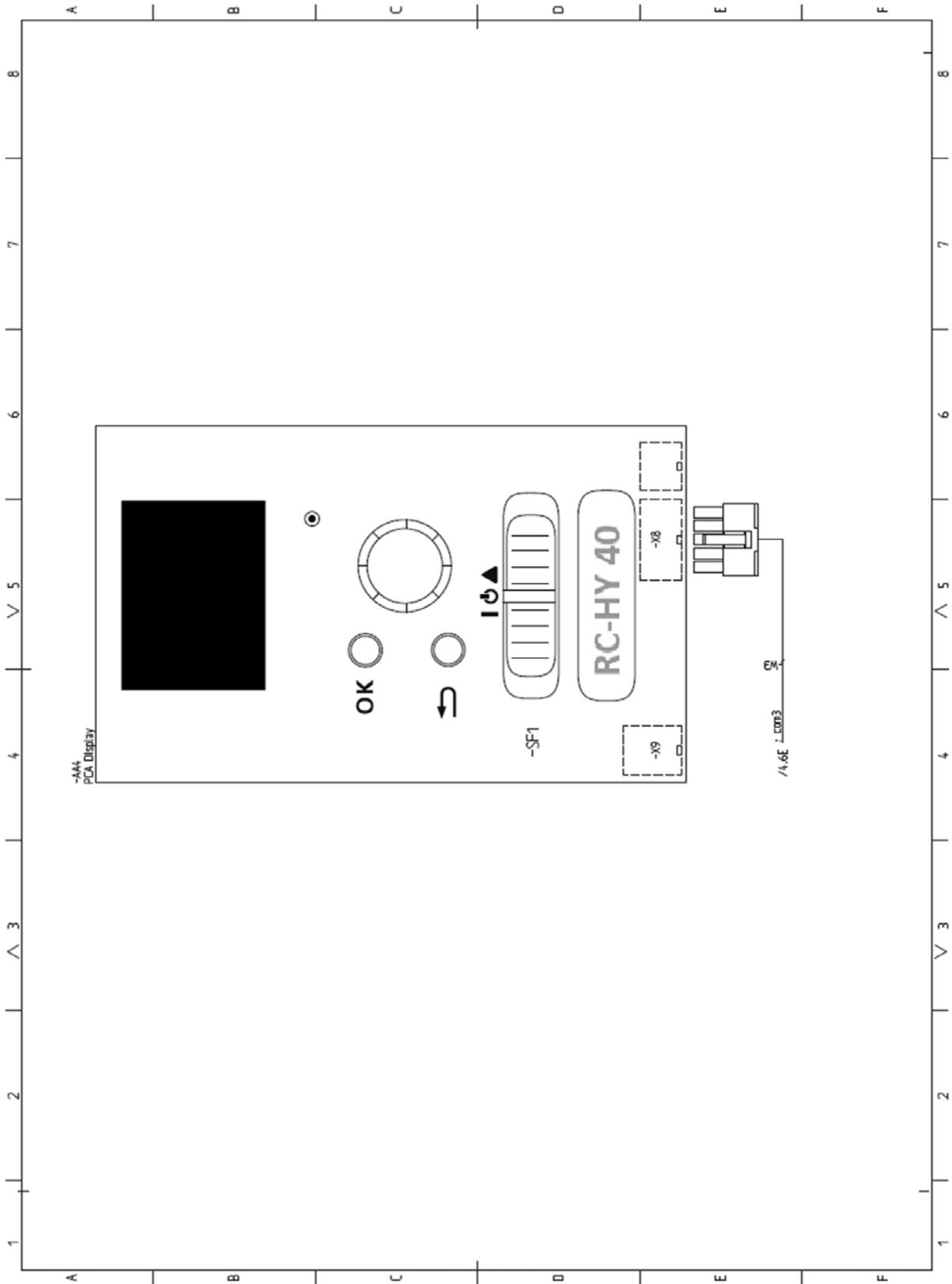
Note: Meaning of /.3B is that this wire is connected to a wire located at 3B on same page.  
 3 means a value of horizontal axis.  
 B means a value of vertical axis.















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Tel: +44-333-207-4072  
Fax: +44-333-207-4089  
<http://www.mhia.com>

# INSTALLATION MANUAL

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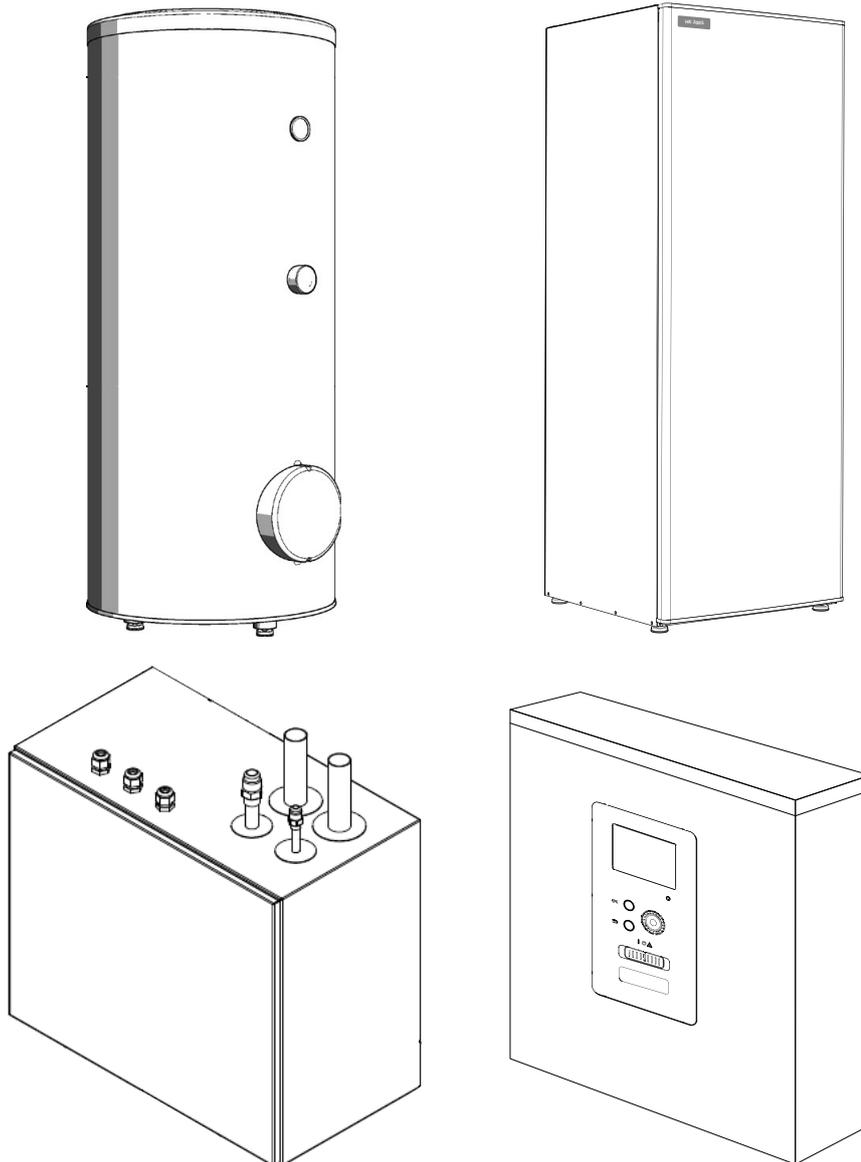
## MITSUBISHI HEAVY INDUSTRIES

Air to Water Heat Pump

Hydrolution (HM)

HSB100/HMK100/FDCW71VNX/FDCW100VNX

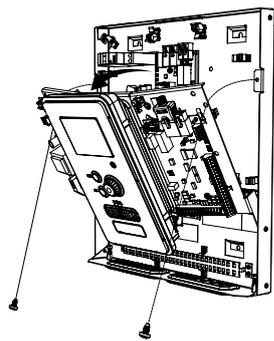
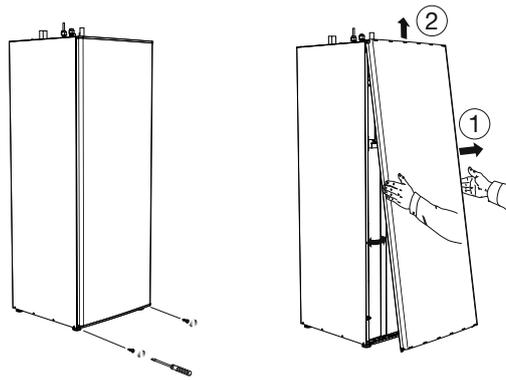
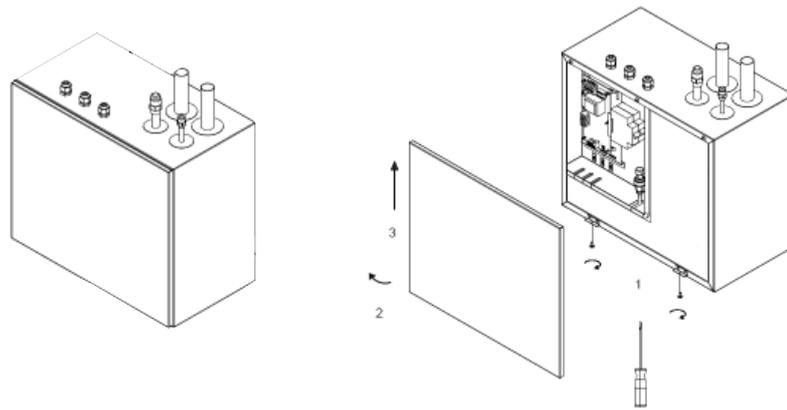
PT300/PT500/RC-HY20/RC-HY40



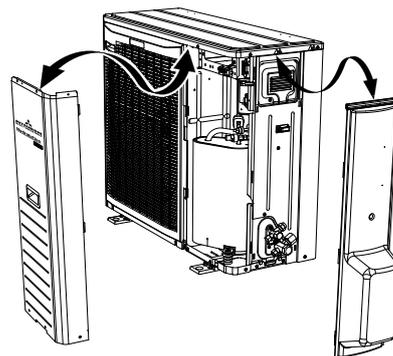
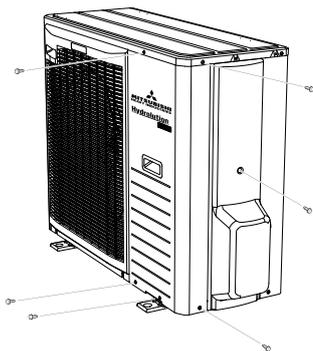
This heat pump complies with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU,  
LV Directive 2014/35/EU.  
CE marking is applicable to the area of 50 Hz power supply.

English : Original instruction

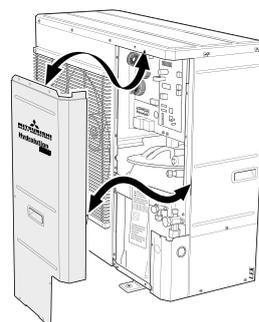
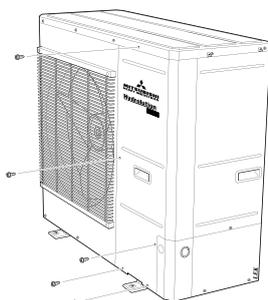
PSC012D085BM



**FDCW71VNX**



**FDCW100VNX**



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## Safety precautions

When installing the unit, be sure to check whether the selection of installation place, power supply specifications, usage limitation (piping length, height differences between indoor and outdoor units, power supply voltage and etc.) and installation spaces.

- We recommend you to read this “SAFETY PRECAUTIONS” carefully before installation in order to gain full advantage of the functions of the unit and to avoid malfunction due to mishandling.
- The precautions described below are divided into  WARNING and  CAUTION. The matters with possibilities leading to serious consequences such as death or serious personal injury due to erroneous handling are listed in the  WARNING and the matters with possibilities leading to personal injury or damage of the unit due to erroneous handling including probability leading to serious consequences in some cases are listed in  CAUTION. These are very important precautions for safety. Be sure to observe all of them without fail.
- Be sure to confirm no anomaly on the equipment by commissioning after completed installation and explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the owner’s manual.
- Keep the installation manual together with owner’s manual at a place where any user can read at any time. Moreover if necessary, ask to hand them to a new user.

This heat pump complies with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU.

This appliance is designed for use in a home environment and can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children

shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

This in accordance to applicable parts of the low voltage directive 2014/35/EU, LVD.

This appliance is also intended for use by experts or trained users in shops, hotels, light industry, on farms and in similar environments.

CE marking is applicable to the area of 50 Hz power supply.

The emission sound pressure level from each Indoor and Outdoor unit is under 70 dB(A).

### WARNING

**Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.** 

If you install the system by yourself, it may cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury, as a result of a system malfunction.

**Install the system in full accordance with the instruction manual.** 

Incorrect installation may cause bursts, personal injury, water leaks, electric shocks and fire.

**Use the original accessories and the specified components for installation.** 

If parts other than those prescribed by us are used, It may cause water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury.

**When installing in small rooms, take prevention measures not to exceed the density limit of refrigerant in the event of leakage.** 

Consult the expert about prevention measures. If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of leakage, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.

**Ventilate the working area well in the event of refrigerant leakage during installation.** 

If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gas is produced.

**After completed installation, check that no refrigerant leaks from the system.** 

If refrigerant leaks into the room and comes into contact with an oven or other hot surface, poisonous gas is produced.

**Hang up the unit at the specified points with ropes which can support the weight in lifting for portage. And to avoid jolting out of alignment, be sure to hang up the unit at 4-point support.** !

An improper manner of portage such as 3-point support can cause death or serious personal injury due to falling of the unit.

**Install the unit in a location with good support.** !

Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.

**Ensure the unit is stable when installed, so that it can withstand earthquakes and strong winds.** !

Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.

**Ensure that no air enters in the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed.** ⊘

If air enters in the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit becomes too high, which can cause burst and personal injury.

**The electrical installation must be carried out by the qualified electrician in accordance with “the norm for electrical work” and “national wiring regulation”, and the system must be connected to the dedicated circuit.** !

Power supply with insufficient capacity and incorrect function done by improper work can cause electric shocks and fire.

**Be sure to shut off the power before starting electrical work.** !

Failure to shut off the power can cause electric shocks, unit failure or incorrect function of equipment.

**Be sure to use the cables conformed to safety standard and cable ampacity for power distribution work.** !

Unconformable cables can cause electric leak, anomalous heat production or fire.

**Use the prescribed cables for electrical connection, tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the cables correctly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.** !

Loose connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire.

**Arrange the wiring in the control box so that it cannot be pushed up further into** !

**the box. Install the service panel correctly.**

Incorrect installation may result in overheating and fire.

**Do not perform brazing work in the airtight room.** !

It can cause lack of oxygen.

**Use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R410A.** !

Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause the unit failure and serious accidents due to burst of the refrigerant circuit.

**Tighten the flare nut by using double spanners and torque wrench according to prescribed method. Be sure not to tighten the flare nut too much.** !

Loose flare connection or damage on the flare part by tightening with excess torque can cause burst or refrigerant leaks which may result in lack of oxygen.

**Do not open the service valves for liquid line and gas line until completed refrigerant piping work, air tightness test and evacuation.** !

If the compressor is operated in state of opening service valves before completed connection of refrigerant piping work, air can be sucked into refrigerant circuit, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant.

**Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulphide gas can occur.** !

Poisonous gases will flow into the room through drainage pipe and seriously affect the user's health and safety.

**Only use prescribed optional parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.** !

If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire.

**Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections** ⊘

Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shocks.

**Be sure to fix up the service panels.** ⊘

Incorrect fixing can cause electric shocks or fire due to intrusion of dust or water.

**Do not perform any repairs or modifications by yourself. Consult the dealer if the unit requires repair.** ⊘

If you repair or modify the unit, it can cause water

leaks, electric shocks or fire.

**Do not perform any change of protective device itself or its setup condition** !

The forced operation by short-circuiting protective device of pressure switch and temperature controller or the use of non specified component can cause fire or burst.

**Be sure to switch off the power supply in the event of installation, inspection or servicing.** !

If the power supply is not shut off, there is a risk of electric shocks, unit failure or personal injury due to the unexpected start of fan.

**Consult the dealer or an expert regarding removal of the unit.** !

Incorrect installation can cause water leaks, electric shocks or fire.

**Stop the compressor before disconnecting refrigerant pipes in case of pump down operation.** !

If disconnecting refrigerant pipes in state of opening service valves before compressor stopping, air can be sucked, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant circuit.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Carry out the electrical work for ground lead with care.** ⚡

Do not connect the ground lead to the gas line, water line, lightning conductor or telephone line's ground lead. Incorrect grounding can cause unit faults such as electric shocks due to short-circuiting.

**Use the circuit breaker with sufficient breaking capacity.** !

If the breaker does not have sufficient breaking capacity, it can cause the unit malfunction and fire.

**Earth leakage breaker must be installed.** ⚡

If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause electric shocks.

**Do not use any materials other than a fuse with the correct rating in the location where fuses are to be used.** ⚡

Connecting the circuit with copper wire or other metal thread can cause unit failure and fire.

**Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of combustible gases can occur.** ⚡

If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can

cause fire.

**Do not install the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or combustible gas (such as thinner and petroleum gases) can accumulate or collect, or where volatile combustible substances are handled.** ⚡

Corrosive gas can cause corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts and etc. And combustible gas can cause fire.

**Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manual.** ⚡

Insufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place.

**When the outdoor unit is installed on a roof or a high place, provide permanent ladders and handrails along the access route and fences and handrails around the outdoor unit.** ⚡

If safety facilities are not provided, it can cause personal injury due to falling from the installation place.

**Do not use the indoor unit at the place where water splashes may occur.** ⚡

Since the indoor unit is not waterproof, it can cause electric shocks and fire.

**Do not install or use the system close to the equipment that generates electromagnetic fields or high frequency harmonics.** ⚡

Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telecommunication equipments can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns. The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming.

**Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit.** ⚡

Insects and small animals can enter the electric parts and cause damage or fire. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean.

**Do not use the base flame for outdoor unit which is corroded or damaged due to long periods of operation.** ⚡

Using an old and damage base flame can cause the unit falling down and cause personal injury.

**Do not install the unit in the locations listed below.** ⚡

• Locations where carbon fiber, metal powder or

any powder is floating.

- Locations where any substances that can affect the unit such as sulphide gas, chloride gas, acid and alkaline can occur.
- Vehicles and ships.
- Locations where cosmetic or special sprays are often used.
- Locations with direct exposure of oil mist and steam such as kitchen and machine plant.
- Locations where any machines which generate high frequency harmonics are used.
- Locations with salty atmospheres such as coastlines.
- Locations with heavy snow (If installed, be sure to provide base flame and snow hood mentioned in the manual).
- Locations where the unit is exposed to chimney smoke.
- Locations at high altitude (more than 1000m high).
- Locations with ammoniac atmospheres.
- Locations where heat radiation from other heat source can affect the unit.
- Locations without good air circulation.
- Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and outlet air of the unit.
- Locations where short circuit of air can occur (in case of multiple units installation).
- Locations where strong air blows against the air outlet of outdoor unit.

It can cause remarkable decrease in performance, corrosion and damage of components, malfunction and fire.

**Do not install the outdoor unit in the locations listed below.** 

- Locations where discharged hot air or operating sound of the outdoor unit can bother neighborhood.
- Locations where outlet air of the outdoor unit blows directly to plants.
- Locations where vibration can be amplified and transmitted due to insufficient strength of structure.
- Locations where vibration and operation sound generated by the outdoor unit can affect seriously. (on the wall or at the place near bed room)
- Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m)
- Locations where drainage cannot run off safely.

It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim.

**Do not install the remote controller at the direct sunlight.** 

It can cause malfunction or deformation of the remote controller.

**Do not use the unit for special purposes such as storing foods, cooling precision instruments and preservation of animals, plants or art.** 

It can cause the damage of the items.

**Take care when carrying the unit by hand.** 

If the unit weights more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons. Do not carry by the plastic straps, always use the carry handle when carrying the unit by hand. Use gloves to minimize the risk of cuts by the aluminum fins.

**Dispose of any packing materials correctly.** 

Any remaining packing materials can cause personal injury as it contains nails and wood. And to avoid danger of suffocation, be sure to keep the plastic wrapper away from children and to dispose after tear it up.

**Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld spatter when welding work is done near the indoor unit.** 

If weld spatter entered into the indoor unit during welding work, it can cause pin-hole in drain pan and result in water leakage. To prevent such damage, keep the indoor unit in its packing or cover it.

**Be sure to insulate the refrigerant pipes so as not to condense the ambient air moisture on them.** 

Insufficient insulation can cause condensation, which can lead to moisture damage on the ceiling, floor, furniture and any other valuables.

**Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed refrigerant piping work.** 

If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of refrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.

**Do not touch any buttons with wet hands.** 

It can cause electric shocks.

**Do not shut off the power supply immediately after stopping the operation.** 

Wait at least 5 minutes, otherwise there is a risk of water leakage or breakdown.

**Do not control the system with main power switch.** 

It can cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the

fan can start unexpectedly, which can cause personal injury.

**Do not touch any refrigerant pipes when the system is in operation.** 

During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending the operating condition, and it can cause burn injury or frost injury.

**This manual is only for outdoor units connected to HSB series and HMK series.** 

When you connect other indoor units to outdoor units, please refer to other manual.

**Notabilia for units designed for R410A**

Only use R410A refrigerant. R410A is the refrigerant whose pressure is 1.6 times as high as that of conventional refrigerant.

The size of charging port of service valve and check joint for R410A are altered from that for conventional refrigerant in order to prevent the system being charged with the incorrect refrigerant by mistake. And the protruding dimension of pipe for flare processing and flare nut size for R410A are also altered from that for conventional refrigerant in order to reinforce strength against the pressure for R410A. Accordingly the dedicated tools for R410A listed in the below mentioned table should be prepared for installation and servicing.

Dedicated tools for R410A	
a)	Gauge manifold
b)	Charge hose
c)	Electronic scale for refrigerant charge
d)	Torque wrench
e)	Flare tool
f)	Protrusion control gauge for copper pipe
g)	Vacuum pump adapter
h)	Gas leak detector

Do not use charging cylinder. Using charging cylinder may alter the composition of refrigerant, which results in making the performance of the system worse.

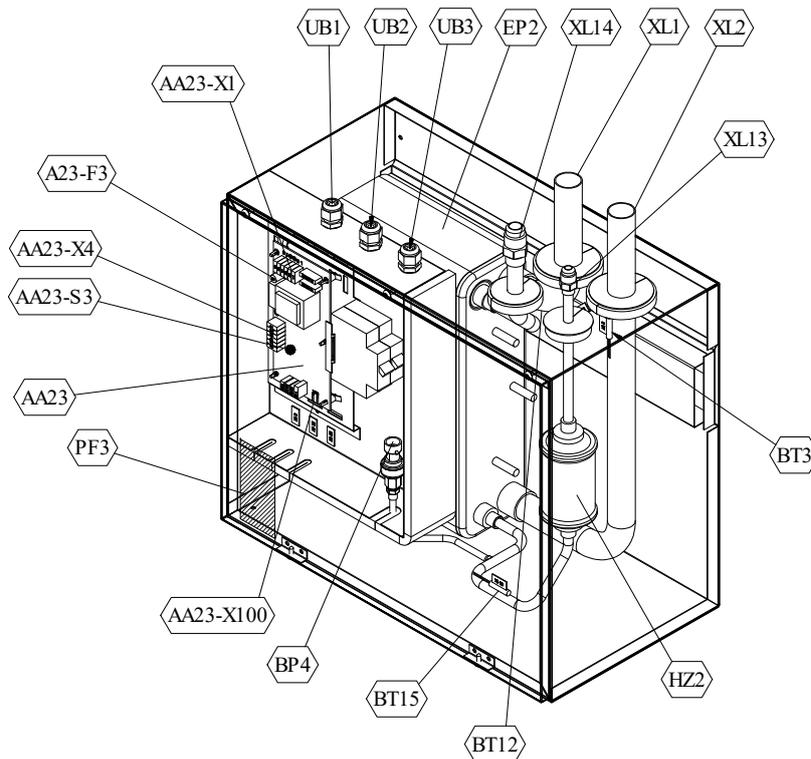
Refrigerant must be charged always in liquid state from the bottle.

## General information for installer

For outdoor unit installation information, see Installation manual for Outdoor unit.

### Over view and design

#### HSB100



#### Pipe connections

XL1 (Red mark)	Climate system supply
XL2 (Blue mark)	Climate system return
XL14	Connection, gas line
XL13	Connection, liquid line

#### Sensor, thermostats

BP4	Pressure sensor, high pressure
BT3	Temperature sensor, heating medium, return
BT12	Temperature sensor, condenser, supply
BT15	Temperature sensor, fluid pipe

#### Valves etc.

EP2	Heat exchanger
HQ1	Particle filter (supplied)
HZ2	Drying filter

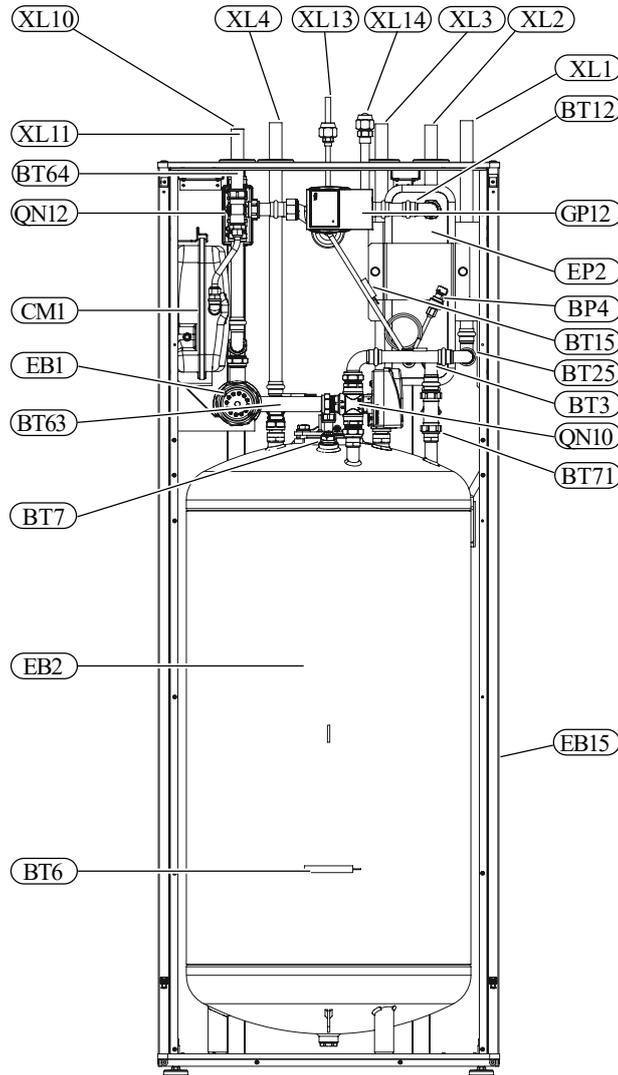
#### Miscellaneous

UB1	Cable gland
UB2	Cable gland
UB3	Cable gland

#### Electrical components

AA23	Communication board
AA23-F3	Fuse for external heating cable
AA23-S3	DIP switch, addressing of outdoor unit
AA23-X1	Terminal block, incoming supply, connection of KVR
AA23-X4	Terminal block, communication with indoor module / control module
AA23-X100	Terminal block, communication outdoor module

**HMK100**



**Pipe connections**

- XL1 (  ) Connection, heating medium, supply
- XL2 (  ) Connection, heating medium, return
- XL3 Connection, cold water
- XL4 Connection, hot water
- XL10 Connection, cooling
- XL11 Connection, safety group, manometer
- XL13 Connection, liquid cooling medium
- XL14 Connection, gas cooling medium

**HVAC elements**

- CM1 Diaphragm expansion vessel, closed
- QN10 Isolation valve, domestic hot water/central heating
- QN12 Isolation valve, cooling/heating
- GP12 Circulation pump
- EP2 Heat exchanger

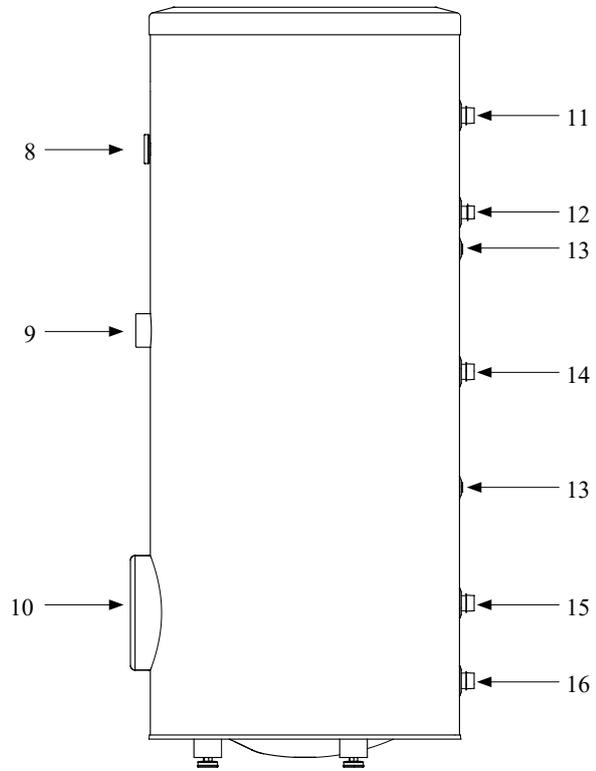
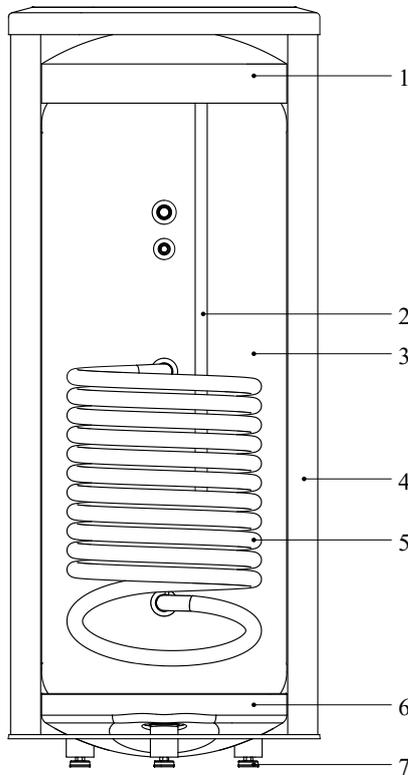
**Sensors**

- BP4 Pressure sensor, high pressure
- BT3 Temperature sensor, heating medium return
- BT6 Temperature sensor, hot water loading
- BT7 Temperature sensor, top of the hot water heater
- BT12 Temperature sensor, condenser outlet
- BT15 Temperature sensor, liquid
- BT25 Temperature sensor, heating medium supply
- BT63 Temperature sensor, heating medium supply downstream the submersible heater
- BT64 Temperature sensor, cooling medium supply
- BT71 Temperature sensor, heating medium re- turn

**Others**

- EB15 HMK 100
- PF3 Serial number
- EB2 Domestic hot water tank

**PT300/500**



**Section of the PT storage tanks.**

1. Upper insulation of the storage tank
2. Protective magnesium anode
3. Enamelled tank
4. Side insulation of the storage tank
5. Coil
6. Lower insulation of the storage tank
7. Adjustable foot

**Side view of the PT storage tanks.**

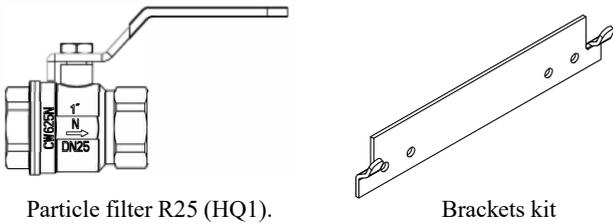
8. Thermometer
9. Connector pipe for mounting electric heating unit
10. Inspection opening
11. Hot water intake connector pipe
12. Hot water circulation connector pipe
13. Temperature sensor cover
14. Coil supply connector pipe
15. Connection of return line from the coil
16. Cold water supply connector pipe

## Transport and storage

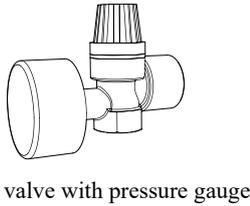
Indoor unit and tank unit must be transported and stored vertically in dry conditions.

## Supplied components

### HSB100 Indoor unit



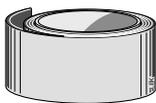
### HMK100 Indoor unit with tank



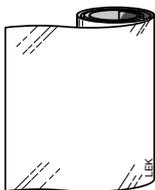
### RC-HY20/40 Control unit



Outside sensor



Insulation tape



Aluminium tape



Heating pipe paste



Room sensor (RC-HY40 only)



Temperature sensor



Cable ties

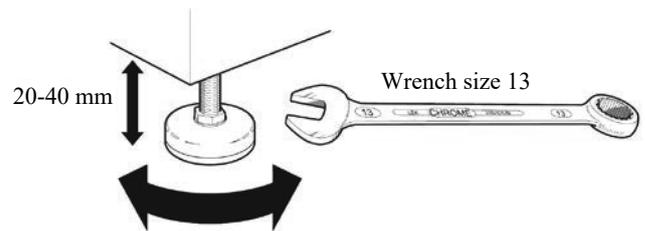


Current sensor (RC-HY40 only)

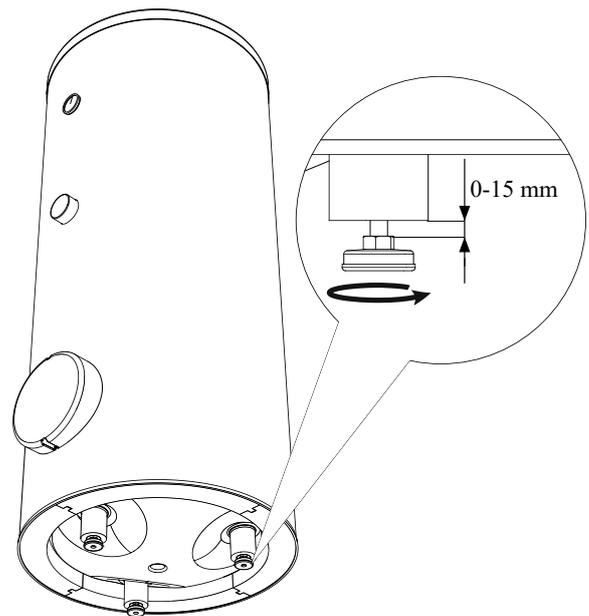
## Assembly

- It is recommended that indoor unit is installed in a room with existing floor drainage, most suitably in a utility room or boiler room.
- For indoor unit and control unit, the mounting surface must be firm, flat and vertical, preferably a concrete wall.
- Indoor unit with tank and tank unit must be set on a solid waterproof base that would keep the weight of the unit. The height-adjusting legs allow for levelling and stable setting.

### HMK100



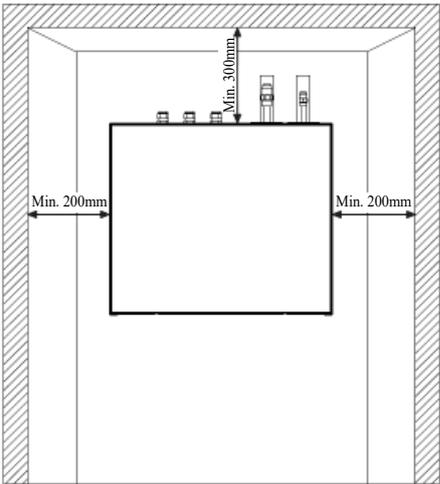
### PT300/500



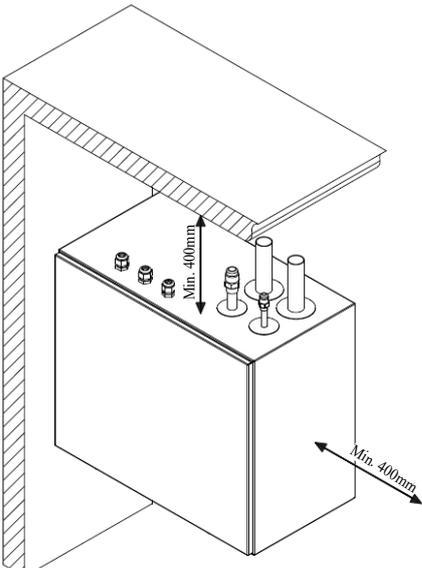
- For indoor unit with tank, floor drain port is required to connect drain hose in case cooling function is used.
- Install indoor unit with its back to an outside wall, ideally in a room where noise does not matter. If this is not possible, avoid placing it against a wall behind a bedroom or other room where noise may be a problem.
- Route pipes so they are not fixed to an internal wall that backs on to a bedroom or living room.
- Install indoor unit with tank, tank unit and its pipings to indoor unit indoors in order to avoid icing.
- Ensure free space described in the following figures for future maintenance.

**HSB100**

Recommendation for positioning on wall

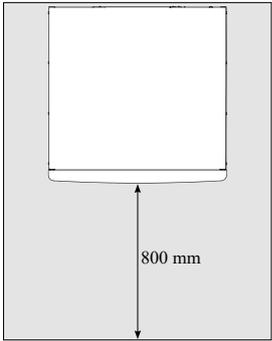


Recommendation for positioning in corner



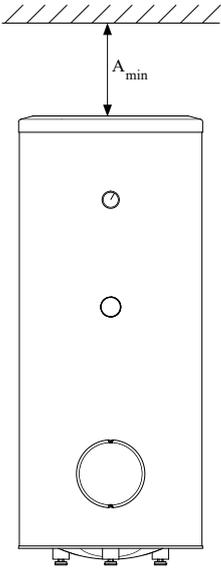
\*Min 800mm is required in front

**HMK100**



**IMPORTANT**  
 For HMK100, leave 10 – 25 mm free space between the indoor module and the back wall for cables and piping.

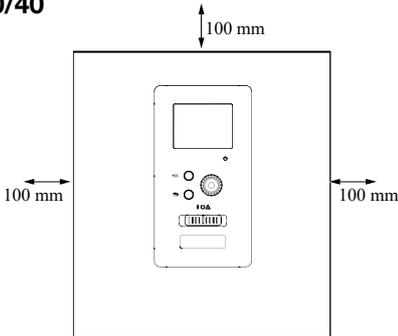
**PT300/500**



A<sub>min</sub> is required on top to replace anode bar, and 500 mm is required in front to replace immersion heater if equipped.

Application	Connector pipe dia.	Type of anode	A <sub>min</sub>
PT300	1"	Chain ø26 × 8	150 mm
	¾"	Titanium anode	200 mm
PT500	1¼"	Chain ø33 × 5	150 mm
	¾"	Titanium anode	400 mm

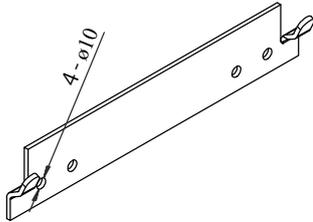
**RC-HY20/40**



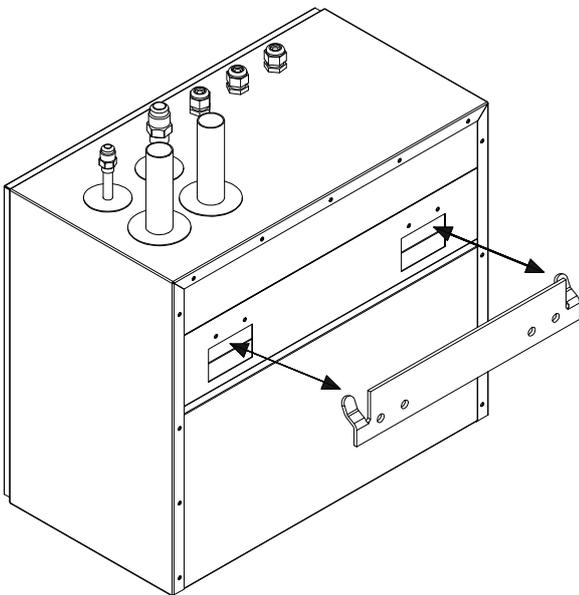
## Hanging indoor unit

It is recommended that the split box is installed in a room with existing floor drainage, most suitably in a utility room or boiler room.

1. The bracket for the split box is mounted to the wall by use of appropriate screws.



2. Insert HSB100 in the bracket mounted to the wall.

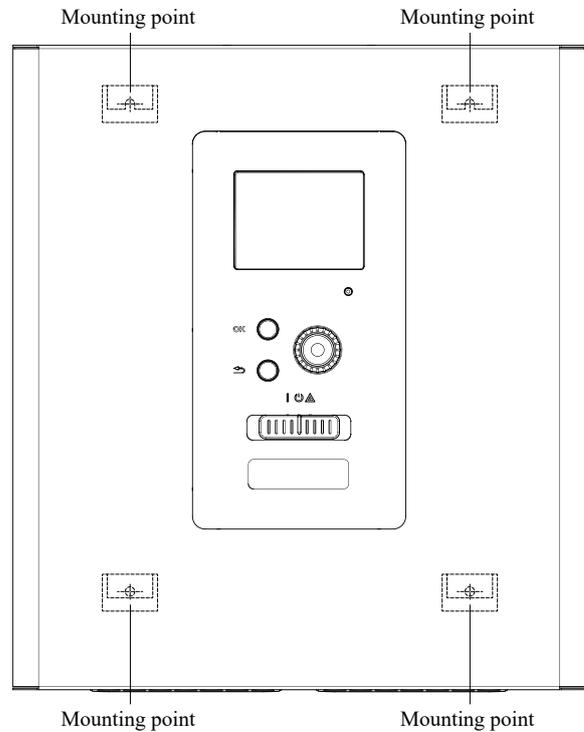


### NOTE

*Indoor unit weigh 18 kg excluding water inside.*

## Hanging control unit

Use all mounting points and install control unit upright against a flat wall. Make sure whole back surface faces the wall.



## Dimensioning expansion vessel

The expansion vessel volume must be at least 5% of total water volume in the circulation system.

HMK100 is equipped with an expansion vessel with a volume of 10 liters.

### Initial pressure and max height difference

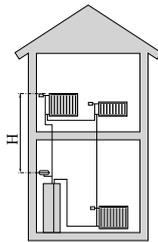
Recommended maximum height difference between expansion vessel and the highest point in the system is 5m.

The initial pressure of the pressure expansion vessel must be dimensioned according to the maximum height (H) between the vessel and the highest positioned radiator, see figure. An initial pressure of 0.5 bar (5 mvp) means a maximum permitted height difference of 5 m.

If the standard initial pressure in the pressure vessel is not high enough it can be increased by filling via the valve in the expansion vessel. The expansion vessel's standard initial pressure must be entered in the check list on User's manual.

Any change in the initial pressure affects the ability of the expansion vessel to handle the expansion of the water.

Consult local distributor in case height difference exceeds 5m.



## Recommended installation order

1. Hang indoor unit and control unit to appropriate position and connect indoor unit and tank unit.
2. Connect indoor unit to climate system, cold and hot water lines as well as any external heat sources. See page 14, 15. Also see docking descriptions on page 26-28 and further on.
3. Install refrigerant pipes according to the description on the Installation manual for outdoor unit.
4. Connect current limiter, any centralised load control and external contacts as well as the cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit.
5. Connect incoming electricity to indoor unit and/or outdoor unit. See page 34-36.
6. Follow the commissioning instructions on page 37-55.

# Pipe installation

## General

Pipe installation must be carried out in accordance with current norms and directives.

A following table shows plumbing necessary for each product.

	Refrigerant	Plumbing
HSB	Necessary	Necessary
HMK	Necessary	Necessary
PT	—	Necessary
PC-HY	—	—

This heat pump system is designed for low or medium temperature heating system. It is recommended water temperature must not exceed 55°C on supply and 45°C on

return at lowest design outdoor temperature (DOT) though indoor unit can operate with a return temperature of up to 65°C and an outgoing temperature from the unit of 65°C.

Indoor unit is not equipped with shut off valves; these must be installed outside the heat pump to facilitate any future servicing.

Indoor unit can be connected to the radiator system, floor heating system and/or fan convectors.

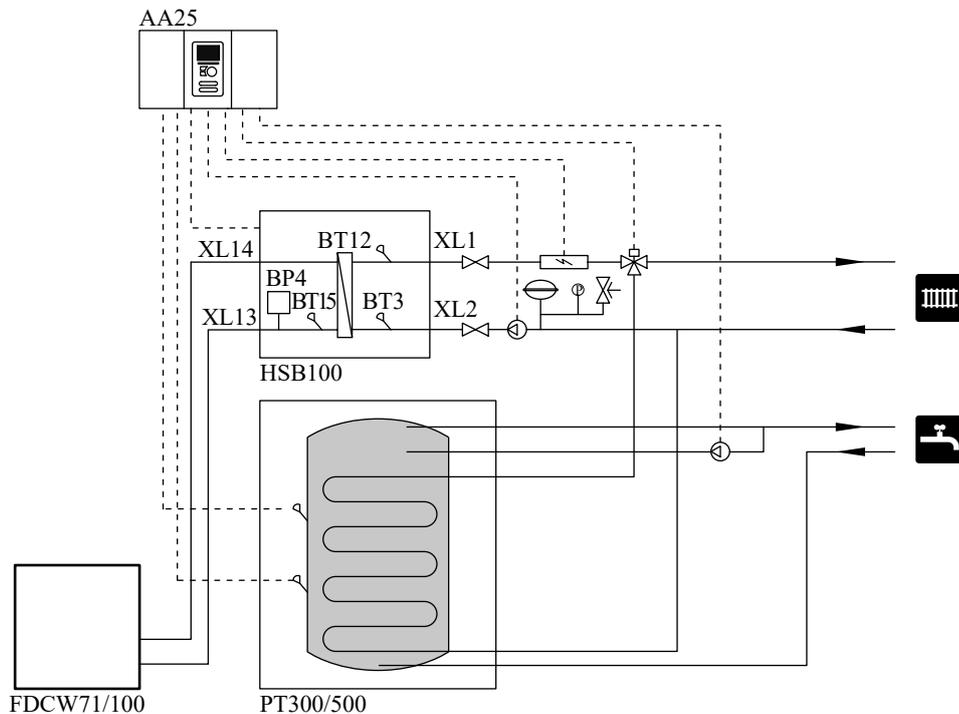
Safety valve is not equipped with in indoor unit. Make sure to install safety valve in the circuit.

## Installation diagram

FDCW71/100VNX outdoor unit provides heat for space heating and domestic hot water using free energy in the outdoor air within the range of low temperature up to -20°C. Connection is different according to the type of indoor unit (see below figures). The system is controlled by RC-HY20 or RC-HY40 control unit.

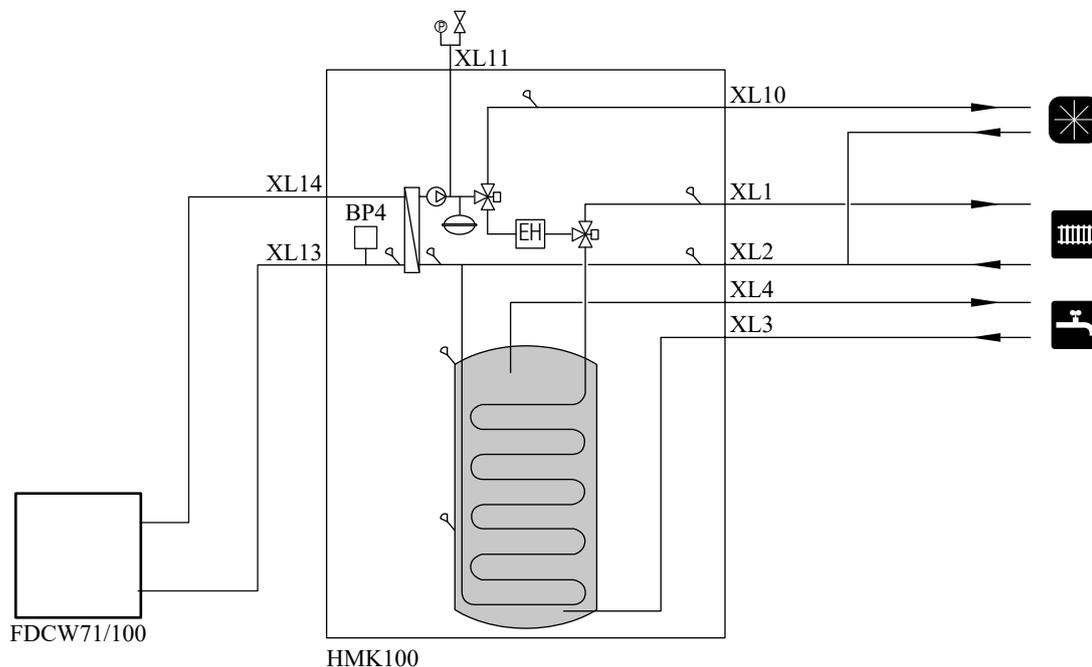
### HSB100

HSB100 indoor unit is equipped with plate heat exchanger. It needs to install expansion vessel, shut-off valves, safety valve, electric heater and circulation pump to make a complete heating system. In case domestic hot water is required, 3 way valve and tank is also necessary.



### HMK100

HMK100 indoor unit is equipped with coil water heater, expansion vessel, safety valve, electric heater, plate heat exchanger, sensors and gauge, and circulation pump.



Symbol	Meaning
↑	Vent
∩	Cut-off valve
⊥	Water tap
∩	Non-return valve
∩	Balancing valve
⊕	Three-way valve
∩	Safety valve
⊕	Thermometer
∩	Temperature sensor
⊕	Diaphragm expansion vessel

Symbol	Meaning
⊕	Manometer
⊕	Circulation pump
□	Particulate filter
⊕	Compressor
∩	Heat exchanger
∩	Cooling
∩	Central heating system
∩	Domestic hot water
∩	Heating systems Floor heating
∩	Cooling system

## System requirements

The minimum water volume in the climate system is subject to the values in the table below. If it is not fulfilled, volume vessel must be installed.

For more options, see the docking description on Page 24.

(liter)

	With underfloor cooling application	Without underfloor cooling application
HSB100, HMK100, FDCW71VNX	80	50
HSB100, HMK100, FDCW100VNX	100	80

## Overflow valve

### NOTE

*A free flow is required for all docking options, which means that an overflow valve must be installed.*

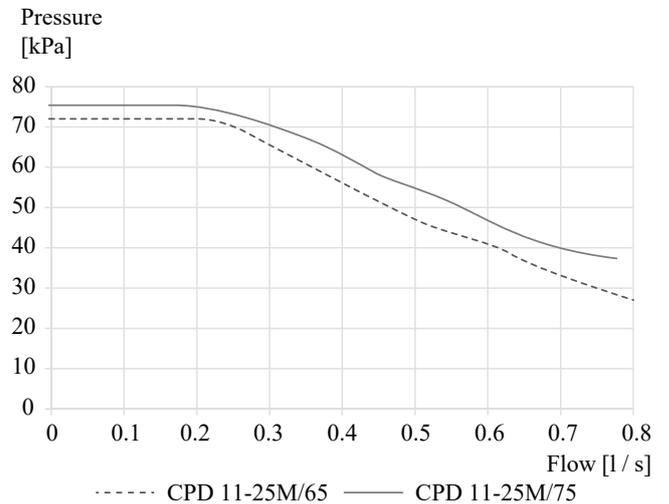
**The circulation pump may become damaged.**

## Pump capacity diagram

### HSB100

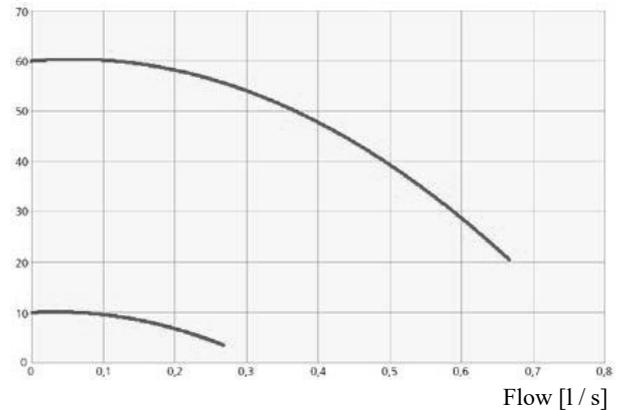
HSB100 is not equipped with circulation pump.

This graph shows the characteristic of CPD11-25M/65 or 75.



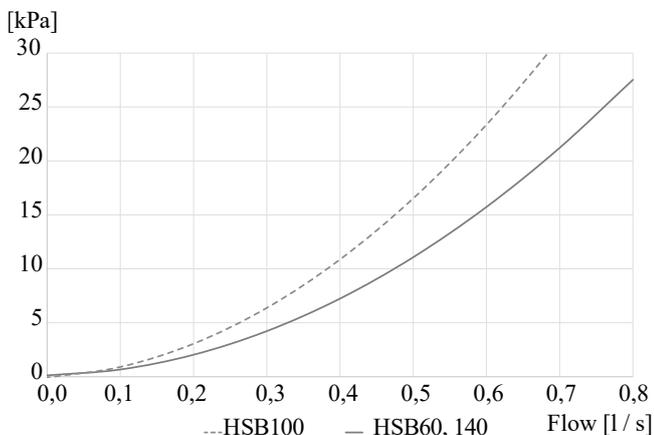
### HMK100

Pressure [kPa]

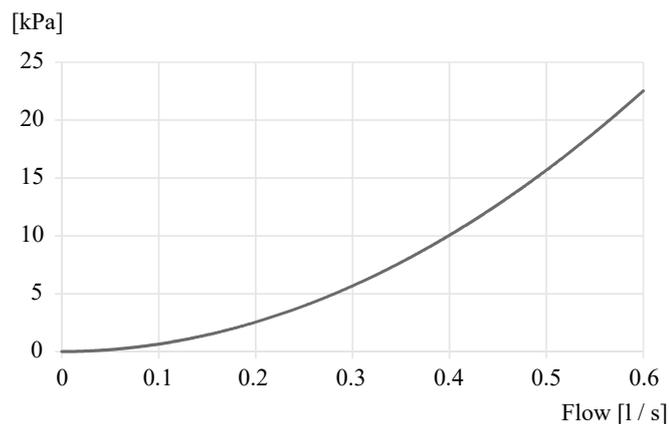


## Pressure drop in indoor unit

### HSB100



### HMK100



## Connection of extra circulation pump

When connecting extra circulation pumps, requirements for pressure, maximum flow etc must be met. See page 27 for location.

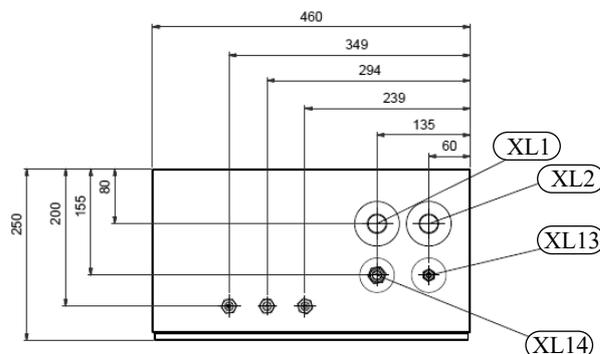
### NOTE

*Non-return valve must be installed in case extra circulation pump is used. See page 27 for the position.*

**The circulation pump may become damaged.**

## Dimensions and pipe connections

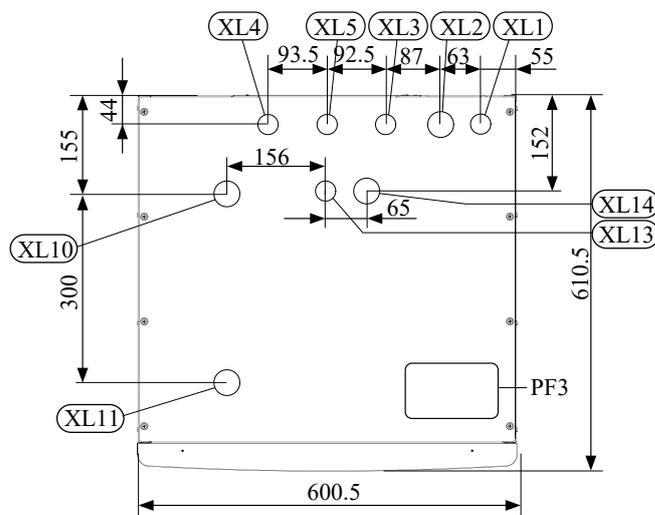
### HSB100



### Pipe connections

- XL1 (Red mark) Climate system, flow  $\varnothing 28$  mm
- XL2 (Blue mark) Climate system, return  $\varnothing 28$  mm
- XL14 Gas line refrigerant, flare  $\frac{3}{8}$ "
- XL13 Liquid line refrigerant, flare  $\frac{3}{8}$ "

### HMK100



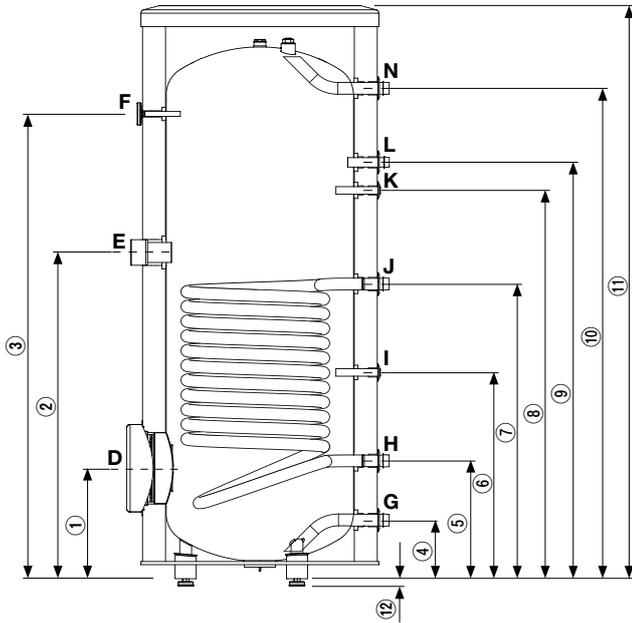
### Pipe connections

- XL1 (→) Connection, Heating medium supply  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL2 (←) Connection, Heating medium return  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL3 Connection, cold water  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL4 Connection, hot water  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL5 Connection, circulation  $\varnothing 15$  mm
- XL13 Connection, liquid cooling medium  $\frac{3}{8}$ "
- XL14 Connection, gas cooling medium  $\frac{5}{8}$ "
- XL10 Connection, cooling  $\varnothing 22$  mm
- XL11 Connection, safety valve  $\varnothing 22$  mm, manometer

### Other information

- PF3 Serial number plate

PT300/500



Connection		U/m	PT300/500
D	Inspection opening	mm	ø120
E	Heating unit connection	inch	1½" Female
F	Thermometer enclosure	mm	ø10 Female
N	Hot water outlet	inch	1" Male
L	Hot water circulation	inch	¾" Male
K	Temp. sensor enclosure (BT7)	mm	ø16 Female
J	Coil supply	inch	1" Male
I	Temp. sensor enclosure (BT6)	mm	ø16 Female
H	Return from coil	inch	1" Male
G	Cold water input	inch	1" Male

Dimensions			
		PT300	PT500
①	mm	315	337
②	mm	930	967
③	mm	1325	1477
④	mm	167	188
⑤	mm	336	288
⑥	mm	588	387
⑦	mm	840	805
⑧	mm	1107	1234
⑨	mm	1187	1302
⑩	mm	1398	1545
⑪	mm	1634	1835
⑫	mm	21-0/+15	

## Water circuit

### Connection to heating system

Connect XL1 to supply line and X2 to return line from heating system.

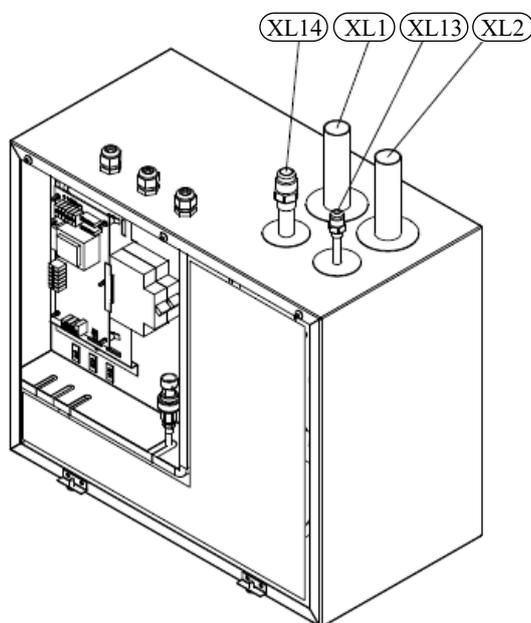
- All required safety devices and shut-off valves must be installed as close to the indoor unit as possible.
- Install bleed valves where necessary, highest point of the water system in usual case.
- When connecting to a system with thermostats on all radiators, install an overflow valve or remove some of the thermostats to ensure sufficient flow.
- See section Dockings on page 25 for outline diagram.
- Install a safety valve with manometer on heating circuit and hot water circuit. (FL2)

For HSB100 install a safety valve for heating circuit on the water pipe returning to indoor unit since it doesn't have port for FL2.

The entire length of the overflow water pipe from the safety valves must be inclined to prevent water pockets and must also be frost proof.

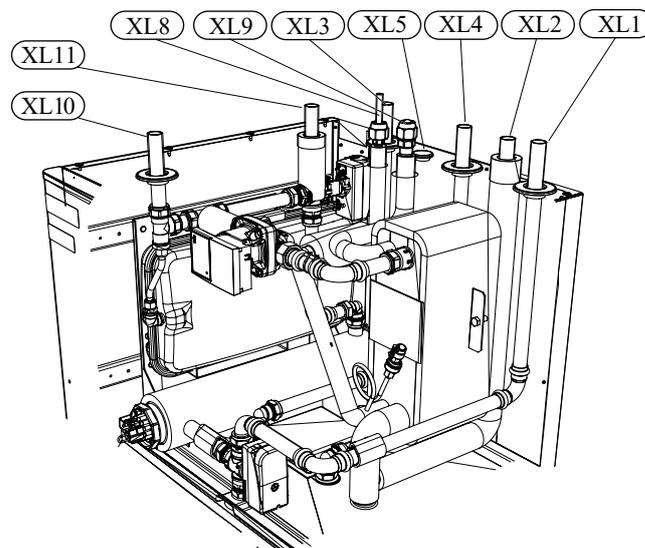
- The end of overflow water pipe from the safety valves must be left open to the atmosphere. The water may drip from the pipe.

### HSB100



Install safety valve as close to XL2 as possible.

### HMK100



Install safety valve FL2 on XL11.

### Connection to hot water heater

For HSB100 indoor unit, it is necessary to connect PT storage tank unit applying 3 way valve in order to use domestic hot water function.

For HMK100 indoor unit, 180L tank unit is integrated in indoor unit.

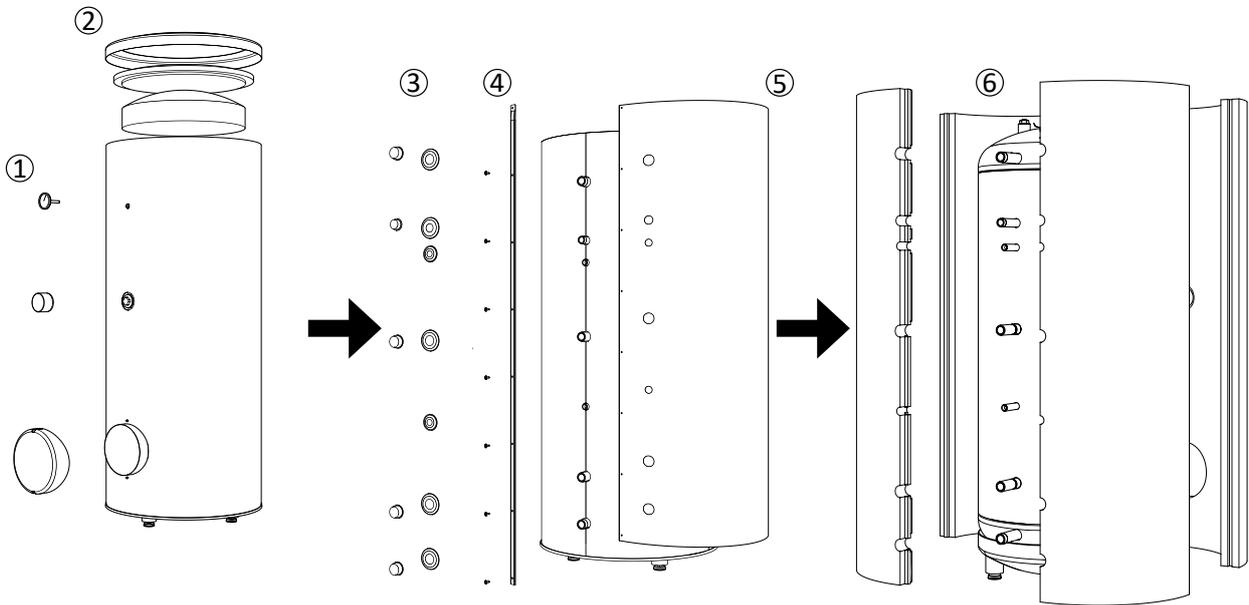
### Housing disassembly of tank unit

Removable housing with thermal insulation facilitates transport and installation of the storage tank. Disassembly the housing in the following order (see next pages figure):

1. Remove the Temperature gauge, plug of the heating element connector pipe and blanking plate of the inspection opening.
2. Remove the upper cover of the housing together with thermal insulation.
3. Remove the plugs from the connector pipes and black bushings.
4. Remove the fixing screws and the strip connecting the housing jacket.
5. Remove the jacket surrounding the tank (housing jacket.)
6. Remove the four-piece thermal insulation.

After the installation of the storage tank in its final location, reinstall the removed components in the reverse order.

Housing and thermal insulation disassembly



Connecting hot water tank to indoor unit

**CAUTION**

*Installation and commissioning of the storage tank shall only be done by appropriately qualified installer. The installer should inform the user of the functions of the product and provide the necessary information on its safe use.*

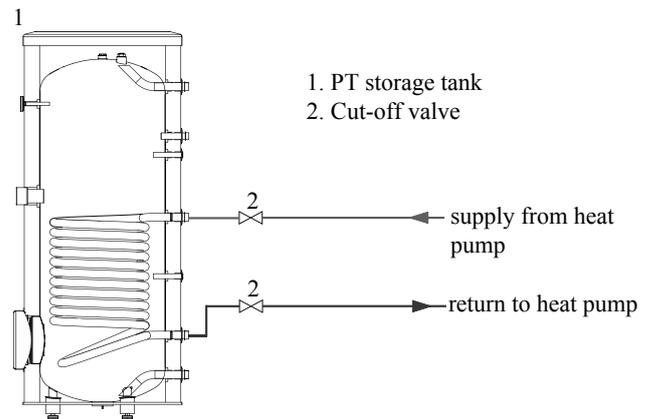
**Information**

*We recommend installing a strainer in order to protect the pumps, check valve and the components of the heating system.*

- Tank and its pipings to indoor unit must be installed indoors where the temperature wouldn't drop below 15°C in order to prevent pipings from icing.
- Maximum piping length between indoor unit and tank is 10m.
- Tank unit should be placed on firm, preferably a concrete floor or foundation.

- Tank unit can be aligned using the adjustable feet.
- Protection against overpressure shall be made in accordance with the relevant regulations.
- Connect the heating system according to the installation diagram (see figure).

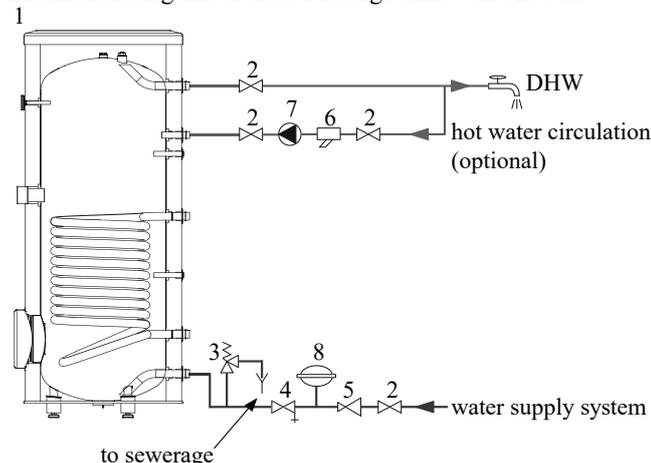
Installation diagram of the PT storage tank with one coil.



### Connecting hot water tank to water main

- Install a mixing valve if the temperature exceeds 60 °C.
- It is recommended to install a thermostatic mixing valve for stable temperature hot water supply.
- Connect the storage tank to the water supply system of water pressure at least 1 bar and max 10 bar. Install a pressure reducer if the pressure at the cold water inlet to the tank is higher than allowed.
- Install a safety valve which have a maximum 10.0 bar opening pressure on the incoming domestic water line according to outline diagram in order to protect the storage tank against overpressure. Pressure increases during heating the water.
- During heating the water, small and temporary water flow from the safety valve can occur, which indicates that the pressure has increased above the rated value, which triggered the valve. This may in no way be prevented.
- Safety valve drain line should be installed with a decline, in an environment free of freezing and remain open to the atmosphere. The manufacturer is not responsible for flooding the room through the safety valve.
- Blocked safety valve can cause equipment failure. Drain the outflow from the safety valve to the sewerage or drain grate.
- See section Dockings on page 25 for outline diagram.
- Connect the water supply system according to the installation diagram.

Installation diagram of the PT storage tank with one coil.



1. PT storage tank
2. Cut-off valve
3. Safety valve
4. Drain valve
5. Pressure reducer (option, if the pressure in the system exceeds the allowable value)
6. Strainer
7. Hot water circulating pump
8. Hot water expansion vessel

### Information

*In order to minimize the flow of water from the safety valve associated with the thermal expansion of the liquid, it is advisable to install a suitable expansion vessel at the cold water connection (see item 8.)*

### CAUTION

*Installation of the appropriate safety valve in the cold water supply line protecting the unit against overpressure is mandatory!*

### CAUTION

*Installation of necking of any kind (such as reducers, dirt pockets, etc.) and cut-off valves between the storage tank and the safety valve is not allowed. Only a T-pipe with a drain valve and a T-pipe with an expansion vessel may be installed in these line sections.*

### CAUTION

*Never block the safety valve or drain line. This can cause a dangerous overpressure in the storage tank.*

### CAUTION

*When heating water, slight, temporary discharge from the safety valve can occur. This is a correct safety valve function. Any attempt to interfere in its operation can lead to the danger and destruction of the storage tank.*

### CAUTION

*Never use the equipment with clogged safety valves.*

### Connection

After the installation and levelling the tank, follow the procedure below (for the connector pipe symbols, refer to page 19):

1. Remove protecting plugs from the connector pipes
2. Connect the hot water intake line (N).
3. Connect the cold water supply line together with the required safety valves (G).
4. If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the connector pipe (L). Otherwise, plug the pipe.
5. Connect the supply (J) and return (H) of the heating medium to the coil.

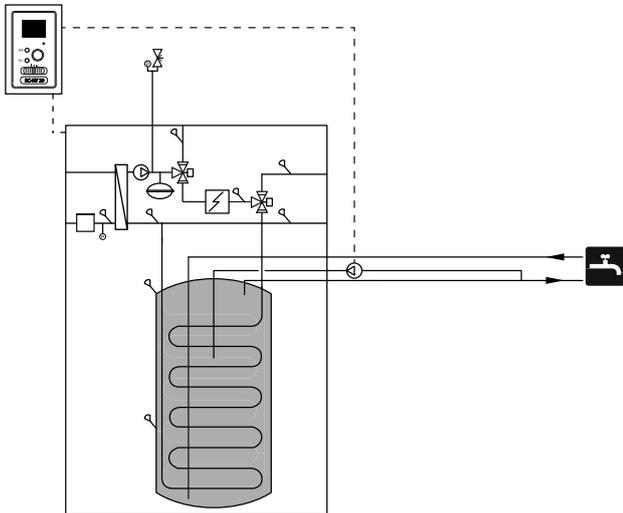
### CAUTION

*If there is an electric heating module installed in the storage tank, fill the tank with water before connecting it to the electrical installation.*

### Hot water circulation circuit

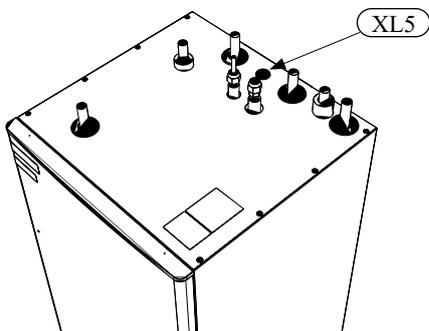
Hot water circulation function is available for HMK100 and PT300/500.

#### HMK100

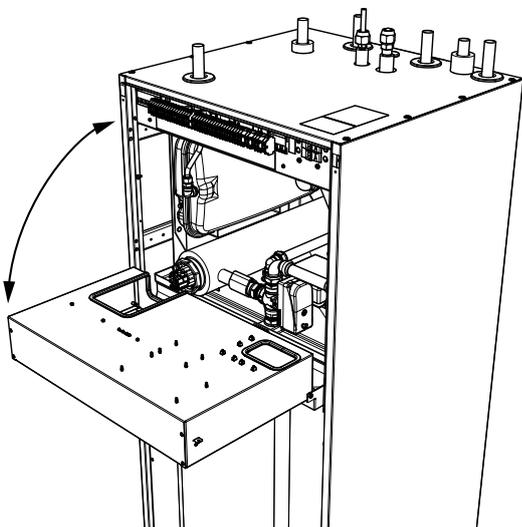


To connect the circulation:

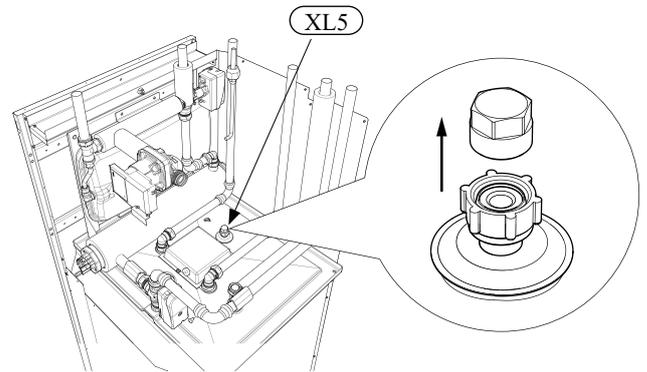
1. Remove the XL5 plug from the top of the housing.



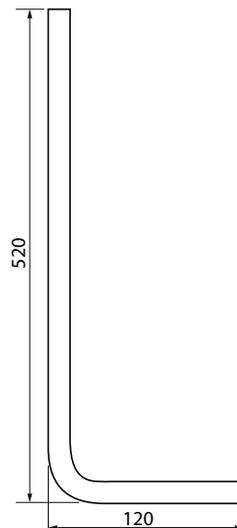
2. Remove the front panel, then slide the control panel down to access the hydraulic connections.



3. Remove the plug from the circulation pipe (XL5).



4. Install the elbow, facing the rear housing, on the circulation pipe.
5. Connect the pipe to the elbow, with the dimensions shown in the figure below, leading pipe in the top of the housing, in place of the XL5 plug. Mount the pipe insulation.



Circulation pipe dimensions (\*)



Elbow 15x15 (\*)

6. At the outlet of the circulation tube, install the circulation pump and then connect its control to the RC-HY (Chapter 5 Electrical connection).
7. Install the control panel and the front panel.

(\*) Prepared on site.

#### PT300/500

If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the port L (see page 21).

Then install the Cut-off valves, circulation pump and strainer.

## Connection of external heat source

External heat source, e.g. a gas or oil boiler or electric heater, can be connected on supply line of heating system (XL1).

## Refrigerant circuit

### Connecting refrigerant pipes

See Installation manual for outdoor unit.

### Piping insulation

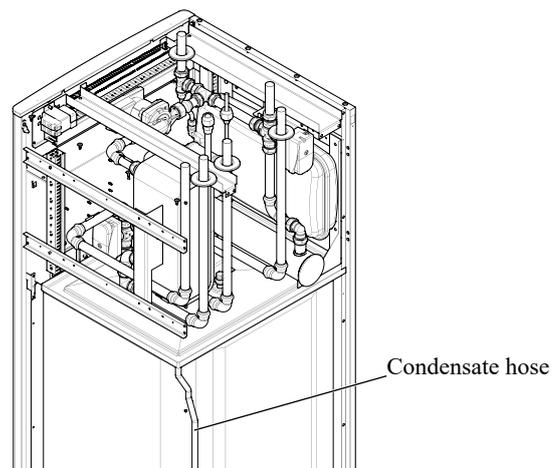
Install insulation on all piping in order to avoid condensation during cooling operation.

It is also strongly recommended to insulate piping for heating only application in order to avoid getting burned or reducing the heating capacity.

The thickness of the insulation should be 20mm where the relative humidity exceeds 70%.

### Drain connection

HMK 100 is equipped with a condensate hose in the heat exchanger section. The hose drains all condensate away from the device to minimize the risk of damage. If necessary, the hose can be extended.



## Dockings

### General

#### Installation requirements

Hydrolution can be connected in several different ways, some of which are shown on the following pages.

	HSB100	HMK100	HSB100	HMK100
	FDCW71VNX		FDCW100VNX	
Max pressure, climate system	0.25 MPa (2.5 Bar)			
Highest recommended supply/return temperature	55/45°C			
Max temperature, climate system	65 °C			
Max temperature in indoor unit	65 °C			
Max temperature from external heat source	65 °C			
Max supply temperature with compressor at outdoor temp -15°C	58 °C			
Min supply temp. cooling	7 °C			
Max supply temp. cooling	25 °C			
Min volume, climate system during heating, cooling	50 L		80 L	
Min volume, climate system during underfloor cooling	80 L		100 L	
Max flow, climate system	0.38 L/s		0.57 L/s	
Min flow, climate system, at 100% circulation pump speed	0.19 L/s		0.29 L/s	
Min flow, climate system	0.12 L/s		0.15 L/s	
Nominal system flow heating ( $\Delta T=5K$ )	0.38 L/s (8kW, 7/45°C)		0.43 L/s (9kW, 7/45°C)	
Nominal system flow cooling ( $\Delta T=5K$ )	0.34 L/s (7.1kW, 35/7°C)		0.38 L/s (8kW, 35/7°C)	

External circulation pump must be used when the pressure drop in the system is greater than the available external pressure. In such cases, a bypass line with non-return valve must be installed.

Use an overflow valve if system flow cannot be guaranteed.

#### Symbol key

Symbol	Meaning
	Venting valve
	Shut-off valve
	Non-return valve
	Control valve
	Safety valve
	Temperature sensor
	Expansion vessel
	Pressure gauge
	Circulation pump
	Shunt / shuttle valve
	Fan

## Docking alternatives

Heating system can be constructed in several different ways combining indoor unit, tank, control unit and other accessories.

For further option information, see page 84.

In the system example shown on the following page, heating, hot water as well as cooling operation are available.

Additional heating is helpful on the cold day of the year as the energy from the air is reduced. It is also recommended as back-up in case the heat pump operation is blocked for any reason (e.g. ambient temperature exceeds the operation limit of heat pump).

### NOTE

*The heating medium side and the hot water side must be fitted with the necessary safety equipment in accordance with the applicable regulations.*

***This is the outline diagram. Actual installations must be planned according to applicable standards.***

## Explanation

### AA25

#### Controller

BT1	Outdoor sensor <sup>1)</sup>
BT6	Temperature sensor, hotwater charging <sup>1)</sup>
BT7	Temperature sensor, hot water top <sup>1)</sup>
BT25	Temperature sensor, external supply line <sup>1)</sup>
BT50	Room sensor
BT63	Temperature sensor, external supply line after electric heater
BT71	Temperature sensor, external return line <sup>1)</sup>
GP10	Circulation pump, Heating medium
QN10	Reversing valve, Hot water/Heating medium <sup>2)</sup>

### EB1

#### Additional heat

EB1	Immersion heater
KA1	Auxiliary relay/Contactor <sup>2)</sup>

### EB101

#### Heat pump system

BP4	Pressure sensor, condensor <sup>3)</sup>
BT3	Temperature sensor, return line <sup>3)</sup>
BT12	Temperature sensor, condenser supply line <sup>3)</sup>
BT15	Temperature sensor, fluid pipe <sup>3)</sup>
EB101	Heat pump
FL10	Safety valve
GP12	Charge pump <sup>2)</sup>
HQ1	Particle filter <sup>3)</sup>
QM1	Drain valve, Heating medium
QM31	Shut-off valve, Heating medium, Flow
QM32	Shut off valve, Heating medium, Return
QM43	Shut-off valve

### EQ1

#### Cooling system

BT64	Temperature sensor, cooling supply line <sup>2)</sup>
CP6	Single jacket accumulator tank, cooling
GP13	Circulation pump, cooling
QN12	Reversing valve, Cooling/Heating <sup>2)</sup>

### Miscellaneous

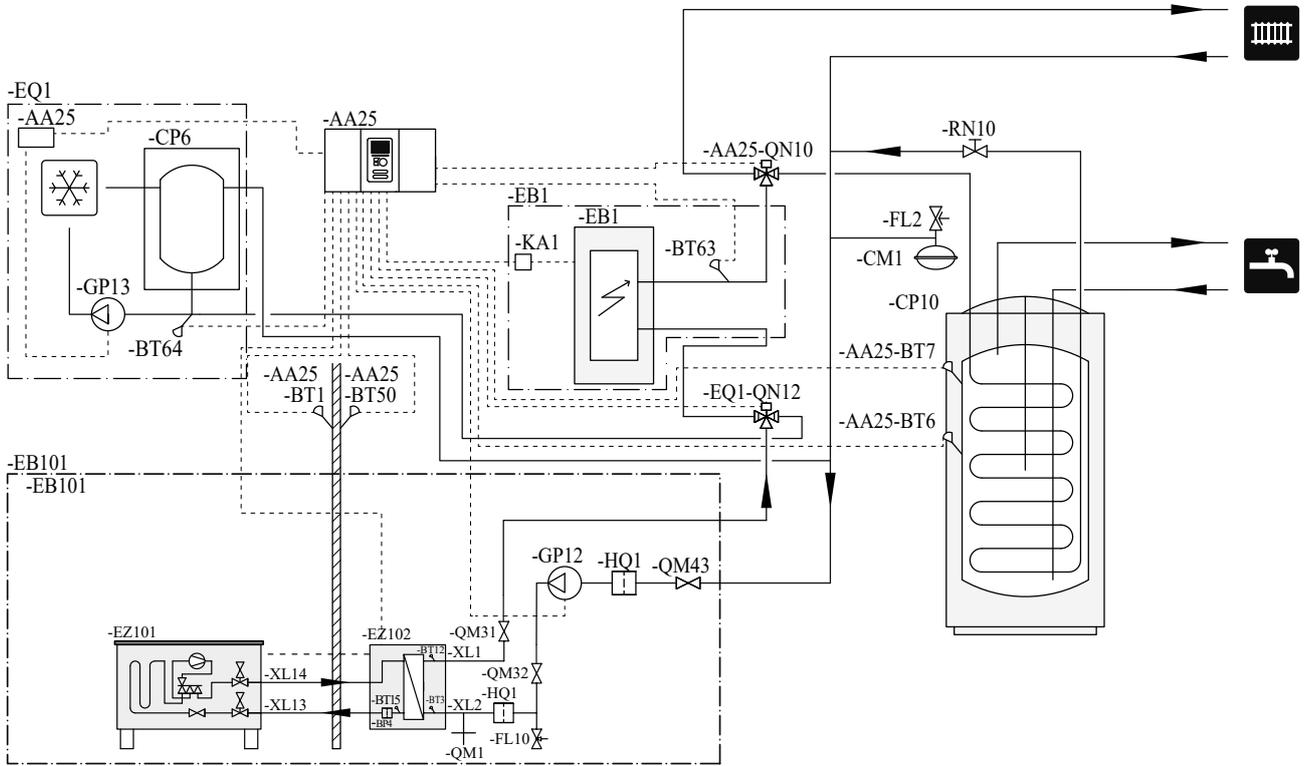
CM1	Expansion vessel closed, Heating medium
CP5	Buffer vessel
CP10	Accumulator tank with hotwater heating
EB20	Immersion heater
FL2	Safety valve, Heating medium
KA1	Auxiliary relay/Contactor
RN10	Trim valve

1) Included in and supplied with controller

2) Included in and supplied with accessory

3) Included in indoor unit

**Installation with indoor unit HSB100, tank PT300/500, controller RC-HY20/40 with step controlled additional heat before reversing valve for hot water and cooling function (4 pipe system)**



**NOTE**

*Not all components are shown in this outline diagram.*

Controller (AA25) starts and stops the heat pump (EB101) to meet the heating and hot water demand.

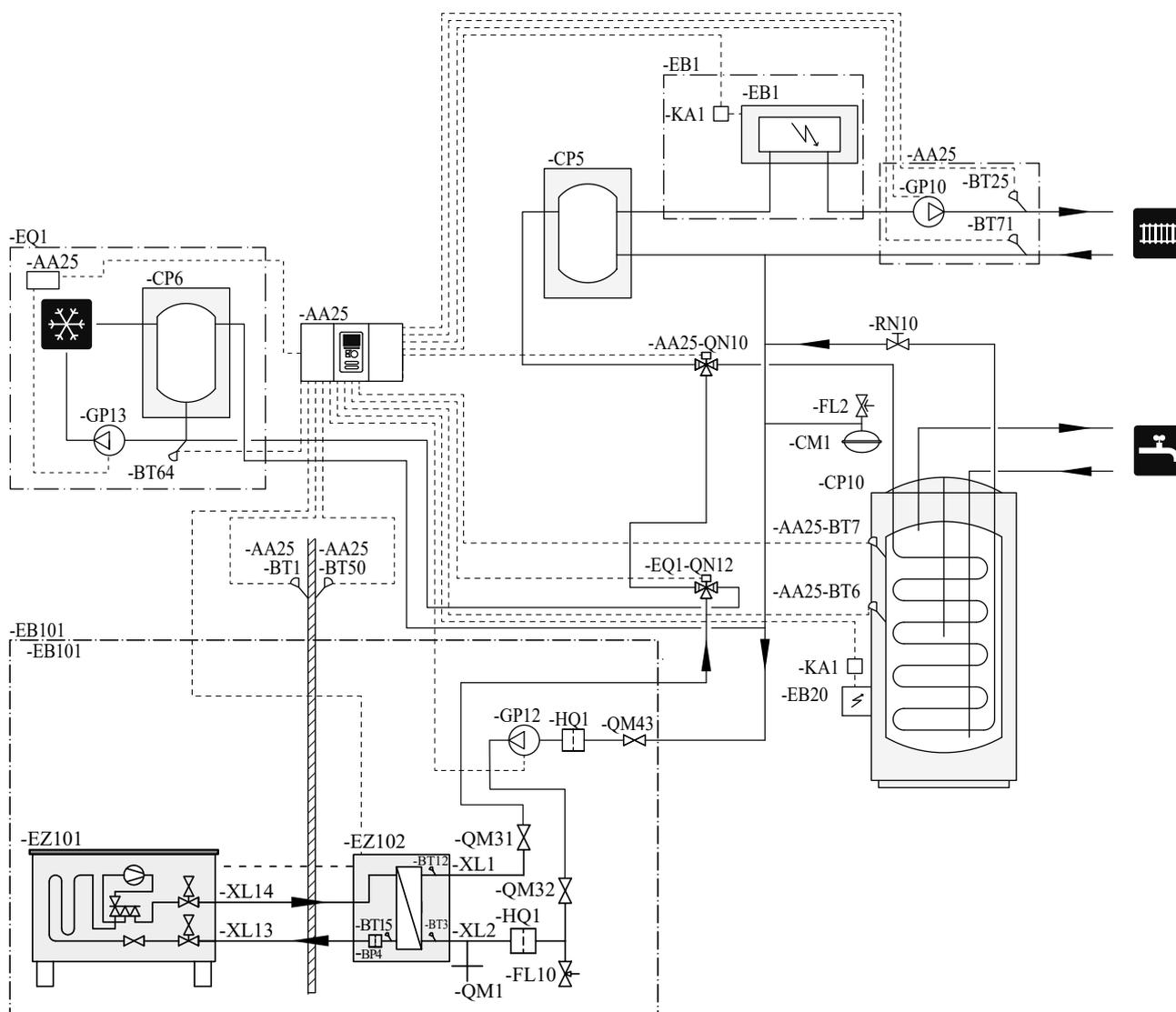
At simultaneous heating and hot water demand, the reversing valve (AA25-QN10) switches periodically between the climate system and the water heater/accumulator tank (CP10). When the hot water heater/accumulator tank is fully charged, the reversing valve switches to the climate system.

Additional heat (EB1) is turned on automatically when the heating demand exceeds the heat pump capacity. This is used for both heating and charging hot water.

The additional heat can also be used for water heater when a higher temperature is required than the heat pump can produce.

During cooling operation, the reversing valve (EQ1-QN12) switches to the cooling system (EQ1). If several simultaneous demands occur while there is a cooling demand, the system reacts differently. In the event of a hot water demand, the reversing valve switches back and hot water is produced until the demand is fulfilled. In the event of a heating demand, the reversing valve switches periodically between cooling and heating. If the cooling demand is met, the reversing valve switches back to basic mode (heating/hot water).

### Indoor unit HSB100, tank PT300/500, controller RC-HY20/40 with step controlled additional heat after reversing valve for hot water and cooling function (4 pipe system)



#### NOTE

*Not all components are shown in this outline diagram.*

This installation alternative is suitable for more complex installations with a focus on comfort.

Controller (AA25) starts and stops the heat pump (EB101) to meet the heating and hot water demand of the installation.

At simultaneous heating and hot water demand the reversing valve (AA25-QN10) switches periodically between the climate system and the water heater/accumulator tank (CP10). When the hot water heater/accumulator tank is fully charged, the reversing valve switches to the climate system.

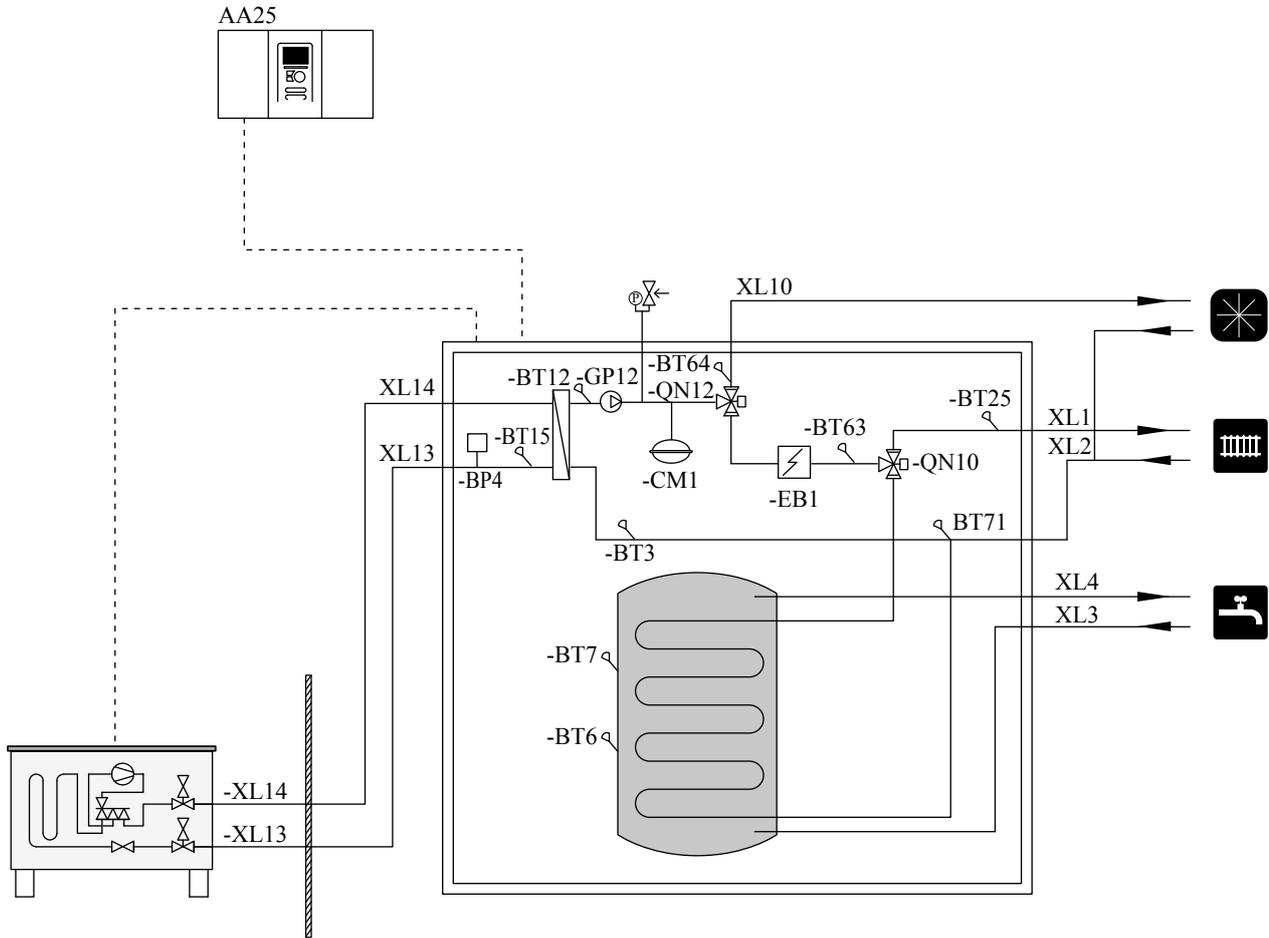
Additional heat (EB1) is turned on, automatically when the heating demand exceeds the heat pump capacity.

Immersion heater (EB20) in the water heater/accumulator tank is used during the time to produce hot water if the heat pump is used for heating at the same time.

The immersion heater (EB20) can also be used if a higher temperature of hot water is required than the heat pump can produce.

During cooling operation, the reversing valve (EQ1-QN12) switches to the cooling system (EQ1). If several simultaneous demands occur while there is a cooling demand, the system reacts differently. In the event of a hot water demand, the reversing valve switches back and hot water is produced until the demand is fulfilled. In the event of a heating demand, the reversing valve switches periodically between cooling and heating. If the cooling demand is met, the reversing valve switches back to basic mode (heating/hot water).

Installation with indoor unit HMK100 for hot water and cooling function (4 pipe system)



Controller (AA25) starts and stops the heat pump (EB101) to meet the heating and hot water demand. At simultaneous heating and hot water demand, the reversing valve (QN10) switches periodically between the climate system and the hot water heater. When the hot water heater is fully charged, the reversing valve switches to the climate system.

Additional heat (EB1) is turned on automatically when the heating demand exceeds the heat pump capacity. This is used for both heating and charging water heater.

The additional heat can also be used for water heater when a higher temperature is required than the heat pump can produce.

Cooling is controlled by the sensor BT64, and the reversing valve (QN12) switches to the cooling system. If several simultaneous demands occur while there is a cooling demands, the system reacts differently. In the event of a hot water demand, the reversing valve switches back and hot water is produced until the demand is fulfilled. In the event of heating demand, the reversing valve switches periodically between cooling and heating. If the cooling demand is met, the reversing valve switches back to basic mode (heating/hot water).

# Electrical installation

## General

Indoor unit must be installed via an isolator switch in accordance with the local codes and regulations.

For HMK100, electrical equipments, except outdoor air sensor, room sensor, current transformers and outdoor unit has been connected at the factory.

- Disconnect the indoor unit, outdoor unit and control unit before insulation testing of the house wiring.
- If the building is equipped with an earth-fault breaker, Hydrolution should be equipped with a separate one.
- For the electrical wiring diagram, see page 85.
- Do not lay communication, sensor or signal cables for external connection close to high voltage lines.
- Minimum cross section of communication, sensor or signal cables for external connection must be 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> up to 50 m, for example EKKX, LiYY or equivalent.
- Use screened three core cable for communication between controller (RC-HY20/40) and indoor unit (HSB100/HMK100).
- When laying cables into indoor units and controllers, be sure to route the cable grommet (UB1 AND UB2).
- Be careful to route cables not to be damaged by metal edge or trapped by panels.
- Outdoor unit is equipped with a single phase compressor. This means that phase L3 is loaded with up to  $\alpha$  A during compressor operation.

Outdoor unit	$\alpha$
FDCW71VNX	16
FDCW100VNX	23

### NOTE

Electrical installation and service must be carried out under the supervision of a qualified electrician.

Turn off the circuit breaker before carrying out any servicing.

Electrical installation and wiring must be carried out in accordance with the stipulations in force.

Make sure to turn off the power supply during installation.

### NOTE

Do not turn on the power on control until the boiler is filled with water.

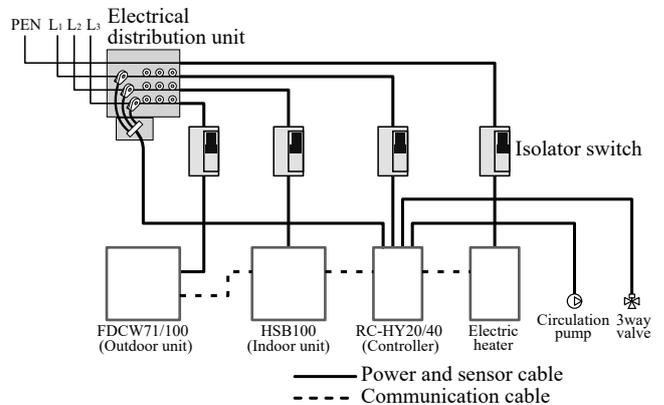
The circulation pump and immersion heater may become damaged.

### NOTE

If the power supply cable is damaged, only authorised person may replace it to avoid danger or damage.

## Principle diagram, electrical installation

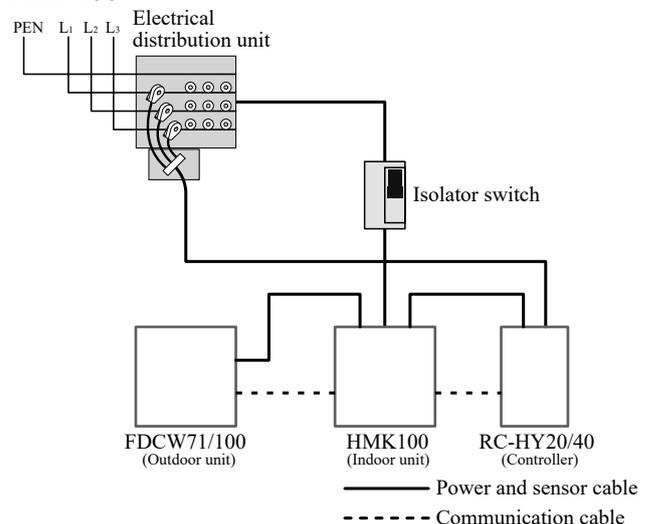
### HSB100



	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Power – Outdoor unit	3core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	2core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

The cable size shown on the above table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

### HMK100

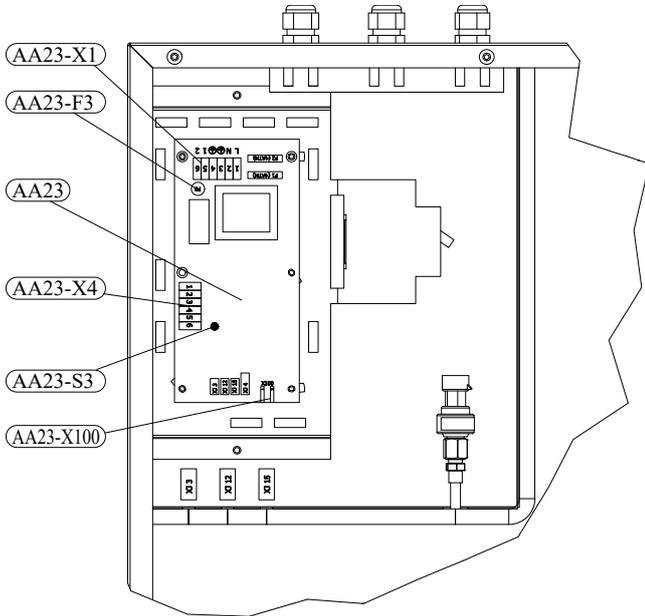


	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	5core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power/communication cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	5core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power/communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable) 3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

The cable size shown on the above table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

## Electrical components

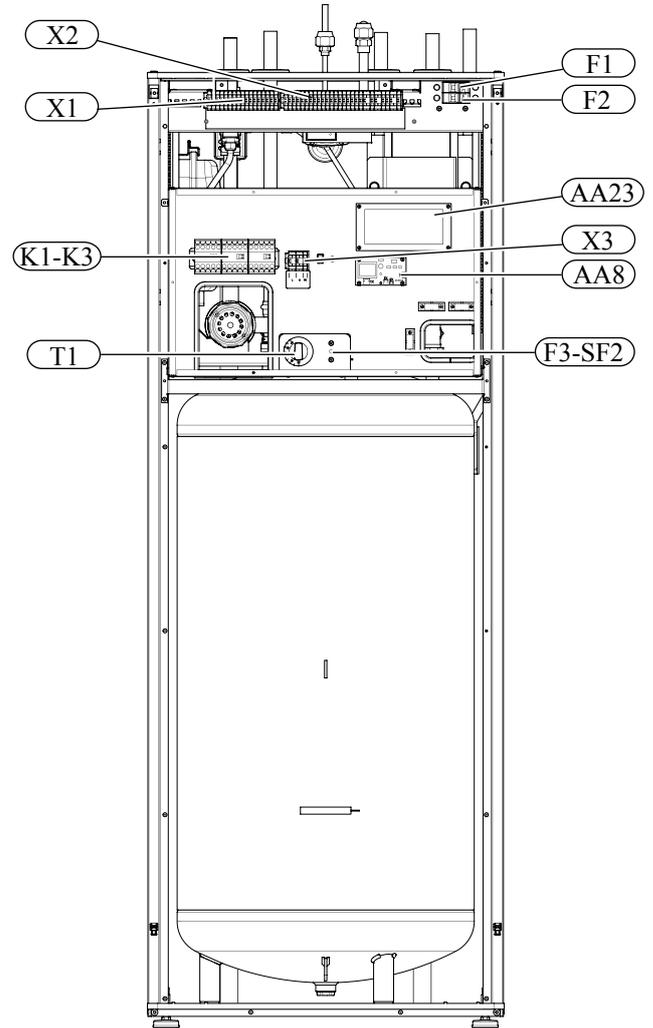
### HSB100



#### Explanation

AA23	Communication board
AA23-F3	Fuse for external heating cable
AA23-S3	DIP switch, addressing of outdoor unit
AA23-X1	Terminal block, incoming supply, connection of KVR
AA23-X4	Terminal block, communication with indoor module / control module
AA23-X100	Terminal block, communication outdoor module FDCW

### HMK100



#### Explanation

X1	Terminal block, sensors
X2	Terminal block, power supply
X3	Terminal block
SF1	Controller switch
K1-K3	Submersible heater contact
T1	Thermostat, standby mode
F3	Temperature limiter
AA8	Titanium anode board
AA23	Communication board
F1	Circuit breaker, outdoor unit
F2	Circuit breaker, controller
UB1	Cable grommet
UB2	Cable grommet
F3-SF2	Reset button, temperature limiter

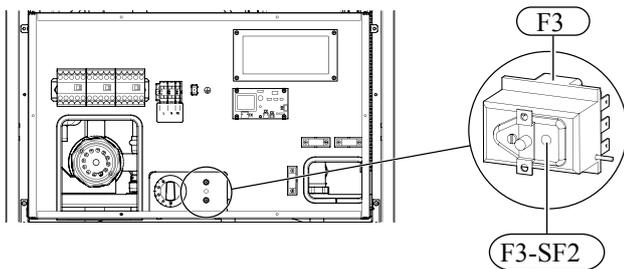
### Temperature limiter

Temperature limiter (F3) cuts off the power supply of the electrical heating module if the temperature increases to the range of approximately 87 °C, and can be reset manually.

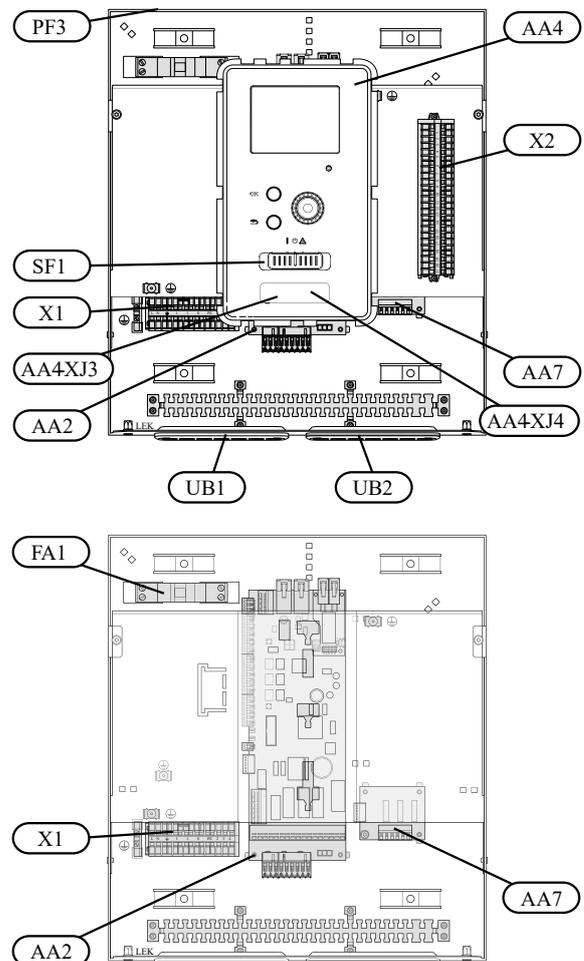
### Resetting

Temperature limiter (F3) is accessible behind the front cover. Temperature limiter is reset by strong pressing of the button (F3-SF2) using a small screwdriver.

Press the button, max. 15 N (approx. 1.5 kg).



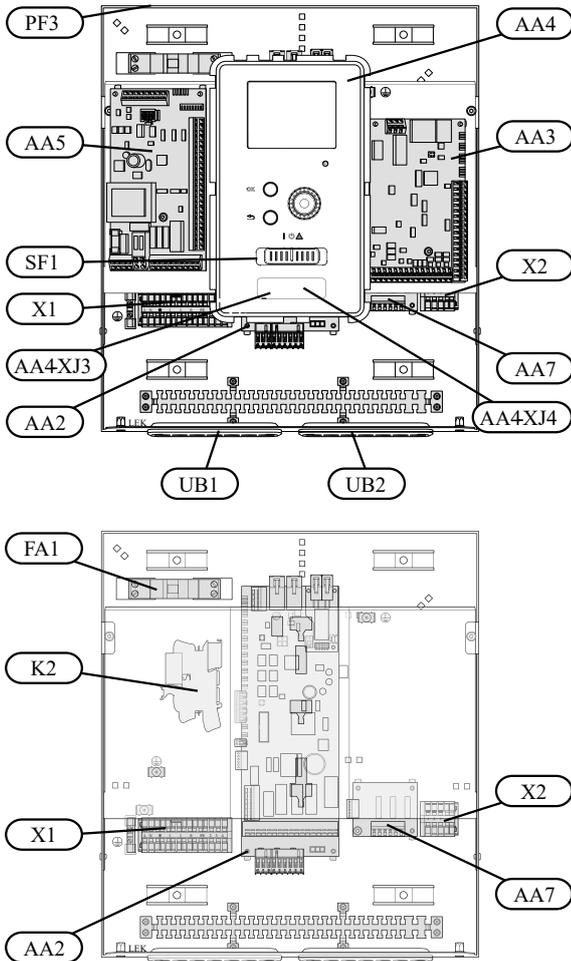
### RC-HY20



### Explanation

AA2	Base card
AA4	Display unit
AA4-XJ3	USB socket
AA4-XJ4	Service outlet (No function)
AA7	Extra relay circuit board
FA1	Miniature circuit-breaker
X1	Terminal block, incoming electrical supply
X2	Terminal block, control signal circulation pump, sensors AUX inputs and heat pump
SF1	Switch
PF3	Serial number plate
UB1	Cable grommet, incoming supply electricity, power for accessories
UB2	Cable grommet, signal

RC-HY40

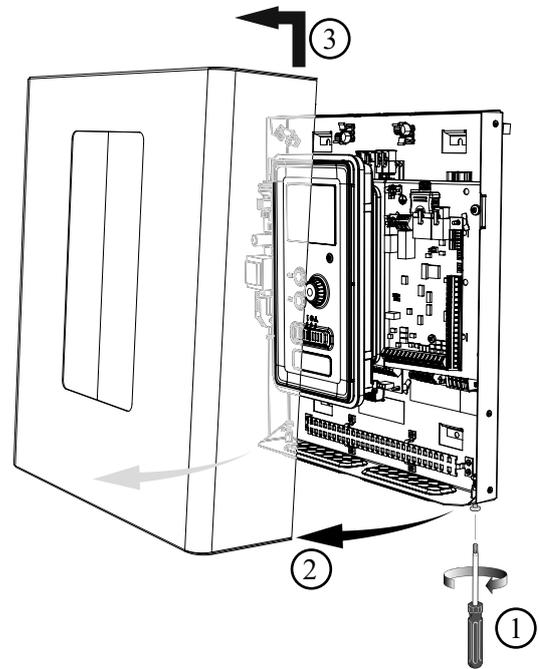


Explanation

- AA2 Base card
- AA3 Input circuit board
- AA4 Display unit
- AA4-XJ3 USB socket
- AA4-XJ4 Service outlet (No function)
- AA5 Accessory card
- AA7 Extra relay circuit board
- FA1 Miniature circuit-breaker
- K2 Emergency mode relay
- X1 Terminal block, incoming electrical supply
- X2 Terminal block, AUX4 - AUX6
- SF1 Switch
- PF3 Serial number plate
- UB1 Cable grommet, incoming supply electricity, power for accessories
- UB2 Cable grommet, signal

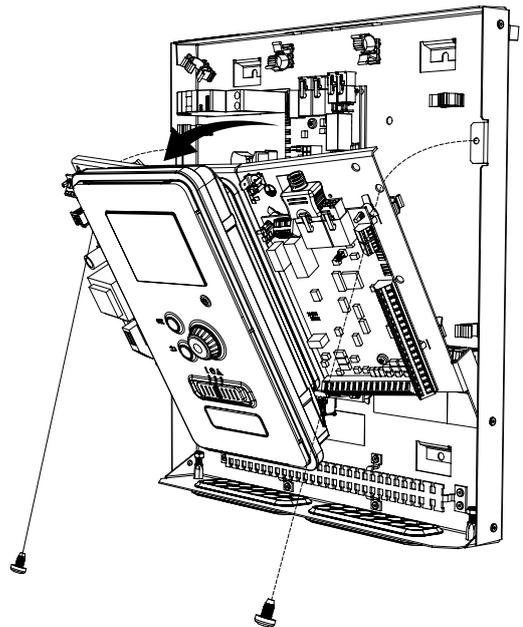
Accessibility, electrical connection for controller

The cover of the control module is opened using a Torx 25 screwdriver. Assembly takes place in the reverse order.

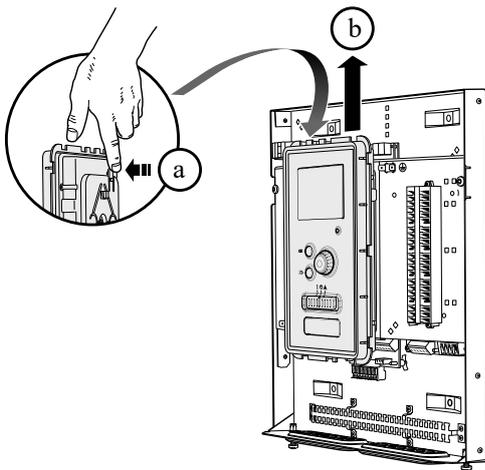


**NOTE**

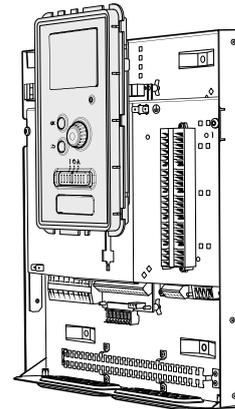
The cover to access the base board is opened using a Torx 25 screwdriver



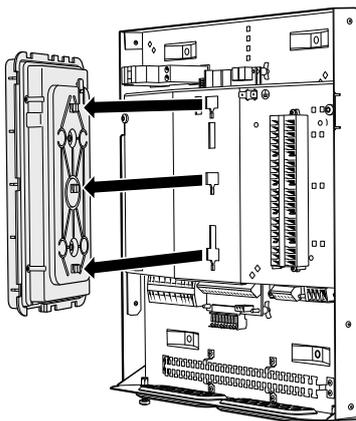
The display may need to be moved for easier access when connecting electrics. This is easily done by following these steps.



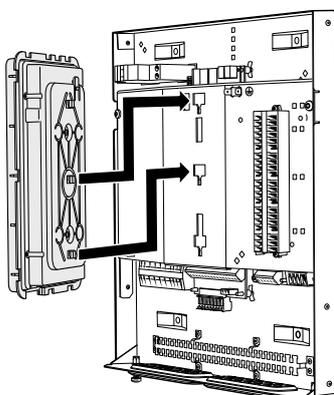
1. Press in the catch on the upper rear side of the display unit towards you (a) and move the display unit upwards (b) so that the mountings unhook from the panel.



4. Secure the display on the panel.
5. When the electrical connection is ready the display must be reinstalled with three mounting points again, otherwise the front cover cannot be installed.



2. Lift the display unit from its mountings.



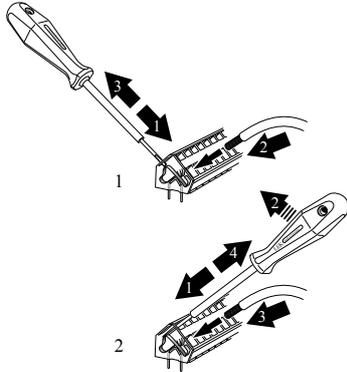
3. Align the two lower mountings on the reverse of the display unit with the two upper holes in the panel as illustrated.

## Cable lock

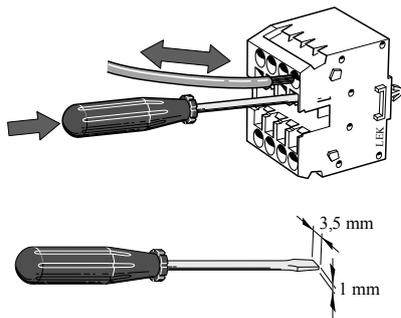
Use a suitable tool to release/lock cables in the terminal block.

### HSB100, RC-HY20/40

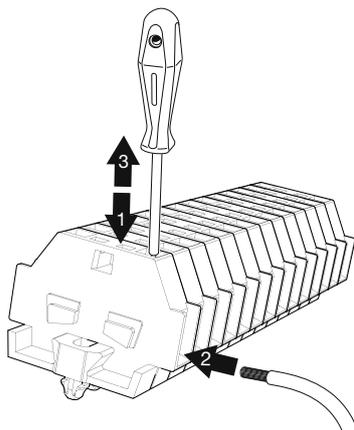
Terminal block on the electrical card



Terminal block



## HMK100



## Connection

### NOTE

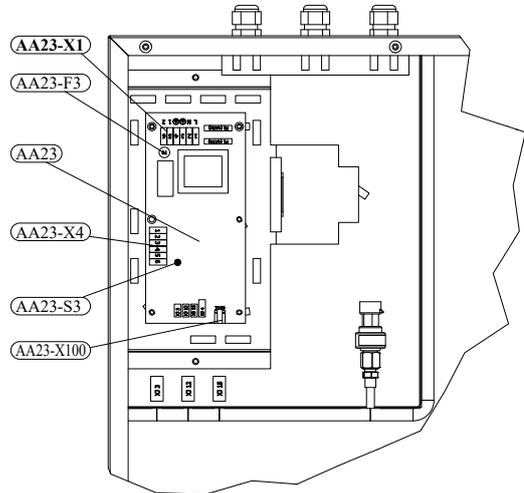
To prevent interference, unshielded communication and/or sensor cables to external connections must not be laid closer than 20 cm from high voltage cables.

## HSB100

### Power supply

In case of HSB100, power supply is made to indoor unit, outdoor unit and controller separately. 230V 1AC 50Hz is applied.

For indoor unit, incoming supply is connected on AA23-X1 terminal.

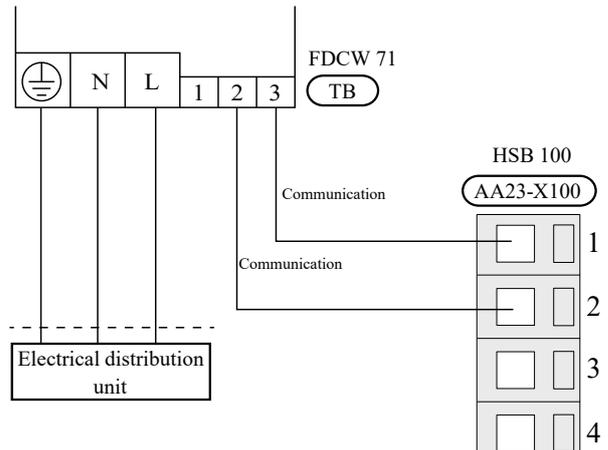


For outdoor unit, incoming supply is connected on TB terminal. See figure on Connection between indoor and outdoor unit.

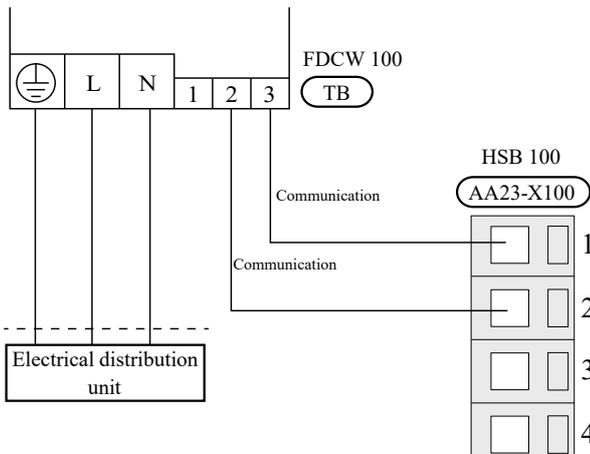
### Connection between indoor and outdoor unit

The communication cable between indoor and outdoor unit is connected between terminal AA23-X100 in indoor unit and TB in outdoor unit. Screened 2 core cable is recommended.

### <HSB100 with FDCW71VNX>



<HSB100 with FDCW100VNX>



**Connection between indoor unit and controller**

See Connection for RC-HY20/40

**Cascade connection setting**

In case of cascade connection system, it is necessary to allot unique address to each indoor unit. Set the dip switch S3-1, -2 and -3 according to the following table.

Address	S3:1	S3:2	S3:3
1	OFF	OFF	OFF
2	On	OFF	OFF
3	OFF	On	OFF
4	On	On	OFF
5	OFF	OFF	On
6	On	OFF	On
7	OFF	On	On
8	On	On	On

**Recommended fuse size for HSB100**

The recommended fuse size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Fuse size
Indoor unit (HSB100)	6A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Outdoor unit (FDCW71VNX)	20A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Outdoor unit (FDCW100VNX)	30A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Controller (RC-HY20/40)	10A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Electric heater (ELK9M) (reference)	16 A/400V 3NAC 50Hz

**Recommended cable size for HSB100**

The recommended cable size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Power – Outdoor unit	3core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	2core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

**HMK100**

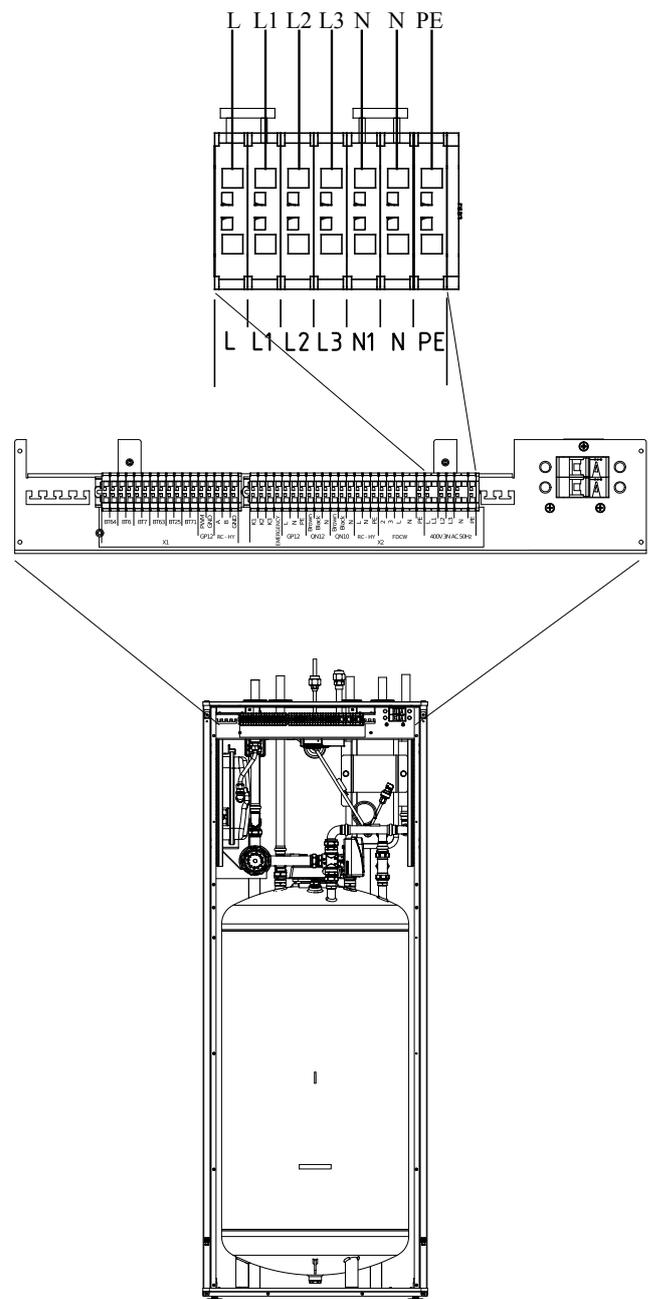
**Circuit breaker**

HMK100 is equipped with internal circuit breakers to protect the system and components. The circuit breaker F1 protects outdoor unit and F2 protects controller.

**Power supply**

In case of HMK100, power supply is made to indoor unit, and further connected to outdoor unit and controller. 400V 3NAC 50Hz is applied.

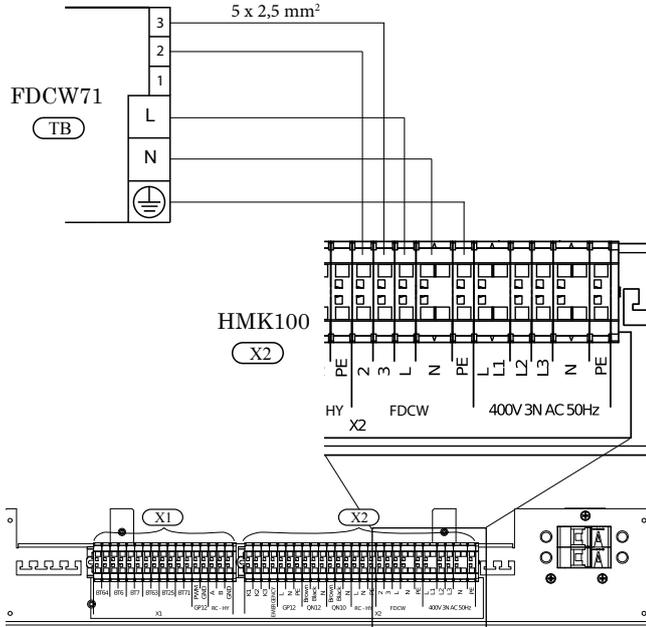
Connect power supply cable to the port for power supply on X2 terminal as shown below.



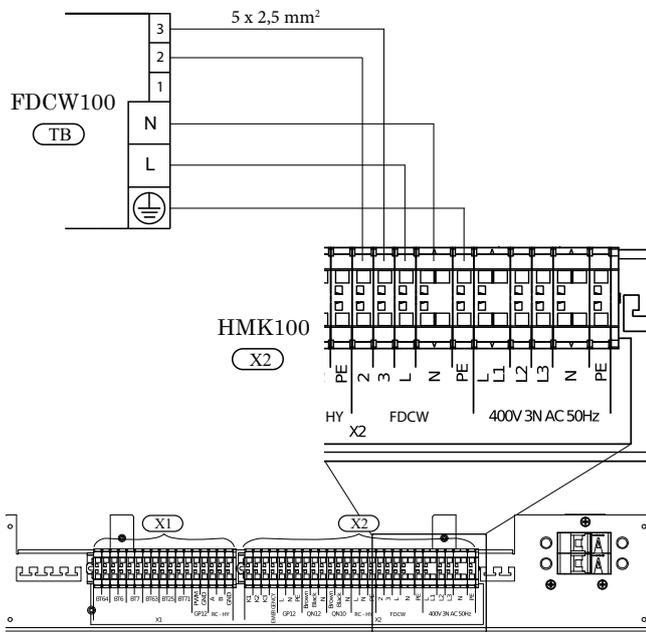
**Connection between indoor and outdoor unit**

For interconnection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit, connect 2, 3, L, N and PE port for outdoor unit on X2 terminal on HMK100 to 2, 3, L, N, and  $\oplus$  port on FDCW71/100 respectively according to the below figure.

**<HMK100 with FDCW71VNX>**



**<HMK100 with FDCW100VNX>**



**Connection between indoor unit and controller**

See Connection for RC-HY20/40.

**Recommended fuse size for HMK100**

The recommended fuse size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Fuse size
Indoor unit (HMK100)	25A / 400V 3NAC 50Hz

**Recommended cable size for HMK100**

The recommended fuse size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	5core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power/communication cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	5core, 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power/communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable) 3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

**RC-HY20/40**

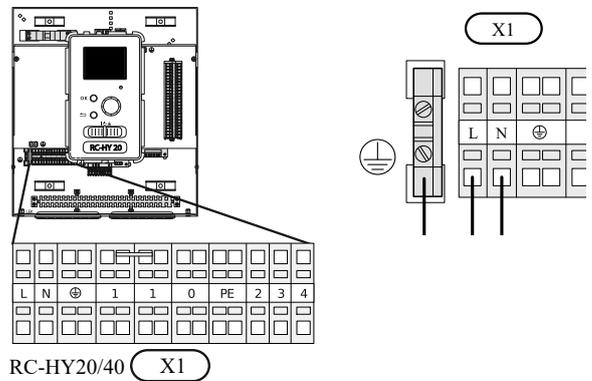
Cable connection is different according to the system structure. Refer to the connection method according to the indoor unit.

**Power supply**

**HSB100**

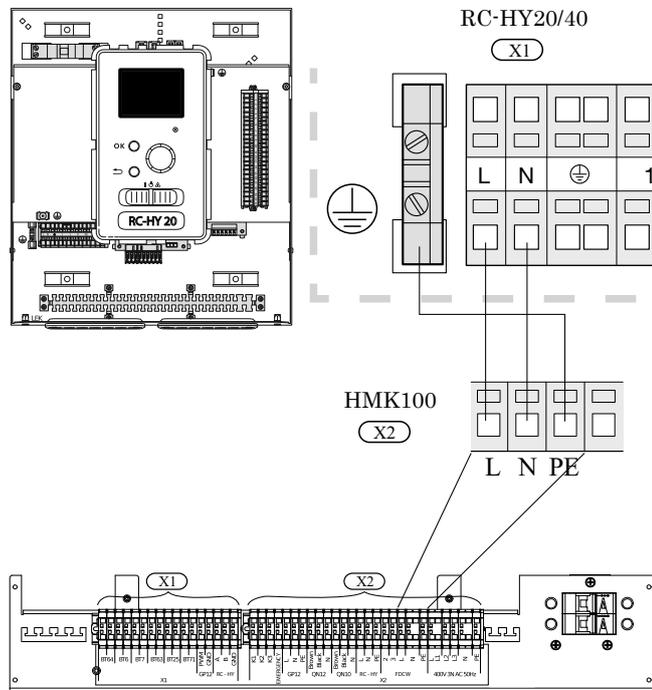
Connect power cable on X1 terminal as shown below.

RC-HY 20/40 must be installed via an isolator switch with a minimum breaking gap of 3 mm. Minimum cable area must be sized according to the fuse rating used.



**HMK100**

Power is supplied through indoor unit. Connect the port L, N and  $\oplus$  on X1 terminal on RC-HY20/40 to the port L, N and PE for controller on X2 terminal on HMK100 respectively as shown below.



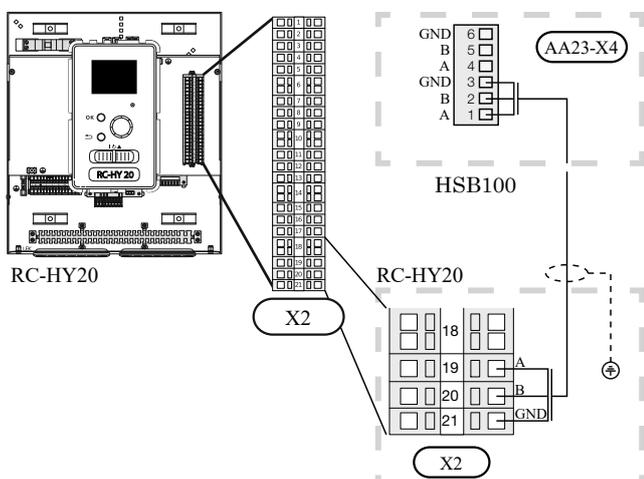
**Connection between controller and indoor unit**

**HSB100**

Signal cable is connected between controller and indoor unit with screened 3 core cable for HSB100. Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller as shown below.

**<HSB100 with RC-HY20>**

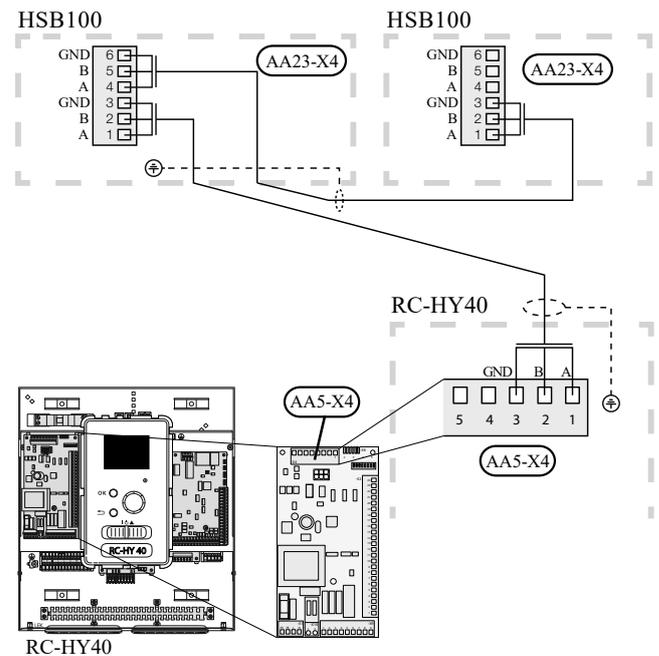
Connect the port 19(A), 20(B) and 21(GND) on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB100 respectively.



**<HSB100 with RC-HY40>**

Connect the port 1(A), 2(B) and 3(GND) on X4 terminal on AA5 board on RC-HY40 to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB100 respectively.

In case several systems are connected to one controller, connect the port 4, 5 and 6 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB100 close to the controller to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on another HSB100.



**HMK100**

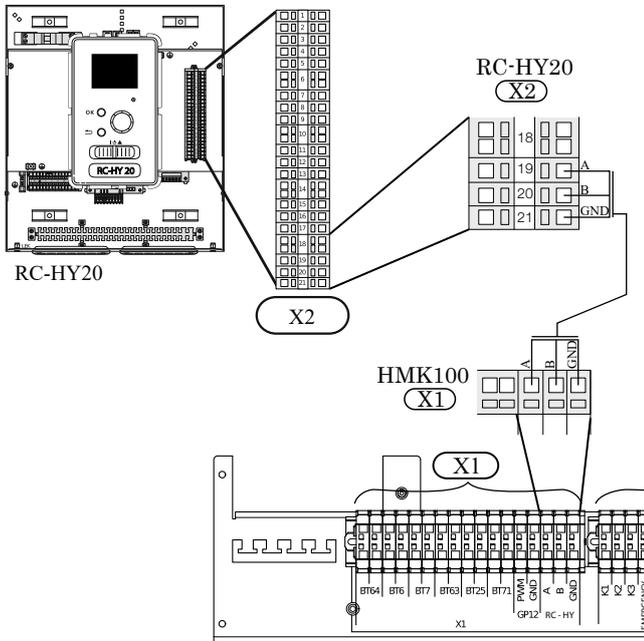
Communication cable and pump cable are connected between controller and indoor unit. with screened 3 core cable for HMK100. Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller as shown below.

## Electrical installation

### <HMK100 with RC-HY20>

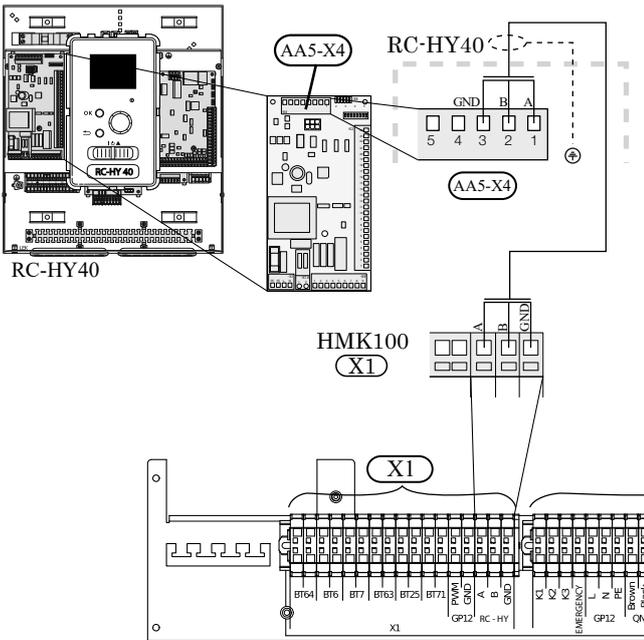
Communication cable

Connect the port 19(A), 20(B) and 21(GND) on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port A, B and GND for EB101 on X1 terminal on HMK100 respectively.



### <HMK100 with RC-HY40>

Connect the port 1(A), 2(B) and 3(GND) on X4 terminal on AA5 board on RC-HY40 to the port A, B and GND for EB101 on X1 on HMK100 respectively.



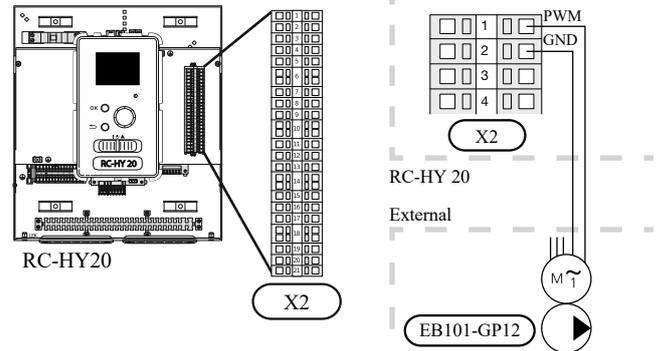
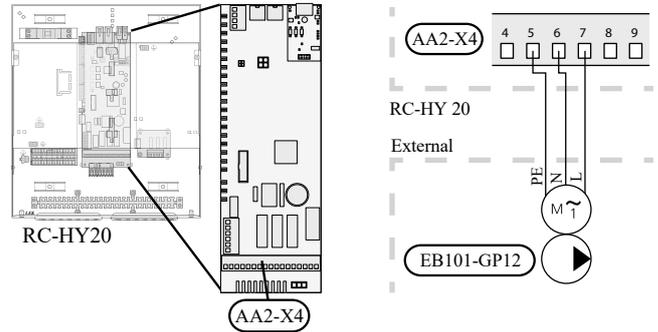
### Connection between controller and circulation pump (GP12)

#### HSB100

For HSB100, circulation pump (GP12) is installed outside of indoor unit. Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller.

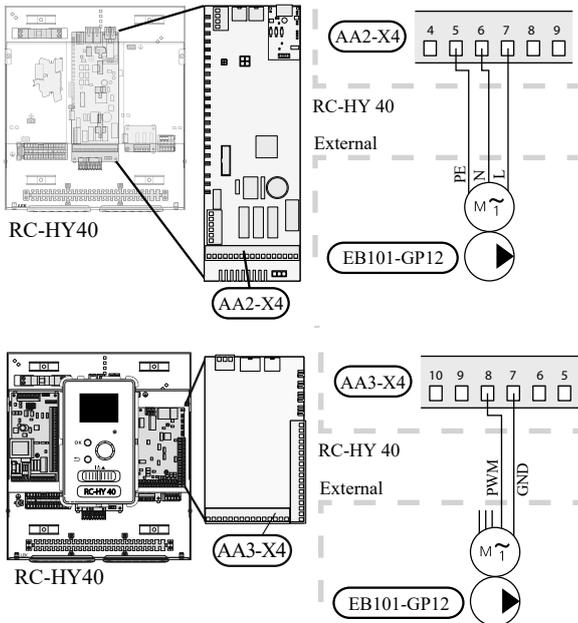
#### <HSB100 with RC-HY20>

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20/40 to the port PE, N and L on circulation pump respectively. Control signal cable is connected between the port 1 and 2 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 and PWM and GND on circulation pump respectively as shown below.

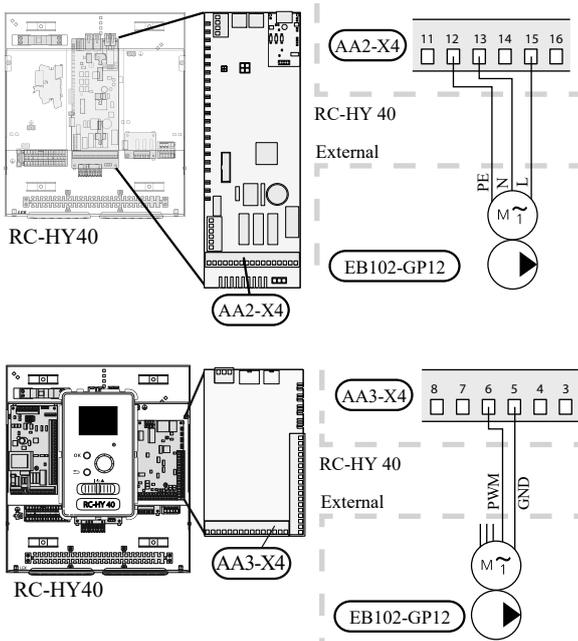


<HSB100 with RC-HY40>

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY40 to the port PE, N and L on circulation pump (EB101-GP12) respectively. Control signal cable is connected between the port 7 and 8 on X4 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 and GND and PWM on circulation pump respectively as shown below.



RC-HY40 can connect and control up to two pumps. Connect the port 12, 13 and 15 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY40 to the port PE, N and L on second circulation pump (EB102-GP12) respectively. Control cable is connected between the port 5 and 6 on X4 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 and GND and PWM on circulation pump respectively as shown below.

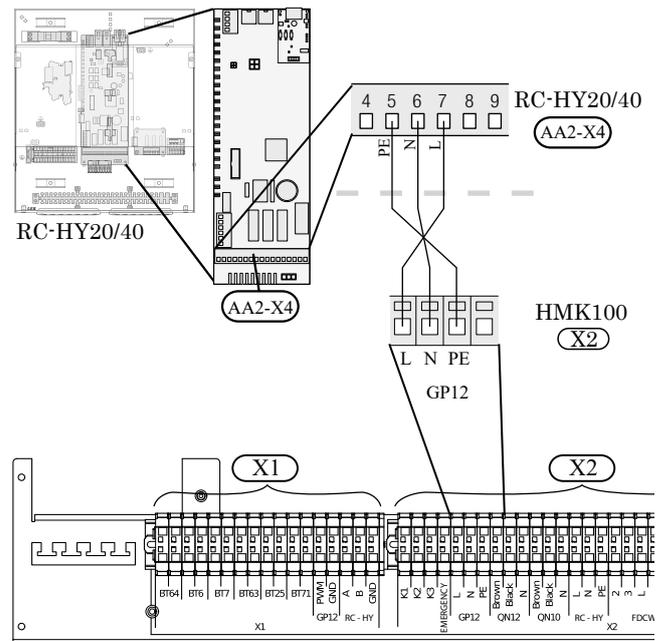


HMK100

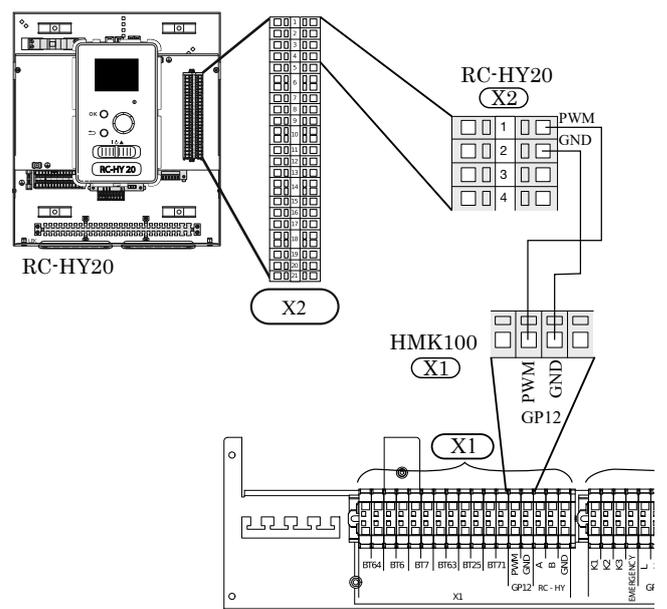
HMK100 is equipped with circulation pump (GP12). Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller.

<HMK100 with RC-HY20>

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board to the port L, N and PE for GP12 on X2 terminal on HMK100 respectively.



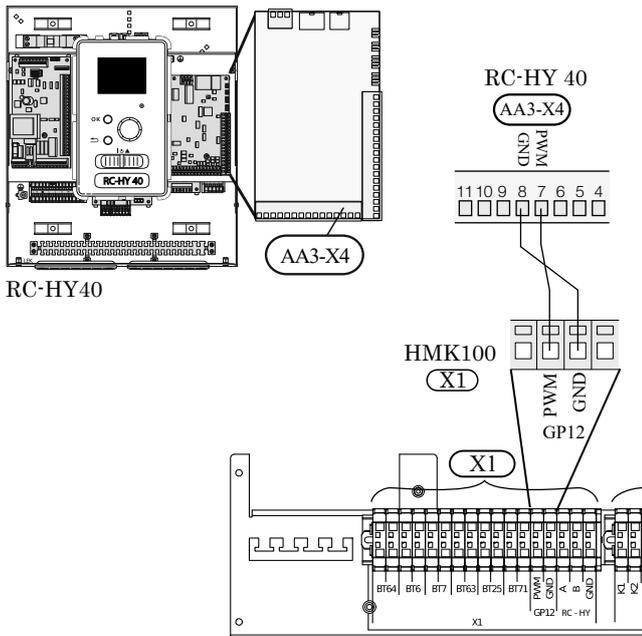
Also, connect the port 1 and 2 on X2 terminal to the port PWM and GND for GP12 on X1 terminal on HMK100 respectively as shown below.



<HMK100 with RC-HY40>

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board to the port L, N and PE for GP12 on X2 terminal on HMK100 respectively (same as with RC-HY20).

Also, connect the port 7 and 8 on X4 terminal on AA3 board to the port PWM and GND for GP12 on X1 terminal on HMK100 respectively as shown below.



Connection between controller and 3-way valve (QN10/QN12)

3-way valve is used for switching heating / hot water production (QN10), or switching heating / cooling (QN12). Install appropriate valves according to the system structure on site.

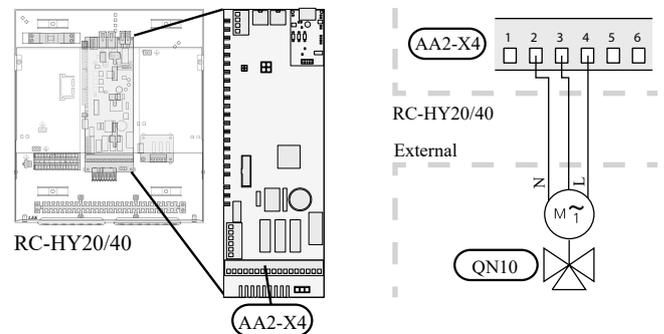
HSB100

HSB100 is not equipped with 3-way valve. Install the valves on right position according to the diagram and connect wires on appropriate port according to the type of controller.

<HSB100 with RC-HY20>

- 3-way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)

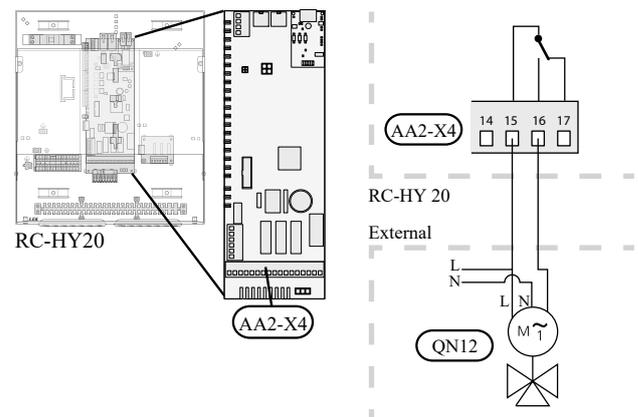
Connect the N, Control and L wire on 3-way valve to the port 2, 3 and 4 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20/40 respectively as shown below.



- 3-way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)

QN12 can be controlled with potential free variable relay. Connect L and Control wire on 3-way valve to the port 15 and 16 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20 respectively. Also, connect L and N wire to power supply as shown below.

Additional setting is necessary in menu 5.4. See Menu system for details.



**CAUTION**

The relay outputs can have a max load of 2 A at resistive load (230V AC).

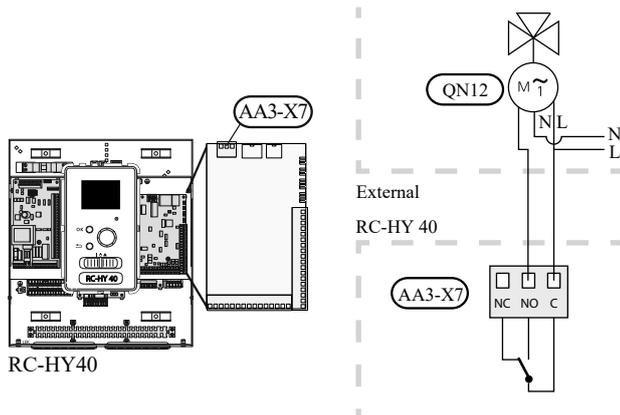
<HSB100 with RC-HY40>

- 3 way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)

Refer to 3-way valve connection for HSB100 with RC-HY20.

- 3 way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)

QN12 can be controlled with potential free variable relay. Connect L and Control wire on 3-way valve to the port C and NO on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 respectively. Also, connect L and N wire to power supply as shown below.



**CAUTION**  
The relay outputs may be subjected to a max load of 2A at resistive load (230V AC).

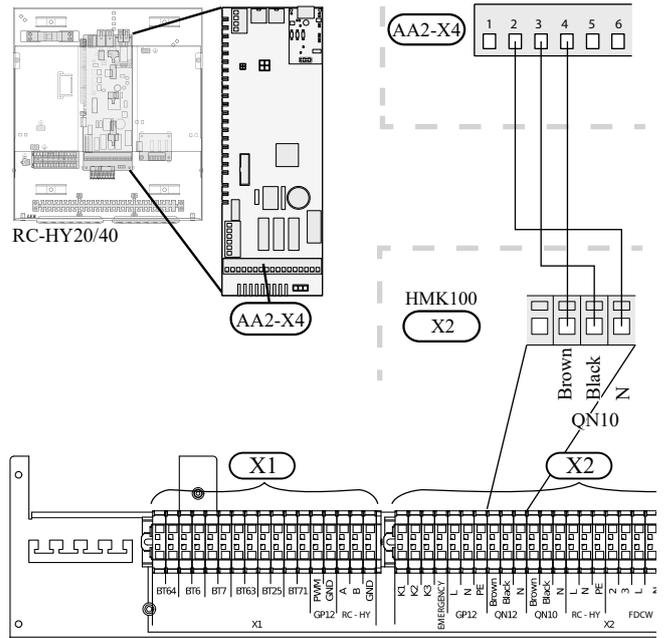
HMK100

HMK100 is equipped with both QN10 (for switching heating / hot water) and QN12 (for switching heating / cooling). Connect wires on appropriate port according to the type of controller.

<HMK100 with RC-HY20>

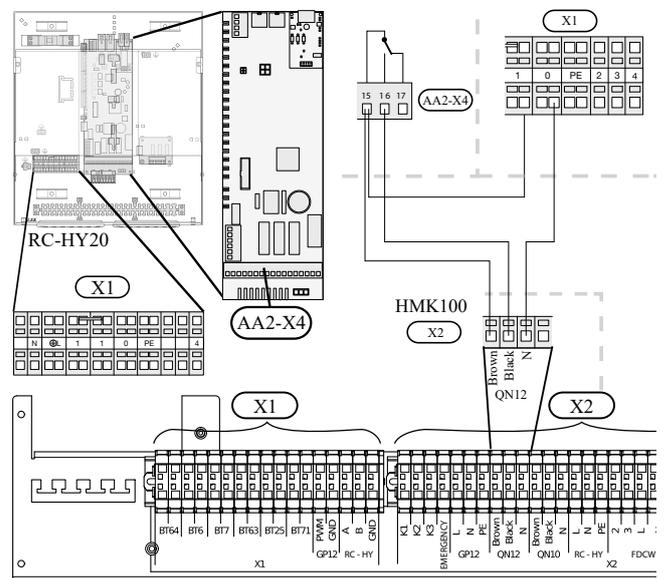
- 3 way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)

Connect the port 2, 3 and 4 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20/40 to the port N, Black and Brown for QN10 on X2 terminal on HMK100 respectively as shown below.



- 3 way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)

Connect the port 15 and 16 on X3 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20 to the port Brown and Black for QN12 on X2 terminal on HMK100 respectively. Also, connect to the port 0 on X1 terminal on RC-HY20 to N port for QN12 on X2 terminal on HMK100. In addition, connect the port 1 on X1 terminal to the port 15 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20.



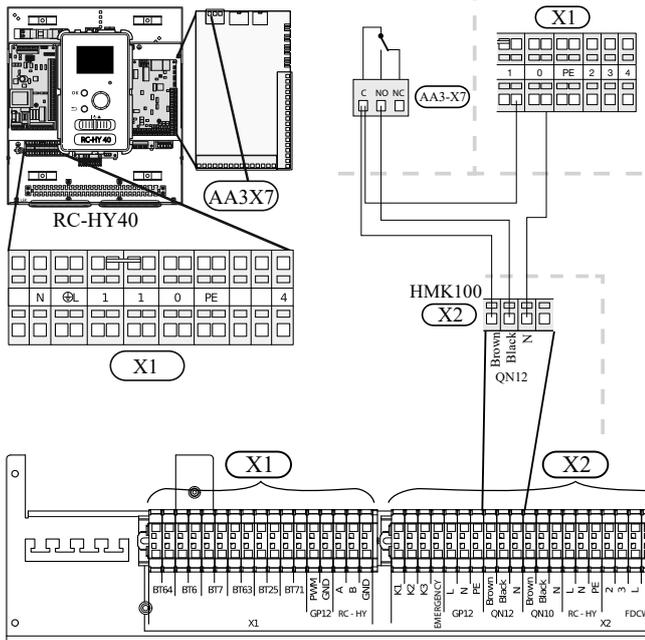
<HMK100 with RC-HY40>

- 3way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)

Refer to 3-way valve connection for HMK100 with RC-HY20.

- 3 way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)

Connect the port C and NO on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 to the port Brown and Black for QN12 on X2 terminal on HMK100 respectively. Also, connect the port 0 on X1 terminal on RC-HY40 to N port for QN12 on X2 terminal on HMK100. In addition, connect the port 1 on X1 terminal to the port C on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40.



Connection between controller and sensors

Sensor connection is different according to the combination of indoor unit and controller. Refer to the appropriate combination mentioned below.

Use two-core cable with a minimum 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> cross section.

Regarding other sensors not mentioned in this chapter, refer to page 49, Optional connections.

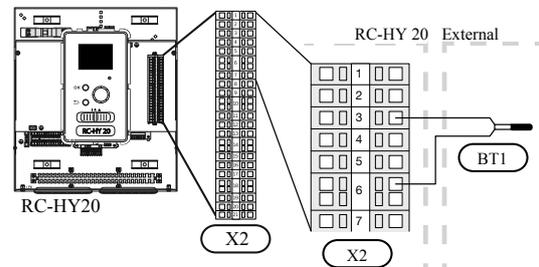
<RC-HY20 with HSB100>

- Ambient air temperature sensor BT1

Install ambient air temperature sensor (BT1) in the shade on a wall facing north or north-west, so it is unaffected by the morning sun.

Connect the sensor to the port 3 and 6 on X2 terminal.

If a conduit is used it must be sealed to prevent condensation in the sensor capsule.

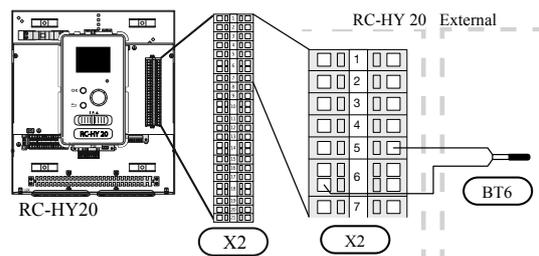


- Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.

Connect the sensor to the port 5 and 6 on X2 terminal.

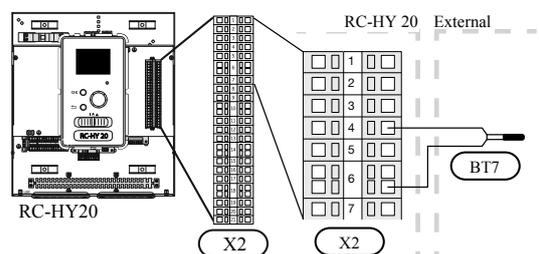
Hot water charging is activated in menu 5.2 or in the start guide.



- Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)

A temperature sensor for hot water top (BT7) can be connected to RC-HY20 to show the water temperature at the top of the tank (if it is possible to install a sensor at the top of the tank).

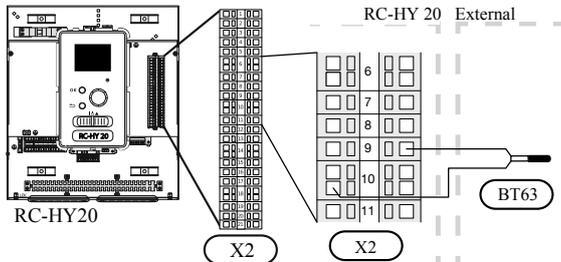
Connect the sensor to the port 4 and 6 on X2 terminal.



• **Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed before 3-way valve (QN10) for switching heating/hot water (see page 26 for diagram).

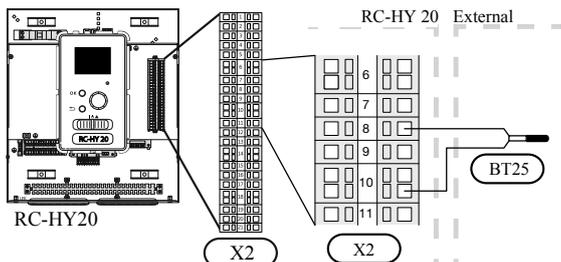
Connect temperature sensor, external supply after electric heater (BT63) to the port 9 and 10 on terminal X2.



• **Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 27 for diagram).

Connect temperature sensor, external supply (BT25) to the port 8 and 10 on X2 terminal.



• **Temperature sensor BT71, return line for heating**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 27 for diagram).

For connection, see page 50, AUX inputs.

• **Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling**

This sensor is used in case cooling application is required.

For connection, see page 51, AUX inputs.

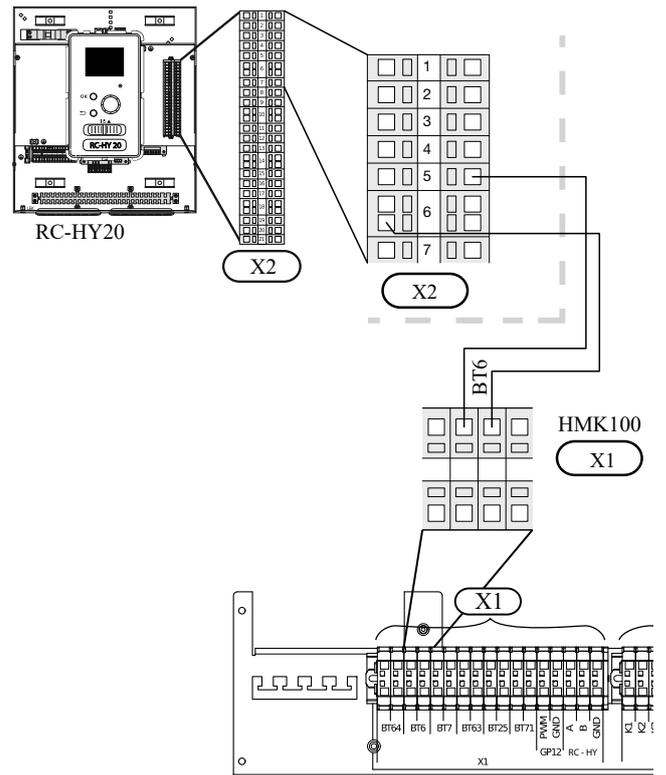
<RC-HY20 with HMK100>

• **Ambient air temperature sensor BT1**

Refer to the connection RC-HY20 with HSB100.

• **Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)**

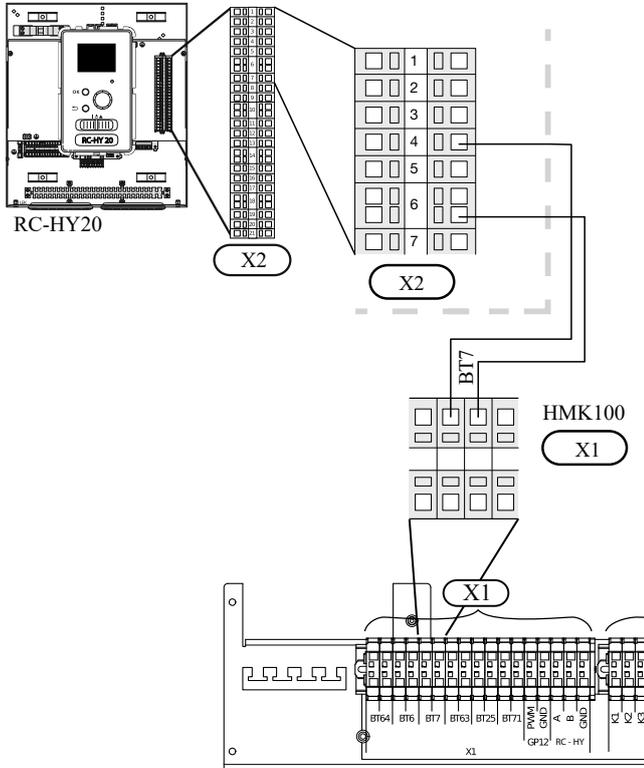
The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed at the bottom part of the water heater. Connect the port 5 and 6 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port BT6 on X1 terminal on HMK100.



## Electrical installation

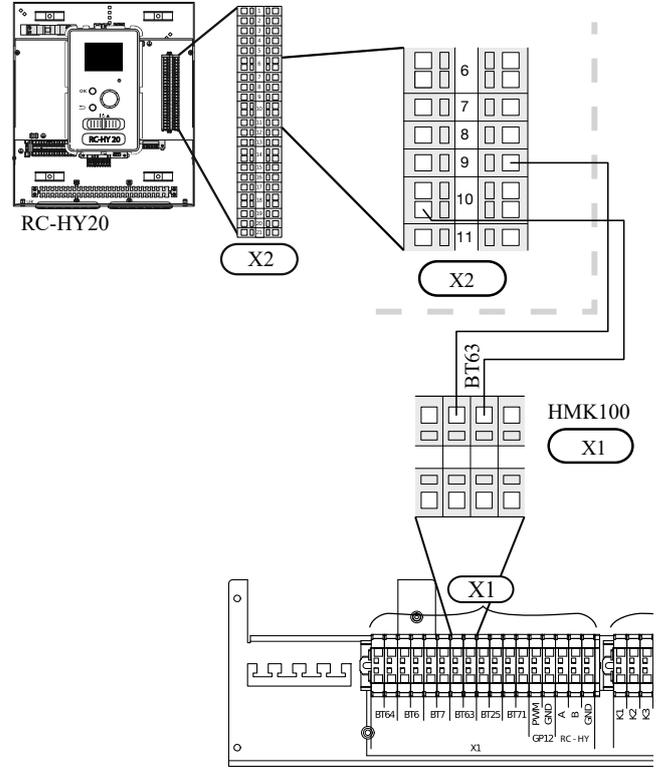
- **Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)**

The temperature sensor, hot water top (BT7) is placed at the top of the water heater. Connect the port 4 and 6 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port BT7 on X1 terminal on HMK100.



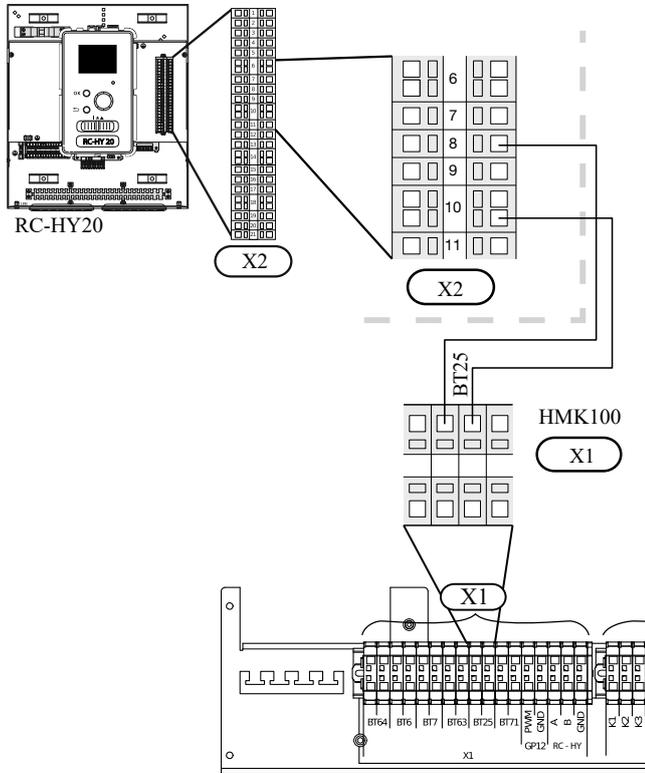
- **Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater**

The temperature sensor BT63 is placed on the outlet at additional heater. Connect the port 9 and 10 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port BT63 on X1 terminal on HMK100.



• **Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating**

The temperature sensor BT 25 is placed on the supply line for heating. Connect the port 8 and 10 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port BT25 on X1 terminal on HMK100.



• **Temperature sensor BT71, return pipe**

The temperature sensor BT71 is placed on the return pipe line for water heater. For connection, see page 50, AUX inputs.

• **Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling**

The temperature sensor BT64 is placed on the supply line for cooling. For connection, see page 51, AUX inputs.

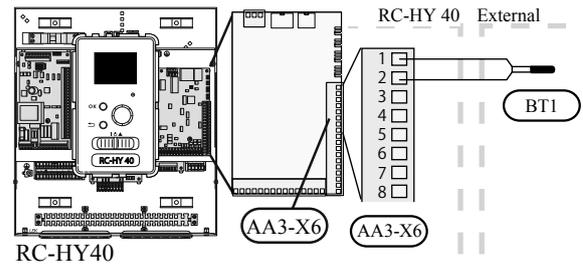
<RC-HY40 with HSB100>

• **Ambient air temperature sensor BT1**

Install ambient air temperature sensor (BT1) in the shade on a wall facing north or north-west, so it is unaffected by the morning sun for example.

Connect the sensor to the port 1 and 2 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.

If a conduit is used it must be sealed to prevent condensation in the sensor capsule.

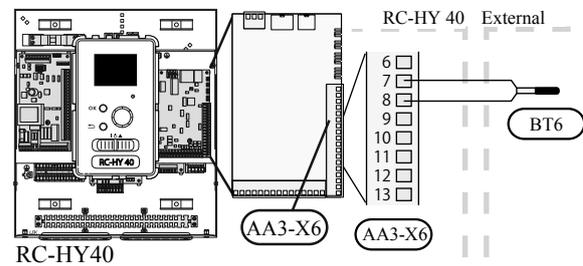


• **Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)**

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.

Connect the sensor to the port 7 and 8 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.

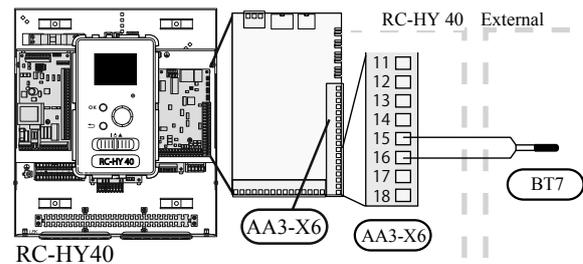
Hot water charging is activated in menu 5.2 or in the start guide.



• **Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)**

A temperature sensor for hot water top (BT7) can be connected to RC-HY40 to show the water temperature at the top of the tank (if it is possible to install a sensor at the top of the tank).

Connect the sensor to the port 15 and 16 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



## Electrical installation

- **Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater**

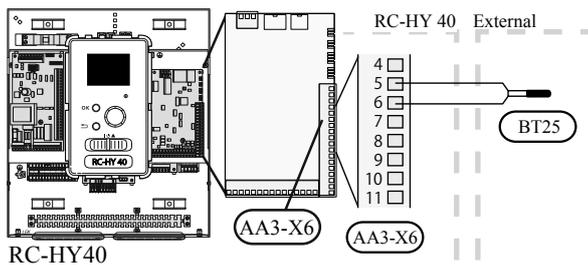
This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed before 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hotwater (see page 26 for diagram).

For connection, see page54, AUX inputs.

- **Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 27 for diagram).

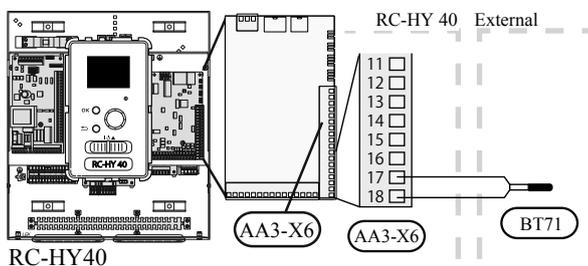
Connect temperature sensor, external supply line (BT25) to the port 5 and 6 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



- **Temperature sensor BT71, return line for heating**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 27 for diagram).

Connect temperature sensor, external return line (BT71) to the port 17 and 18 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



- **Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling**

This sensor is used in case cooling application is required.

For connection, see page 54, AUX inputs.

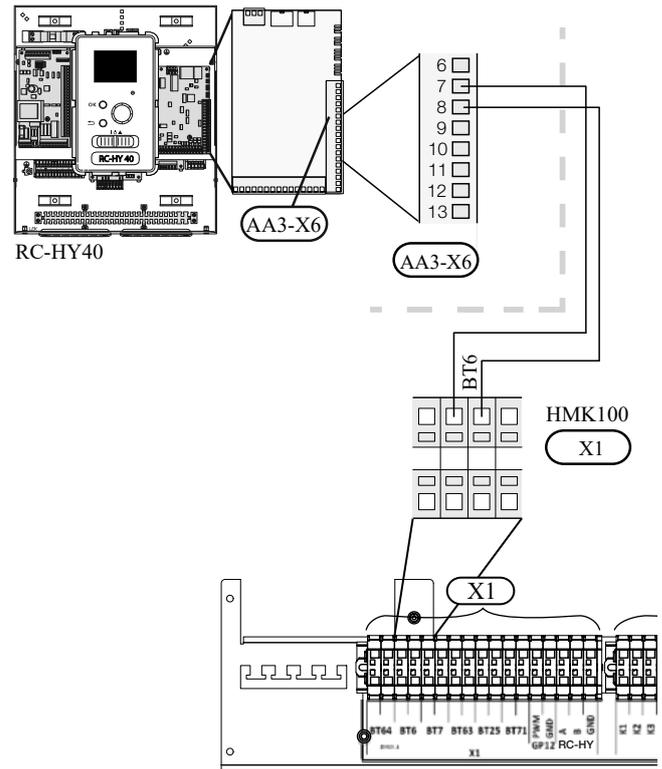
### <RC-HY40 with HMK100>

- **Ambient air temperature sensor BT1**

Refer to the connection RC-HY40 with HSB100.

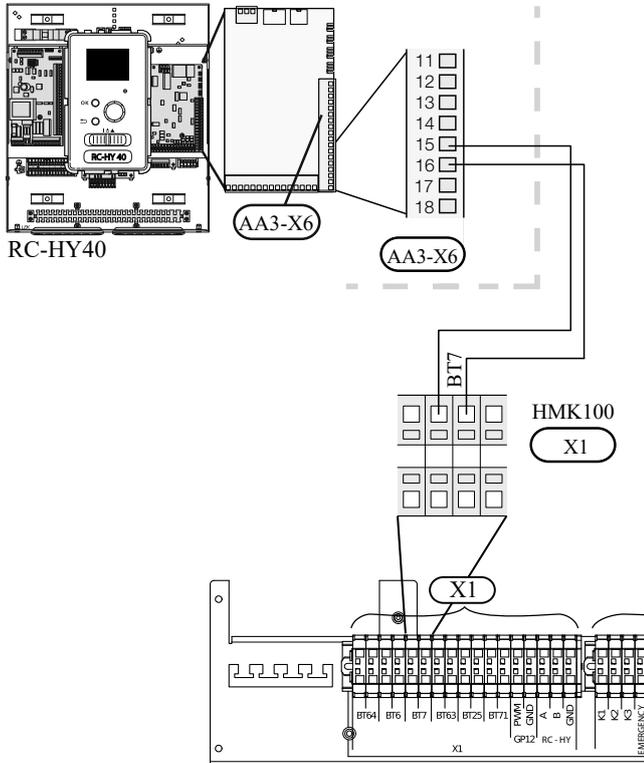
- **Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)**

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed at the bottom part of the water heater. Connect the port 7 and 8 on X6 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 to the port BT6 on X1 terminal on HMK100.



• **Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)**

The temperature sensor, hot water top (BT7) is placed at the top of the water heater. Connect the port 15 and 16 on X6 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 to the port BT7 on X1 terminal on HMK100.

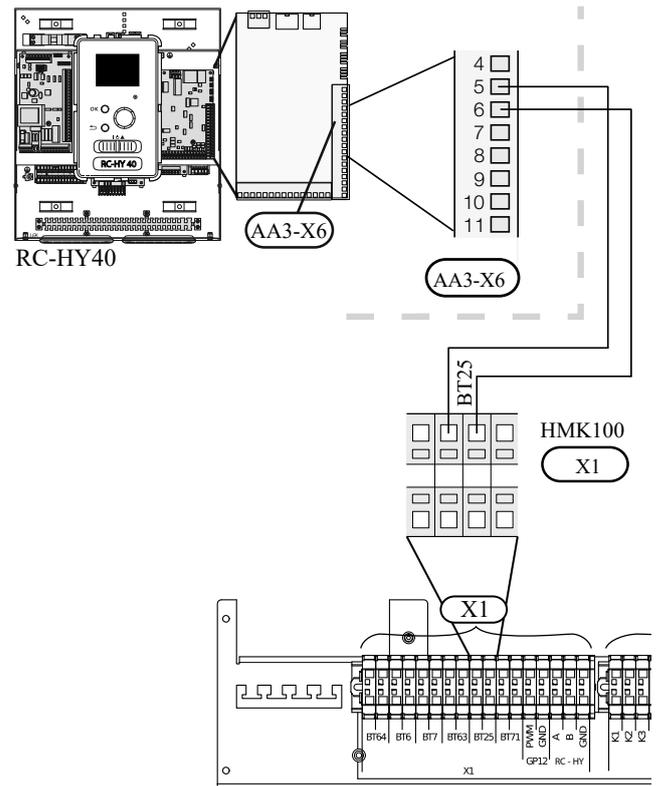


• **Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater**

The temperature sensor BT63 is placed on the outlet at additional heater. For connection, see page 54, AUX inputs.

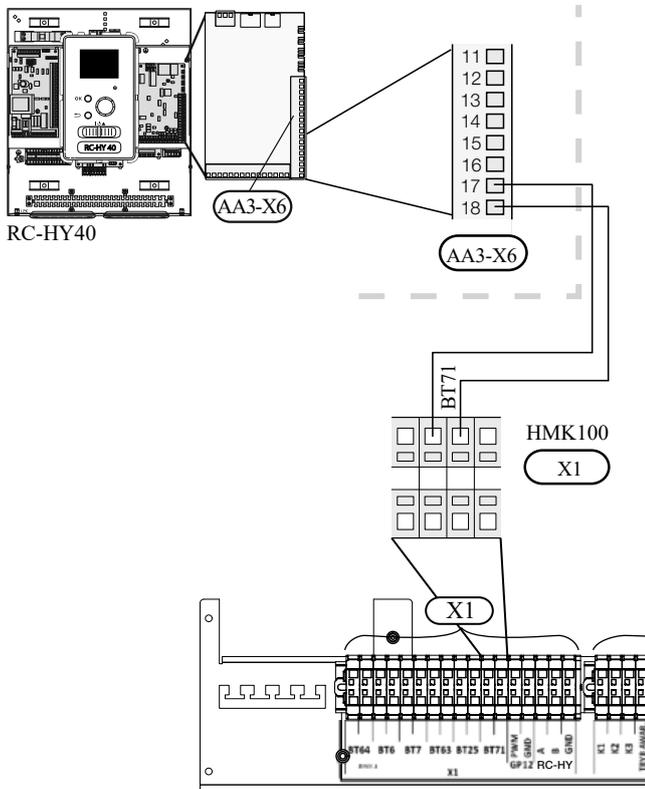
• **Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating**

The temperature sensor BT 25 is placed on the supply line for heating. Connect the port 5 and 6 on X6 terminal on RC-HY40 to the port BT25 on X1 terminal on HMK100.



- **Temperature sensor BT71, return pipe**

The temperature sensor BT71 is placed on the return pipe line for water heater. Connect the port 17 and 18 on X6 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 to the port BT71 on X1 terminal on HMK100.



- **Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling**

The temperature sensor BT64 is placed on the supply line for cooling. For connection, see page 54, AUX inputs.

### Optional connections

#### RC-HY20

- **Room sensor BT50**

Room sensor can be connected to controller.

The room temperature sensor has up to three functions:

1. Show current room temperature in the control module display.
2. Option of changing the room temperature in °C.
3. Makes it possible to change/stabilise the room temperature.

Install the sensor in a neutral position where the set temperature is required. A suitable location is on a free inner wall in a hall approx. 1.5 m above the floor.

Do not install the sensor where correct room temperature cannot be detected such as in a recess, between shelves, behind a curtain, above or close to a heat source, in a draft from an external door or in direct sunlight.

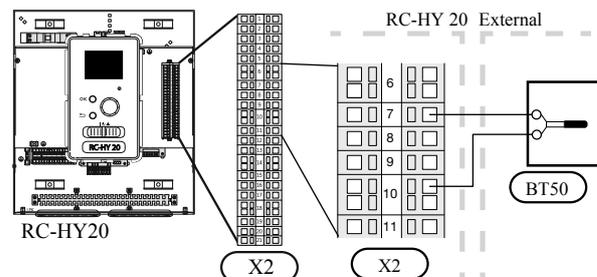
Closed radiator thermostats can also cause problems.

The control module can operate without the sensor, but if user wants to read off the accommodation's indoor temperature in controller display, the sensor must be installed.

Connect the room sensor to the port 7 and 10 on X2 terminal.

If the sensor is to be used to change the room temperature in °C and/or to change/stabilise the room temperature, the sensor must be activated in menu 1.9.4.

If the room sensor is used in a room with underfloor heating, it should only have an indicative function, not control of the room temperature.



### CAUTION

*Changes of temperature in accommodation take time. For example, short time periods in combination with underfloor heating will not give a noticeable difference in room temperature.*

Use two-core cable with a minimum 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> cross section.

• Step controlled additional heat

**NOTE**

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

External step controlled additional heat can be controlled by up to three potential-free relays in the control module (3 step linear or 7 step binary). Alternatively two relays (2 step linear or 3 step binary) can be used for step controlled additional heat, which means that the third relay can be used to control the immersion heater in the water heater/accumulator tank.

Step in occurs with at least 1 minute intervals and step outs with at least 3 seconds intervals.

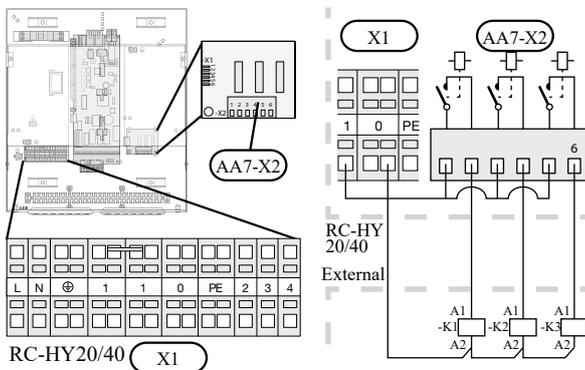
Step 1 is connected to terminal block X2:2 on the additional relay board (AA7).

Step 2 is connected to terminal block X2:4 on the additional relay board (AA7).

Step 3 or immersion heater in the water heater/accumulator tank is connected to terminal block X2:6 on the additional relay board (AA7).

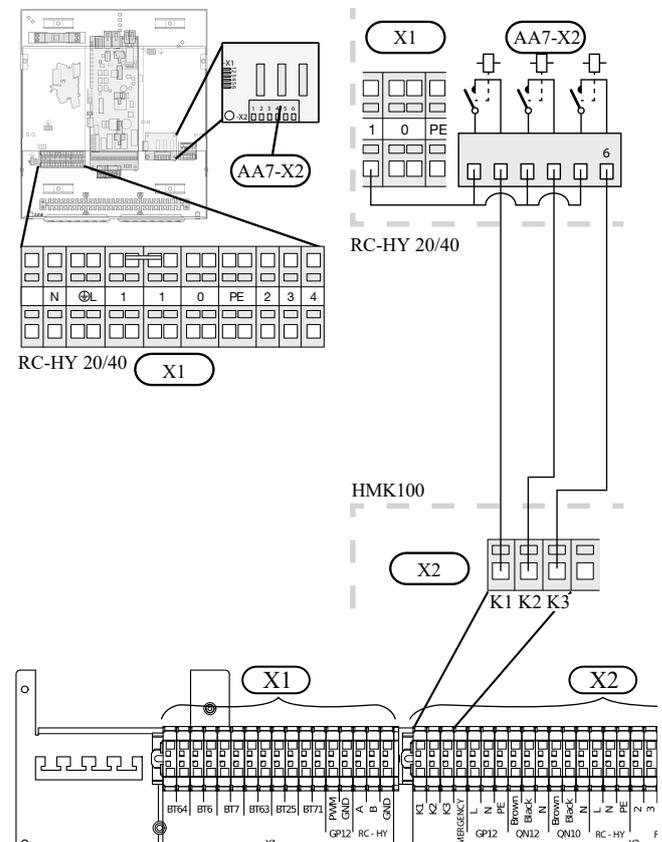
The settings for step controlled additional heat are made in menu 4.9.3 and menu 5.1.12.

All additional heat can be blocked by connecting a potential-free switch function to the software controlled input on terminal block X2 which is selected in menu 5.4.



<Connection example with HMK100>

Connect the port 2, 4, 6 on X2 terminal on AA7 board on RC-HY20/40 to the port K1, K2, K3 on X2 terminal on HMK100 respectively.



If the relays are to be used for control voltage, bridge the supply from terminal block X1:1 to X2:1, X2:3 and X2:5 on additional relay board (AA7). Connect the neutral from the external additional heat to terminal block X1:0.

Use a cable with appropriate cross section.

For connection, see the installation manual for additional heater.

• Relay output for emergency mode

**NOTE**

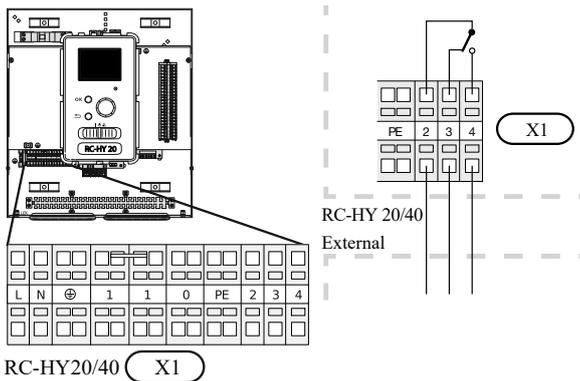
Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

When the switch (SF1) is in "▲" mode (emergency mode) the circulation pump is activated (EB101-GP12).

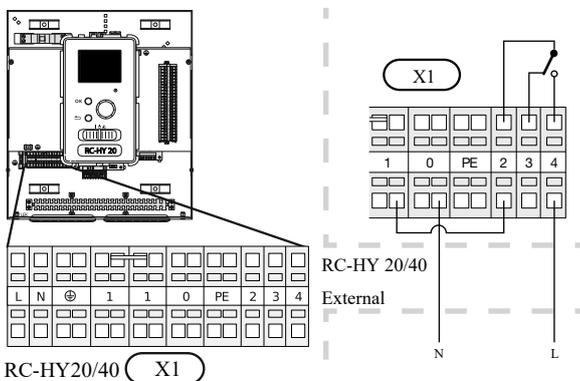
**CAUTION**

No hot water is produced when emergency mode is activated.

The emergency mode relay can be used to activate external additional heat. Between the port 2 and 4 is closed during emergency mode. An external thermostat must be connected to the control circuit (port 4) to control the temperature. Ensure that the heating medium circulates through the external additional heating.

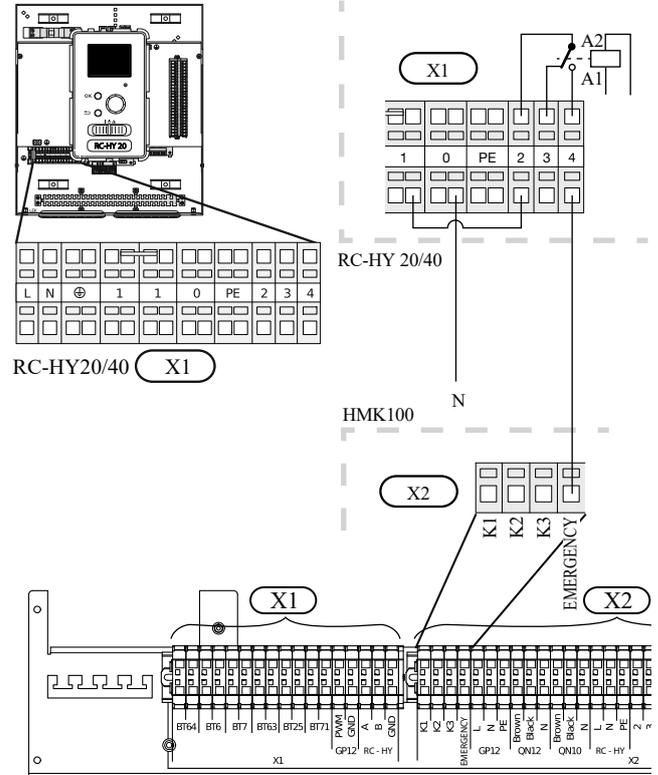


If the relay is to be used for control voltage, bridge the supply from terminal block X1:1 to X1:2 and connect neutral and control voltage from the external additional heat to X1:0 (N) and X1:4 (L).

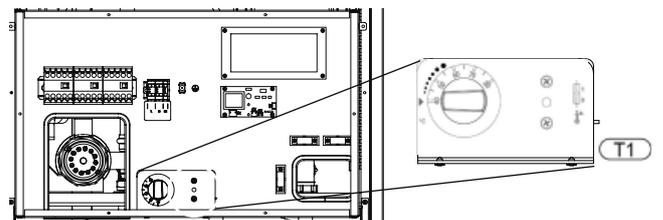


<Connection example with HMK100>

Connect the port 4 on X1 terminal on RC-HY20/40 to EMERGENCY on X2 terminal on HMK100, as well as the port 0 on X1 terminal on RC-HY20/40 to Neutral on HMK100.

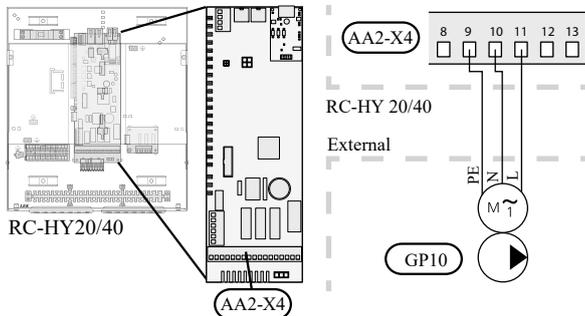


Set the supply temperature with the thermostat T1 in case of emergency mode. The setting range is 6-67°C. For floor heating, the setting must be min.20°C to max. 35-45°C in order to preserve heat comfort in the room and ensure effective system operation. When the temperature is set at 35°C or higher, be careful not to cause low temperature burn.



• External circulation pump

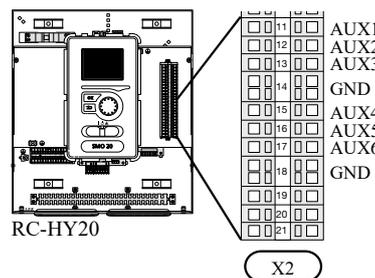
Connect the external circulation pump (GP10) to terminal block X4:9 (PE), X4:10 (N) and X4:11 (230 V) on the base board (AA2) as illustrated.



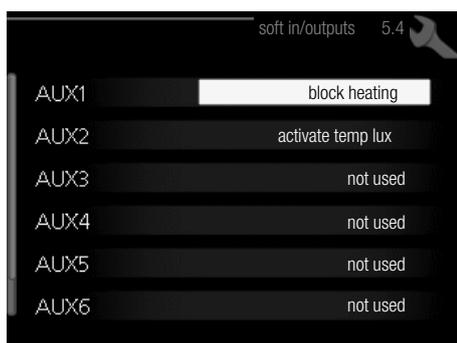
• AUX inputs

Other external inputs are available on the port 11 through 18 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20.

AUX1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 correspond to the port 11, 12, 13, 15, 16 and 17 respectively. Port 14 and 18 are GND and are common to the all auxiliary circuit. Connect a sensor or switch between AUX and GND with a two-core cable with a minimum cross section of 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Select the appropriate function in menu 5.4.



■ Temperature sensor, cooling/heating (BT74)

Additional room sensor (BT74) is applied in case user wants to determine the operation mode (cooling/heating) with a temperature in a particular room.

This option can be chosen only in case cooling function is available.

■ Temperature sensor, external return line (BT71)

Temperature sensor BT71 is applied in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve (see page 27 and 28 for diagram).

■ Temperature sensor, flow line cooling (BT64)

Temperature sensor BT64 is required in case 4-pipe system is used for cooling operation. (see page 26-28 for diagram)

This option can be chosen only in case cooling function is activated.

■ Contact for external tariff blocking

In cases where external tariff blocking is required it must be connected to terminal block X2.

Tariff blocking means that the additional heat, the compressor, heating and cooling are disconnected by connecting a potential free switch function to the input selected in menu 5.4.

A closed contact results in the electrical output being disconnected.

■ Switch for "SG ready"

**NOTE**

*This function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready"-standard. "SG Ready" requires two AUX inputs.*

This function can only be used in power supply networks that support the "SG Ready" standard. "SG Ready" requires two AUX inputs.

"SG Ready" is a smart tariff management scheme in which electricity supplier can affect indoor and hot water temperature or simply prohibits additional heat and/or the compressor operation in heat pump at certain period of the day. You can choose which operation mode is affected by this function in menu 4.1.5 after the function is activated.

Choose two external input circuits and connect potential-free switches, and set "SG Ready A" and "SG Ready B" in menu 5.4. The system works differently according to the combination of the circuit open/closed.

• Blocking (A: Closed, B: Open)

"SG Ready" is active. Compressor operation and additional heat is prohibited.

• Normal mode (A: Open, B: Open)

"SG Ready" is not active. No effect on the system.

• Low price mode (A: Open, B: Closed)

"SG Ready" is active. The system operates to provide higher capacity than normal mode by using lower tariff electricity. You can select the operation mode (heating/hot water/cooling) affected by this function in menu 4.1.5.

• Overcapacity mode (A: Closed, B: Closed)

"SG Ready" is active. The system supplies higher capacity than Low price mode since the electricity price is supposed to be very low in this mode. You can select the operation mode (heating/hot water/cooling) affected by this function in menu 4.1.5.

### ■ Contact for activation of “temporary lux”

Temporary hot water production function “temporary lux” is activated with this signal. Connect the terminals with a potential-free switch and choose the function in menu 5.4.

“Temporary lux” is activated only when the switch is closed.

### ■ Contact for activation of “external adjustment”

Target temperature offset for supply temperature or room temperature can be done with this signal.

When a room sensor is connected and activated, the target room temperature is offset in °C if the switch is closed. When a room sensor is not connected, target supply water temperature (heat curve) is offset instead. The degree of offset can be set in menu 5.4.

### ■ Switch for external alarm

Alarms from external devices can be connected to the control and appear as an info alarm. Potential-free signal of NO or NC type can be connected.

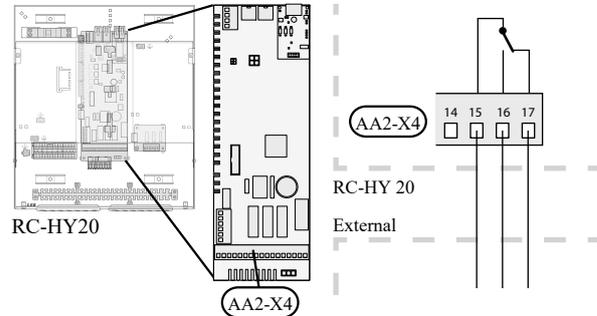
### ■ Switch for external blocking

This function is used in case certain operation mode needs to be prohibited. The operation at selected operation mode is prohibited when the switch is closed. Following functions can be managed.

- Additional heat
- compressor operation
- heating mode
- cooling mode
- hot water mode

### • AUX outputs

External output is available on the port 15 to 17 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20. The relay output can have a max load of 2A at resistive load.



Following functions are available. Select the function in menu 5.4.

#### • Indication of buzzer alarm

When an alarm occurs, the circuit becomes closed between the port 15 and 16. During normal operation, the port 15 and 17 is closed.

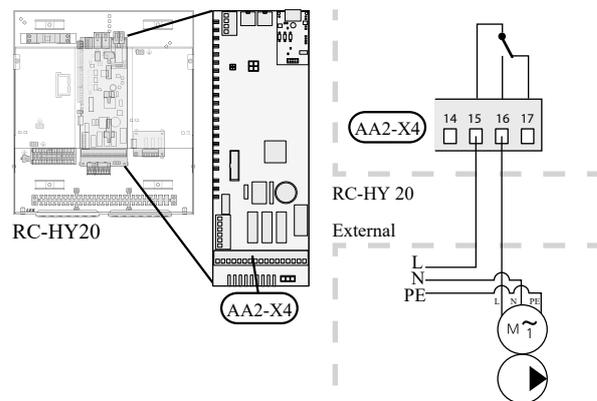
#### • Cooling mode indication / Active cooling mode (4-pipe cooling)

When the system turns into cooling mode, the circuit becomes closed between the port 15 and 16. By using this signal, it is possible to switch 3-way valve for 4-pipe cooling or to assemble a display circuit indicating cooling mode. For details of connecting the 3-way valve, refer to page 40 to 41.

#### • External pump control (GP10)

External pump (GP10) is used in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve that switches heating/hot water (refer to page 27 for diagram).

Connect the circulation pump as shown below using the port 15 and 16 on X4 terminal.



#### • Hot water circulation pump control (GP11)

In case the distance between hot water tap and hot water storage tank is far, the hot water supply line temperature is likely to drop and it may take time to supply hot water from the tap. In that case, hot water circulation pump (GP11) is applied to maintain hot water supply line temperature warm (refer to page 22 for diagram).

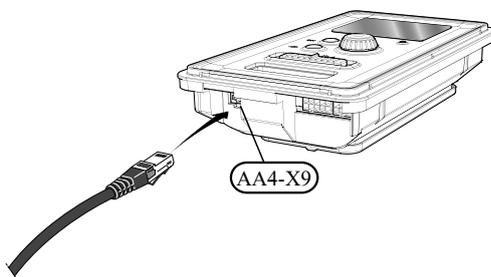
For details of connecting the pump, refer to External pump control (GP10).

**NOTE**

*Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.*

• **myUpway™**

Connect the network connected cable (straight, Cat.5e UTP) with RJ45-contact (male) to contact AA4-X9 on the display unit (as illustrated). Use the cable grommet (UB2) in the control module for cable routing.



**RC-HY40**

• **Load monitor**

In case many power electrical appliances are connected in the property and the electric heater is energised at the same time, there is a risk of tripping the main fuse of the property.

The control module has an integrated load monitor that controls the power steps of the electric heater by disconnecting step by step in the event of overload in a phase. It will be reconnected if other current consumption is reduced.

**Connecting current sensors**

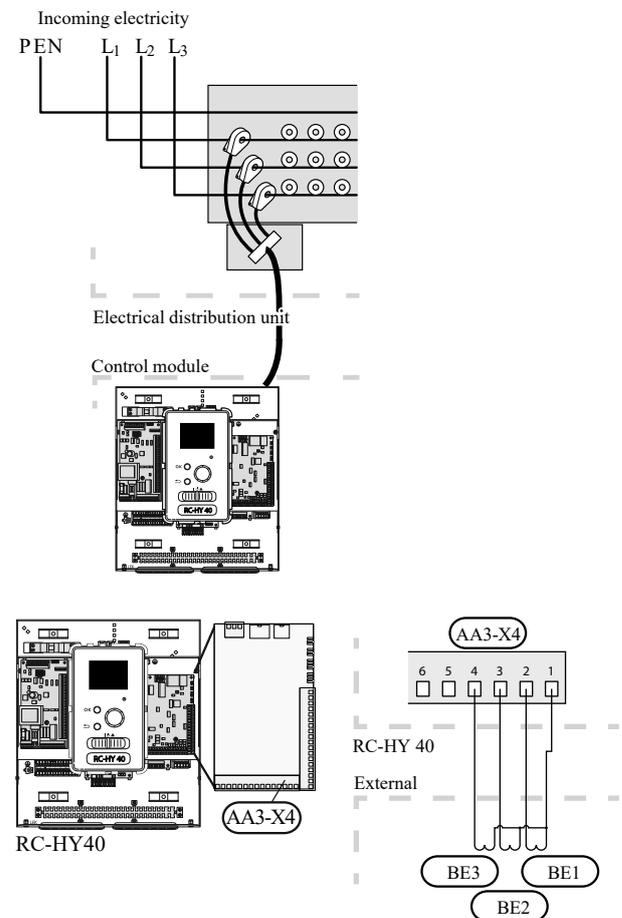
A current sensor (BE1 - BE3) should be installed on each incoming phase conductor in to the electrical distribution unit to measure the current. This is best done in the electrical distribution unit.

Connect the current sensors to a multi-core cable in an enclosure next to the electrical distribution unit. Use a multi-core cable of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> from the enclosure to the heat pump.

Connect the cable to terminal block X4:1 to 4.

X4:1 is the common terminal block for the three current sensors.

Set the size of the property's main fuse in menu 5.1.12.



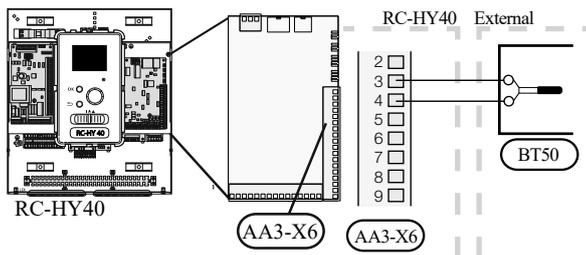
- **Room sensor BT50**

Refer to Room sensor BT50 for RC-HY20 for function and installation place.

Connect the room sensor to terminal block X6:3 and X6:4 on the input board (AA3).

If the sensor is to be used to change the room temperature in °C and/or to change/stabilise the room temperature, the sensor must be activated in menu 1.9.4.

If the room sensor is used in a room with underfloor heating, it should only have an indicative function, not control of the room temperature.



**CAUTION**

*Changes of temperature in accommodation take time. For example, short time periods in combination with underfloor heating will not give a noticeable difference in room temperature.*

- **Step controlled additional heat**

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

- **Relay output for emergency mode**

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

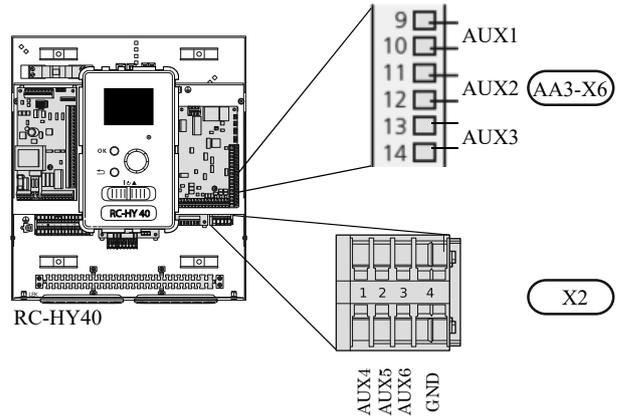
- **External circulation pump**

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

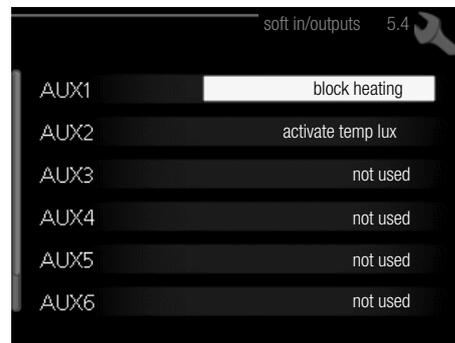
- **AUX inputs**

Up to 6 other external inputs are available on RC-HY40.

AUX1 through 3 correspond to the port 9/10, 11/12, 13/14 respectively on X6 terminal on AA3 board. AUX4 through 6 correspond to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X2 terminal on RC-HY40. Port 4 on X2 terminal is GND and is common to AUX4 through 6. Connect a sensor or switch between AUX and GND with a two-core cable with a minimum cross section of 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Select the appropriate function in menu 5.4.



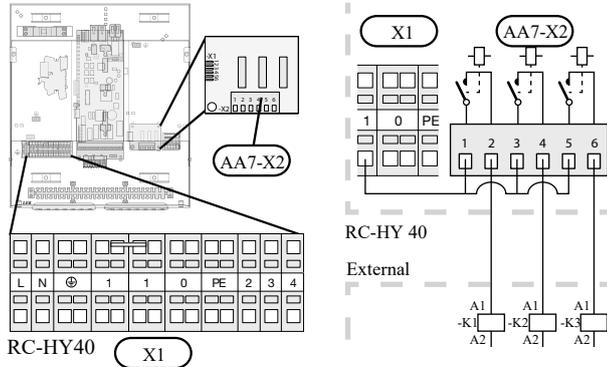
- Temperature sensor, external supply at additional heat before reversing valve (BT63)  
Temperature sensor BT63 is applied in case additional heater is placed before 3-way valve (see page 26 for diagram)

The following functions are available. For details, see AUX inputs for RC-HY20.

- Temperature sensor, cooling/heating (BT74)
- Temperature sensor, external return line (BT71)
- Temperature sensor, flow line cooling (BT64)
- Contact for external tariff blocking
- Switch for “SG ready”
- Contact for activation of “temporary lux”
- Contact for activation of “external adjustment”
- Switch for external alarm
- Switch for external blocking

• **AUX outputs**

External output is available on the port NC, NO and C on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40. The relay output can have a max load of 2A at resistive load.



Following functions are available. Select the function in menu 5.4.

• Indication of buzzer alarm

When an alarm occurs, the circuit becomes closed between the port NO and C. During normal operation, the port NC and C is closed.

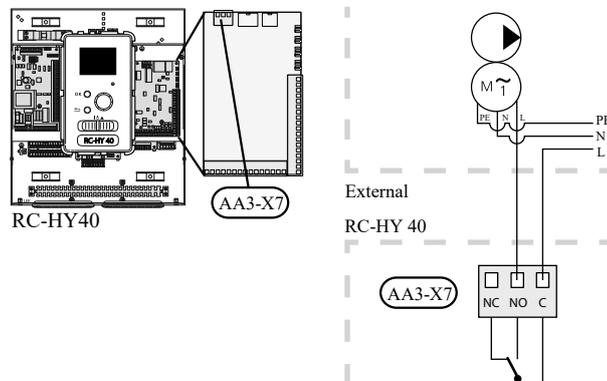
• Cooling mode indication / Active cooling mode (4-pipe cooling)

When the system turns into cooling mode, the circuit becomes closed between the port NO and C. By using this signal, it is possible to switch 3-way valve for 4-pipe cooling or to assemble a display circuit indicating cooling mode. For details of connecting the 3-way valve, refer to page 40 and 41.

• External pump control (GP10)

External pump (GP10) is used in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve that switches heating/hot water (refer to page 27 and 28 for diagram).

Connect the circulation pump using the port NO and C on X7 terminal on AA3 board as shown below.



• Hot water circulation pump control (GP11)

In case the distance between hot water tap and hot water storage tank is far, the hot water supply line temperature is likely to drop and it may take time to supply hot water from the tap. In that case, hot water circulation pump (GP11) is applied to maintain hot water supply line temperature warm (refer to page 22 for diagram).

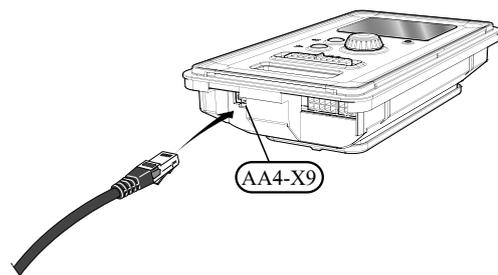
For details of connecting the pump, refer to External pump control (GP10).

**NOTE**

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

• **myUpway™**

Connect the network connected cable (straight, Cat.5e UTP) with RJ45-contact (male) to contact AA4-X9 on the display unit (as illustrated). Use the cable grommet (UB2) in the control module for cable routing.



## Commissioning and adjusting

### Preparations

Before starting commissioning, check the followings;

- The signal cable is connected between indoor unit and outdoor unit as well as indoor unit and controller according to the instruction.
- The power cable is connected to indoor unit, outdoor unit and controller according to the instruction.
- Operation switch in controller is in the position .
- The service valves on outdoor unit (QM35 and QM36) are open.
- Drain valve is closed before filling water in the system.
- Temperature limiter and electrical switch are not tripped.
- The system is filled with water and well vented.
- There are no leaks on the water pipe.

### Filling and venting

#### Hot water tank

1. Open the hot water tap as well as venting valve if applicable, and then open the cold water cut-off valve at the inlet.
2. Fill the storage tank until obtaining uniform water outflow at the hot water tap, and then close the hot water tap and venting valve.
3. Fill the water heater coil in the tank. See Climate system for details.

After the installation and levelling the tank, follow the procedure below (for the connector pipe symbols, refer to page 18):

1. Remove protecting plugs from the connector pipes
2. Connect the hot water intake line (N).
3. Connect the cold water supply line together with the required safety valves (G).
4. If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the connector pipe (L). Otherwise, plug the pipe.
5. Connect the supply (J) and return (H) of the heating medium to the coil.

#### CAUTION

*If there is an electric heating module installed in the storage tank, fill the tank with water before connecting it to the electrical installation.*

#### CAUTION

*Open the hot water intake valves before heating the system up for the first time or after a longer break in its operation in order to check whether the storage tank is filled with water and the cut-off valve at the cold water inlet is not closed.*

### Climate system

1. Open the vent at the top of the heating system.
2. Open all shut-off valves, where installed, so that water flows into all circuits.
3. Open the valve for filling the heating circuit and fill it with water.
4. Close the vent when water comes out continuously without bubbles.
5. Check the manometer and close the filling valve when the pressure reaches the required value (2 bar is recommended).
6. Start the circulation pump of the heating system, and open the vent from time to time and release the all remaining air in the heating system.
7. Open safety valve until the pressure of the heating system drops down to about 1 bar. If the pressure drops below 1 bar during venting, add additional water in the circuit.

### Inspection of installation

Current regulations require that the climate system is inspected before it is commissioned. The inspection must be carried out by a suitably qualified person and must be documented. Do not replace any part of the system without carrying out new checks.

## Start-up and inspection

### Before start-up

1. In case of cascade connection, check if each indoor unit has a unique address. See Cascade connection setting on page 35 for details.
2. For an outdoor unit equipped with a crank case heater, it is necessary to supply power 6-8 hours before starting compressor operation to heat the compressor with the heater. To do this, supply power to whole system and disable the compressor operation from menu 5.2.2 on the controller. Disable additional heater as well if necessary.
3. After 6-8 hours, enable the compressor operation in menu 5.2.2 on the controller and enable the additional heater in menu 4.9.2 and 4.9.3 on the controller.

4. Start commissioning by the following steps.

\*Step 2 and 3 are not necessary for FDCW60VNX-A.

### Commissioning with heat pump

Start guide is shown on the display on the controller when it is turned ON for the first time. Follow the start guide in the display, or choose menu 5.7 to show the start guide. For details, see Start guide on page 58.

### Commissioning with additional heater only

Follow the start guide in the display as same as commissioning with heat pump, and then follow the list below.

1. Go to menu 4.2 op. mode.
2. Mark "add. heat only" using the control knob and then press the OK button.
3. Return to the main menus by pressing the Back button.

### CAUTION

*When commissioning without MHI air/water heat pump an alarm communication error may appear in the display.*

*The alarm is reset if the relevant heat pump is deactivated in menu 5.2.2 ("installed heat pump").*

### 3-way valve operation check

1. Activate "AA2-K1 (QN10)" in menu 5.6.
2. Check that the reversing valve opens or is open for hot water charging.
3. Deactivate "AA2-K1 (QN10)" in menu 5.6.

### AUX function check

To check any function connected to the AUX socket,

1. Activate "AA2-X4 (RC-HY20)" or "AA3-X7 (RC-HY40)" in menu 5.6.
2. Check the desired function.
3. Deactivate "AA2-X4 (RC-HY20)" or "AA3-X7 (RC-HY40)" in menu 5.6.

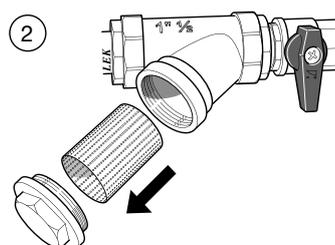
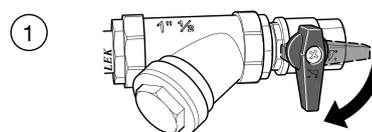
### Cooling mode

In case the climate system contains a cooling circuit, activate cooling function in menu 5.11.1.1. After that, you can choose cooling mode indication in menu 5.4 for the AUX output.

### Cleaning particle filter

Clean the particle filter (HQ1) after installation.

1. Close valve QM31 and the valve by the particle filter (HQ1).
2. Open the safety valve (QM20) to ensure that the pressure in HSB60 drops.
3. Clean the particle filter (HQ1) as illustrated.



### Secondary adjustment

Air is initially released from the hot water and venting may be necessary. If bubbling sounds can be heard from the heat pump, the circulation pump and radiators the entire system will require further venting. When the system is stable (correct pressure and all air eliminated) the automatic heating control system can be set as required

## Start guide

### NOTE

Fill in the climate system with water before the switch is set to "1".

1. Set the control module's switch to "1".
2. Follow the instructions in the start guide in the control module display. If the start guide does not start when you start the control module, start it manually in menu 5.7.

### TIP

See page 63 for a more in-depth introduction to the installation's control system (operation, menus etc.).

## Commissioning

The start guide is displayed when installation is started. It describes what needs to carry out at the first start together with basic settings during installation.

The start guide is displayed so that it cannot be bypassed in order to carry out the start-up correctly. You can start the start guide later in menu 5.7.

During the start-up guide, reversing valves and the shunt are run back and forth to help vent the heat pump.

### CAUTION

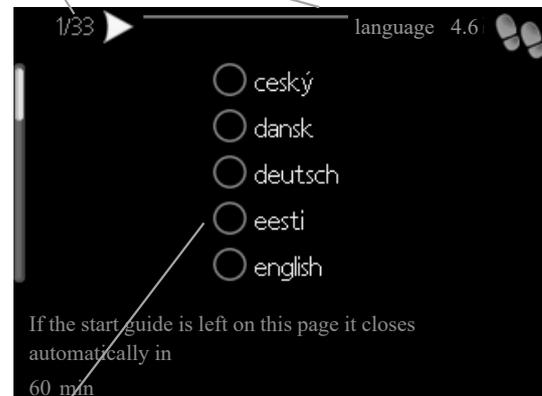
As long as the start guide is active, no function in the heat pump will start automatically.

Each time the controller is ON, the guide will appear until it is completed on the last page.

## Operation in the start guide

A. Page

B. Name and menu number



C. Option / setting

### A. Page

You can see the current page of the start guide.

Scroll between the pages of the start guide as follows:

1. Turn the control knob until the arrow is marked in the top left corner (at the page number).
2. Press OK button to proceed to the next page in the start guide.

### B. Name and menu number

You can see the menu name of this page. The number refers to the menu number in the control system.

To read more about affected menus, see the help menu or read the user manual.

### C. Option / setting

Make settings for the system here.

### D. Help menu

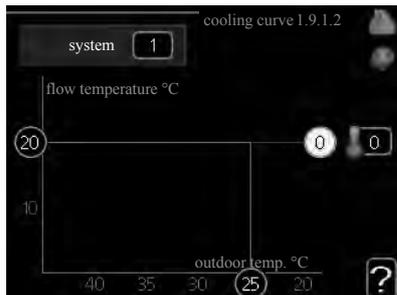
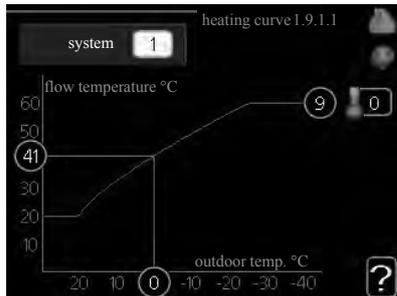
 In many menus there is a symbol indicating that extra help is available.

To access the help text:

1. Use the control knob to select the help symbol.
2. Press OK button.

The help text often consists of several windows that you can scroll between using the control knob.

## Heating/cooling curve setting



### heating curve

Setting range: 0 – 15

Default value: 9

### cooling curve (accessory required)

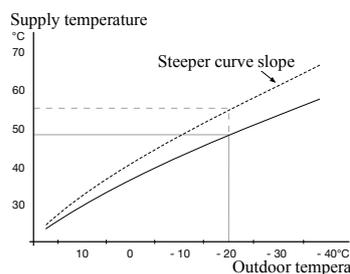
Setting range: 0 – 9

Default value: 0

The prescribed heating curve for your house can be viewed in the menu heating curve . The task of the heating curve is to give an even indoor temperature, regardless of the outdoor temperature, and thereby energy efficient operation. From this heating curve, the control module determines the temperature of the water to the heating system, supply temperature, and there by the indoor temperature. Select the heating curve and read off how the supply temperature changes at different outdoor temperatures here. If there is cooling function, the same settings can be made for the cooling curve.

### Curve coefficient

The heating/cooling curve shows the relation between the target supply temperature and the corresponding outdoor temperature. A steep curve indicates that supply temperature becomes higher at low outdoor air temperature in heating and it becomes lower at high outdoor air temperature in cooling.



The optimum slope depends on the climate conditions in your location, the type of heating device (radiators or under floor heating) and how well insulated the house is.

The curve is set when the heating installation is installed, but may need adjusting later. Normally, the curve will not need further adjustment.

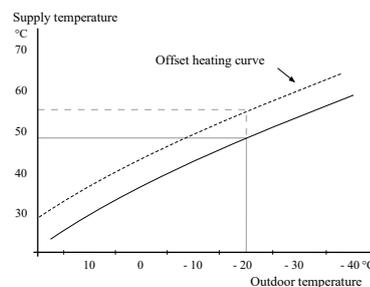
### CAUTION

*In the event of making fine adjustments of the indoor temperature, the curve must be offset up or down instead, this is done in menu 1.1 temperature .*

### Curve offset

The target temperature can be offset in parallel over the entire outdoor temperature range by this function. This is offset by 5 °C by adjusting 2 steps.

The target temperature can be parallel offset in the entire outdoor temperature range with this function. It is offset by 5 °C by adjusting 2 steps.



### Flow line temperature – maximum and minimum values

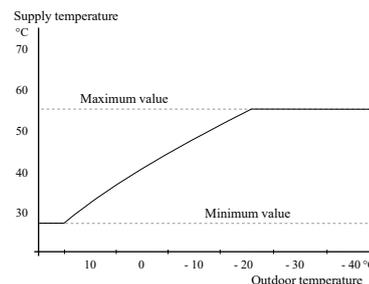
This function is used in order to limit max-min supply temperature. The heating / cooling curve becomes flat beyond max / min target temperature.

### CAUTION

*Underfloor heating systems are normally max flow line temperature set between 35 and 45°C. Take care not to cause low temperature burns in case it is set higher than 35°C.*

*Must be restricted with underfloor cooling min. flow line temp. to prevent condensation.*

*Check the max temperature for your floor with your installer/floor supplier.*



The figure at the end of the curve indicates the curve number. The figure beside the thermometer icon gives the curve offset. Use the control knob to set a new value.

Confirm the new setting by pressing the OK button.

Curve 0 is an own curve created in menu 1.9.7.

### To select another curve (slope):

1. Press OK button to access the setting mode
2. Select a new curve. The curves are numbered from 0 to 15, and the bigger number curve has steeper slope.  
Curve 0 means that own curve (menu 1.9.7) is used.
3. Press OK button to exit the setting.

### To read off a curve:

1. Turn the control knob so that the ring on the shaft with the outdoor temperature is marked.
2. Press OK button.
3. Follow the grey line up to the curve and out to the left to read off the value for the supply temperature at the selected outdoor temperature.
4. You can now select to take read outs for different outdoor temperatures by turning the control knob to the right or left and read off the corresponding flow temperature.
5. Press OK or Back button to exit read off mode.

## TIP

*Wait 24 hours before making a new setting, so that the room temperature has time to stabilise.*

*If it is cold outdoors and the room temperature is too low, increase the curve slope by one increment.*

*If it is cold outdoors and the room temperature is too high, lower the curve slope by one increment.*

*If it is warm outdoors and the room temperature is too low, increase the curve offset by one increment.*

*If it is warm outdoors and the room temperature is too high, lower the curve offset by one increment.*

## Hot water circulation setting

### hot water recirc.

#### **operating time**

Setting range: 1 – 60 min

Default value: 60 min

#### **downtime**

Setting range: 0 – 60 min

Default value: 0 min

Set the hot water circulation for up to three periods per day here. During the set periods the hot water circulation pump will run according to the settings above.

"operating time" decide how long the hot water circulation pump must run per operating instance.

"downtime" decide how long the hot water circulation pump must be stationary between operating instances.

Hot water circulation is activated in menu 5.4 "soft inputs and outputs".

## SG Ready

This function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready"-standard .

Make settings for the function "SG Ready" here.

Low price mode means that the electricity supplier has a low tariff and the system uses this to reduce costs.

Over capacity mode means that the electricity supplier has set the tariff very low and the system uses this to reduce the costs as much as possible.

### affect room temperature

Here you set whether room temperature should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

With low price mode of "SG Ready" the parallel offset of the indoor temperature is increased by "+1". If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature increases by 1 °C.

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" the parallel offset for the indoor temperature is increased by "+2".

If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature increases by 2 °C.

### affect hot water

Here you set whether the temperature of the hot water should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

With low price mode on "SG Ready" the stop temperature of the hot water is set as high as possible at only compressor operation (immersion heater not permitted).

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" the hot water is set to "luxury" (immersion heater permitted).

### affect cooling (accessory required)

Here you set whether room temperature during cooling operation should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

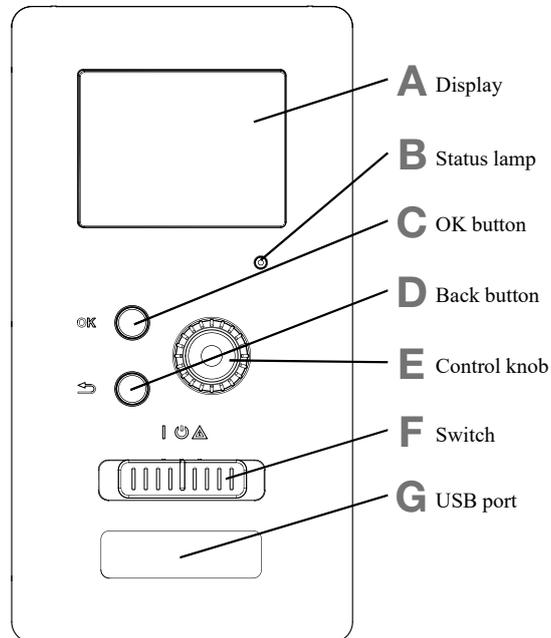
With low price mode of "SG Ready" and cooling operation the indoor temperature is not affected.

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" and cooling operation the parallel offset for the indoor temperature is reduced by "-1". If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature decreases by 1 °C.

## NOTE

*The function must be connected to two AUX inputs and activated in menu 5.4.*

## Control Display unit



### A Display

Instructions, settings and operational information are shown on the display. The easy-to-read display and menu system, make it easy to navigate between various menus and options, set comfort and get the necessary information.

### B Status lamp

The status lamp indicates the status of the control module. It:

- lights green during normal operation.
- lights yellow in emergency mode.
- lights red in the event of an alarm.

### C OK button

The OK button is used to:

- confirm selections of sub menus/options/set values/page in the start guide.

### D Back button

The back button is used to:

- go back to the previous menu.
- change a setting that has not been confirmed.

### E Control knob

The control knob can be turned to the right or left. You can:

- scroll in menus and between options.
- increase and decrease values.
- change pages in multiple page instructions (for example help text and service info).

### F Switch (SF1)

The switch shows three positions:

- On (I)
- Standby (⏻)
- Emergency mode (⚠)

Emergency mode must only be used in the event of a fault on the control module. In this mode, the compressor in the heat pump is turned off and the immersion heater is activated.

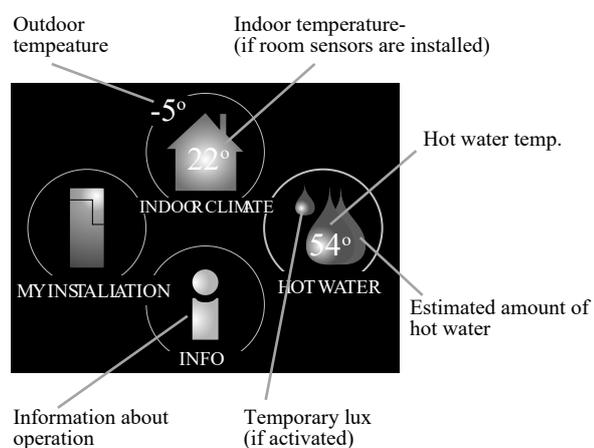
The control module display is not illuminated and the status lamp lights yellow.

### G USB port

The USB port is hidden behind the plastic badge of the product name.

The USB port is used to update the software.

## Menu system



### Menu 1 - INDOOR CLIMATE

Setting and scheduling the indoor climate. See information in the help menu or user manual.

### Menu 2 - HOT WATER

Setting and scheduling hot water production. See information in the help menu or user manual.

This menu only appears if a water heater is installed in the system.

### Menu 3 - INFO

Display of temperature and other operating information and access to the alarm log. See information in the help menu or user manual.

### Menu 4 - MY INSTALLATION

Setting time, date, language, display, operating mode etc. See information in the help menu or user manual.

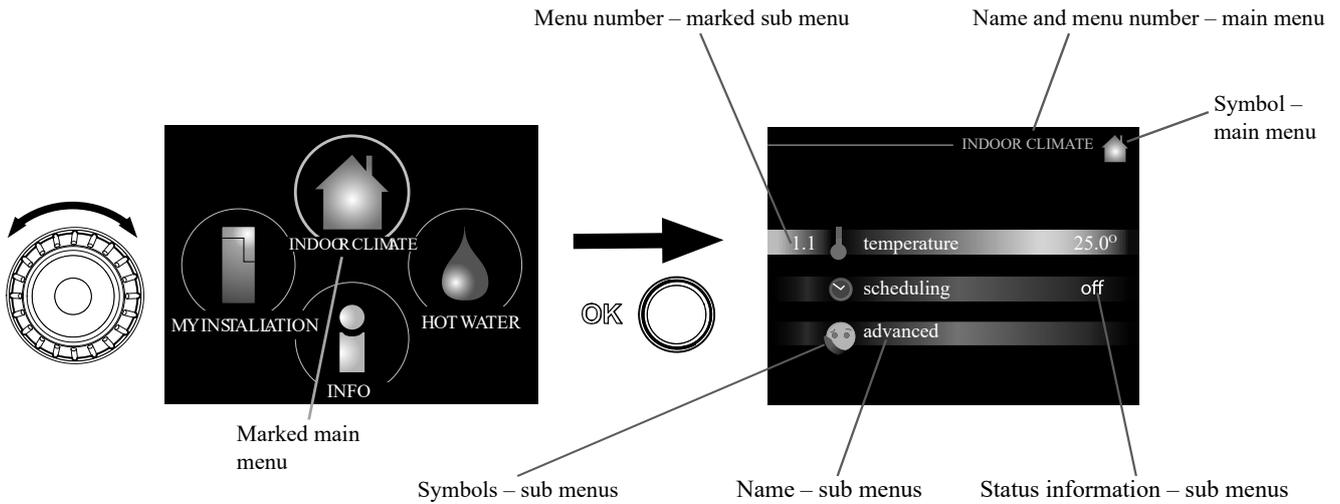
### Menu 5 - SERVICE

Advanced settings. These settings are not available to the end user. The menu is made visible by pressing the Back button for 7 seconds in the top screen. See page 68 for details.

## Symbols in the display

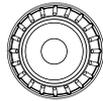
The following symbols can appear in the display during operation.

Symbol	Description
	This symbol appears when there is information to be noticed in menu 3.1.
	<p>These two symbols indicate whether the compressor in the outdoor unit or additional heat in the installation is blocked via controller.</p> <p>These functions will be blocked for example, when either of the operation mode is blocked in menu 4.2, when blocking of either function is scheduled in menu 4.9.5, or when an alarm for blocking the operation occurs.</p>
	Blocking the compressor.
	Blocking additional heat.
	This symbol appears if periodic increase or lux mode for the hot water is activated.
	This symbol indicates if "holiday setting" is active in menu 4.7.
	This symbol indicates if the controller has contact with myUpway.
	This symbol indicates if cooling is active.



### Operation

To move the cursor, turn the control knob to the left or the right. The marked position is brighter and/or has a light frame.

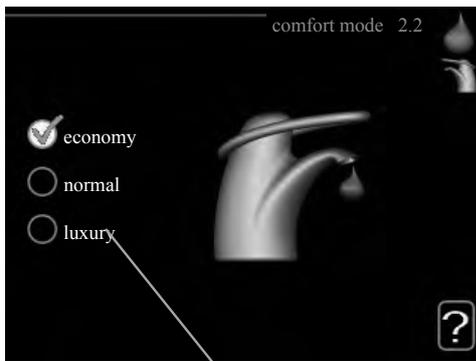


### Selecting menu

To advance in the menu system select a main menu by marking it and then pressing the OK button. A new window opens with sub menus.

Select one of the sub menus by marking it and then pressing the OK button.

### Selecting options



Alternative

In an options menu the current selected option is indicated by a green tick. 

To select another option:

1. Mark the applicable option. One of the options is pre-selected (white). 
2. Press the OK button to confirm the selected option.  The selected option has a green tick.

### Setting a value

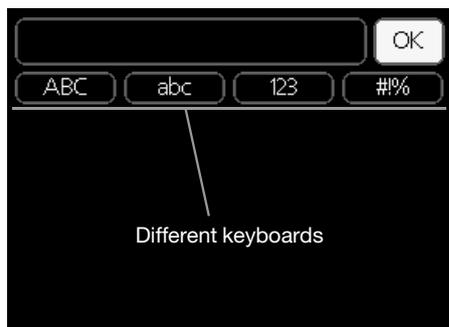


Values to be changed

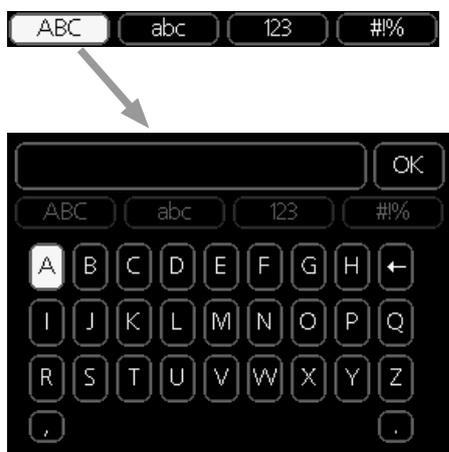
To set a value:

1. Mark the value you want to set using the control knob. 
2. Press the OK button. The background of the value becomes green, which means that you have accessed the setting mode. 
3. Turn the control knob to the right to increase the value and to the left to reduce the value. 
4. Press the OK button to confirm the value you have set. To change and return to the original value, press the Back button. 

## Use the virtual keyboard



In some menus where text may require entering, a virtual keyboard is available.

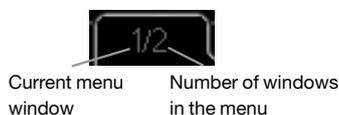


Depending on the menu, you can gain access to different character sets which you can select using the control knob. To change character table, press the Back button. If a menu only has one character set, the keyboard is displayed directly.

When you have finished writing, mark "OK" and press the OK button.

## Scroll through the windows

A menu can consist of several windows. Turn the control knob to scroll between the windows.



## Scroll through the windows in the start guide



1. Turn the control knob until one of the arrows in the top left corner (at the page number) has been marked.
2. Press the OK button to skip between the steps in the start guide.

## Help menu

 In many menus there is a symbol that indicates that extra help is available.

To access the help text:

1. Use the control knob to select the help symbol.
2. Press the OK button.

The help text often consists of several windows that you can scroll between using the control knob.

## Menu list

\*\* Accessories are needed. \*\* Heat pump with cooling function required. 40"

MENU			RC-HY20	RC-HY40	
<b>1 INDOOR CLIMATE</b>					
1.1 - temperature	1.1.1 heating		✓	✓	
	1.1.2 cooling **		✓	✓	
1.3 - scheduling	1.3.1 heating		✓	✓	
	1.3.2 cooling **		✓	✓	
1.9 - advanced	1.9.1 curve	1.9.1.1 heating curve	✓	✓	
		1.9.1.2 cooling curve **	✓	✓	
	1.9.2 external adjustment		✓	✓	
	1.9.3 min. flow line temp.	1.9.3.1 heating	✓	✓	
		1.9.3.2 cooling **	✓	✓	
	1.9.4 room sensor settings		✓	✓	
	1.9.5 cooling settings *		✓	✓	
	1.9.7 own curve	1.9.7.1 heating	✓	✓	
		1.9.7.2 cooling **	✓	✓	
1.9.8 point offset		✓	✓		
<b>2 HOTWATER</b>					
2.1 temporary lux			✓	✓	
2.2 comfort mode			✓	✓	
2.3 scheduling			✓	✓	
2.9 advanced	2.9.1 periodic increase		✓	✓	
	2.9.2 hot water recirc. *		✓	✓	
<b>3 INFO</b>					
3.1 service info			✓	✓	
3.2 compressor info			✓	✓	
3.3 add. heat info			✓	✓	
3.4 alarm log			✓	✓	
3.5 indoor temp. log			✓	✓	
<b>4. MY SYSTEM</b>					
4.1 plus functions	4.1.3 internet	4.1.3.1 myUpway™	✓	✓	
		4.1.3.8 tcp/ip settings	✓	✓	
		4.1.3.9 proxy settings	✓	✓	
	4.1.5 SG Ready		✓	✓	
	4.1.6 smart price adaption™		✓	✓	
	4.1.8 smart energy source™	4.1.8.1 settings		—	✓
		4.1.8.2 set. Price		—	✓
		4.1.8.3 CO2 impact		—	✓
		4.1.8.4 tariff periods, electricity		—	✓
		4.1.8.6 tariff per, ext. shunt add		—	✓
4.1.8.7 tariff per, ext. step add		—	✓		
4.2 op. mode			✓	✓	
4.3 my icons			✓	✓	
4.4 time & date			✓	✓	

\*\* Accessories are needed. \*\* Heat pump with cooling function required. 40"

MENU		RC-HY20	RC-HY40	
4.6 language		✓	✓	
4.7 holiday setting		✓	✓	
4.9 advanced	4.9.1 op. prioritisation	✓	✓	
	4.9.2 auto mode setting	✓	✓	
	4.9.3 degree minute setting	✓	✓	
	4.9.4 factory setting user	✓	✓	
	4.9.5 schedule blocking	✓	✓	
	4.9.6 schedule silent mode	✓	✓	
<b>5 SERVICE</b>				
5.1 operating settings	5.1.1 hot water settings *	✓	✓	
	5.1.2 max flow line temperature	✓	✓	
	5.1.3 max diff flow line temp.	✓	✓	
	5.1.4 alarm actions	✓	✓	
	5.1.12 addition	✓	✓	
	5.1.14 flow set. climate system	✓	✓	
	5.1.22 heat pump testing	✓	✓	
	5.1.23 compressor curve	✓	✓	
5.2 system settings	5.2.2 installed slaves	✓	✓	
	5.2.3 docking	✓	✓	
	5.2.4 accessories	✓	✓	
5.3 accessory settings	5.3.2 shunt controlled add. heat *	—	✓	
	5.3.3 extra climate system *	—	✓	
	5.3.6 step controlled add. Heat	—	✓	
	5.3.8 hot water comfort *	—	✓	
	5.3.20 flow sensor*	—	✓	
5.4 soft in/outputs		✓	✓	
5.5 factory setting service		✓	✓	
5.6 forced control		✓	✓	
5.7 start guide		✓	✓	
5.8 quick start		✓	✓	
5.9 floor drying function		✓	✓	
5.10 change log		✓	✓	
5.11 slave settings	5.11.1 EB101	5.11.1.1 heat pump	✓	✓
		5.11.1.2 charge pump (GP12)	✓	✓
	5.11.2 EB102	—	✓	
	5.11.3 EB103	—	✓	
	5.11.4 EB104	—	✓	
	5.11.5 EB105	—	✓	
	5.11.6 EB106	—	✓	
	5.11.7 EB107	—	✓	
	5.11.8 EB108	—	✓	
5.12 country	✓	✓		

### Sub-menus

Menu SERVICE has orange text and is intended for the advanced user. This menu has several sub-menus.

Status information for the relevant menu can be found on the display to the right of the menus.

**operating settings:** Operating settings for the control module.

**system settings:** System settings for the control module, activating accessories etc.

**soft in/outputs:** Setting software controlled in and outputs on the input card (AA3) and terminal block (X2).

**factory setting service:** Total reset of all settings (including settings available to the user) to default values.

**forced control:** Forced control of the different components in the indoor module.

**start guide:** Manual start of the start guide which is run the first time when the control module is started.

**quick start:** Quick starting the compressor.

### NOTE

*Incorrect settings in the service menus can damage the installation.*

### Menu 5.1 - operating settings

Operating settings can be made for the control module in the sub menus.

#### Menu 5.1.1 - hot water settings

##### **economy**

Setting range start temp. economy: 5 – 55 °C

Factory setting start temp. economy: 42 °C

Setting range stop temp. economy: 5 – 60 °C

Factory setting stop temp. economy: 48 °C

##### **normal**

Setting range start temp. normal: 5 – 60 °C

Factory setting start temp. normal: 46 °C

Setting range stop temp. normal: 5 – 65 °C

Factory setting stop temp. normal: 50 °C

##### **luxury**

Setting range start temp. lux: 5 – 70 °C

Factory setting start temp. lux: 49 °C

Setting range stop temp. lux: 5 – 70 °C

Factory setting stop temp. lux: 53 °C

##### **stop temp. per. increase**

Setting range: 55 – 70 °C

Factory setting: 55 °C

##### **charge method**

Setting range: target temp, delta temp

Default value: delta temp

Here you set the start and stop temperature of the hot water for the different comfort options in menu 2.2 as well as the stop temperature for periodic increase in menu 2.9.1.

The charge method for hot water mode is selected here. "delta temp" is recommended for heaters with charge coil, "target temp" for heaters with domestic coil.

#### Menu 5.1.2 - max flow line temperature

##### **climate system**

Setting range: 5 – 70 °C

Default value: 60 °C

Set the maximum supply temperature for the climate system here. If the installation has more than one climate system, individual maximum supply temperatures can be set for each system. Climate systems 2 – 8 cannot be set to a higher max supply temperature than climate system 1.

### CAUTION

*Underfloor heating systems are normally max flow line temperature set between 35 and 45°C.*

*Be careful not to cause low temperature burn if it is set at 35°C or higher.*

*Check the max floor temperature with your floor supplier.*

**Menu 5.1.3 - max diff flow line temp.****max diff compressor**

Setting range: 1 – 25 °C

Default value: 10 °C

**max diff addition**

Setting range: 1 – 24 °C

Default value: 7 °C

Here you set the maximum permitted difference between the calculated and actual supply temperature during compressor mode and add. heat mode. Max diff. additional heat can never exceed max diff. compressor

**max diff compressor**

When the current supply temperature **deviates** from the set value compared to that calculated, the heat pump is forced to stop irrespective of the degreeminute value.

If the current supply temperature exceeds the calculated flow temperature plus the set value, the degree minute value is set to 0. The compressor in the heat pump stops when there is only a heating demand.

**max diff addition**

If "addition" is selected and activated in menu 4.2 and the present supply temp **exceeds** the calculated temperature plus the set value, the additional heat is forced to stop.

**Menu 5.1.4 - alarm actions**

Select how to control the heat pump in the event of an alarm. You can choose to stop producing hot water and/or reduce the room temperature.

**CAUTION**

*If no alarm action is selected, it can result in higher energy consumption in the event of an alarm.*

**Menu 5.1.12 - addition**

add type: step controlled

**max step**

Setting range (binary stepping deactivated): 0 – 3

Setting range (binary stepping activated): 0 – 7

Default value: 3

**fuse size**

Setting range: 1 – 200 A

Factory setting: 16 A

You can set the maximum number of permitted additional heat steps, if there is internal additional heat in the tank (only accessible if the additional heat is positioned after QN10), whether binary stepping is to be used and the size of the fuse.

**<Add. Type: shurt controlled (RC-HY40 only)>****prioritised additional heat**

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

**minimum running time**

Setting range: 0 – 48 h

Default value: 12 h

**min temp.**

Setting range: 5 – 90 °C

Default value: 55 °C

**mixing valve amplifier**

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

**mixing valve step delay**

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

**fuse size**

Setting range: 1 – 200 A

Factory setting: 16 A

**transformation ratio**

Setting range: 300 – 3000

Factory setting: 300

Select this option if shunt controlled additional heat is connected.

Set when the addition is to start, the minimum run time and the minimum temperature for external addition with shunt here. External addition with shunt is for example a wood/oil/gas/pellet boiler.

You can set shunt valve amplification and shunt valve waiting time.

Selecting "prioritised additional heat" uses the heat from the external additional heat instead of the heat pump.

The shunt valve is regulated as long as heat is available, otherwise the shunt valve is closed.

**TIP**

*See the accessory installation instructions for function description.*

**Menu 5.1.14 - flow set. climate system****presettings**

Setting range: radiator, floor heat., rad. + floor heat.

Default value: radiator

Setting range DOT: -40.0 – 20.0 °C

The factory setting of DOT value depends on the country that has been given for the product's location.

The example below refers to Sweden.

Factory setting DOT: -20.0 °C

**own setting**

Setting range dT at DOT: 0.0 – 25.0

Factory setting dT at DOT: 10.0  
 Setting range DOT: -40.0 – 20.0 °C  
 Factory setting DOT: -20.0 °C

Select the type of heating distribution system.

dT at DOT is the difference in degrees between flow and return temperatures at dimensioned outdoor temperature.

**Menu 5.1.22 - heat pump testing**

**NOTE**

*This menu is intended for testing heat pump according to different standards.  
 Use of this menu for other reasons may result in your installation not functioning as intended.*

This menu contains several sub-menus, one for each standard.

**Menu 5.1.23 - compressor curve**

Set whether the compressor in the heat pump should work to a particular curve under specific requirements or if it should work to predefined curves.

You can set a curve for each operation mode (heat, hot water, coolingetc.) by unticking "auto", turning the control knob until a temperature is marked and pressing OK. You can set at what temperature max- min frequencies will occur.

This menu consists of several windows (one for each operation mode). Use the navigation arrow in the top left corner to change between the windows.

**Menu 5.2 - system settings**

Make different system settings for your installation here, e.g. activate the connected heat pump and which accessories are installed.

**Menu 5.2.2 - installed heat pump**

If a heat pump is connected to the master installation, set it here.

For RC-HY40, you can set slave unit to be connected.

There are two ways of activating connected slaves. You can either mark the alternative in the list or use the automatic function "search installed slaves".

**search installed slaves**

Mark "search installed slaves" and press the OK button to automatically find connected slaves for the master heat pump.

**Menu 5.2.3 – docking (RC-HY 40 only)**

Enter how your system is docked regarding pipes, for example to hot water heating and heating the building.

This menu has a docking memory which means that the control system remembers how a particular reversing valve is docked and automatically enters the correct docking the next time you use the same reversing valve.

Slave (heat pump)                      Workspace for docking



Compressor                      Marking frame

**Slave:** Here you select for which heat pump the docking setting is to be made.

**Compressor:** Select if the compressor in the heat pump is blocked (factory setting), or standard (docked for example to pool heating, hot water charging and heating the building).

**Marking frame:** Move around the marking frame using the control knob. Use the OK button to select what you want to change and to confirm setting in the options box that appears to the right.

**Workspace for docking:** The system docking is drawn here.

Symbol	Description
	Compressor (blocked)
	Compressor (standard)
	Reversing valves for hot water, cooling. The designations above the reversing valve indicate where it is electrically connected (EB101 = Slave 1, etc.).
	Hot water charging
	Heating (heating the building, includes any extra climate system)
	Cooling

### Menu 5.2.4 - accessories

Set which accessories are installed on the installation here.

If the water heater is connected, hot water charging must be activated here.

### Menu 5.3 - accessory settings

The operating settings for accessories that are installed and activated are made in the sub-menus for this.

#### Menu 5.3.2 - shunt controlled add. Heat

##### ***prioritised additional heat***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

##### ***start diff additional heat***

Setting range: 0 – 2000 GM

Default values: 400 GM

##### ***minimum running time***

Setting range: 0 – 48 h

Default value: 12 h

##### ***min temp.***

Setting range: 5 – 90 °C

Default value: 55 °C

##### ***mixing valve amplifier***

Setting range: 0.1 –10.0

Default value: 1.0

##### ***mixing valve step delay***

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Set when the addition is to start, the minimum run time and the minimum temperature for external addition with shunt here. External addition with shunt is for example a wood/oil/gas/pellet boiler.

You can set shunt valve amplification and shunt valve waiting time.

Selecting "prioritised additional heat" uses the heat from the external additional heat instead of the heat pump.

The shunt valve is regulated as long as heat is available, otherwise the shunt valve is closed.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

#### Menu 5.3.3 - extra climate system

##### ***use in heating mode***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: on

##### ***use in cooling mode***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

##### ***mixing valve amplifier***

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

##### ***mixing valve step delay***

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Here you select which climate system (2 - 8) you wish to set. In the next menu you can make settings for the climate system

that you have selected. If this function is activated, you can set "cooling flow temp. at +20°C" and "cooling flow temp. at +40°C" for each climate system where the function is activated.

## CAUTION

*This setting option only appears if "cooling permitted" is activated in menu 5.11.1.1.*

The shunt amplification and shunt waiting time for the different extra climate systems that are installed are also set here.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.6 - step controlled add. heat

#### start addition

Setting range: 0 – 2000 GM

Default values: 400 GM

#### diff. between additional steps

Setting range: 0 – 1000 GM

Default values: 30 GM

#### max step

Setting range

(binary stepping deactivated): 0 – 3

Setting range

(binary stepping activated): 0 – 7

Default value: 3

#### binary stepping

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

Make settings for step controlled addition here. Step controlled addition is for example an external electric boiler.

It is possible, for example, to select when the additional heat is to start, to set the maximum number of permitted steps and whether binary stepping is to be used.

When binary stepping is deactivated (off), the settings refer to linear stepping.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.8 - hot water comfort

#### activating imm heater

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### activ. imm heat in heat mode

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### activating the mixing valve

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### outgoing hot water

Setting range: 40 – 65 °C

Default value: 55 °C

#### mixing valve amplifier

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

#### mixing valve step delay

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Make settings for the hot water comfort here.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

**activating imm heater:** The immersion heater is activated here if installed in the water heater.

**activ. imm heat in heat mode:** Activate here whether the immersion heater in the tank (required if the alternative above is activated) will be permitted to charge hot water, if the compressors in the heat pump prioritise heating.

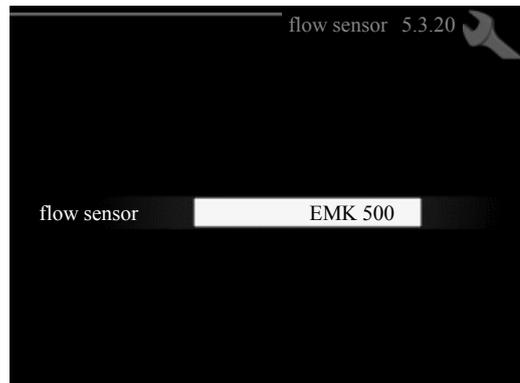
**activating the mixing valve:** Activate here whether a mixer valve for limiting the temperature of hot water from the water heater is installed.

If this alternative has been activated, you can set the outgoing hot water temperature, shunt amplification and shunt waiting time for the mixer valve.

**outgoing hot water:** Set the temperature at which the mixing valve is to restrict hot water from the water heater.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.20 - flow sensor



#### flow sensor

Setting option: EMK 500, EMK 310 / 300, EMK 150

Factory setting: EMK 500

Here you select which flow sensor is used for the energy measurement.

### Menu 5.4 – soft in/outputs

You can set the function of in/output for each terminal (AUX1-6 and output).

Position of the terminal depends on the type of controller.

RC-HY20: port 11-18 on X2 terminal (AUX1-6), X4 terminal on AA2 board (output)

RC-HY40: port 9-14 on terminal X6 and port 1-4 on X2 terminal on AA3 board (AUX1-6), X7 terminal on AA3 board (output)

### Menu 5.5 - factory setting service

All settings can be reset (including settings available to the user) to default values here.

#### NOTE

*When resetting, the start guide is displayed the next time the control module is restarted.*

### Menu 5.6 - forced control

You can force control the different components in the control module and any connected accessories here.

### Menu 5.7 - start guide

When the control module is started for the first time the start guide starts automatically. Start it manually here.

See page 25 for more information about the start guide.

### Menu 5.8 - quick start

It is possible to start the compressor from here.

#### CAUTION

*There must be a heating or hot water demand to start the compressor.*

#### CAUTION

*Do not quick start the compressor too many times over a short period of time as this may damage the compressor and its surrounding equipment.*

### Menu 5.9 - floor drying function

#### length of period 1 – 7

Setting range: 0 – 30 days

Factory setting, period 1 – 3, 5 – 7: 2 days

Factory setting, period 4: 3 days

#### temp. period 1 – 7

Setting range: 15 – 70 °C

Default value:

temp. period 1	20 °C
temp. period 2	30 °C
temp. period 3	40 °C
temp. period 4	45 °C
temp. period 5	40 °C
temp. period 6	30 °C
temp. period 7	20 °C

Set the function for under floor drying here.

You can set up to seven period times with different calculated flow temperatures. If less than seven periods

are to be used, set the remaining period times to 0 days.

Mark the active window to activate the underfloor drying function. A counter at the bottom shows the number of days the function has been active.

#### TIP

*If operating mode "add. heat only" is to be used, select it in menu 4.2.*

### Menu 5.10 - change log

Read off any previous changes to the control system here.

The date, time and ID no. (unique to certain settings) and the new set value is shown for every change.

#### NOTE

*The change log is saved at restart and remains unchanged after factory setting.*

### Menu 5.11 - heat pump settings

Settings for installed heat pump can be made in the submenus.

#### Menu 5.11.1 - EB101 - EB108

Make settings specifically for the installed heat pump and charge pump here.

For RC-HY40, it is possible to connect up to 8 heat pumps.

##### Menu 5.11.1.1 - heat pump

Make settings for the installed heat pump here. To see what settings you can make, see installation manual for the heat pump.

##### Menu 5.11.1.2 - charge pump (GP12)

###### **op. mode**

Heating/cooling

Setting range: auto / intermittent

Default value: auto

Set the operating mode for the charge pump here.

**auto:** The charge pump runs according to the current operating mode for SMO 20.

**intermittent:** The charge pump starts and stops 20 seconds before and after the compressor in the heat pump.

###### **speed during operation heating, hot water, cooling**

Setting range: auto / manual

Default value: auto

###### **Manual setting**

Setting range: 1 – 100 %

Default values: 70 %

###### **speed in wait mode**

Setting range: 1 – 100 %

Default values: 30 %

###### **max. allowed speed**

Setting range: 80 – 100 %

Default values: 100 %

Set the speed at which the charge pump is to operate in the present operating mode. Select "auto" if the speed of the charge pump is to be regulated automatically (factory setting) for optimal operation.

If "auto" is activated for heating operation, you can also make the setting "max. allowed speed" which restricts the charge pump and does not allow it to run at a higher speed than the set value.

For manual operation of the charge pump deactivate "auto" for the current operating mode and set the value to between 1 and 100 % (the previously set value for "max. allowed speed" no longer applies).

Speed in standby mode (only used if "auto" has been selected for "Operating mode") means the charge pump operates at the set speed during the time when there is neither a need for compressor operation nor additional heat.

### 5.12 - country

Select here where the product was installed. This allows access to country specific settings in your product.

Language settings can be made regardless of this selection.

#### **NOTE**

*This option locks after 24 hours, restart of display or program updating.*

## Service

### Service actions

#### NOTE

*Servicing should only be carried out by persons with the necessary expertise.  
When replacing components on the system, only genuine replacement parts may be used.*

#### NOTE

*If an electrical connection has been disconnected and is connected, ground must be checked using a suitable multimeter.*

### Maintenance

#### General inspection

Check the following:

1. Condition of casing.
2. Electrical connections.
3. Alarm log.

Correct any fault before continuing.

#### Climate system

Check the following:

1. Climate system start and stop temperature.
2. Heating curve settings.
3. Function of the room sensor (if installed).
4. System pressure.
5. Flow and return temperature. The difference must be 5-10 °C.

Correct any fault before continuing.

### Emergency mode

#### NOTE

*Switch (SF1) must not be put into mode "1" or  $\Delta$  before the installation is filled with water.  
The compressor in the heat pump can be damaged.*

Emergency mode is used in event of operational interference and in conjunction with service. Hot water is not produced in emergency mode.

Emergency mode is activated by setting switch (SF1) in mode " $\Delta$ ". This means that:

- The status lamp illuminates yellow.
- The display is not lit and the control computer is not connected.
- Hot water is not produced.
- The compressors are switched off. Charge pump (EB101-GP12) is running.
- The heating medium pump is active.
- The emergency mode relay (K1) is active.

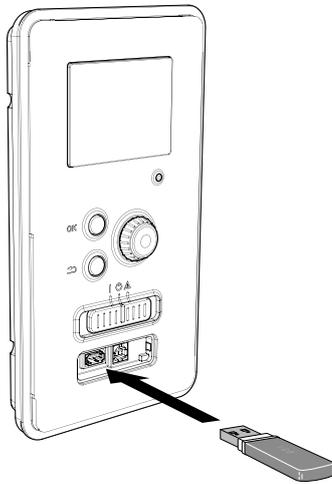
External additional heat is active if it is connected to the emergency mode relay (K1, terminal block X1).

Ensure that the heating medium circulates through the external additional heat.

#### Temperature sensor data

Temperature (°C)	Resistance (kOhm)	Voltage (VDC)
-40	351.0	3.256
-35	251.6	3.240
-30	182.5	3.218
-25	133.8	3.189
-20	99.22	3.150
-15	74.32	3.105
-10	56.20	3.047
-5	42.89	2.976
0	33.02	2.889
5	25.61	2.789
10	20.02	2.673
15	15.77	2.541
20	12.51	2.399
25	10.00	2.245
30	8.045	2.083
35	6.514	1.916
40	5.306	1.752
45	4.348	1.587
50	3.583	1.426
55	2.968	1.278
60	2.467	1.136
65	2.068	1.007
70	1.739	0.891
75	1.469	0.785
80	1.246	0.691
85	1.061	0.607
90	0.908	0.533
95	0.779	0.469
100	0.672	0.414

## USB service outlet

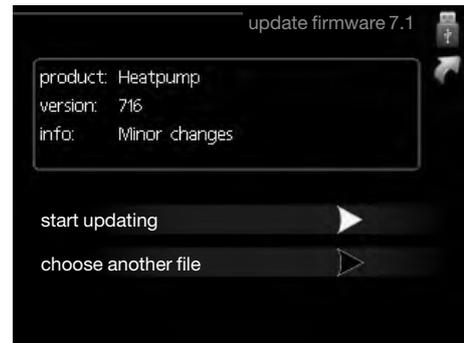


RC-HY20/40 is equipped with a USB socket in the display unit. This USB socket can be used to connect a USB memory to update the software, save logged information and handle the settings in RC-HY20/40.



When a USB memory is connected a new menu (menu 7) appears in the display.

## Menu 7.1 - update firmware



This allows you to update the software in RC-HY20/40.

### NOTE

*For the following functions to work the USB memory must contain files with software for RC-HY20/40.*

This information states which product the software is intended for, the software version and general information about them. If you wish to select another file than the one selected, the correct file can be selected by "choose another file".

### start updating

Select "start updating" if you want to start the update.

You are asked whether you really want to update the software. Respond "yes" to continue or "no" to undo.

If you responded "yes" to the previous question the update starts and you can now follow the progress of the update on the display. When the update is complete RC-HY20/40 restarts.

### NOTE

*A software update does not reset the menu settings in RC-HY20/40.*

### NOTE

*If the update is interrupted before it is complete (for example power cut etc.) the software can be reset to the previous version if the OK button is kept pressing during start up until the green lamp starts to illuminate (takes about 10 seconds).*

**choose another file**

Select "choose another file" if you do not want to use the suggested software. When you scroll through the files, information about the marked software is shown in a fact box just as before. When you have selected a file with the OK button you will return to the previous page (menu 7.1) where you can choose to start the update.

**Menu 7.2 - logging**

Setting range: 1 s – 60 min

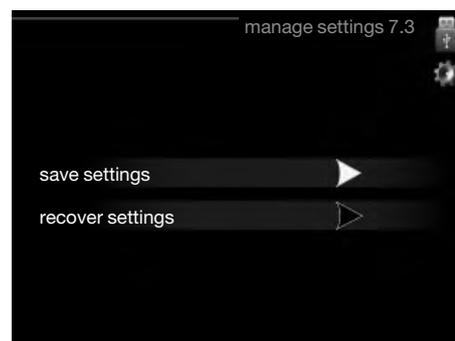
Factory setting range: 5 s

You can set the interval of the log data storage and start saving the log data on the USB memory.

1. Set the desired interval between loggings.
2. Tick "activated".
3. The present values from RC-HY20/40 are saved in a file in the USB memory at the set interval until "activated" is unticked.

**NOTE**

*Untick "activated" before removing the USB memory.  
Menu 7.3 - manage settings*

**Menu 7.3 - manage settings**

Here you can manage (save as or retrieve from) all the menu settings (user and service menus) in RC-HY20/40 with a USB memory.

Via "save settings" you save the menu settings to the USB memory in order to restore them later or to copy the settings to another RC-HY20/40.

**NOTE**

*When you save the menu settings to the USB memory you replace any previously saved settings on the USB memory.*

Via "recover settings" you reset all menu settings from the USB memory.

**NOTE**

*Reset of the menu settings from the USB memory cannot be undone.*

## Disturbance in comfort

In most cases, the control module notes a malfunction and indicates this with alarms and shows instructions to rectify it in the display. See "Manage alarm" for information about managing alarms. If the malfunction does not appear in the display, or if the display is not lit, the following troubleshooting guide can be used.

### Manage alarm



In the event of an alarm, some kind of malfunction has occurred, which is indicated by the status lamp changing from green continuously to red continuously. In addition, an alarm bell appears in the information window.

#### Alarm

In the event of an alarm with a red status lamp a malfunction has occurred that the heat pump and/or control module cannot remedy itself. In the display, by turning the control knob and pressing the OK button, you can see the type of alarm it is and reset it. You can also choose to set the installation to aid mode.

**info / action** Here you can read what the alarm means and receive tips on what you can do to correct the problem that caused the alarm.

**reset alarm** In most cases it is enough to select "reset alarm" to correct the problem that caused the alarm. If a green light illuminates after selecting "reset alarm" the alarm has been remedied. If a red light is still visible and a menu called "alarm" is visible in the display, the problem that caused the alarm remains. If the alarm disappears and then returns, see the troubleshooting section (page 78 and 79).

**aid mode** "aid mode" is a type of emergency mode. This means that the installation produces heat and/or hot water despite there being some kind of problem. This can mean that the heat pump's compressor is not running. In this case any electrical addition produces heat and/or hot water.

#### NOTE

To select aid mode an alarm action must be selected in the menu 5.1.4.

#### CAUTION

Selecting "aid mode" is not the same as correcting the problem that caused the alarm. The status lamp will therefore continue to be red.

## Troubleshooting

If the operational interference is not shown in the display the following tips can be used:

### Basic actions

Start by checking the following possible fault sources:

- The switch's (SF1) position.
- Group and main fuses of the accommodation.
- The property's earth circuit breaker.
- The control module's miniature circuit breaker (FA1).

### Low hot water temperature or a lack of hot water

This part of the fault-tracing chapter only applies if the water heater is installed in the system.

- Closed or choked filling valve for the hot water heater.
  - Open the valve.
- Mixing valve (if there is one installed) set too low.
  - Adjust the mixer valve.
- Control module in incorrect operating mode.
  - If mode "manual" is selected, select "addition".
- Large hot water consumption.
  - Wait until the hot water has heated up. Temporarily increased hot water capacity (temporary lux) can be activated in menu 2.1.
- Too low hot water setting.
  - Enter menu 2.2 and select a higher comfort mode.
- Too low or no operating prioritisation of hot water.
  - Enter menu 4.9.1 and increase the time for when hot water is to be prioritised.

### Low room temperature

- Closed thermostats in several rooms.
  - Set the thermostats to max, in as many rooms as possible. Adjust the room temperature via menu 1.1, instead of choking the thermostats.
- Control module in incorrect operating mode.
  - Enter menu 4.2. If mode "auto" is selected, select a higher value on "stop heating" in menu 4.9.2.
  - If mode "manual" is selected, select "heating". If this is not enough, select "addition".
- Too low set value on the automatic heating control.
  - Enter menu 1.1 "temperature" and adjust the offset heating curve up. If the room temperature is only low in cold weather the curve slope in menu 1.9.1 "heating curve" needs adjusting up.
- Too low or no operating prioritisation of heat.
  - Enter menu 4.9.1 and increase the time for when heating is to be prioritised.
- "Holiday mode" activated in menu 4.7.
  - Enter menu 4.7 and select "Off".

- External switch for changing the room heating activated.
  - Check any external switches.
- Air in the climate system.
  - Vent the climate system.
- Closed valves to the climate system.
  - Open the valves.
- Incorrectly adjusted flow across the heat pump.
  - Check whether alarm high condenser in (163) or high condenser out (162) is in the alarm log. Follow the instructions for adjusting charge flow.

### High room temperature

- Too high set value on the automatic heating control.
  - Enter menu 1.1 (temperature) and reduce the offset heating curve. If the room temperature is only high in cold weather the curve slope in menu 1.9.1 "heating curve" needs adjusting down.
- External switch for changing the room heating activated.
  - Check any external switches.

### Low system pressure

- Not enough water in the climate system.
  - Top up the water in the climate system.

### The compressor does not start

- There is no heating requirement.
  - The heat pump does not call on heating nor hot water.
- Temperature conditions tripped.
  - Wait until the temperature condition has been re-set.
- Minimum time between compressor starts has not been reached.
  - Wait 30 minutes and check if the compressor has started.
- Alarm tripped.
  - Follow the display instructions.

## Additional heating only

If you are unsuccessful in rectifying the fault and are unable to heat the house, you can, whilst waiting for assistance, continue running the heat pump in "add. heat only". This means that additional heating only is used to heat the house.

### Set the installation to additional heat mode

1. Go to menu 4.2 op. mode.
2. Mark "add. heat only" using the control knob and then press OK button.

Return to the main menus by pressing the Back button.

### CAUTION

*When commissioning without MTH air/water heat pump an alarm communication error may appear in the display. The alarm is reset if the relevant heat pump is deactivated in menu 5.2.2 ("installed heat pump").*

## Alarm list

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
157	Low lp cooling	Protection against freezing in water HX during cooling operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Low/no water flow</li> </ul>
162	High condenser out temperature	Too high temperature out from the condenser. Self-resetting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Low flow during heating operation</li> <li>■ Too high set temperatures</li> </ul>
163	High condenser in temperature	Too high temperature into the condenser. Self-resetting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Temperature generated by another heat source</li> </ul>
183	Defrosting in progress	Not an alarm, but an operating status.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Set when the heat pump runs the defrosting procedure</li> </ul>
220	High pressure alarm	BP4 has been above 4,15MPa 5 times within 60 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or blocked heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Expansion valve not correctly connected</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Low or no flow during heating operation</li> <li>■ Defective circulation pump</li> <li>■ Defective fuse, F(4A)</li> </ul>
221	Low pressure alarm	Too low value on the low pressure sensor 3 times within 60 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on input for low pressure sensor</li> <li>■ Defective low pressure sensor</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on input for suction gas sensor (Tho-S)</li> <li>■ Defective suction gas sensor (Tho-S)</li> </ul>
223	Com. fct from the heat pump	Communication between the control board and the communication board is interrupted. There must	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Any circuit breakers for FDCW off</li> <li>■ Incorrect cable routing</li> </ul>
224	Fan alarm from heat pump	Deviations in the fan speed in FDCW.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The fan cannot rotate freely</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Defective fan motor</li> <li>■ Control board in FDCW dirty</li> <li>■ Fuse (F2) blown</li> </ul>
228	Failed defrosting	10 aborted defrost due to alarm: 418,419 or 343	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> <li>■ Too low return temperatur</li> </ul>
230	Hot gas alarm	Temperature deviation on the hot gas sensor (Tho-D) twice within 60 minutes or for 60 minutes continuously.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Ambient temperature sensor")</li> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Blocked</li> <li>■ If the fault persists during cooling, there may be an insufficient amount of refrigerant.</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
261	High HWX temp	Temperature deviation on the heat exchanger sensor (Tho-R1/R2) five times within 60 minutes or for 60 minutes continuously.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or blocked heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Too much refrigerant</li> </ul>
262	Inv. err.	When IPM (Intelligent power module) displays FO-signal (Fault Output) five times during a 60-minute period.	Can occur when 15V power supply to the inverter PCB is unstable.
263	Inv. err.	Voltage from the inverter outside the parameters four times within 30 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Incoming power supply interference</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Insufficient amount of refrigerant</li> <li>■ Compressor fault</li> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> </ul>
264	Communication error with inverter.	Communication between circuit board for inverter and control board broken.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit in connection between boards</li> <li>■ Defective low pressure sensor</li> <li>■ Defective circuit board for inverter in FDCW</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
265	Inv. err.	Continuous deviation on power transistor for 15 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Defective fan motor</li> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> </ul>
266	Low refrig	Insufficient refrigerant is detected upon star-up cooling mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Loose connection sensor (BT15, BT3)</li> <li>■ Defective sensor (BT15, BT13)</li> <li>■ Too little refrigerant</li> </ul>
267	Inv. err.	Failed start for compressor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Compressor fault</li> </ul>
268	Inv. err.	Overcurrent, Inverter A/F module	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sudden power failure</li> </ul>
271	Lw otd tmp	Temperature of BT28 below the value that permits operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Cold weather conditions</li> <li>■ Sensor fault</li> </ul>
272	High otd tmp	Temperature of BT28 above the value that permits operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Warm weather conditions</li> <li>■ Sensor fault</li> </ul>
277	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, heat exchanger in FDCW(Tho-R).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
278	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, outdoor temperature sensor in FDCW (Tho-A).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>

## Disturbance in comfort

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
279	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, hot gas in FDCW (Tho-D).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
280	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, suction gas in FDCW (Tho-S)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
281	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, low pressure transmitter in FDCW.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Fault in the refrigerant circuit</li> </ul>
294	Incompatible heat pump	Heat pump and indoor module do not work properly together due to technical parameters.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Outdoor module and indoor module are not compatible.</li> </ul>
343	Low temp water out	Low water out temperature during cooling or tank defrost operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> <li>■ Too low return temperatur</li> </ul>
347	Temp high press	Temporary high pressure alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ No/low water flow</li> <li>■ Air in water system</li> </ul>
403	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor incoming water in indoor unit (BT3).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
404	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor high pressure heating/ low pressure cooling in indoor unit (BP4).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
412	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor outgoing water in indoor unit (BT12).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
415	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor fluid pipe in indoor unit (BT15).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
418	Low temp water out	Anti-freeze protection water heat exchanger during defrost.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> </ul>
419	Freeze prot. exch. defr.	Anti-freeze protection water heat exchanger during defrost.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water return temperature</li> </ul>

## Accessories

### **EMK300M**

Part no. MCD291A013

### **EMK500M**

Part no. MCD291A014

### **Charge pump CPD 11**

Charge pump for heat pump

#### **CPD 11-25M/65**

Part no. MCD291A016

#### **CPD 11-25M/75**

Part no. MCD291A017

### **External electric additional heat ELK**

These accessories may require accessories card AXC 30 (step controlled addition).

#### **ELK 9M**

Immersion heater

9 kW 3 x 400 V

Part no. MCD291A015

### **Hot water control**

#### **VST 05M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø22

Max heat pump size 8 kW

Part no. MCD291A018

#### **VST 11M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø28

(Max recommended output, 17 kW)

Part no. MCD291A019

#### **VST 20M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø35

(Max recommended output, 40 kW)

Part no. MCD291A020

### **Reversing valve for cooling**

#### **VCC 05M**

Part no. MCD291A021

#### **VCC 11M**

Part no. MCD291A022

### **Electrical model**

#### **MEL 1030M**

Part no. MCD291A023

### **Anode**

#### **Anode for tank**

##### **Anode T300**

Part no. MCD291A024

##### **Anode T500**

Part no. MCD291A025

#### **Anode M300**

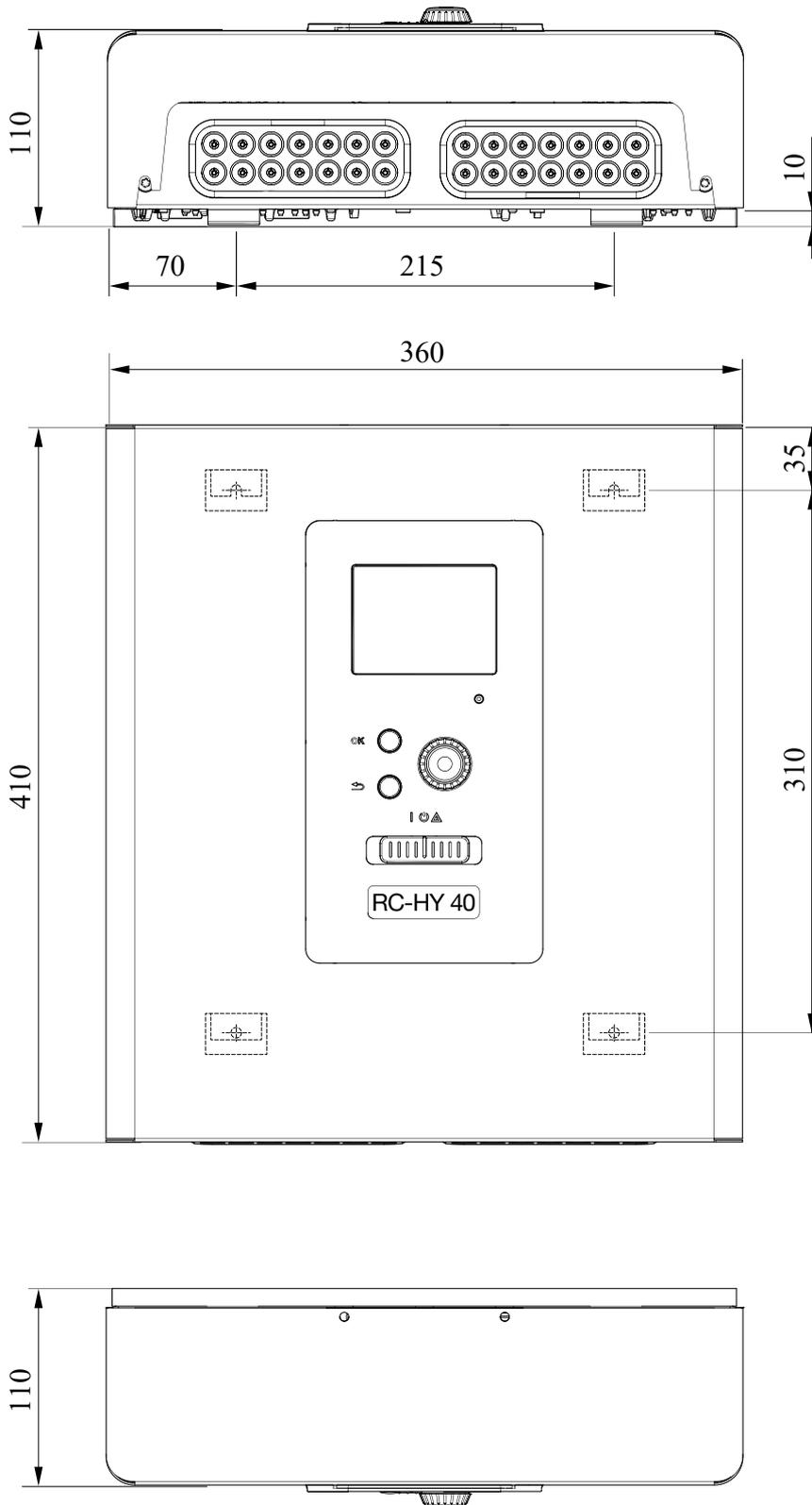
Part no. MCD291A026

#### **Anode M500**

Part no. MCD291A027

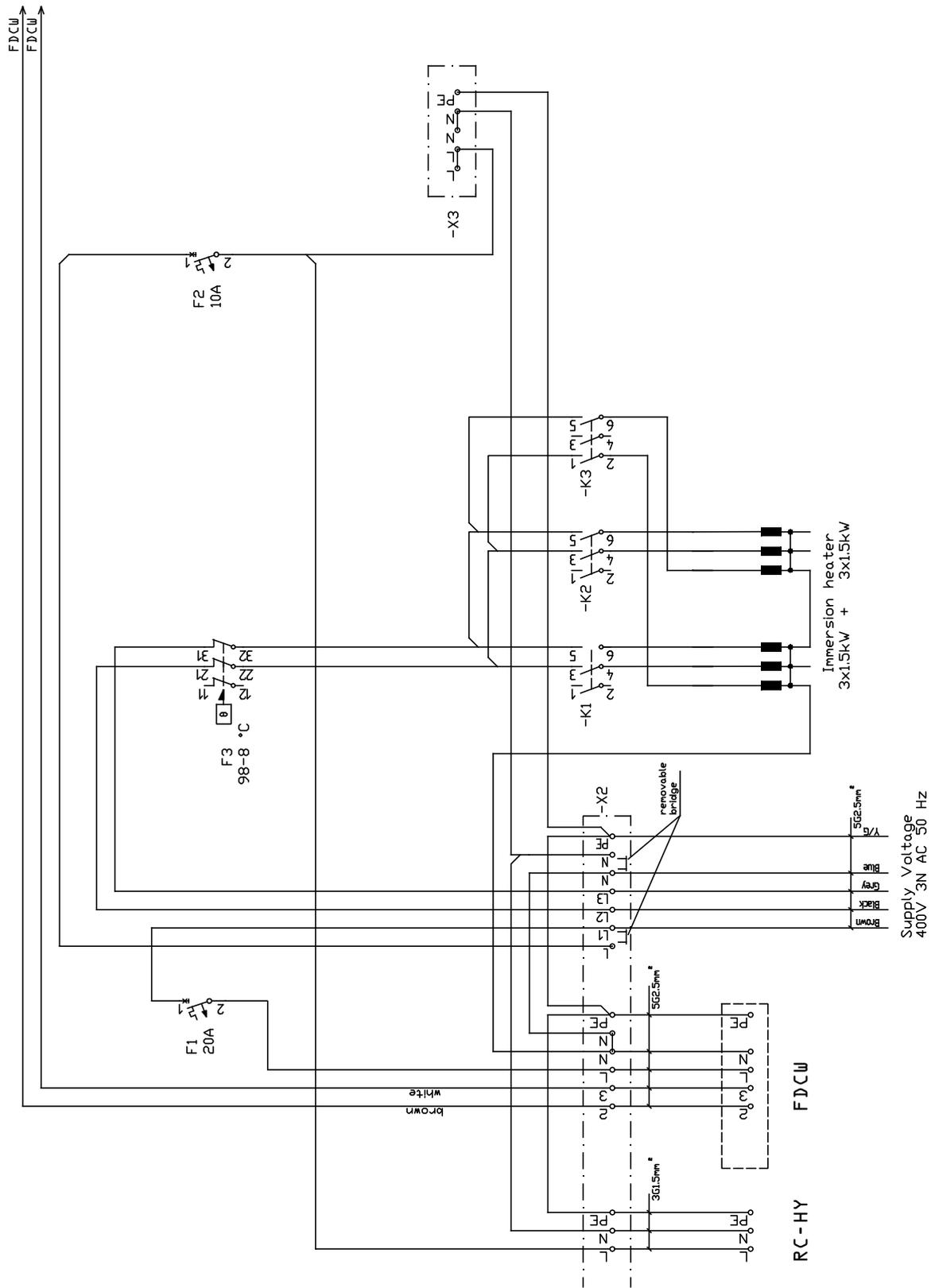
## Technical data

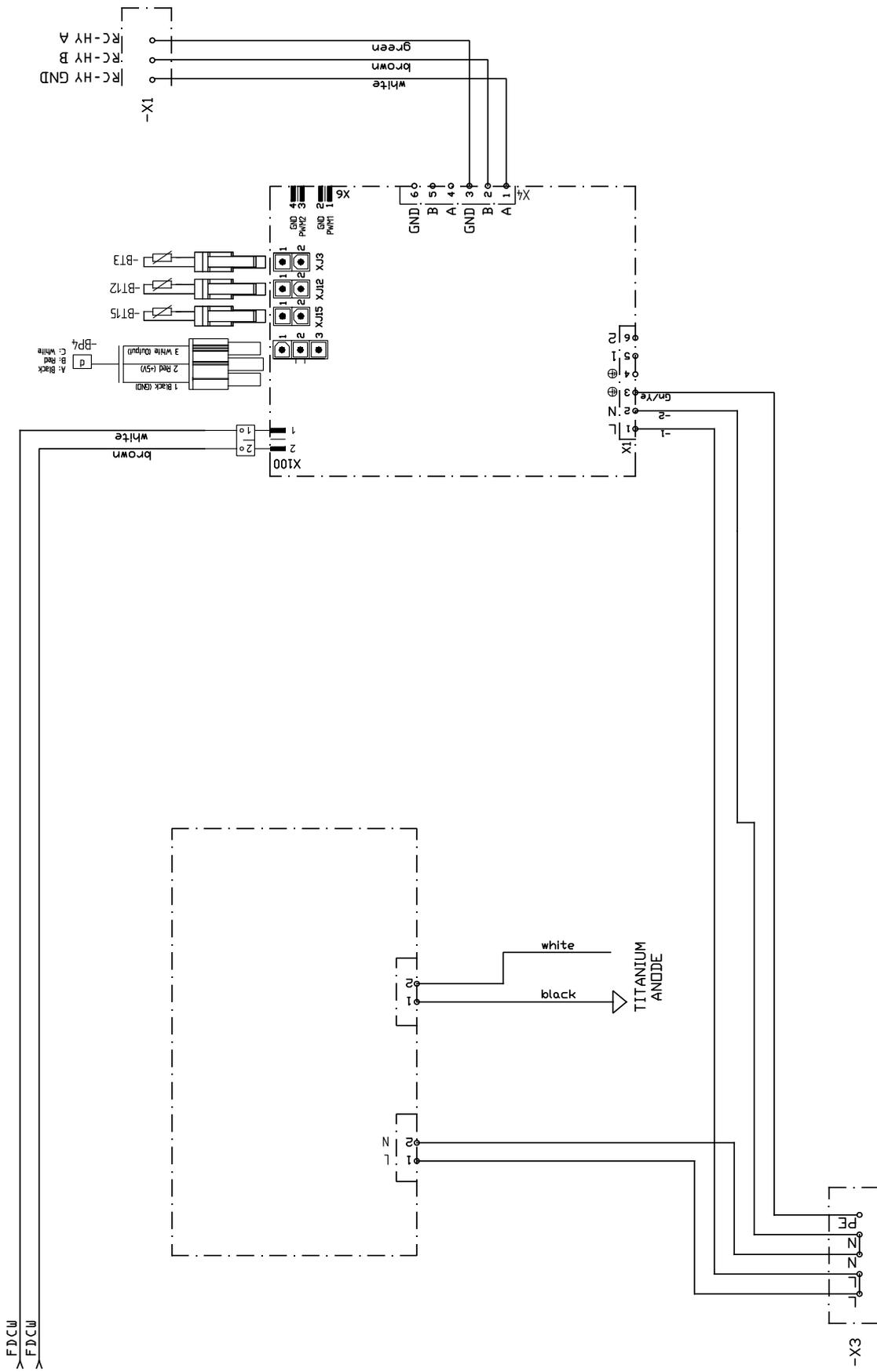
### Dimensions and setting-out coordinates

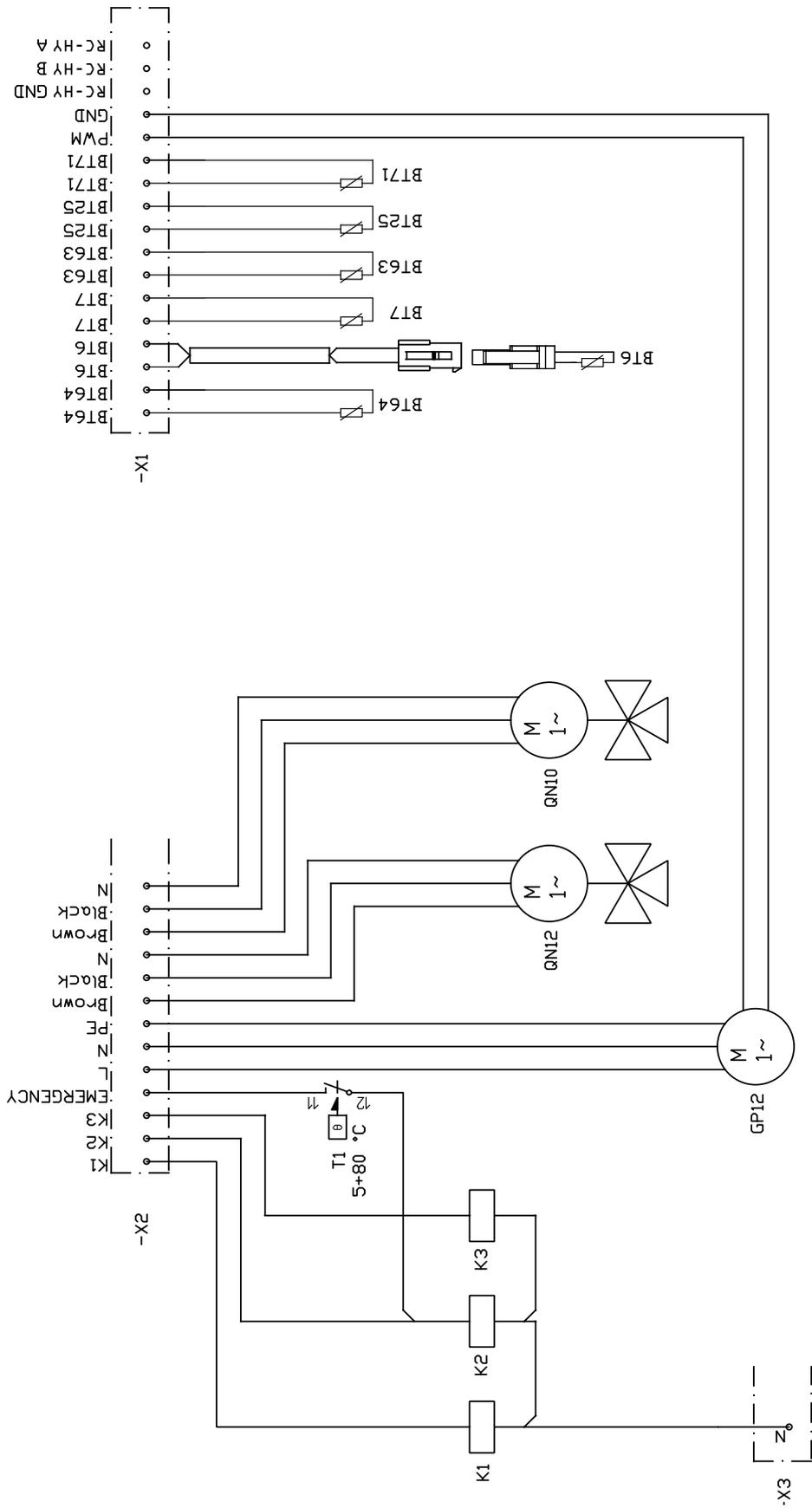


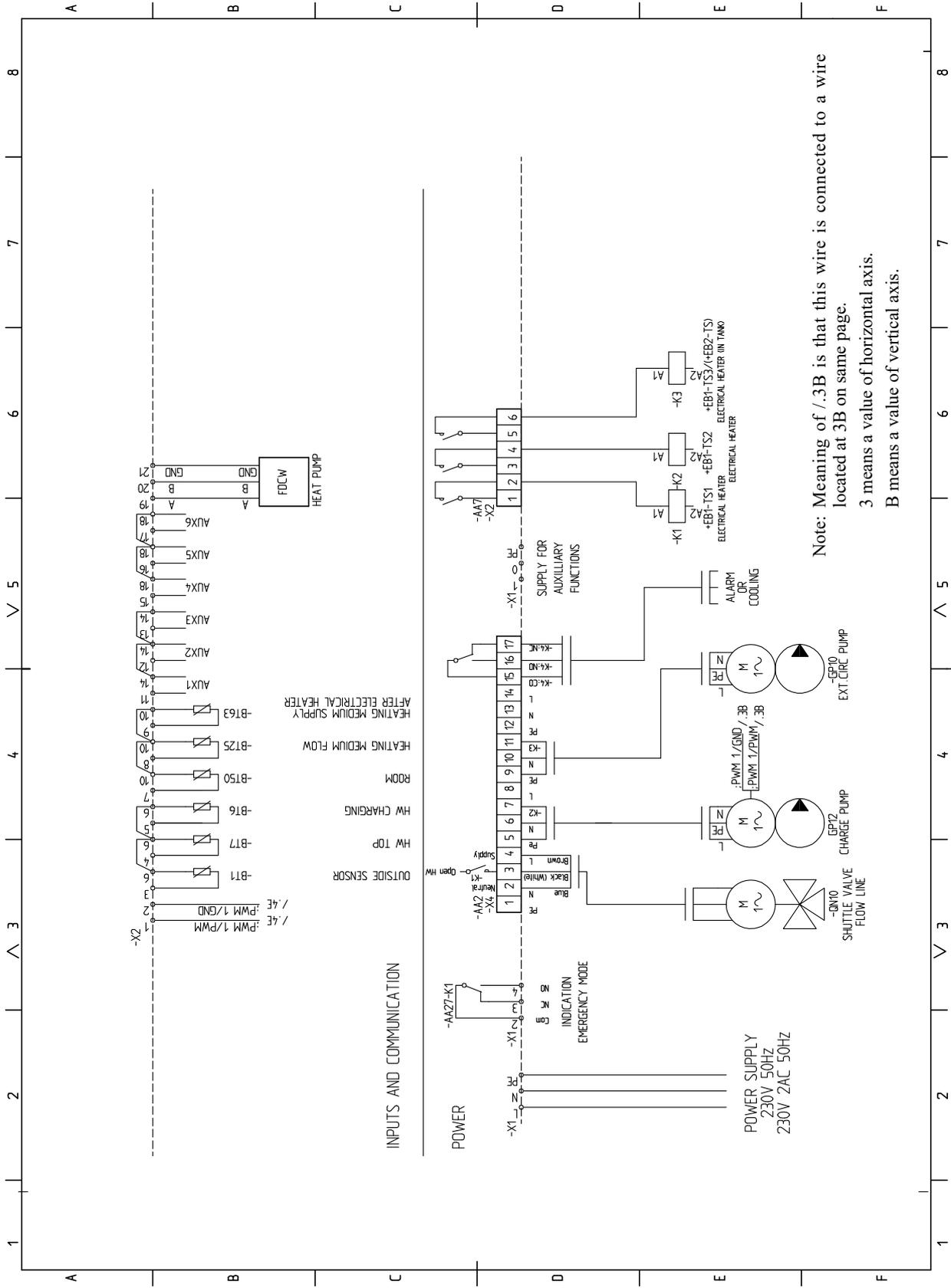


HMK100

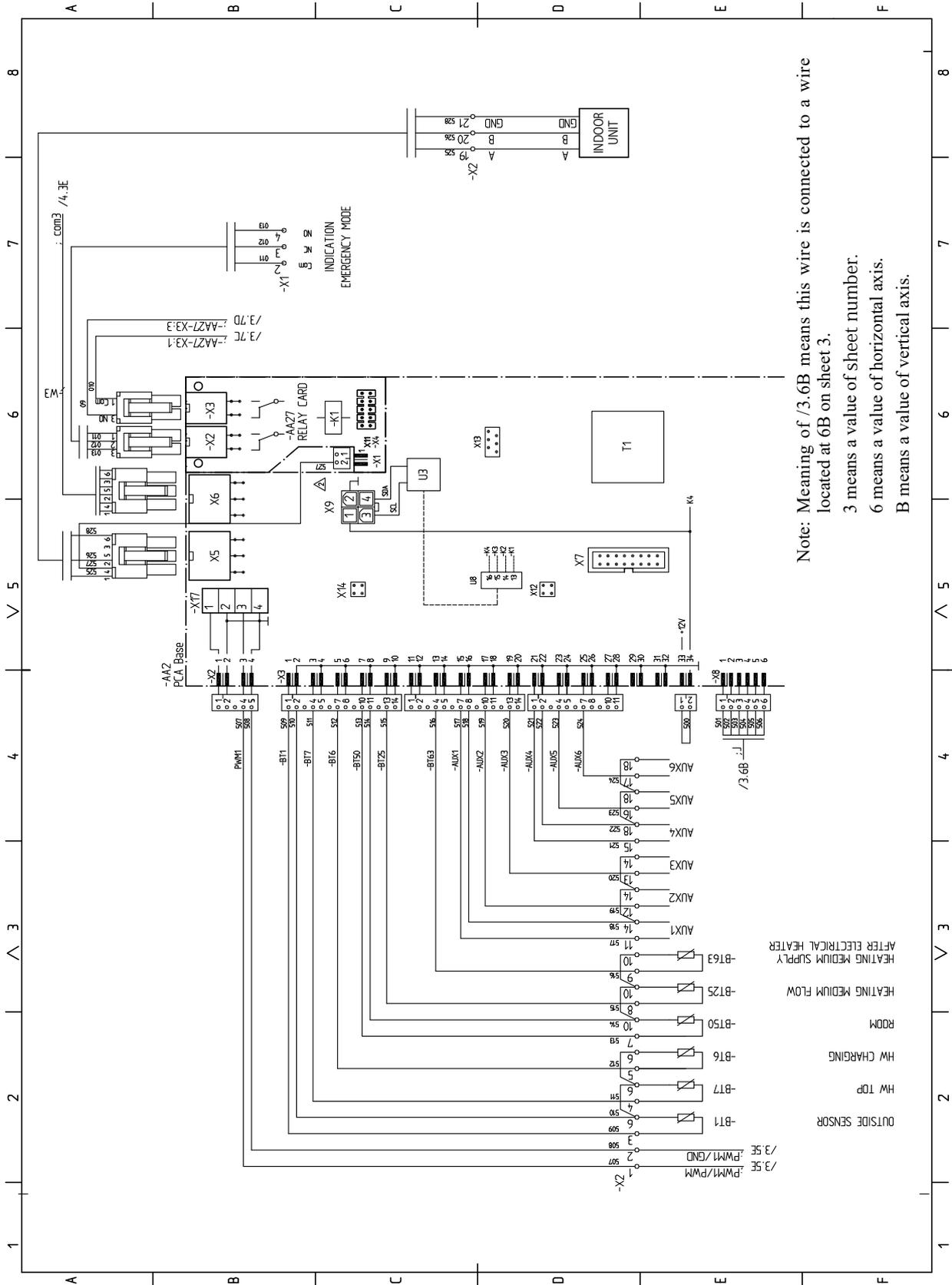




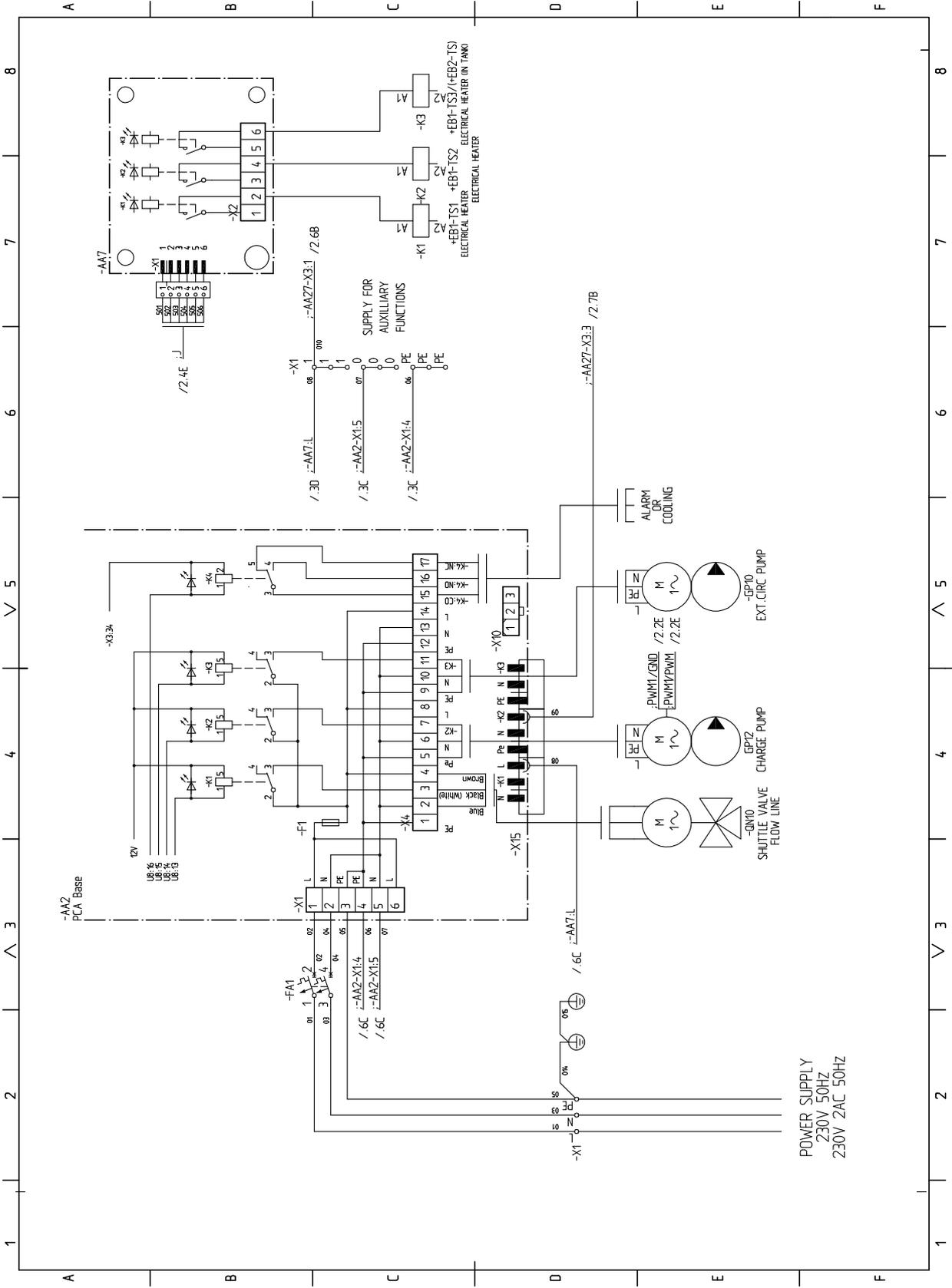




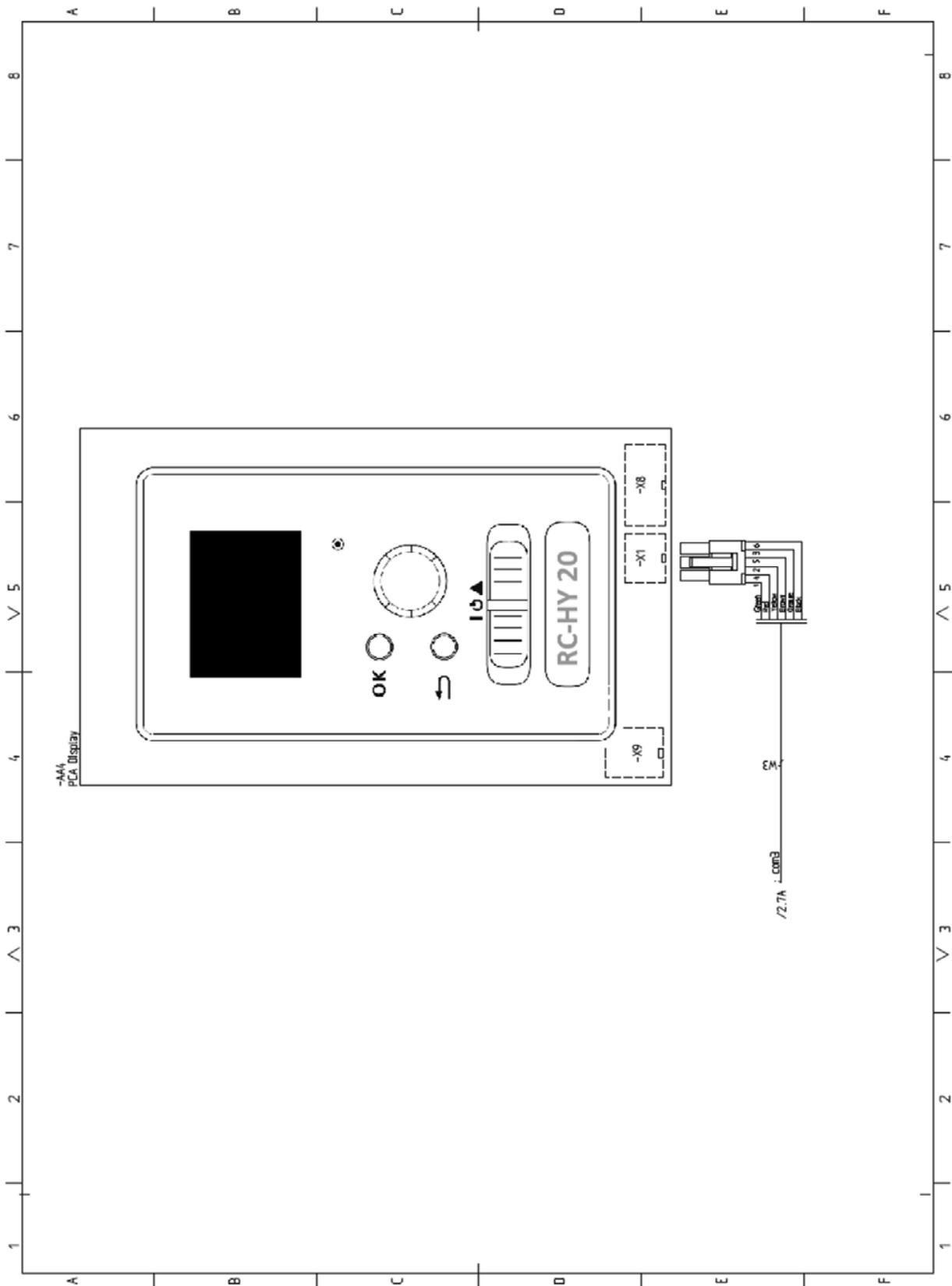
Note: Meaning of /.3B is that this wire is connected to a wire located at 3B on same page.  
 3 means a value of horizontal axis.  
 B means a value of vertical axis.

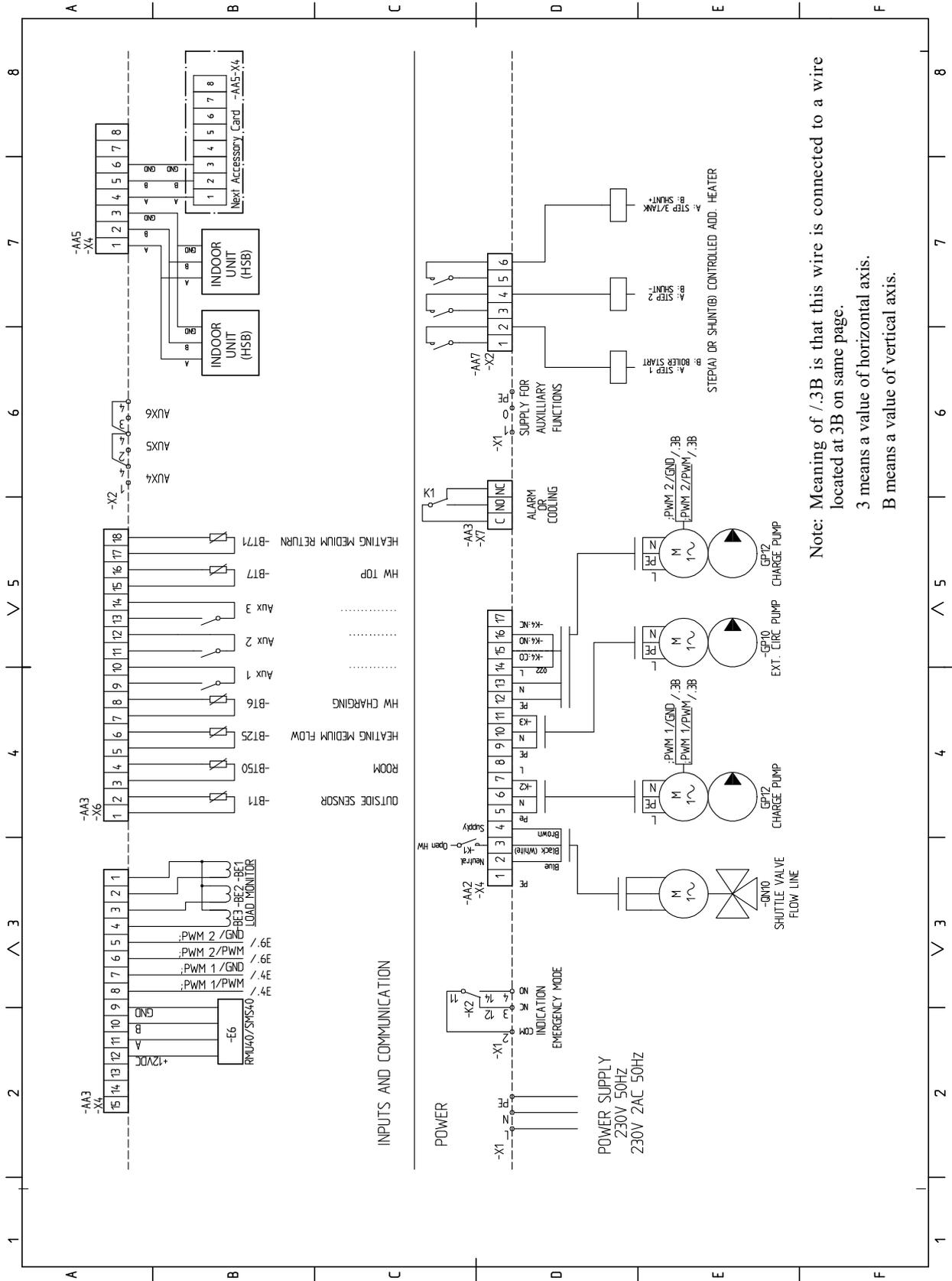


Note: Meaning of /3.6B means this wire is connected to a wire located at 6B on sheet 3.  
 3 means a value of sheet number.  
 6 means a value of horizontal axis.  
 B means a value of vertical axis.

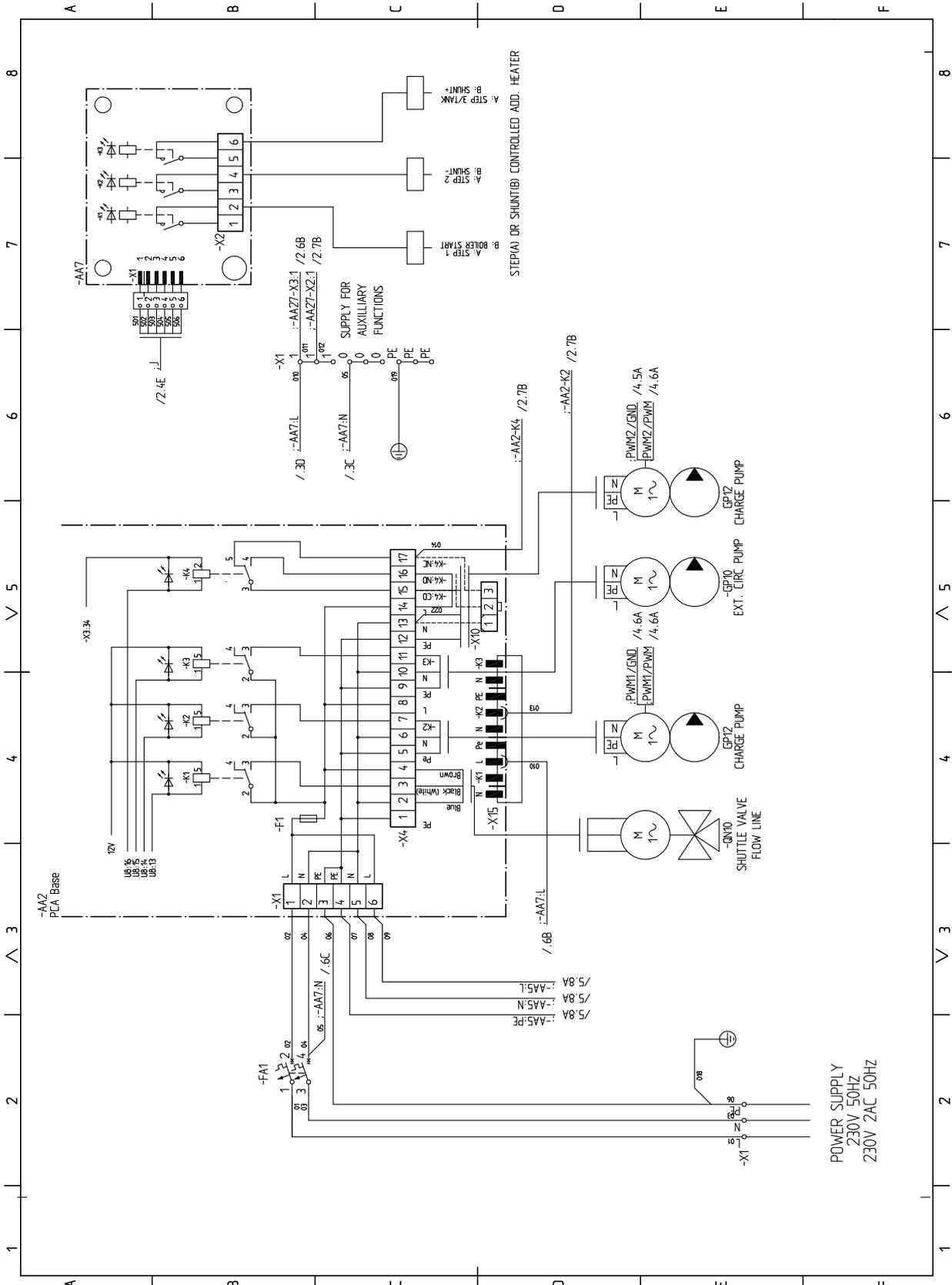


POWER SUPPLY  
230V 50HZ  
230V 2AC 50HZ

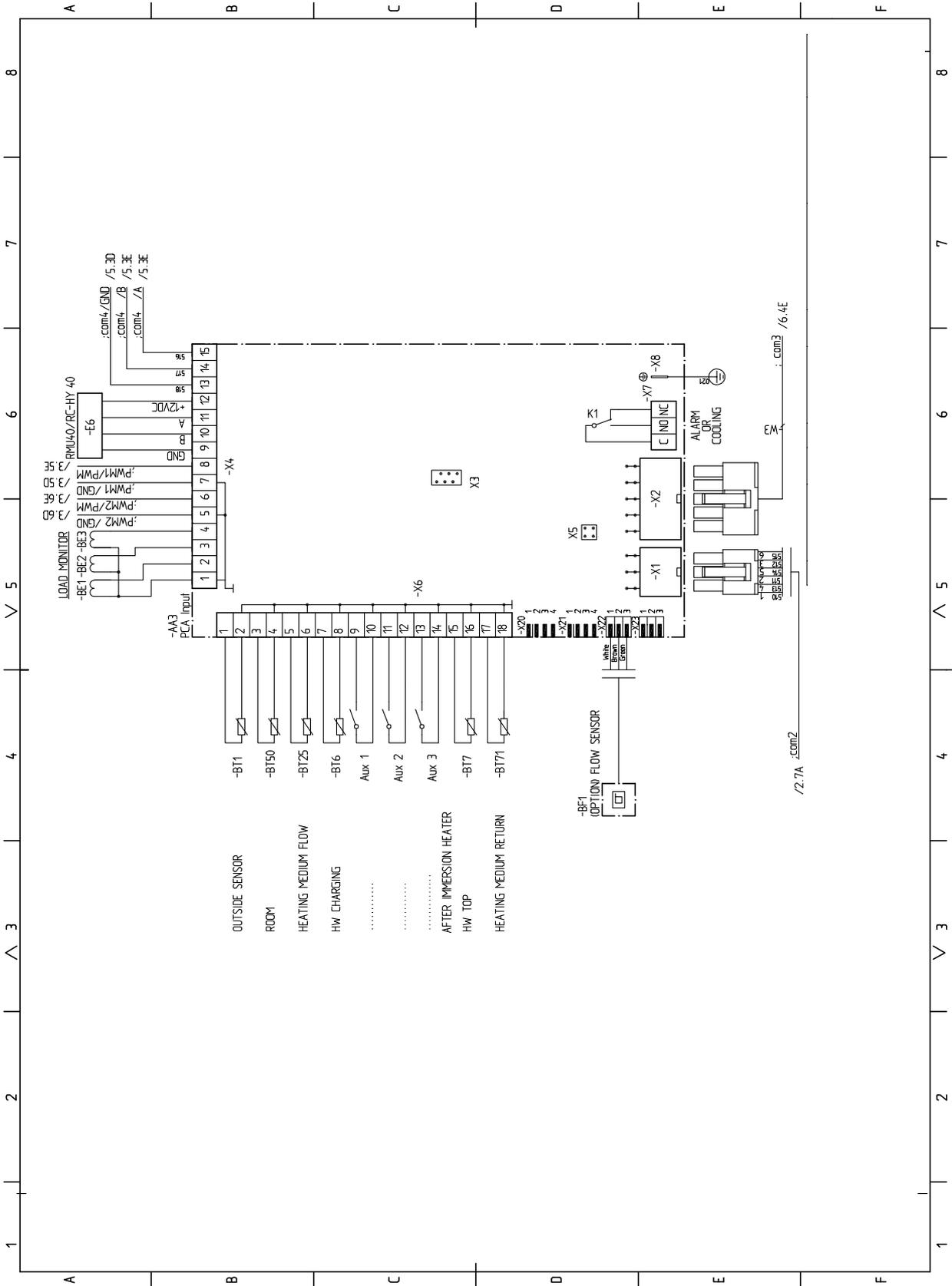


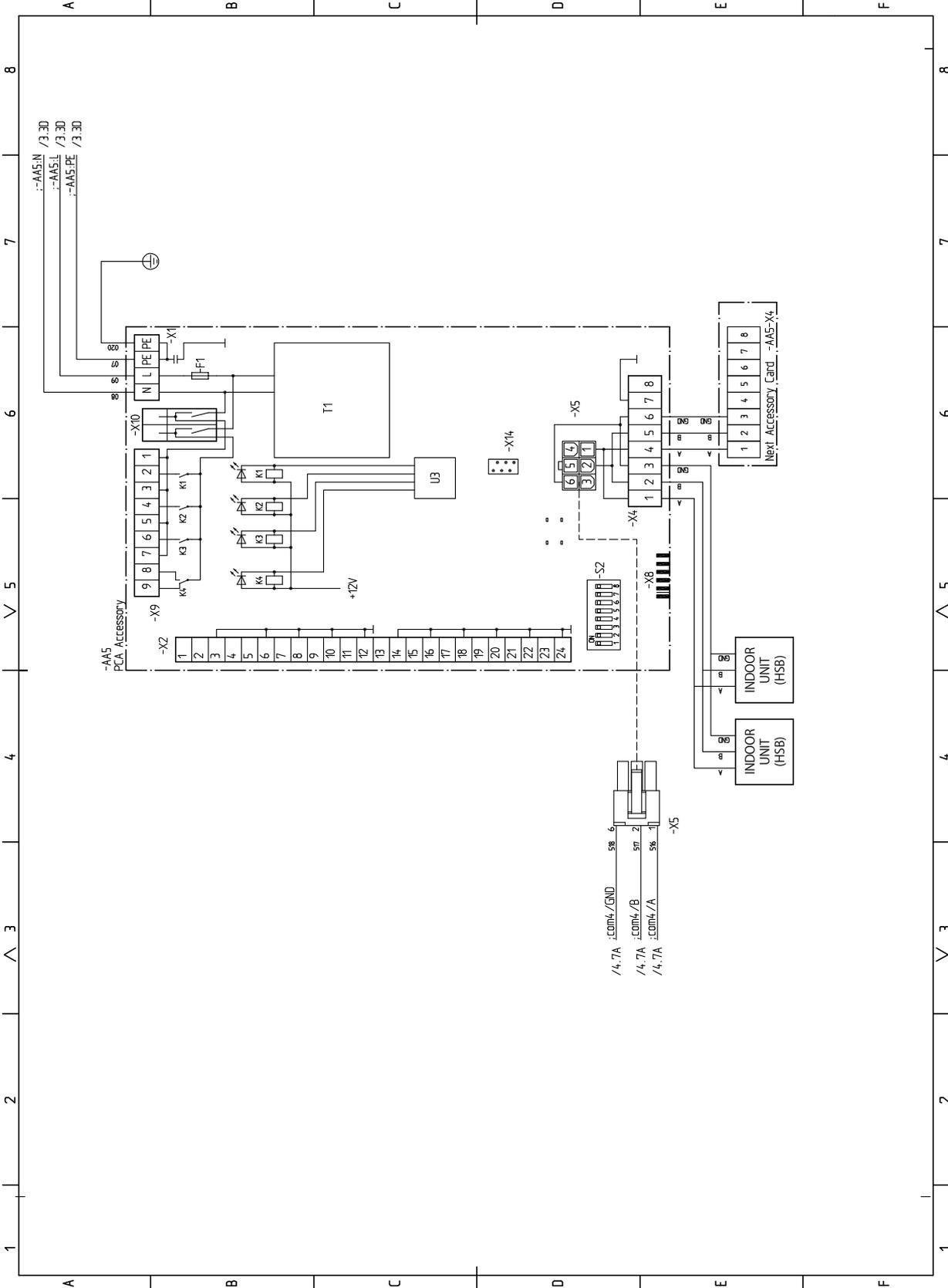


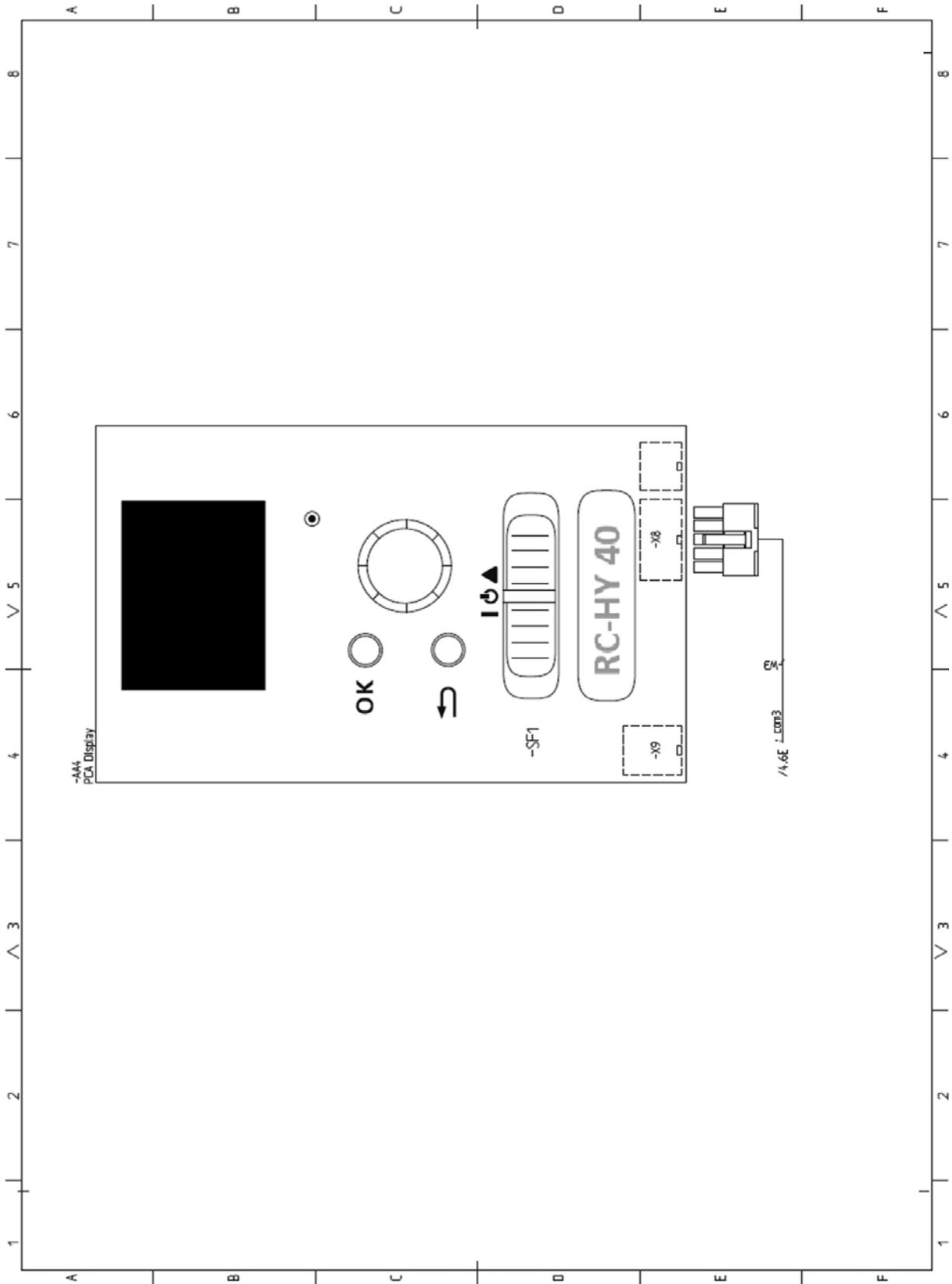




POWER SUPPLY  
230V 50HZ  
230V 2AC 50HZ











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<http://www.mhiae.com>

# INSTALLATION MANUAL

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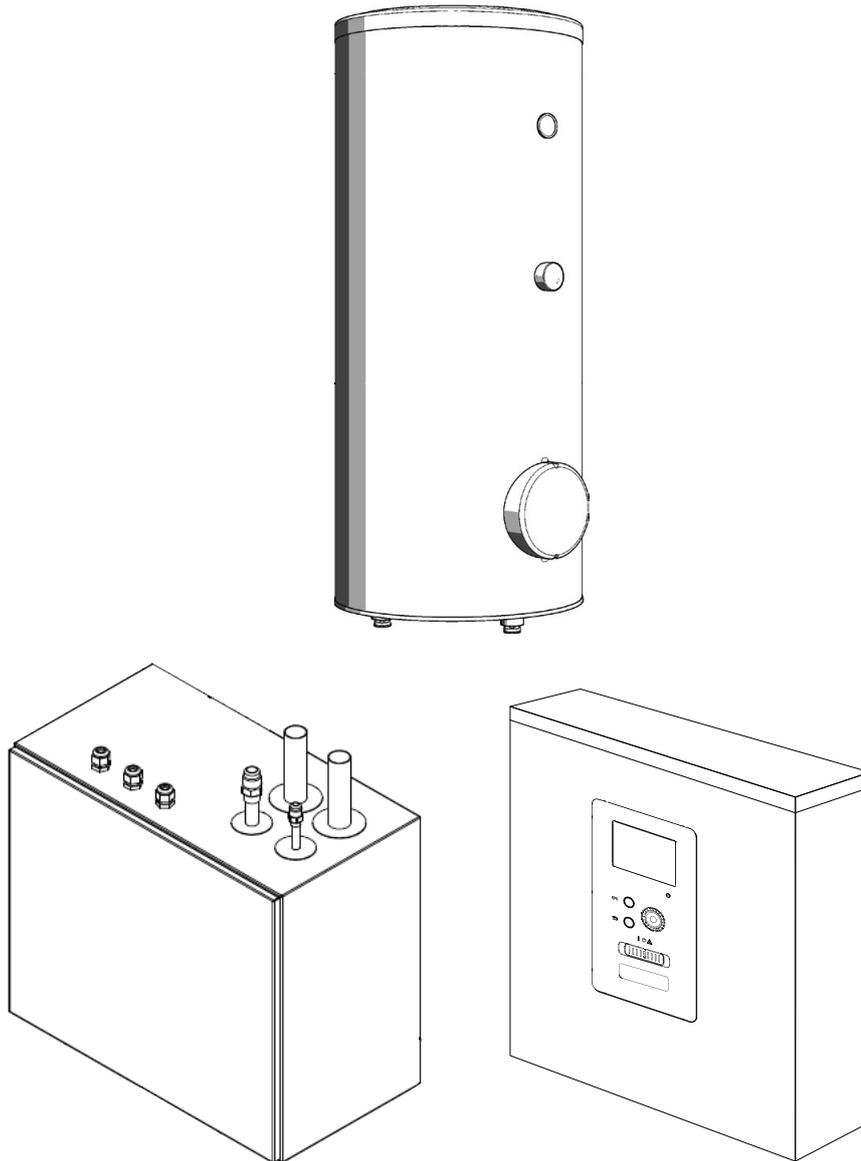
## MITSUBISHI HEAVY INDUSTRIES

Air to Water Heat Pump

Hydrolution (HM)

HSB140/FDCW140VNX

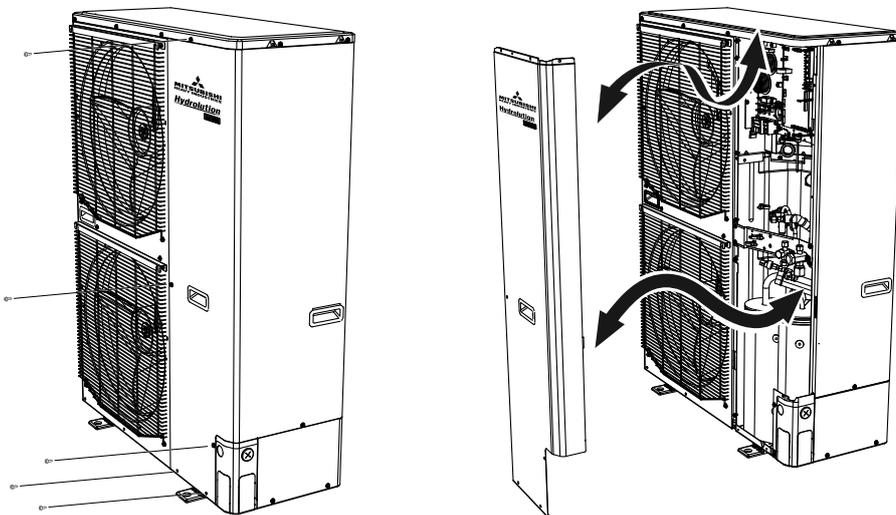
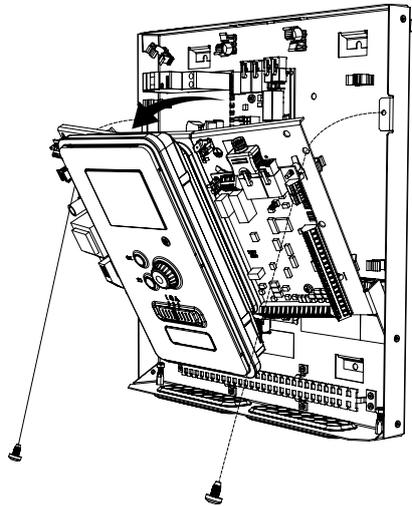
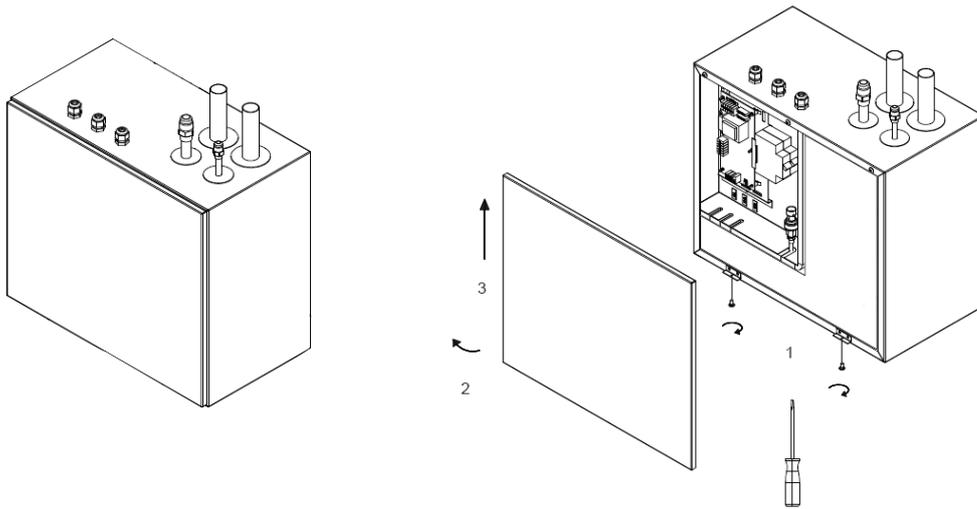
PT500/RC-HY20/RC-HY40



This heat pump complies with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU,  
LV Directive 2014/35/EU.  
CE marking is applicable to the area of 50 Hz power supply.

English : Original instruction

PSC012D085BN



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## Safety precautions

When installing the unit, be sure to check whether the selection of installation place, power supply specifications, usage limitation (piping length, height differences between indoor and outdoor units, power supply voltage and etc.) and installation spaces.

- We recommend you to read this “SAFETY PRECAUTIONS” carefully before installation in order to gain full advantage of the functions of the unit and to avoid malfunction due to mishandling.
- The precautions described below are divided into  WARNING and  CAUTION. The matters with possibilities leading to serious consequences such as death or serious personal injury due to erroneous handling are listed in the  WARNING and the matters with possibilities leading to personal injury or damage of the unit due to erroneous handling including probability leading to serious consequences in some cases are listed in  CAUTION. These are very important precautions for safety. Be sure to observe all of them without fail.
- Be sure to confirm no anomaly on the equipment by commissioning after completed installation and explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the owner’s manual.
- Keep the installation manual together with owner’s manual at a place where any user can read at any time. Moreover if necessary, ask to hand them to a new user.

This heat pump complies with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU.

This appliance is designed for use in a home environment and can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children

shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

This in accordance to applicable parts of the low voltage directive 2014/35/EU, LVD.

This appliance is also intended for use by experts or trained users in shops, hotels, light industry, on farms and in similar environments.

CE marking is applicable to the area of 50 Hz power supply.

The emission sound pressure level from each Indoor and Outdoor unit is under 70 dB(A).

### WARNING

**Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.** 

If you install the system by yourself, it may cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury, as a result of a system malfunction.

**Install the system in full accordance with the instruction manual.** 

Incorrect installation may cause bursts, personal injury, water leaks, electric shocks and fire.

**Use the original accessories and the specified components for installation.** 

If parts other than those prescribed by us are used, It may cause water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury.

**When installing in small rooms, take prevention measures not to exceed the density limit of refrigerant in the event of leakage.** 

Consult the expert about prevention measures. If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of leakage, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.

**Ventilate the working area well in the event of refrigerant leakage during installation.** 

If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gas is produced.

**After completed installation, check that no refrigerant leaks from the system.** 

If refrigerant leaks into the room and comes into contact with an oven or other hot surface, poisonous gas is produced.

**Hang up the unit at the specified points with ropes which can support the weight in lifting for portage. And to avoid jolting out of alignment, be sure to hang up the unit at 4-point support.** !

An improper manner of portage such as 3-point support can cause death or serious personal injury due to falling of the unit.

**Install the unit in a location with good support.** !

Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.

**Ensure the unit is stable when installed, so that it can withstand earthquakes and strong winds.** !

Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.

**Ensure that no air enters in the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed.** ⊘

If air enters in the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit becomes too high, which can cause burst and personal injury.

**The electrical installation must be carried out by the qualified electrician in accordance with “the norm for electrical work” and “national wiring regulation”, and the system must be connected to the dedicated circuit.** !

Power supply with insufficient capacity and incorrect function done by improper work can cause electric shocks and fire.

**Be sure to shut off the power before starting electrical work.** !

Failure to shut off the power can cause electric shocks, unit failure or incorrect function of equipment.

**Be sure to use the cables conformed to safety standard and cable ampacity for power distribution work.** !

Unconformable cables can cause electric leak, anomalous heat production or fire.

**Use the prescribed cables for electrical connection, tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the cables correctly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.** !

Loose connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire.

**Arrange the wiring in the control box so that it cannot be pushed up further into** !

**the box. Install the service panel correctly.**

Incorrect installation may result in overheating and fire.

**Do not perform brazing work in the airtight room.** !

It can cause lack of oxygen.

**Use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R410A.** !

Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause the unit failure and serious accidents due to burst of the refrigerant circuit.

**Tighten the flare nut by using double spanners and torque wrench according to prescribed method. Be sure not to tighten the flare nut too much.** !

Loose flare connection or damage on the flare part by tightening with excess torque can cause burst or refrigerant leaks which may result in lack of oxygen.

**Do not open the service valves for liquid line and gas line until completed refrigerant piping work, air tightness test and evacuation.** !

If the compressor is operated in state of opening service valves before completed connection of refrigerant piping work, air can be sucked into refrigerant circuit, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant.

**Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulphide gas can occur.** !

Poisonous gases will flow into the room through drainage pipe and seriously affect the user's health and safety.

**Only use prescribed optional parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.** !

If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire.

**Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections** ⊘

Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shocks.

**Be sure to fix up the service panels.** ⊘

Incorrect fixing can cause electric shocks or fire due to intrusion of dust or water.

**Do not perform any repairs or modifications by yourself. Consult the dealer if the unit requires repair.** ⊘

If you repair or modify the unit, it can cause water

leaks, electric shocks or fire.

**Do not perform any change of protective device itself or its setup condition** !

The forced operation by short-circuiting protective device of pressure switch and temperature controller or the use of non specified component can cause fire or burst.

**Be sure to switch off the power supply in the event of installation, inspection or servicing.** !

If the power supply is not shut off, there is a risk of electric shocks, unit failure or personal injury due to the unexpected start of fan.

**Consult the dealer or an expert regarding removal of the unit.** !

Incorrect installation can cause water leaks, electric shocks or fire.

**Stop the compressor before disconnecting refrigerant pipes in case of pump down operation.** !

If disconnecting refrigerant pipes in state of opening service valves before compressor stopping, air can be sucked, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant circuit.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Carry out the electrical work for ground lead with care.** ⚡

Do not connect the ground lead to the gas line, water line, lightning conductor or telephone line's ground lead. Incorrect grounding can cause unit faults such as electric shocks due to short-circuiting.

**Use the circuit breaker with sufficient breaking capacity.** !

If the breaker does not have sufficient breaking capacity, it can cause the unit malfunction and fire.

**Earth leakage breaker must be installed.** ⚡

If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause electric shocks.

**Do not use any materials other than a fuse with the correct rating in the location where fuses are to be used.** ⚡

Connecting the circuit with copper wire or other metal thread can cause unit failure and fire.

**Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of combustible gases can occur.** ⚡

If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can

cause fire.

**Do not install the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or combustible gas (such as thinner and petroleum gases) can accumulate or collect, or where volatile combustible substances are handled.** ⚡

Corrosive gas can cause corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts and etc. And combustible gas can cause fire.

**Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manual.** ⚡

Insufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place.

**When the outdoor unit is installed on a roof or a high place, provide permanent ladders and handrails along the access route and fences and handrails around the outdoor unit.** ⚡

If safety facilities are not provided, it can cause personal injury due to falling from the installation place.

**Do not use the indoor unit at the place where water splashes may occur.** ⚡

Since the indoor unit is not waterproof, it can cause electric shocks and fire.

**Do not install or use the system close to the equipment that generates electromagnetic fields or high frequency harmonics.** ⚡

Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telecommunication equipments can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns. The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming.

**Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit.** ⚡

Insects and small animals can enter the electric parts and cause damage or fire. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean.

**Do not use the base flame for outdoor unit which is corroded or damaged due to long periods of operation.** ⚡

Using an old and damage base flame can cause the unit falling down and cause personal injury.

**Do not install the unit in the locations listed below.** ⚡

- Locations where carbon fiber, metal powder or

any powder is floating.

- Locations where any substances that can affect the unit such as sulphide gas, chloride gas, acid and alkaline can occur.
- Vehicles and ships.
- Locations where cosmetic or special sprays are often used.
- Locations with direct exposure of oil mist and steam such as kitchen and machine plant.
- Locations where any machines which generate high frequency harmonics are used.
- Locations with salty atmospheres such as coastlines.
- Locations with heavy snow (If installed, be sure to provide base flame and snow hood mentioned in the manual).
- Locations where the unit is exposed to chimney smoke.
- Locations at high altitude (more than 1000m high).
- Locations with ammoniac atmospheres.
- Locations where heat radiation from other heat source can affect the unit.
- Locations without good air circulation.
- Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and outlet air of the unit.
- Locations where short circuit of air can occur (in case of multiple units installation).
- Locations where strong air blows against the air outlet of outdoor unit.

It can cause remarkable decrease in performance, corrosion and damage of components, malfunction and fire.

**Do not install the outdoor unit in the locations listed below.** 

- Locations where discharged hot air or operating sound of the outdoor unit can bother neighborhood.
- Locations where outlet air of the outdoor unit blows directly to plants.
- Locations where vibration can be amplified and transmitted due to insufficient strength of structure.
- Locations where vibration and operation sound generated by the outdoor unit can affect seriously. (on the wall or at the place near bed room)
- Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m)
- Locations where drainage cannot run off safely.

It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim.

**Do not install the remote controller at the direct sunlight.** 

It can cause malfunction or deformation of the remote controller.

**Do not use the unit for special purposes such as storing foods, cooling precision instruments and preservation of animals, plants or art.** 

It can cause the damage of the items.

**Take care when carrying the unit by hand.** 

If the unit weights more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons. Do not carry by the plastic straps, always use the carry handle when carrying the unit by hand. Use gloves to minimize the risk of cuts by the aluminum fins.

**Dispose of any packing materials correctly.** 

Any remaining packing materials can cause personal injury as it contains nails and wood. And to avoid danger of suffocation, be sure to keep the plastic wrapper away from children and to dispose after tear it up.

**Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld spatter when welding work is done near the indoor unit.** 

If weld spatter entered into the indoor unit during welding work, it can cause pin-hole in drain pan and result in water leakage. To prevent such damage, keep the indoor unit in its packing or cover it.

**Be sure to insulate the refrigerant pipes so as not to condense the ambient air moisture on them.** 

Insufficient insulation can cause condensation, which can lead to moisture damage on the ceiling, floor, furniture and any other valuables.

**Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed refrigerant piping work.** 

If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of refrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.

**Do not touch any buttons with wet hands.** 

**Do not shut off the power supply immediately after stopping the operation.** 

Wait at least 5 minutes, otherwise there is a risk of water leakage or breakdown.

**Do not control the system with main power switch.** 

It can cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the

fan can start unexpectedly, which can cause personal injury.

**Do not touch any refrigerant pipes when the system is in operation.** 

During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending the operating condition, and it can cause burn injury or frost injury.

**This manual is only for outdoor units connected to HSB series and HMK series.** 

When you connect other indoor units to outdoor units, please refer to other manual.

**Notabilia for units designed for R410A**

Only use R410A refrigerant. R410A is the refrigerant whose pressure is 1.6 times as high as that of conventional refrigerant.

The size of charging port of service valve and check joint for R410A are altered from that for conventional refrigerant in order to prevent the system being charged with the incorrect refrigerant by mistake. And the protruding dimension of pipe for flare processing and flare nut size for R410A are also altered from that for conventional refrigerant in order to reinforce strength against the pressure for R410A. Accordingly the dedicated tools for R410A listed in the below mentioned table should be prepared for installation and servicing.

Dedicated tools for R410A	
a)	Gauge manifold
b)	Charge hose
c)	Electronic scale for refrigerant charge
d)	Torque wrench
e)	Flare tool
f)	Protrusion control gauge for copper pipe
g)	Vacuum pump adapter
h)	Gas leak detector

Do not use charging cylinder. Using charging cylinder may alter the composition of refrigerant, which results in making the performance of the system worse.

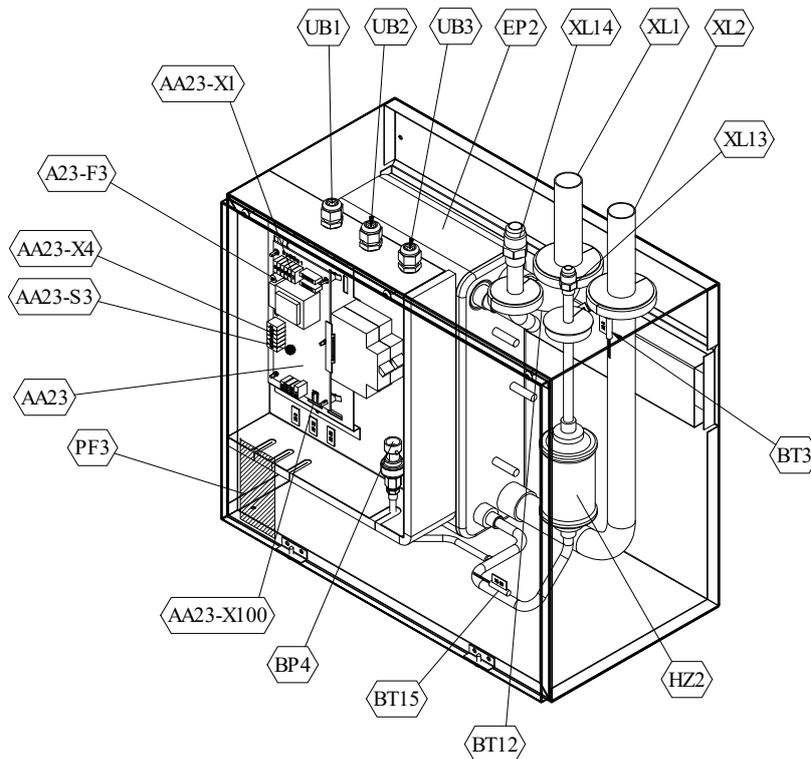
Refrigerant must be charged always in liquid state from the bottle.

## General information for installer

For outdoor unit installation information, see Installation manual for Outdoor unit.

### Over view and design

#### HSB140



#### Pipe connections

XL1 (Red mark)	Climate system supply
XL2 (Blue mark)	Climate system return
XL14	Connection, gas line
XL13	Connection, liquid line

#### Sensor, thermostats

BP4	Pressure sensor, high pressure
BT3	Temperature sensor, heating medium, return
BT12	Temperature sensor, condenser, supply
BT15	Temperature sensor, fluid pipe

#### Valves etc.

EP2	Heat exchanger
HQ1	Particle filter (supplied)
HZ2	Drying filter

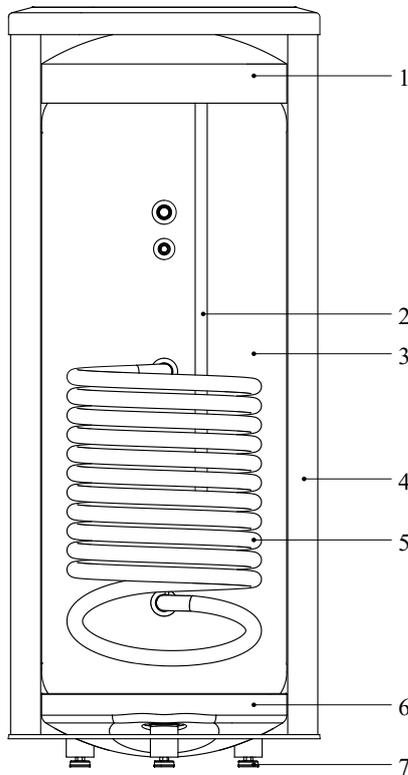
#### Miscellaneous

UB1	Cable gland
UB2	Cable gland
UB3	Cable gland

#### Electrical components

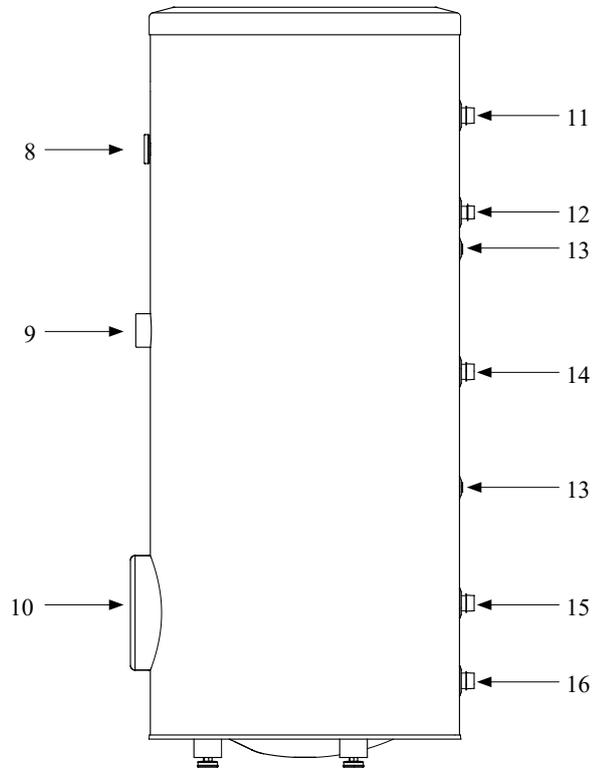
AA23	Communication board
AA23-F3	Fuse for external heating cable
AA23-S3	DIP switch, addressing of outdoor unit
AA23-X1	Terminal block, incoming supply, connection of KVR
AA23-X4	Terminal block, communication with indoor module / control module
AA23-X100	Terminal block, communication outdoor module

## PT500



**Section of the PT500 storage tanks.**

1. Upper insulation of the storage tank
2. Protective magnesium anode
3. Enamelled tank
4. Side insulation of the storage tank
5. Coil
6. Lower insulation of the storage tank
7. Adjustable foot



**Side view of the PT500 storage tanks.**

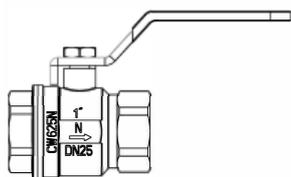
8. Thermometer
9. Connector pipe for mounting electric heating unit
10. Inspection opening
11. Hot water intake connector pipe
12. Hot water circulation connector pipe
13. Temperature sensor cover
14. Coil supply connector pipe
15. Connection of return line from the coil
16. Cold water supply connector pipe

## Transport and storage

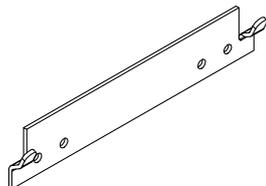
Indoor unit and tank unit must be transported and stored vertically in dry conditions.

## Supplied components

### HSB140 Indoor unit



Particle filter R25 (HQ1).



Brackets kit

### RC-HY20/40 Control unit



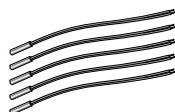
Outside sensor



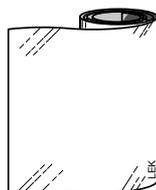
Room sensor (RC-HY40 only)



Insulation tape



Temperature sensor



Aluminium tape



Cable ties



Heating pipe paste

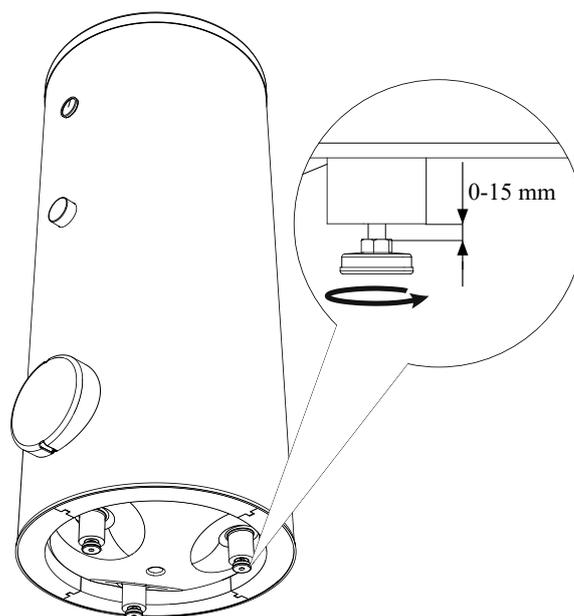


Current sensor (RC-HY40 only)

## Assembly

- It is recommended that indoor unit is installed in a room with existing floor drainage, most suitably in a utility room or boiler room.
- For indoor unit and control unit, the mounting surface must be firm, flat and vertical, preferably a concrete wall.
- Tank unit must be set on a solid waterproof base that would keep the weight of the unit. The height-adjusting legs allow for levelling and stable setting.

### PT500

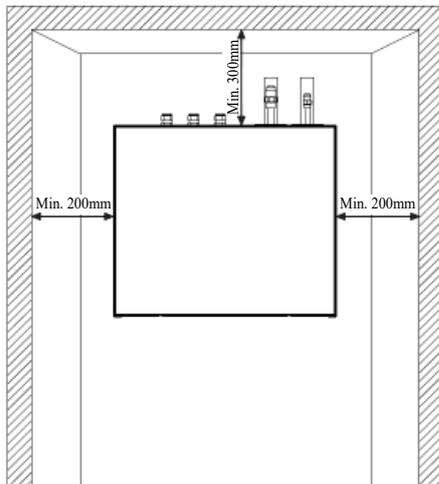


- Install indoor unit with its back to an outside wall, ideally in a room where noise does not matter. If this is not possible, avoid placing it against a wall behind a bedroom or other room where noise may be a problem.
- Route pipes so they are not fixed to an internal wall that backs on to a bedroom or living room.
- Install tank unit and its pipings to indoor unit indoors in order to avoid icing.
- Ensure free space described in the following figures for future maintenance.

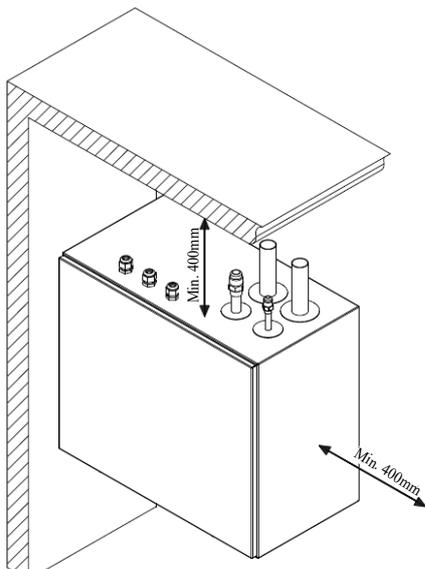
## General information for the installer

### HSB140

Recommendation for positioning on wall

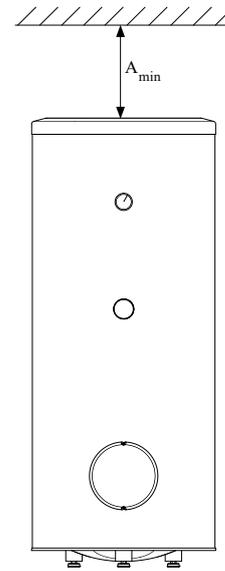


Recommendation for positioning in corner



\*Min 800mm is required in front

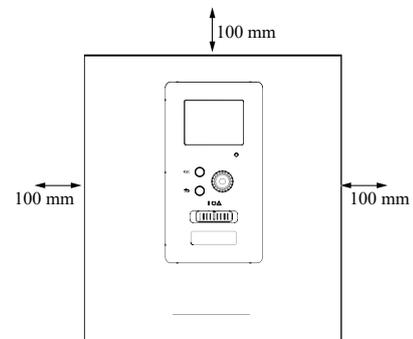
### PT500



$A_{min}$  is required on top to replace anode bar, and 500 mm is required in front to replace immersion heater if equipped.

Application	Connector pipe dia.	Type of anode	$A_{min}$
PT500	1 1/4"	Chain $\varnothing 33 \times 5$	150 mm
	3/4"	Titanium anode	400 mm

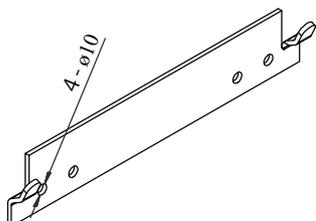
### RC-HY20/40



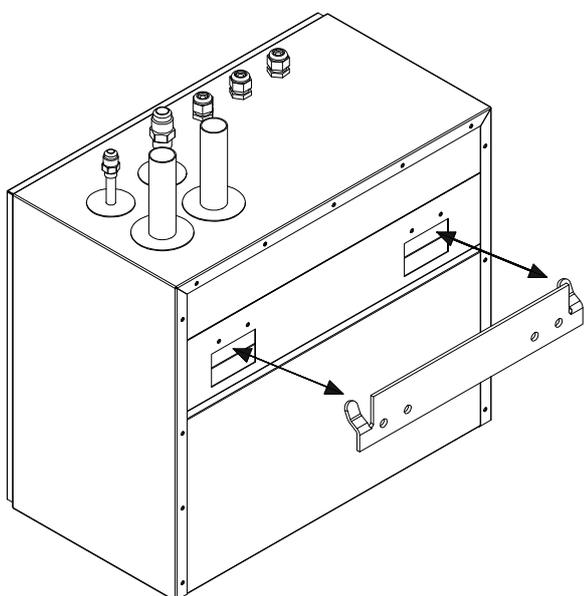
## Hanging indoor unit

It is recommended that the split box is installed in a room with existing floor drainage, most suitably in a utility room or boiler room.

1. The bracket for the split box is mounted to the wall by use of appropriate screws.



2. Insert HSB140 in the bracket mounted to the wall.

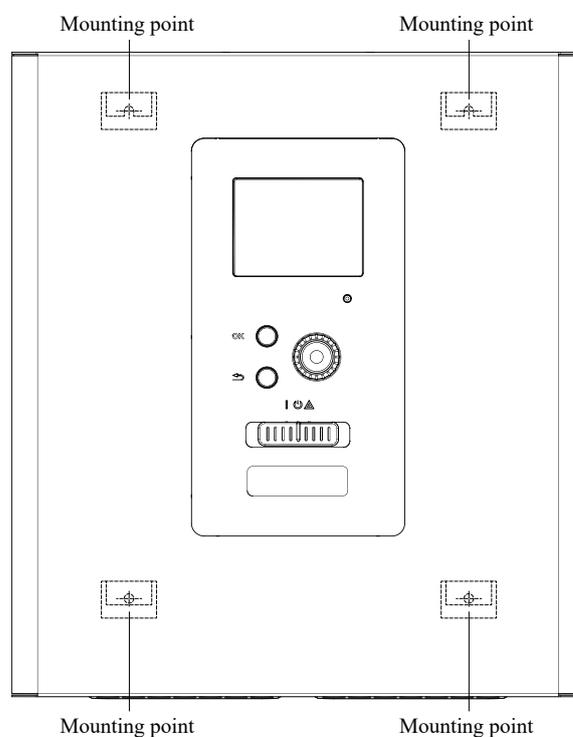


### NOTE

*Indoor unit weigh 23 kg excluding water inside.*

## Hanging control unit

Use all mounting points and install control unit upright against a flat wall. Make sure whole back surface faces the wall.



## Dimensioning expansion vessel

The expansion vessel volume must be at least 5% of total water volume in the circulation system.

### Initial pressure and max height difference

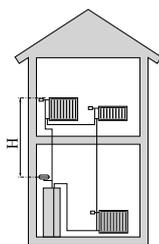
Recommended maximum height difference between expansion vessel and the highest point in the system is 5m.

The initial pressure of the pressure expansion vessel must be dimensioned according to the maximum height (H) between the vessel and the highest positioned radiator, see figure. An initial pressure of 0.5 bar (5 mvp) means a maximum permitted height difference of 5 m.

If the standard initial pressure in the pressure vessel is not high enough it can be increased by filling via the valve in the expansion vessel. The expansion vessel's standard initial pressure must be entered in the check list on User's manual.

Any change in the initial pressure affects the ability of the expansion vessel to handle the expansion of the water.

Consult local distributor in case height difference exceeds 5m.



## Recommended installation order

1. Hang indoor unit and control unit to appropriate position and connect indoor unit and tank unit.
2. Connect indoor unit to climate system, cold and hot water lines as well as any external heat sources. See page 14. Also see docking descriptions on page 23-24 and further on.
3. Install refrigerant pipes according to the description on the Installation manual for outdoor unit.
4. Connect current limiter, any centralised load control and external contacts as well as the cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit.
5. Connect incoming electricity to indoor unit and/or outdoor unit. See page 29.
6. Follow the commissioning instructions on page 30-41.

## Pipe installation

### General

Pipe installation must be carried out in accordance with current norms and directives.

A following table shows plumbing necessary for each product.

	Refrigerant	Plumbing
HSB	Necessary	Necessary
PT	—	Necessary
PC-HY	—	—

This heat pump system is designed for low or medium temperature heating system. It is recommended water temperature must not exceed 55°C on supply and 45°C on

return at lowest design outdoor temperature (DOT) though indoor unit can operate with a return temperature of up to 65°C and an outgoing temperature from the unit of 65°C.

Indoor unit is not equipped with shut off valves; these must be installed outside the heat pump to facilitate any future servicing.

Indoor unit can be connected to the radiator system, floor heating system and/or fan convectors.

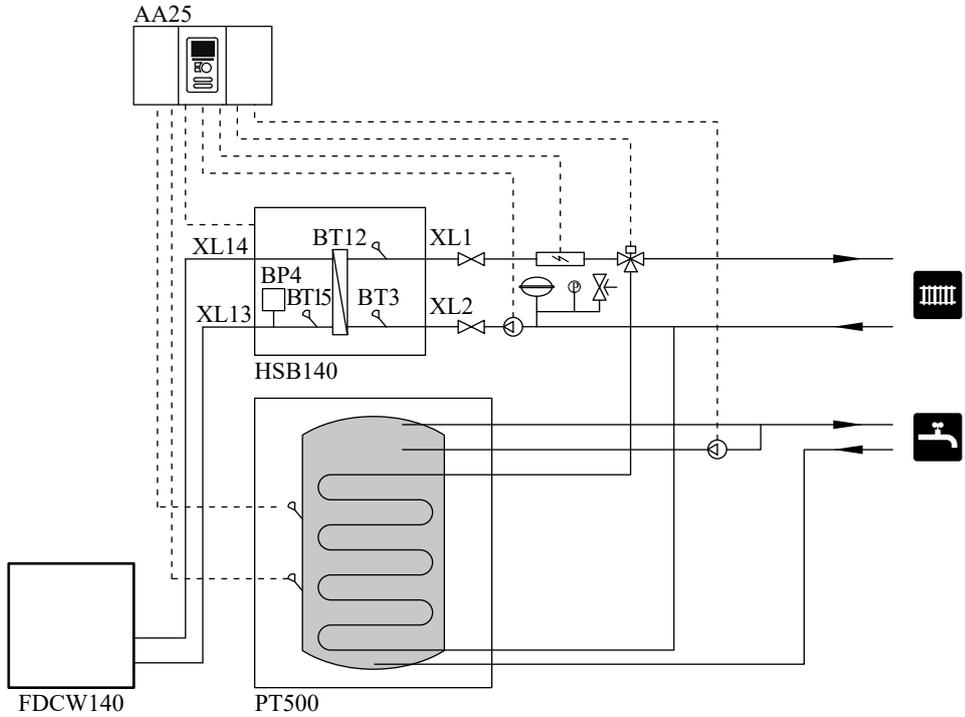
Safety valve is not equipped with in indoor unit. Make sure to install safety valve in the circuit.

### Installation diagram

FDCW140VNX outdoor unit provides heat for space heating and domestic hot water using free energy in the outdoor air within the range of low temperature up to -20°C. Connection between HSB140 and PT500 is shown on the next page. The system is controlled by RC-HY20 or RC-HY40 control unit.

**HSB140**

HSB140 indoor unit is equipped with plate heat exchanger. It needs to install expansion vessel, shut-off valves, safety valve, electric heater and circulation pump to make a complete heating system. In case domestic hot water is required, 3 way valve and tank is also necessary.



Symbol	Meaning
↑	Vent
⋈	Cut-off valve
⊥	Water tap
⋈	Non-return valve
⋈	Balancing valve
⋈	Three-way valve
⋈	Safety valve
⊙	Thermometer
⋈	Temperature sensor
⊙	Diaphragm expansion vessel

Symbol	Meaning
⊙	Manometer
⊙	Circulation pump
⊙	Particulate filter
⊙	Compressor
⊙	Heat exchanger
⊙	Cooling
⊙	Central heating system
⊙	Domestic hot water
⊙	Heating systems Floor heating

## System requirements

The minimum water volume in the climate system is subject to the values in the table below. If it is not fulfilled, volume vessel must be installed.

For more options, see the docking description on Page 21.

(liter)

	With underfloor cooling application	Without underfloor cooling application
HSB140, FDCW140VNX	150	150

## Overflow valve

### NOTE

*A free flow is required for all docking options, which means that an overflow valve must be installed.*

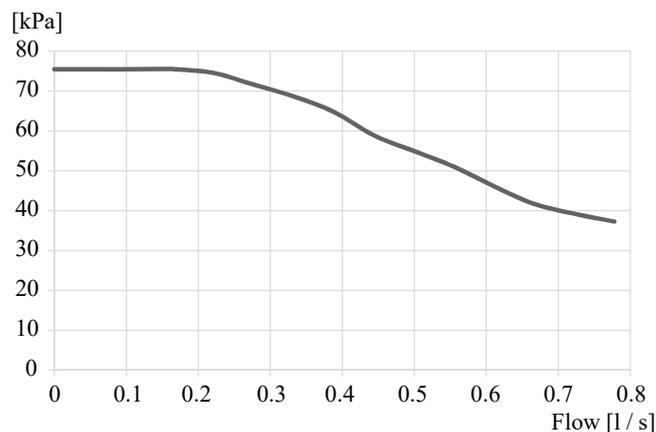
***The circulation pump may become damaged.***

## Pump capacity diagram

### HSB140

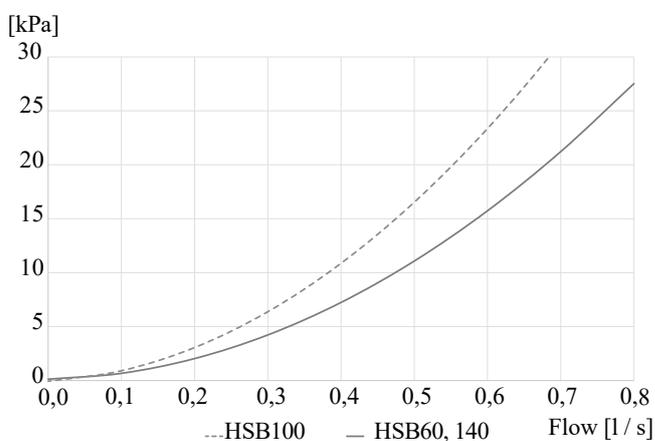
HSB140 is not equipped with circulation pump.

This graph shows the characteristic of CPD11-25M/75.



## Pressure drop in indoor unit

### HSB140



## Connection of extra circulation pump

When connecting extra circulation pumps, requirements for pressure, maximum flow etc must be met. See page 24 for location.

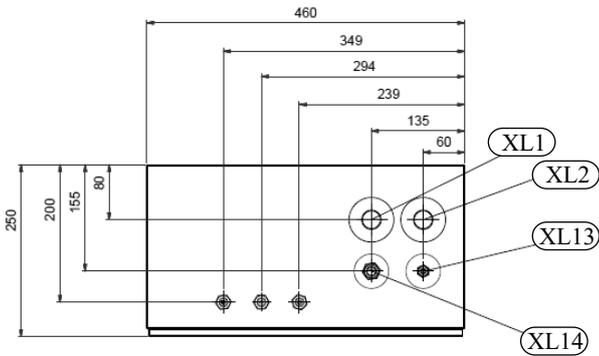
### NOTE

*Non-return valve must be installed in case extra circulation pump is used. See page 24 for the position.*

***The circulation pump may become damaged.***

## Dimensions and pipe connections

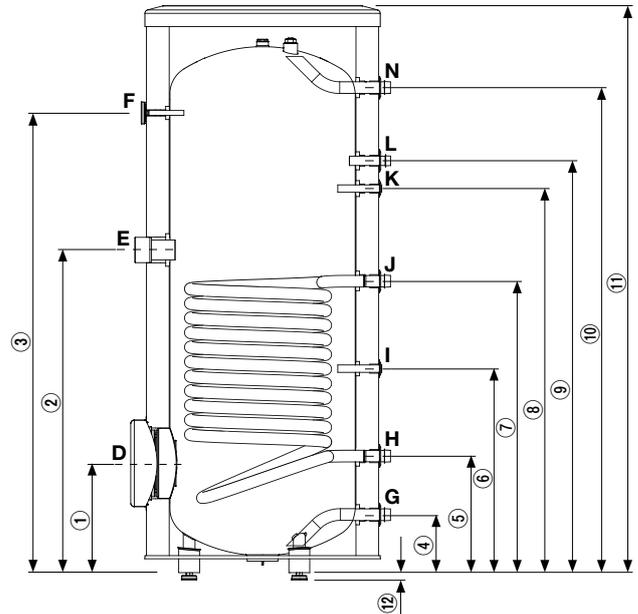
### HSB140



### Pipe connections

- XL1 (Red mark) Climate system, flow  $\varnothing 28$  mm
- XL2 (Blue mark) Climate system, return  $\varnothing 28$  mm
- XL14 Gas line refrigerant, flare  $\frac{5}{8}$ "
- XL13 Liquid line refrigerant, flare  $\frac{3}{8}$ "

### PT500



Connection		U/m	PT500
D	Inspection opening	mm	$\varnothing 120$
E	Heating unit connection	inch	1½" Female
F	Thermometer enclosure	mm	$\varnothing 10$ Female
N	Hot water outlet	inch	1" Male
L	Hot water circulation	inch	¾" Male
K	Temp. sensor enclosure (BT7)	mm	$\varnothing 16$ Female
J	Coil supply	inch	1" Male
I	Temp. sensor enclosure (BT6)	mm	$\varnothing 16$ Female
H	Return from coil	inch	1" Male
G	Cold water input	inch	1" Male

Dimensions		
PT500		
①	mm	337
②	mm	967
③	mm	1477
④	mm	188
⑤	mm	288
⑥	mm	387
⑦	mm	805
⑧	mm	1234
⑨	mm	1302
⑩	mm	1545
⑪	mm	1835
⑫	mm	21-0/+15

## Water circuit

### Connection to heating system

Connect XL1 to supply line and X2 to return line from heating system.

- All required safety devices and shut-off valves must be installed as close to the indoor unit as possible.
- Install bleed valves where necessary, highest point of the water system in usual case.
- When connecting to a system with thermostats on all radiators, install an overflow valve or remove some of the thermostats to ensure sufficient flow.
- See section Dockings on page 22 for outline diagram.
- Install a safety valve with manometer on heating circuit and hot water circuit. (FL2)

For HSB140 install a safety valve for heating circuit on the water pipe returning to indoor unit since it doesn't have port for FL2.

The entire length of the overflow water pipe from the safety valves must be inclined to prevent water pockets and must also be frost proof.

- The end of overflow water pipe from the safety valves must be left open to the atmosphere. The water may drip from the pipe.

### Connection to hot water heater

For HSB140 indoor unit, it is necessary to connect PT500 tank unit applying 3 way valve in order to use domestic hot water function.

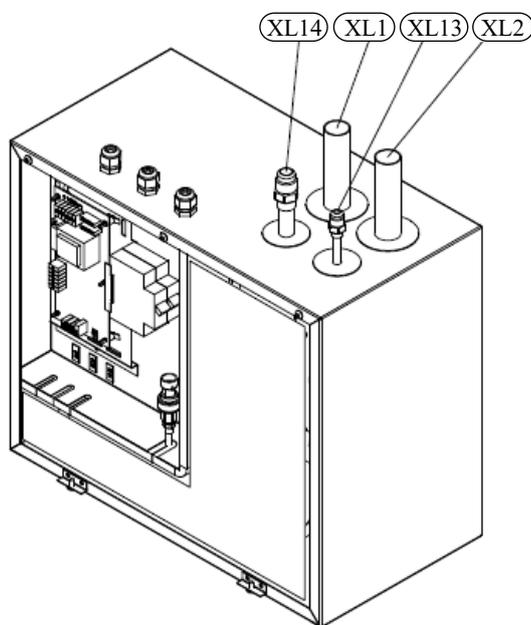
### Housing disassembly of tank unit

Removable housing with thermal insulation facilitates transport and installation of the storage tank. Disassembly the housing in the following order (see next pages figure):

1. Remove the Temperature gauge, plug of the heating element connector pipe and blanking plate of the inspection opening.
2. Remove the upper cover of the housing together with thermal insulation.
3. Remove the plugs from the connector pipes and black bushings.
4. Remove the fixing screws and the strip connecting the housing jacket.
5. Remove the jacket surrounding the tank (housing jacket.)
6. Remove the four-piece thermal insulation.

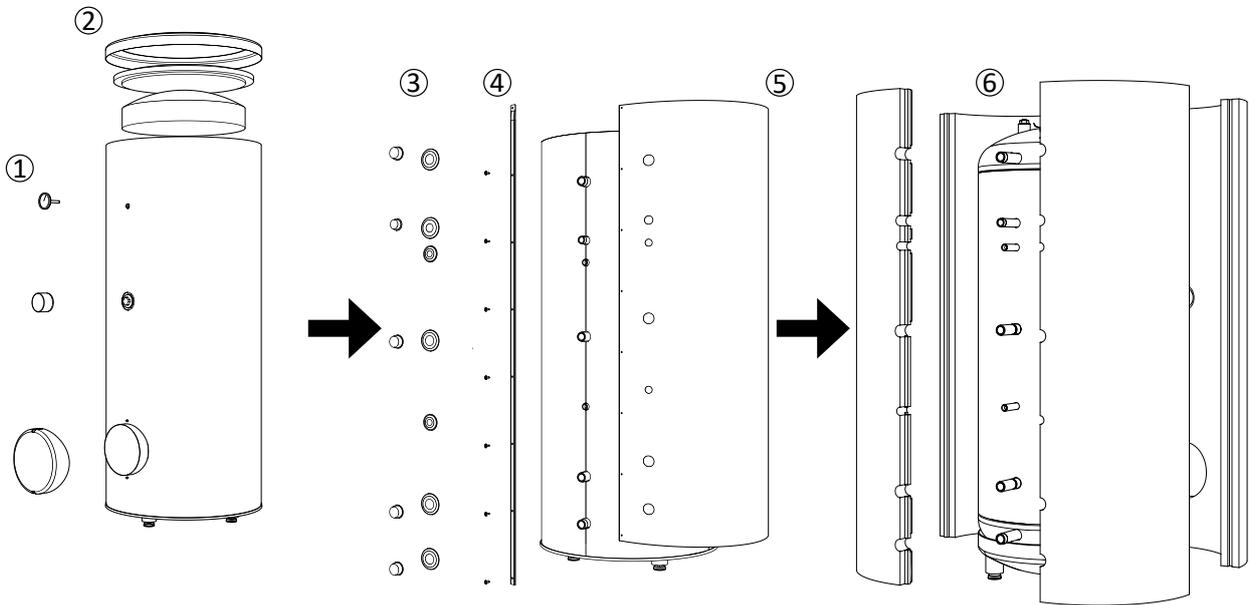
After the installation of the storage tank in its final location, reinstall the removed components in the reverse order.

### HSB140



Install safety valve as close to XL2 as possible.

Housing and thermal insulation disassembly



Connecting hot water tank to indoor unit

**CAUTION**

*Installation and commissioning of the storage tank shall only be done by appropriately qualified installer. The installer should inform the user of the functions of the product and provide the necessary information on its safe use.*

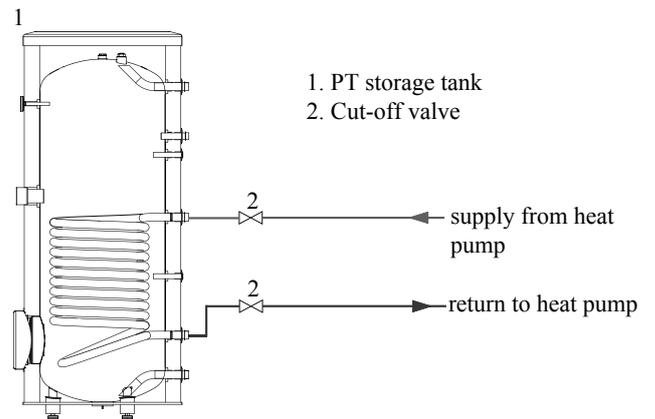
**Information**

*We recommend installing a strainer in order to protect the pumps, check valve and the components of the heating system.*

- Tank and its pipings to indoor unit must be installed indoors where the temperature wouldn't drop below 15°C in order to prevent pipings from icing.
- Maximum piping length between indoor unit and tank is 10m.
- Tank unit should be placed on firm, preferably a concrete floor or foundation.

- Tank unit can be aligned using the adjustable feet.
- Protection against overpressure shall be made in accordance with the relevant regulations.
- Connect the heating system according to the installation diagram (see figure).

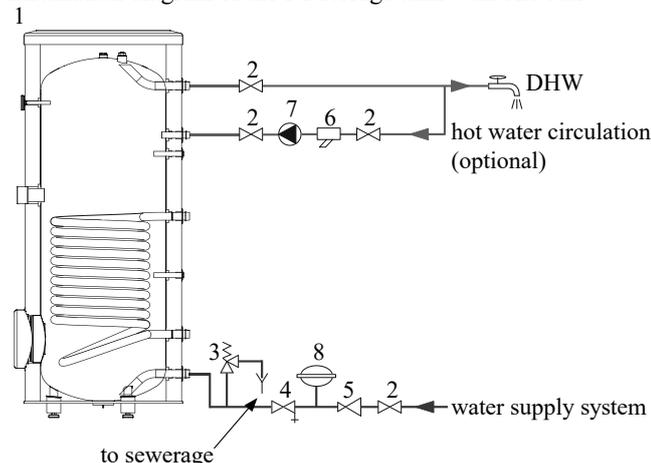
Installation diagram of the PT storage tank with one coil.



### Connecting hot water tank to water main

- Install a mixing valve if the temperature exceeds 60 °C.
- It is recommended to install a thermostatic mixing valve for stable temperature hot water supply.
- Connect the storage tank to the water supply system of water pressure at least 1 bar and max 10 bar. Install a pressure reducer if the pressure at the cold water inlet to the tank is higher than allowed.
- Install a safety valve which have a maximum 10.0 bar opening pressure on the incoming domestic water line according to outline diagram in order to protect the storage tank against overpressure. Pressure increases during heating the water.
- During heating the water, small and temporary water flow from the safety valve can occur, which indicates that the pressure has increased above the rated value, which triggered the valve. This may in no way be prevented.
- Safety valve drain line should be installed with a decline, in an environment free of freezing and remain open to the atmosphere. The manufacturer is not responsible for flooding the room through the safety valve.
- Blocked safety valve can cause equipment failure. Drain the outflow from the safety valve to the sewerage or drain grate.
- See section Dockings on page 22 for outline diagram.
- Connect the water supply system according to the installation diagram.

Installation diagram of the PT storage tank with one coil.



1. PT storage tank
2. Cut-off valve
3. Safety valve
4. Drain valve
5. Pressure reducer (option, if the pressure in the system exceeds the allowable value)
6. Strainer
7. Hot water circulating pump
8. Hot water expansion vessel

### Information

*In order to minimize the flow of water from the safety valve associated with the thermal expansion of the liquid, it is advisable to install a suitable expansion vessel at the cold water connection (see item 8.)*

### CAUTION

*Installation of the appropriate safety valve in the cold water supply line protecting the unit against overpressure is mandatory!*

### CAUTION

*Installation of necking of any kind (such as reducers, dirt pockets, etc.) and cut-off valves between the storage tank and the safety valve is not allowed. Only a T-pipe with a drain valve and a T-pipe with an expansion vessel may be installed in these line sections.*

### CAUTION

*Never block the safety valve or drain line. This can cause a dangerous overpressure in the storage tank.*

### CAUTION

*When heating water, slight, temporary discharge from the safety valve can occur. This is a correct safety valve function. Any attempt to interfere in its operation can lead to the danger and destruction of the storage tank.*

### CAUTION

*Never use the equipment with clogged safety valves.*

### Connection

After the installation and levelling the tank, follow the procedure below (for the connector pipe symbols, refer to page 17):

1. Remove protecting plugs from the connector pipes
2. Connect the hot water intake line (N).
3. Connect the cold water supply line together with the required safety valves (G).
4. If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the connector pipe (L). Otherwise, plug the pipe.
5. Connect the supply (J) and return (H) of the heating medium to the coil.

### CAUTION

*If there is an electric heating module installed in the storage tank, fill the tank with water before connecting it to the electrical installation.*

### Hot water circulation circuit

Hot water circulation function is available for PT500.

#### PT500

If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the port L (see page 19).

Then install the Cut-off valves, circulation pump and strainer.

### Connection of external heat source

External heat source, e.g. a gas or oil boiler or electric heater, can be connected on supply line of heating system (XL1).

### Refrigerant circuit

#### Connecting refrigerant pipes

See Installation manual for outdoor unit.

#### Piping insulation

Install insulation on all piping in order to avoid condensation during cooling operation.

It is also strongly recommended to insulate piping for heating only application in order to avoid getting burned or reducing the heating capacity.

The thickness of the insulation should be 20mm where the relative humidity exceeds 70%.

## Dockings

### General

#### Installation requirements

Hydrolution can be connected in several different ways, some of which are shown on the following pages.

	HSB140
	FDCW140VNX
Max pressure, climate system	0.25 MPa (2.5 Bar)
Highest recommended supply/return temperature	55/45°C
Max temperature, climate system	65 °C
Max temperature in indoor unit	65 °C
Max temperature from external heat source	65 °C
Max supply temperature with compressor at outdoor temp -15°C	58 °C
Min supply temp. cooling	7 °C
Max supply temp. cooling	25 °C
Min volume, climate system during heating, cooling	150 L
Min volume, climate system during underfloor cooling	150 L
Max flow, climate system	0.79 L/s
Min flow, climate system, at 100% circulation pump speed	0.39 L/s
Min flow, climate system	0.24 L/s
Nominal system flow heating ( $\Delta T=5K$ )	0.79 L/s (16.5kW, 7/45°C)
Nominal system flow cooling ( $\Delta T=5K$ )	0.56 L/s (11.8kW, 35/7°C)

External circulation pump must be used when the pressure drop in the system is greater than the available external pressure. In such cases, a bypass line with non-return valve must be installed.

Use an overflow valve if system flow cannot be guaranteed.

#### Symbol key

Symbol	Meaning
	Venting valve
	Shut-off valve
	Non-return valve
	Control valve
	Safety valve
	Temperature sensor
	Expansion vessel
	Pressure gauge
	Circulation pump
	Shunt / shuttle valve
	Fan

## Docking alternatives

Heating system can be constructed in several different ways combining indoor unit, tank, control unit and other accessories.

For further option information, see page 70.

In the system example shown on the following page, heating, hot water as well as cooling operation are available.

Additional heating is helpful on the cold day of the year as the energy from the air is reduced. It is also recommended as back-up in case the heat pump operation is blocked for any reason (e.g. ambient temperature exceeds the operation limit of heat pump).

### NOTE

*The heating medium side and the hot water side must be fitted with the necessary safety equipment in accordance with the applicable regulations.*

***This is the outline diagram. Actual installations must be planned according to applicable standards.***

## Explanation

### AA25

#### Controller

BT1	Outdoor sensor <sup>1)</sup>
BT6	Temperature sensor, hotwater charging <sup>1)</sup>
BT7	Temperature sensor, hot water top <sup>1)</sup>
BT25	Temperature sensor, external supply line <sup>1)</sup>
BT50	Room sensor
BT63	Temperature sensor, external supply line after electric heater
BT71	Temperature sensor, external return line <sup>1)</sup>
GP10	Circulation pump, Heating medium
QN10	Reversing valve, Hot water/Heating medium <sup>2)</sup>

### EB1

#### Additional heat

EB1	Immersion heater
KA1	Auxiliary relay/Contactor <sup>2)</sup>

### EB101

#### Heat pump system

BP4	Pressure sensor, condensor <sup>3)</sup>
BT3	Temperature sensor, return line <sup>3)</sup>
BT12	Temperature sensor, condenser supply line <sup>3)</sup>
BT15	Temperature sensor, fluid pipe <sup>3)</sup>
EB101	Heat pump
FL10	Safety valve
GP12	Charge pump <sup>2)</sup>
HQ1	Particle filter <sup>3)</sup>
QM1	Drain valve, Heating medium
QM31	Shut-off valve, Heating medium, Flow
QM32	Shut off valve, Heating medium, Return
QM43	Shut-off valve

### EQ1

#### Cooling system

BT64	Temperature sensor, cooling supply line <sup>2)</sup>
CP6	Single jacket accumulator tank, cooling
GP13	Circulation pump, cooling
QN12	Reversing valve, Cooling/Heating <sup>2)</sup>

### Miscellaneous

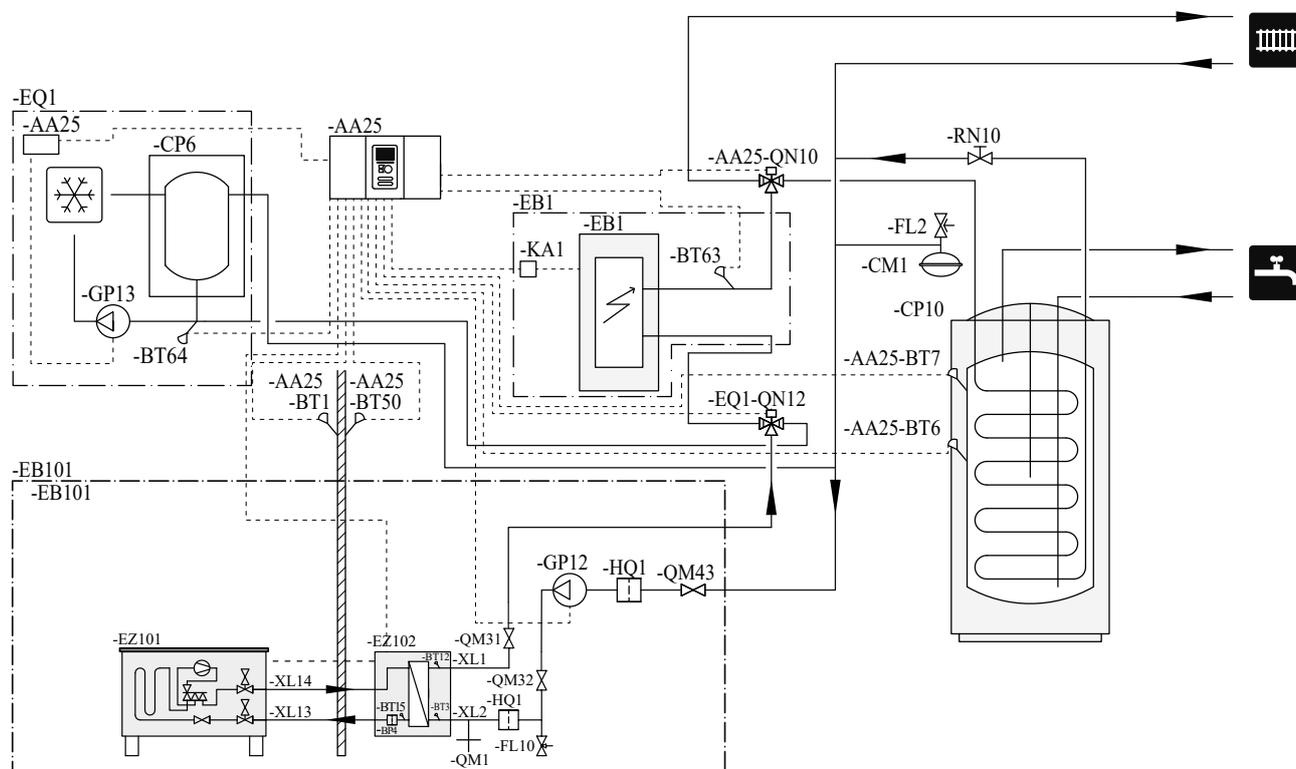
CM1	Expansion vessel closed, Heating medium
CP5	Buffer vessel
CP10	Accumulator tank with hotwater heating
EB20	Immersion heater
FL2	Safety valve, Heating medium
KA1	Auxiliary relay/Contactor
RN10	Trim valve

1) Included in and supplied with controller

2) Included in and supplied with accessory

3) Included in indoor unit

### Installation with indoor unit HSB140, tank PT500, controller RC-HY20/40 with step controlled additional heat before reversing valve for hot water and cooling function (4 pipe system)



## NOTE

Not all components are shown in this outline diagram.

Controller (AA25) starts and stops the heat pump (EB101) to meet the heating and hot water demand.

At simultaneous heating and hot water demand, the reversing valve (AA25-QN10) switches periodically between the climate system and the water heater/accumulator tank (CP10). When the hot water heater/accumulator tank is fully charged, the reversing valve switches to the climate system.

Additional heat (EB1) is turned on automatically when the heating demand exceeds the heat pump capacity. This is used for both heating and charging hot water.

The additional heat can also be used for water heater when a higher temperature is required than the heat pump can produce.

During cooling operation, the reversing valve (EQ1-QN12) switches to the cooling system (EQ1). If several simultaneous demands occur while there is a cooling demand, the system reacts differently. In the event of a hot water demand, the reversing valve switches back and hot water is produced until the demand is fulfilled. In the event of a heating demand, the reversing valve switches periodically between cooling and heating. If the cooling demand is met, the reversing valve switches back to basic mode (heating/hot water).



# Electrical installation

## General

Indoor unit must be installed via an isolator switch in accordance with the local codes and regulations.

- Disconnect the indoor unit, outdoor unit and control unit before insulation testing of the house wiring.
- If the building is equipped with an earth-fault breaker, Hydrolution should be equipped with a separate one.
- For the electrical wiring diagram, see page 71.
- Do not lay communication, sensor or signal cables for external connection close to high voltage lines.
- Minimum cross section of communication, sensor or signal cables for external connection must be 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> up to 50 m, for example EKKX, LiYY or equivalent.
- Use screened three core cable for communication between controller (RC-HY20/40) and indoor unit (HSB140).
- When laying cables into indoor units and controllers, be sure to route the cable grommet (UB1 AND UB2).
- Be careful to route cables not to be damaged by metal edge or trapped by panels.
- Outdoor unit is equipped with a single phase compressor. This means that phase L3 is loaded with up to 25 A during compressor operation.

### NOTE

*Electrical installation and service must be carried out under the supervision of a qualified electrician.*

*Turn off the circuit breaker before carrying out any servicing.*

*Electrical installation and wiring must be carried out in accordance with the stipulations in force.*

*Make sure to turn off the power supply during installation.*

### NOTE

*Do not turn on the power on control until the boiler is filled with water.*

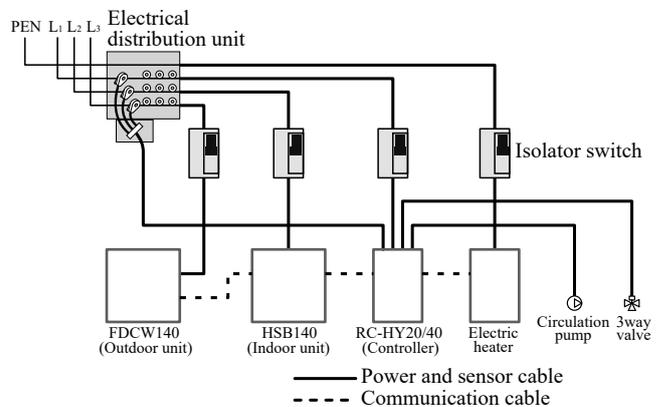
***The circulation pump and immersion heater may become damaged.***

### NOTE

*If the power supply cable is damaged, only authorised person may replace it to avoid danger or damage.*

## Principle diagram, electrical installation

### HSB140

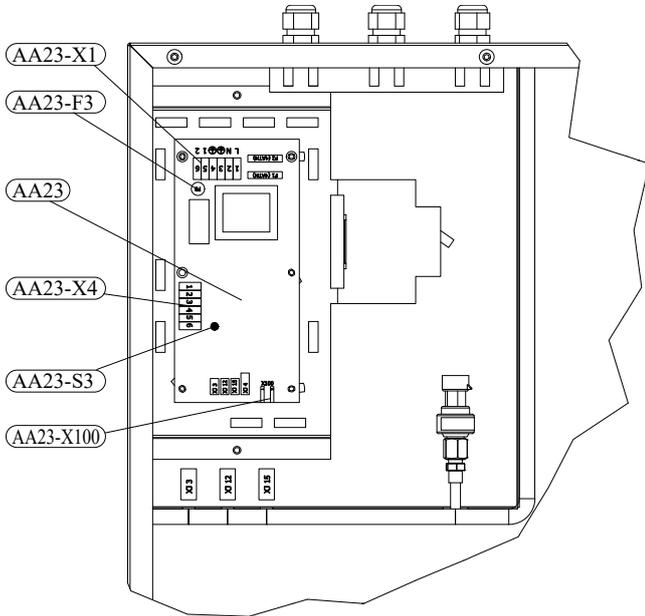


	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Power – Outdoor unit	3core, 6.0mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	2core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

The cable size shown on the above table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

## Electrical components

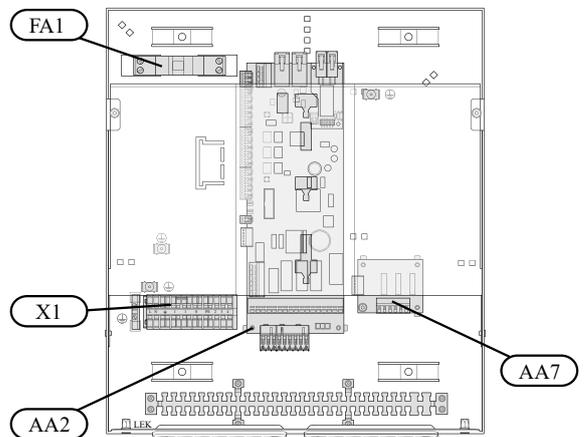
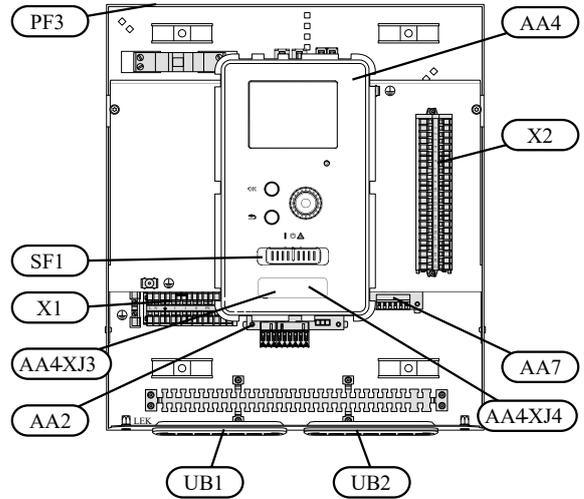
### HSB140



#### Explanation

- AA23            Communication board
- AA23-F3       Fuse for external heating cable
- AA23-S3       DIP switch, addressing of outdoor unit
- AA23-X1       Terminal block, incoming supply, connection of KVR
- AA23-X4       Terminal block, communication with indoor module / control module
- AA23-X100     Terminal block, communication outdoor module FDCW

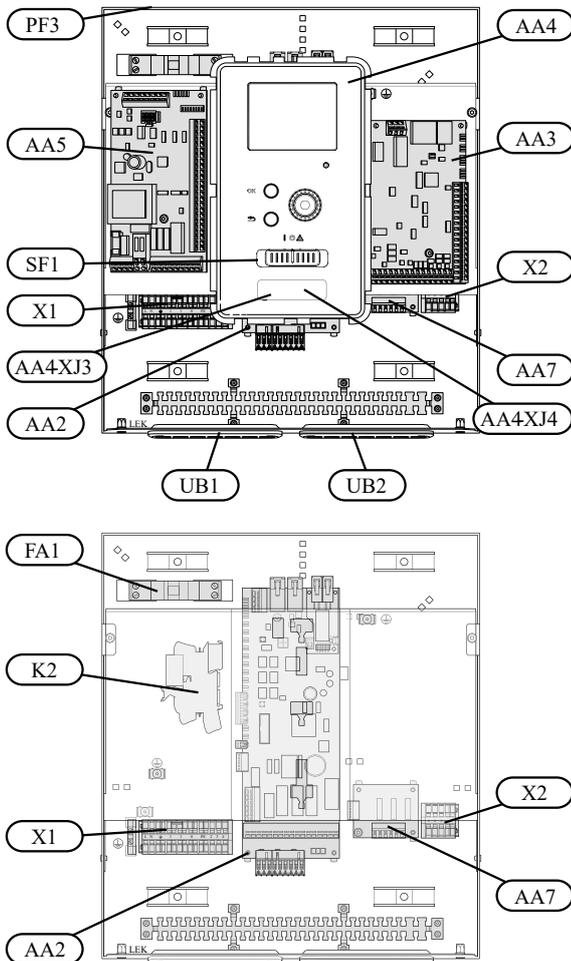
### RC-HY20



#### Explanation

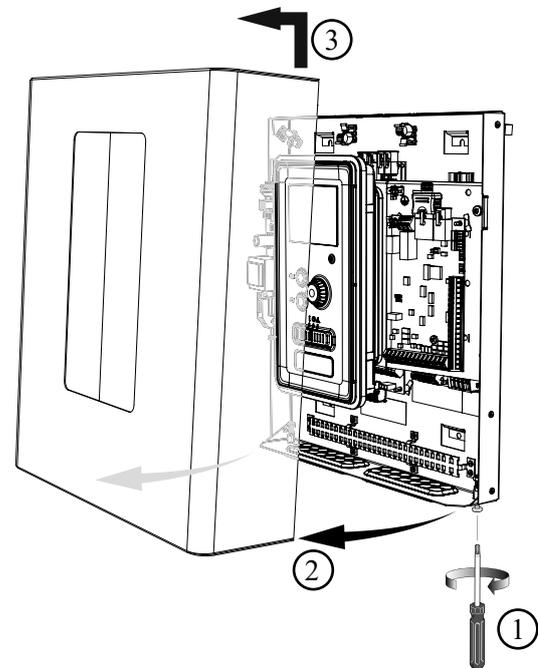
- AA2            Base card
- AA4            Display unit
- AA4-XJ3       USB socket
- AA4-XJ4       Service outlet (No function)
- AA7            Extra relay circuit board
- FA1            Miniature circuit-breaker
- X1            Terminal block, incoming electrical supply
- X2            Terminal block, control signal circulation pump, sensors AUX inputs and heat pump
- SF1            Switch
- PF3            Serial number plate
- UB1            Cable grommet, incoming supply electricity, power for accessories
- UB2            Cable grommet, signal

**RC-HY40**



**Accessibility, electrical connection for controller**

The cover of the control module is opened using a Torx 25 screwdriver. Assembly takes place in the reverse order.

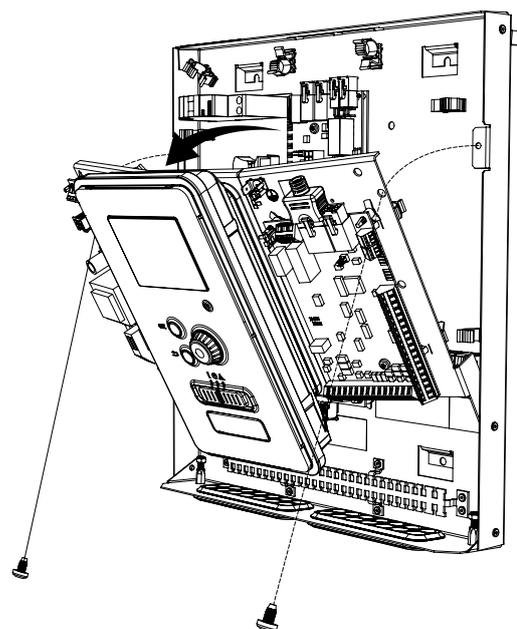


**NOTE**

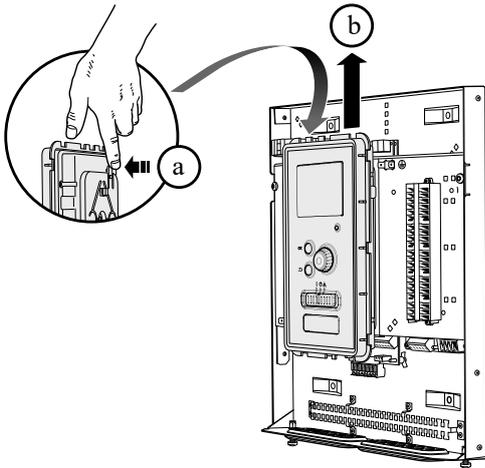
*The cover to access the base board is opened using a Torx 25 screwdriver*

**Explanation**

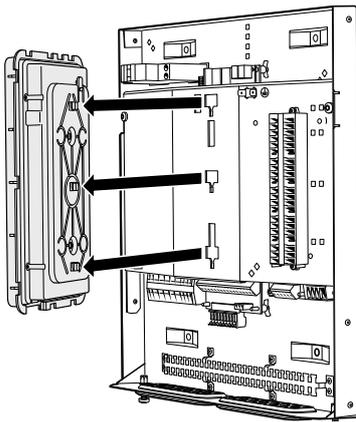
- AA2 Base card
- AA3 Input circuit board
- AA4 Display unit
- AA4-XJ3 USB socket
- AA4-XJ4 Service outlet (No function)
- AA5 Accessory card
- AA7 Extra relay circuit board
- FA1 Miniature circuit-breaker
- K2 Emergency mode relay
- X1 Terminal block, incoming electrical supply
- X2 Terminal block, AUX4 - AUX6
- SF1 Switch
- PF3 Serial number plate
- UB1 Cable grommet, incoming supply electricity, power for accessories
- UB2 Cable grommet, signal



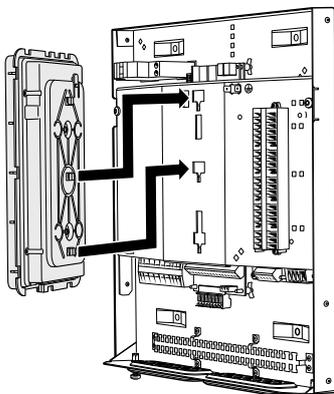
The display may need to be moved for easier access when connecting electrics. This is easily done by following these steps.



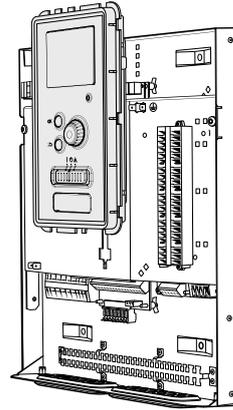
1. Press in the catch on the upper rear side of the display unit towards you (a) and move the display unit upwards (b) so that the mountings unhook from the panel.



2. Lift the display unit from its mountings.



3. Align the two lower mountings on the reverse of the display unit with the two upper holes in the panel as illustrated.



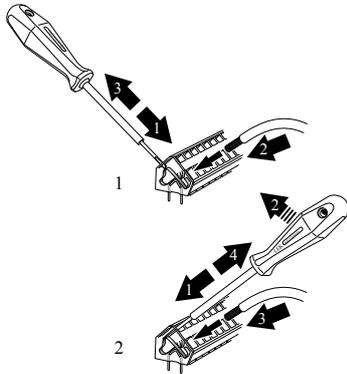
4. Secure the display on the panel.
5. When the electrical connection is ready the display must be reinstalled with three mounting points again, otherwise the front cover cannot be installed.

## Cable lock

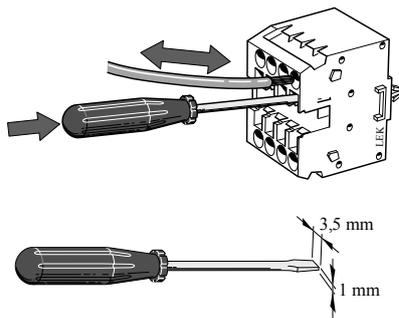
Use a suitable tool to release/lock cables in the terminal block.

### HSB140, RC-HY20/40

Terminal block on the electrical card



Terminal block



## Connection

### NOTE

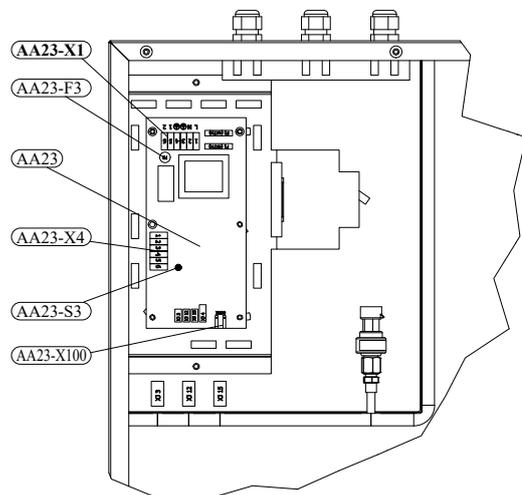
To prevent interference, unscreened communication and/or sensor cables to external connections must not be laid closer than 20 cm from high voltage cables.

### HSB140

#### Power supply

In case of HSB140, power supply is made to indoor unit, outdoor unit and controller separately. 230V 1AC 50Hz is applied.

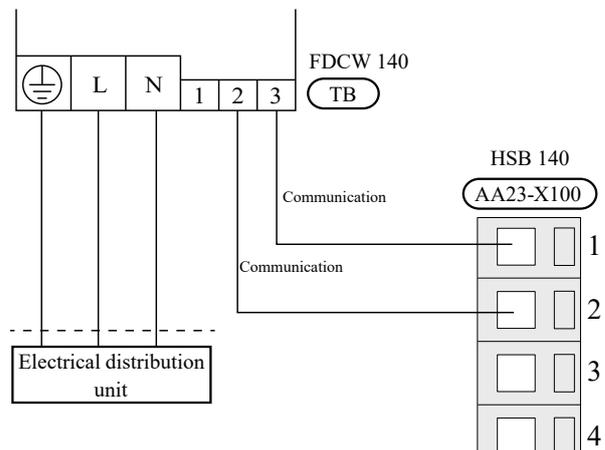
For indoor unit, incoming supply is connected on AA23-X1 terminal.



For outdoor unit, incoming supply is connected on TB terminal. See figure on Connection between indoor and outdoor unit.

#### Connection between indoor and outdoor unit

The communication cable between indoor and outdoor unit is connected between terminal AA23-X100 in indoor unit and TB in outdoor unit. Screened 2 core cable is recommended.



**Connection between indoor unit and controller**

See Connection for RC-HY20/40

**Cascade connection setting**

In case of cascade connection system, it is necessary to allot unique address to each indoor unit. Set the dip switch S3-1, -2 and -3 according to the following table.

Address	S3:1	S3:2	S3:3
1	OFF	OFF	OFF
2	On	OFF	OFF
3	OFF	On	OFF
4	On	On	OFF
5	OFF	OFF	On
6	On	OFF	On
7	OFF	On	On
8	On	On	On

**Recommended fuse size for HSB140**

The recommended fuse size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Fuse size
Indoor unit (HSB140)	6A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Outdoor unit (FDCW140VNX)	30A / 230V 1AC 50Hz
Controller (RC-HY20/40)	10A/ 230V 1AC 50Hz
Electric heater (ELK9M) (reference)	16 A/400V 3NAC 50Hz

**Recommended cable size for HSB140**

The recommended cable size shown in the following table is reference value. Choose appropriate size according to local laws and regulations.

	Cable size
Power – Indoor unit	3core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Power – Outdoor unit	3core, 6.0mm <sup>2</sup> (power cable)
Indoor unit – Outdoor unit	2core, 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (communication cable)
Indoor unit – Controller	3core, 0.5mm <sup>2</sup> , LiYY, EKKX or equivalent (communication cable)

**RC-HY20/40**

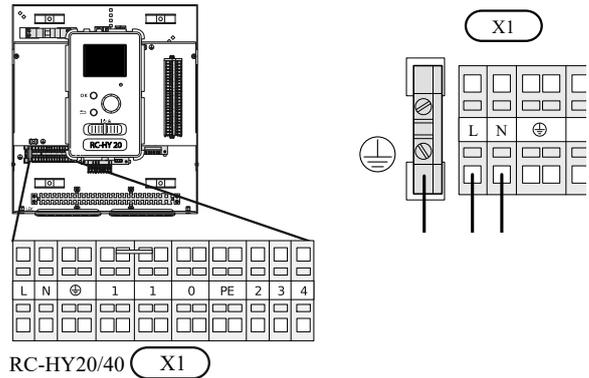
Cable connection is different according to the system structure. Refer to the connection method according to the indoor unit.

**Power supply**

**HSB140**

Connect power cable on X1 terminal as shown below.

RC-HY 20/40 must be installed via an isolator switch with a minimum breaking gap of 3 mm. Minimum cable area must be sized according to the fuse rating used.

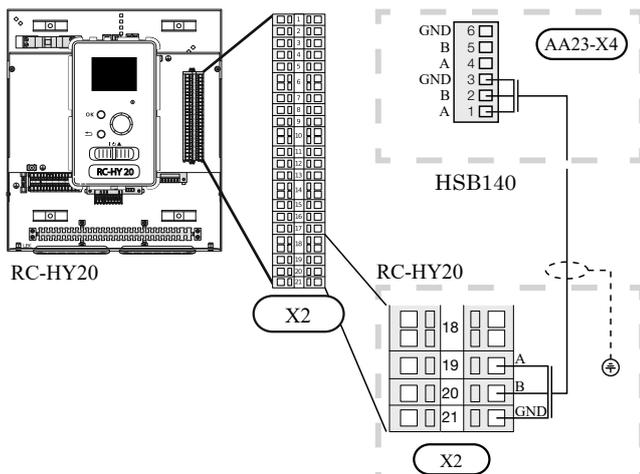


**Connection between controller and indoor unit  
HSB140**

Signal cable is connected between controller and indoor unit with screened 3 core cable for HSB140. Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller as shown below.

**<HSB140 with RC-HY20>**

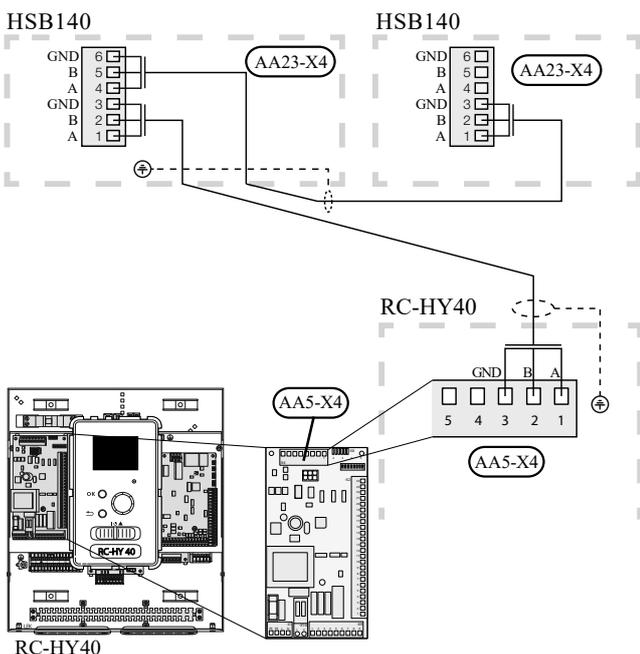
Connect the port 19(A), 20(B) and 21(GND) on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB140 respectively.



**<HSB140 with RC-HY40>**

Connect the port 1(A), 2(B) and 3(GND) on X4 terminal on AA5 board on RC-HY40 to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB140 respectively.

In case several systems are connected to one controller, connect the port 4, 5 and 6 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on HSB140 close to the controller to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X4 terminal on AA23 board on another HSB140.



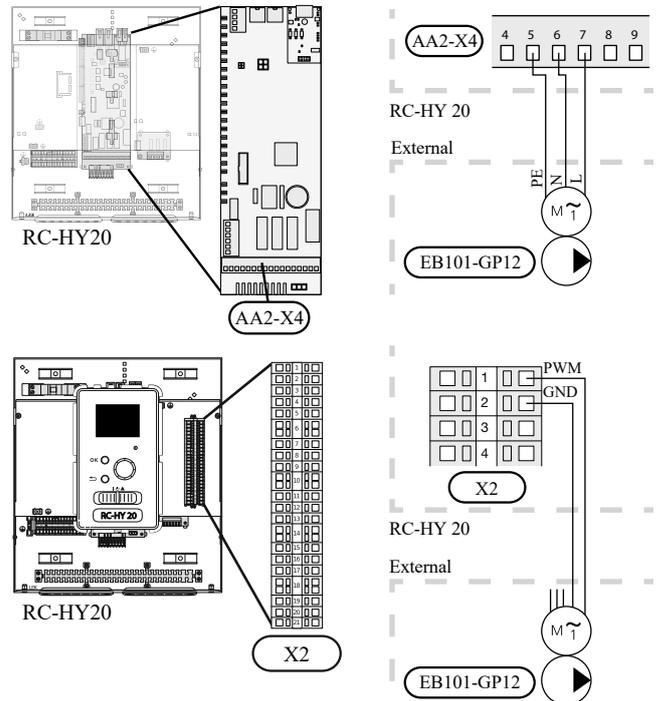
**Connection between controller and circulation pump (GP12)  
HSB140**

**HSB140**

For HSB140, circulation pump (GP12) is installed outside of indoor unit. Choose correct terminal according to the type of controller.

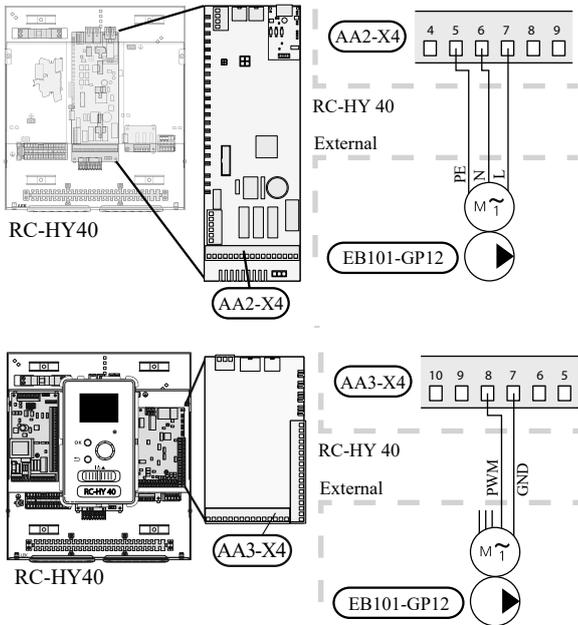
**<HSB140 with RC-HY20>**

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20/40 to the port PE, N and L on circulation pump respectively. Control signal cable is connected between the port 1 and 2 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20 and PWM and GND on circulation pump respectively as shown below.

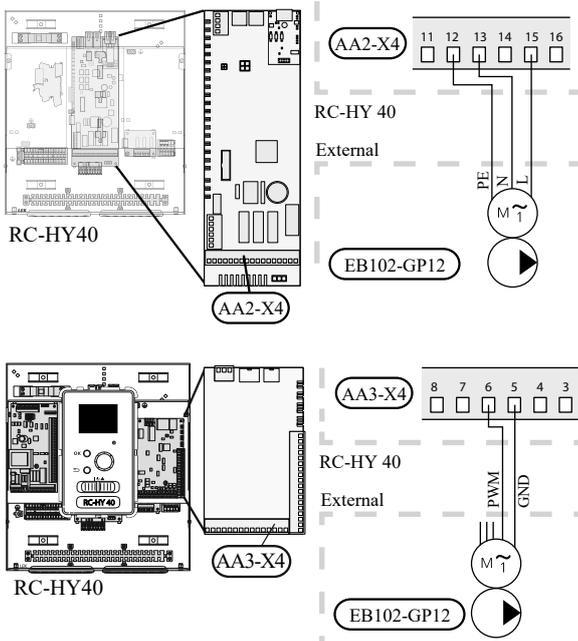


<HSB140 with RC-HY40>

Connect the port 5, 6 and 7 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY40 to the port PE, N and L on circulation pump (EB101-GP12) respectively. Control signal cable is connected between the port 7 and 8 on X4 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 and GND and PWM on circulation pump respectively as shown below.



RC-HY40 can connect and control up to two pumps. Connect the port 12, 13 and 15 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY40 to the port PE, N and L on second circulation pump (EB102-GP12) respectively. Control cable is connected between the port 5 and 6 on X4 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 and GND and PWM on circulation pump respectively as shown below.



Connection between controller and 3-way valve (QN10/QN12)

3-way valve is used for switching heating / hot water production (QN10), or switching heating / cooling (QN12). Install appropriate valves according to the system structure on site.

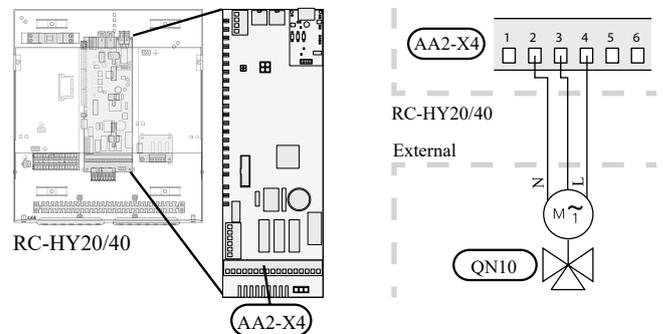
HSB140

HSB140 is not equipped with 3-way valve. Install the valves on right position according to the diagram and connect wires on appropriate port according to the type of controller.

<HSB140 with RC-HY20>

• 3-way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)

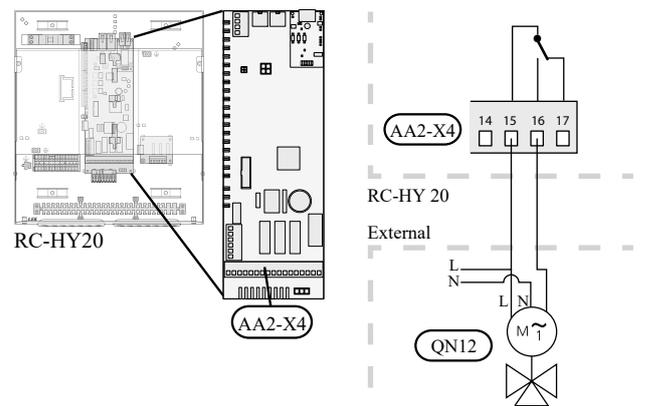
Connect the N, Control and L wire on 3-way valve to the port 2, 3 and 4 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20/40 respectively as shown below.



• 3-way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)

QN12 can be controlled with potential free variable relay. Connect L and Control wire on 3-way valve to the port 15 and 16 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20 respectively. Also, connect L and N wire to power supply as shown below.

Additional setting is necessary in menu 5.4. See Menu system for details.



**CAUTION**

The relay outputs can have a max load of 2 A at resistive load (230V AC).

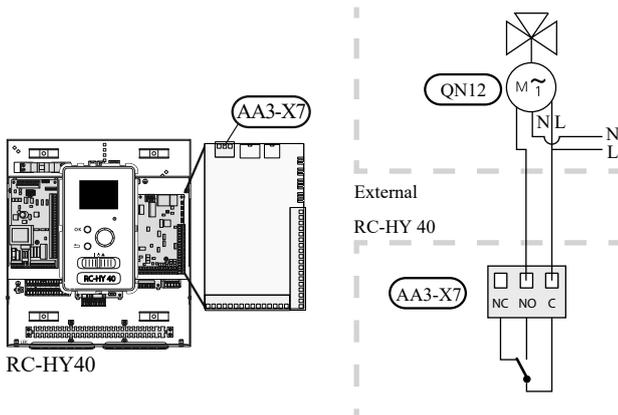
<HSB140 with RC-HY40>

- 3way valve for Heating / Hot water (QN10)

Refer to 3-way valve connection for HSB140 with RC-HY20.

- 3 way valve for Heating / Cooling (QN12)

QN12 can be controlled with potential free variable relay. Connect L and Control wire on 3-way valve to the port C and NO on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40 respectively. Also, connect L and N wire to power supply as shown below.



**CAUTION**  
The relay outputs may be subjected to a max load of 2A at resistive load (230V AC).

Connection between controller and sensors

Sensor connection is different according to the combination of indoor unit and controller. Refer to the appropriate combination mentioned below.

Use two-core cable with a minimum 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> cross section.

Regarding other sensors not mentioned in this chapter, refer to page 35, Optional connections.

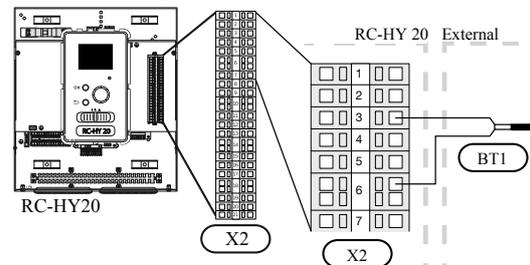
<RC-HY20 with HSB140>

- Ambient air temperature sensor BT1

Install ambient air temperature sensor (BT1) in the shade on a wall facing north or north-west, so it is unaffected by the morning sun.

Connect the sensor to the port 3 and 6 on X2 terminal.

If a conduit is used it must be sealed to prevent condensation in the sensor capsule.

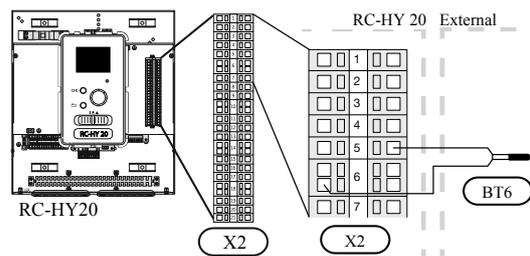


- Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.

Connect the sensor to the port 5 and 6 on X2 terminal.

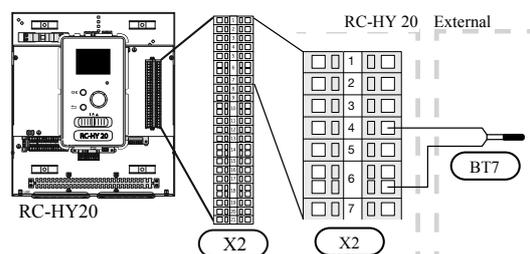
Hot water charging is activated in menu 5.2 or in the start guide.



- Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)

A temperature sensor for hot water top (BT7) can be connected to RC-HY20 to show the water temperature at the top of the tank (if it is possible to install a sensor at the top of the tank).

Connect the sensor to the port 4 and 6 on X2 terminal.

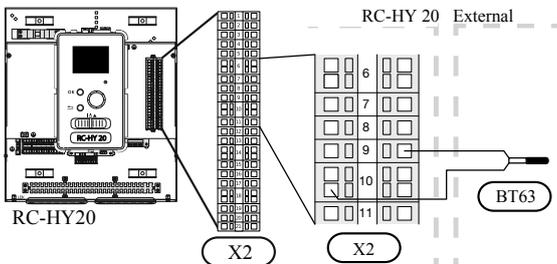


## Electrical installation

- **Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed before 3-way valve (QN10) for switching heating/hot water (see page 23 for diagram).

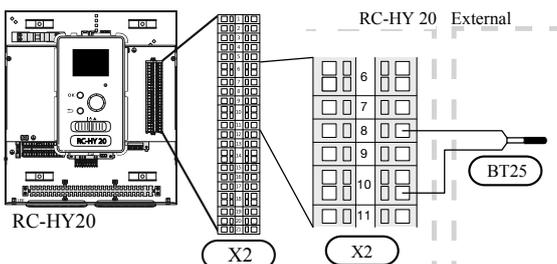
Connect temperature sensor, external supply after electric heater (BT63) to the port 9 and 10 on terminal X2.



- **Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 24 for diagram).

Connect temperature sensor, external supply (BT25) to the port 8 and 10 on X2 terminal.



- **Temperature sensor BT71, return line for heating**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 24 for diagram).

For connection, see page 37, AUX inputs.

- **Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling**

This sensor is used in case cooling application is required.

For connection, see page 37, AUX inputs.

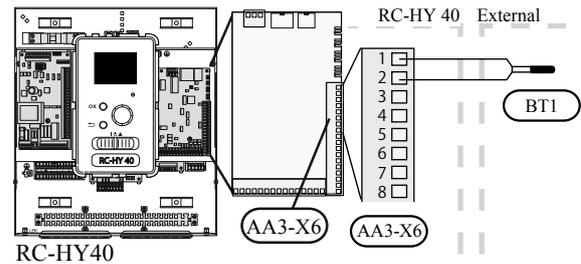
### <RC-HY40 with HSB140>

- **Ambient air temperature sensor BT1**

Install ambient air temperature sensor (BT1) in the shade on a wall facing north or north-west, so it is unaffected by the morning sun for example.

Connect the sensor to the port 1 and 2 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.

If a conduit is used it must be sealed to prevent condensation in the sensor capsule.

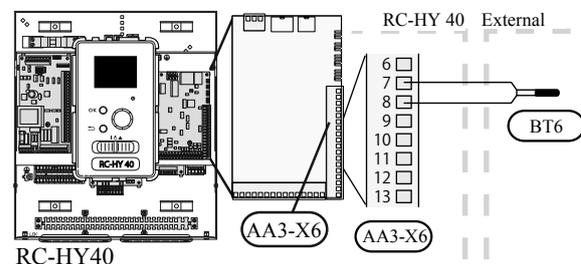


- **Hot water charging sensor BT6 (tank bottom)**

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.

Connect the sensor to the port 7 and 8 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.

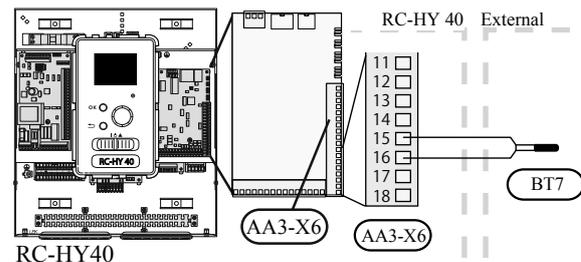
Hot water charging is activated in menu 5.2 or in the start guide.



- **Hot water sensor BT7 (tank top)**

A temperature sensor for hot water top (BT7) can be connected to RC-HY40 to show the water temperature at the top of the tank (if it is possible to install a sensor at the top of the tank).

Connect the sensor to the port 15 and 16 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



• **Temperature sensor BT63, outlet at additional heater**

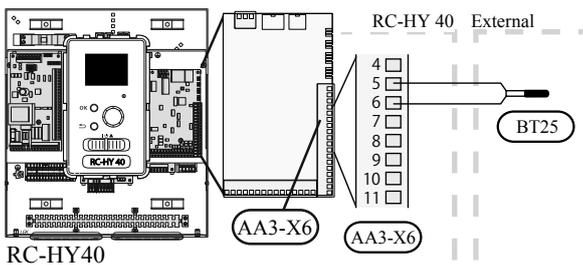
This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed before 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hotwater (see page 23 for diagram).

For connection, see page 54, AUX inputs.

• **Temperature sensor BT25, outlet for heating**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 24 for diagram).

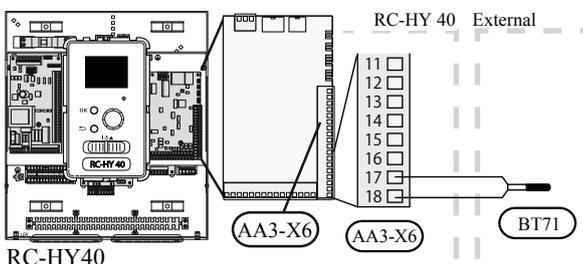
Connect temperature sensor, external supply line (BT25) to the port 5 and 6 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



• **Temperature sensor BT71, return line for heating**

This sensor is used in case electric heater is placed after 3 way valve (QN10) for switching heating/ hot water (see page 24 for diagram).

Connect temperature sensor, external return line (BT71) to the port 17 and 18 on X6 terminal on AA3 board.



• **Temperature sensor BT64, outlet for cooling**

This sensor is used in case cooling application is required.

For connection, see page 40, AUX inputs.

**Optional connections**

**RC-HY20**

• **Room sensor BT50**

Room sensor can be connected to controller.

The room temperature sensor has up to three functions:

1. Show current room temperature in the control module display.
2. Option of changing the room temperature in °C.
3. Makes it possible to change/stabilise the room temperature.

Install the sensor in a neutral position where the set temperature is required. A suitable location is on a free inner wall in a hall approx. 1.5 m above the floor.

Do not install the sensor where correct room temperature cannot be detected such as in a recess, between shelves, behind a curtain, above or close to a heat source, in a draft from an external door or in direct sunlight.

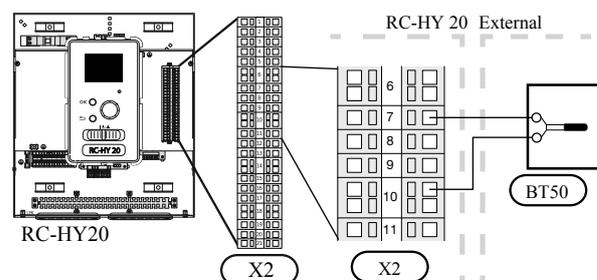
Closed radiator thermostats can also cause problems.

The control module can operate without the sensor, but if user wants to read off the accommodation's indoor temperature in controller display, the sensor must be installed.

Connect the room sensor to the port 7 and 10 on X2 terminal.

If the sensor is to be used to change the room temperature in °C and/or to change/stabilise the room temperature, the sensor must be activated in menu 1.9.4.

If the room sensor is used in a room with underfloor heating, it should only have an indicative function, not control of the room temperature.



**CAUTION**

*Changes of temperature in accommodation take time. For example, short time periods in combination with underfloor heating will not give a noticeable difference in room temperature.*

Use two-core cable with a minimum 0.5mm<sup>2</sup> cross section.

- Step controlled additional heat

### NOTE

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

External step controlled additional heat can be controlled by up to three potential-free relays in the control module (3 step linear or 7 step binary). Alternatively two relays (2 step linear or 3 step binary) can be used for step controlled additional heat, which means that the third relay can be used to control the immersion heater in the water heater/accumulator tank.

Step in occurs with at least 1 minute intervals and step outs with at least 3 seconds intervals.

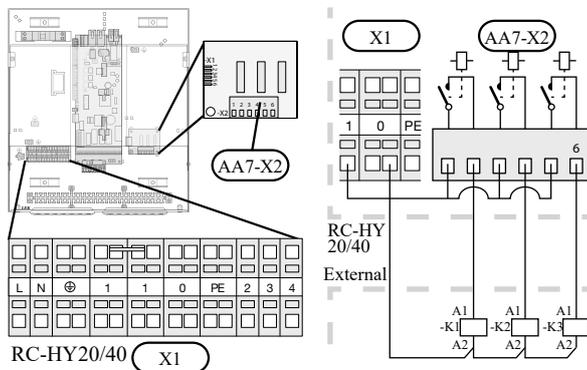
Step 1 is connected to terminal block X2:2 on the additional relay board (AA7).

Step 2 is connected to terminal block X2:4 on the additional relay board (AA7).

Step 3 or immersion heater in the water heater/accumulator tank is connected to terminal block X2:6 on the additional relay board (AA7).

The settings for step controlled additional heat are made in menu 4.9.3 and menu 5.1.12.

All additional heat can be blocked by connecting a potential-free switch function to the software controlled input on terminal block X2 which is selected in menu 5.4.



If the relays are to be used for control voltage, bridge the supply from terminal block X1:1 to X2:1, X2:3 and X2:5 on additional relay board (AA7). Connect the neutral from the external additional heat to terminal block X1:0.

Use a cable with appropriate cross section.

For connection, see the installation manual for additional heater.

- Relay output for emergency mode

### NOTE

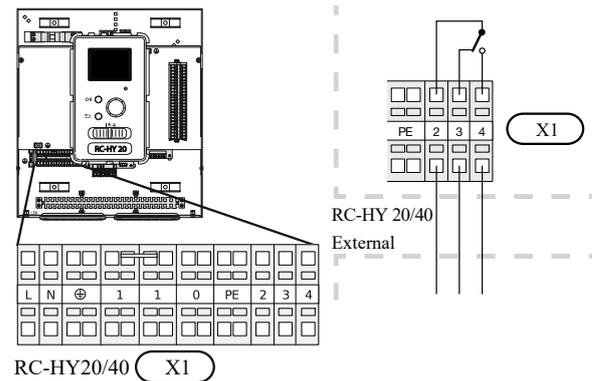
Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

When the switch (SF1) is in "Δ" mode (emergency mode) the circulation pump is activated (EB101-GP12).

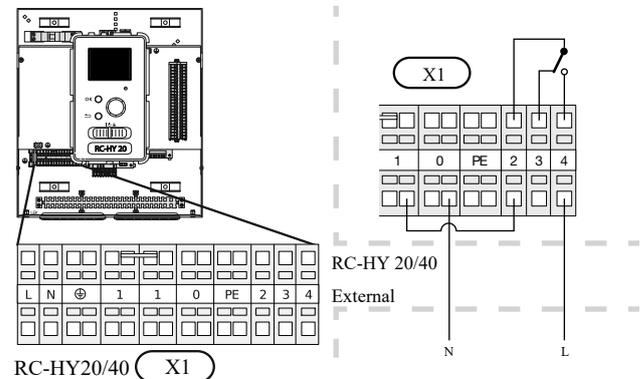
### CAUTION

No hot water is produced when emergency mode is activated.

The emergency mode relay can be used to activate external additional heat. Between the port 2 and 4 is closed during emergency mode. An external thermostat must be connected to the control circuit (port 4) to control the temperature. Ensure that the heating medium circulates through the external additional heating.

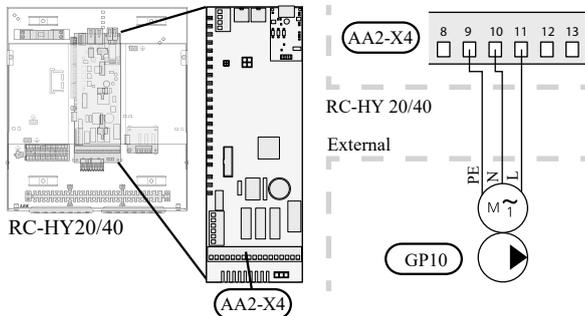


If the relay is to be used for control voltage, bridge the supply from terminal block X1:1 to X1:2 and connect neutral and control voltage from the external additional heat to X1:0 (N) and X1:4 (L).



• **External circulation pump**

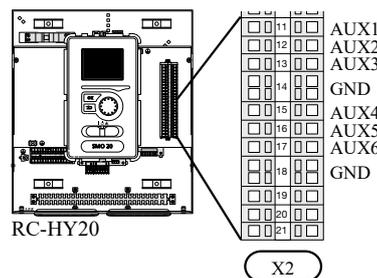
Connect the external circulation pump (GP10) to terminal block X4:9 (PE), X4:10 (N) and X4:11 (230 V) on the base board (AA2) as illustrated.



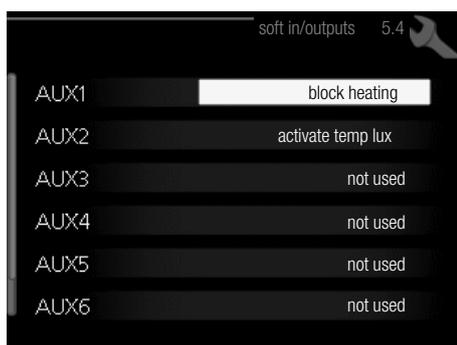
• **AUX inputs**

Other external inputs are available on the port 11 through 18 on X2 terminal on RC-HY20.

AUX1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 correspond to the port 11, 12, 13, 15, 16 and 17 respectively. Port 14 and 18 are GND and are common to the all auxiliary circuit. Connect a sensor or switch between AUX and GND with a two-core cable with a minimum cross section of 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Select the appropriate function in menu 5.4.



■ **Temperature sensor, cooling/heating (BT74)**

Additional room sensor (BT74) is applied in case user wants to determine the operation mode (cooling/heating) with a temperature in a particular room.

This option can be chosen only in case cooling function is available.

■ **Temperature sensor, external return line (BT71)**

Temperature sensor BT71 is applied in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve (see page 24 for diagram).

■ **Temperature sensor, flow line cooling (BT64)**

Temperature sensor BT64 is required in case 4-pipe system is used for cooling operation. (see page 23, 24 for diagram)

This option can be chosen only in case cooling function is activated.

■ **Contact for external tariff blocking**

In cases where external tariff blocking is required it must be connected to terminal block X2.

Tariff blocking means that the additional heat, the compressor, heating and cooling are disconnected by connecting a potential free switch function to the input selected in menu 5.4.

A closed contact results in the electrical output being disconnected.

■ **Switch for "SG ready"**

**NOTE**

*This function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready"-standard. "SG Ready" requires two AUX inputs.*

This function can only be used in power supply networks that support the "SG Ready" standard. "SG Ready" requires two AUX inputs.

"SG Ready" is a smart tariff management scheme in which electricity supplier can affect indoor and hot water temperature or simply prohibits additional heat and/or the compressor operation in heat pump at certain period of the day. You can choose which operation mode is affected by this function in menu 4.1.5 after the function is activated.

Choose two external input circuits and connect potential-free switches, and set "SG Ready A" and "SG Ready B" in menu 5.4. The system works differently according to the combination of the circuit open/closed.

• **Blocking (A: Closed, B: Open)**

"SG Ready" is active. Compressor operation and additional heat is prohibited.

• **Normal mode (A: Open, B: Open)**

"SG Ready" is not active. No effect on the system.

• **Low price mode (A: Open, B: Closed)**

"SG Ready" is active. The system operates to provide higher capacity than normal mode by using lower tariff electricity. You can select the operation mode (heating/hot water/cooling) affected by this function in menu 4.1.5.

• **Overcapacity mode (A: Closed, B: Closed)**

"SG Ready" is active. The system supplies higher capacity than Low price mode since the electricity price is supposed to be very low in this mode. You can select the operation mode (heating/hot water/cooling) affected by this function in menu 4.1.5.

### ■ Contact for activation of “temporary lux”

Temporary hot water production function “temporary lux” is activated with this signal. Connect the terminals with a potential-free switch and choose the function in menu 5.4.

“Temporary lux” is activated only when the switch is closed.

### ■ Contact for activation of “external adjustment”

Target temperature offset for supply temperature or room temperature can be done with this signal.

When a room sensor is connected and activated, the target room temperature is offset in °C if the switch is closed. When a room sensor is not connected, target supply water temperature (heat curve) is offset instead. The degree of offset can be set in menu 5.4.

### ■ Switch for external alarm

Alarms from external devices can be connected to the control and appear as an info alarm. Potential-free signal of NO or NC type can be connected.

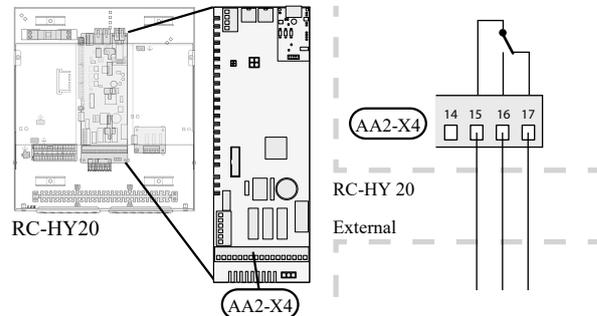
### ■ Switch for external blocking

This function is used in case certain operation mode needs to be prohibited. The operation at selected operation mode is prohibited when the switch is closed. Following functions can be managed.

- Additional heat
- compressor operation
- heating mode
- cooling mode
- hot water mode

### • AUX outputs

External output is available on the port 15 to 17 on X4 terminal on AA2 board on RC-HY20. The relay output can have a max load of 2A at resistive load.



Following functions are available. Select the function in menu 5.4.

#### • Indication of buzzer alarm

When an alarm occurs, the circuit becomes closed between the port 15 and 16. During normal operation, the port 15 and 17 is closed.

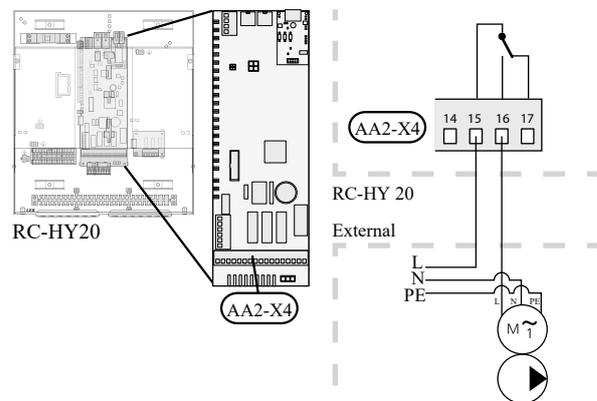
#### • Cooling mode indication / Active cooling mode (4-pipe cooling)

When the system turns into cooling mode, the circuit becomes closed between the port 15 and 16. By using this signal, it is possible to switch 3-way valve for 4-pipe cooling or to assemble a display circuit indicating cooling mode. For details of connecting the 3-way valve, refer to page 32, 33.

#### • External pump control (GP10)

External pump (GP10) is used in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve that switches heating/hot water (refer to page 24 for diagram).

Connect the circulation pump as shown below using the port 15 and 16 on X4 terminal.



#### • Hot water circulation pump control (GP11)

In case the distance between hot water tap and hot water storage tank is far, the hot water supply line temperature is likely to drop and it may take time to supply hot water from the tap. In that case, hot water circulation pump (GP11) is applied to maintain hot water supply line temperature warm (refer to page 20 for diagram).

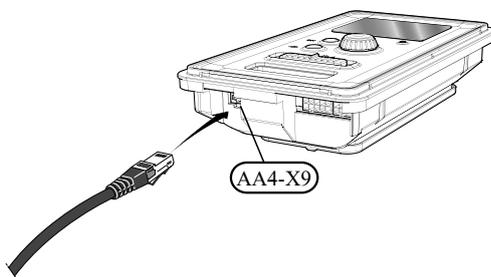
For details of connecting the pump, refer to External pump control (GP10).

**NOTE**

*Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.*

• **myUpway™**

Connect the network connected cable (straight, Cat.5e UTP) with RJ45-contact (male) to contact AA4-X9 on the display unit (as illustrated). Use the cable grommet (UB2) in the control module for cable routing.



**RC-HY40**

• **Load monitor**

In case many power electrical appliances are connected in the property and the electric heater is energised at the same time, there is a risk of tripping the main fuse of the property.

The control module has an integrated load monitor that controls the power steps of the electric heater by disconnecting step by step in the event of overload in a phase. It will be reconnected if other current consumption is reduced.

**Connecting current sensors**

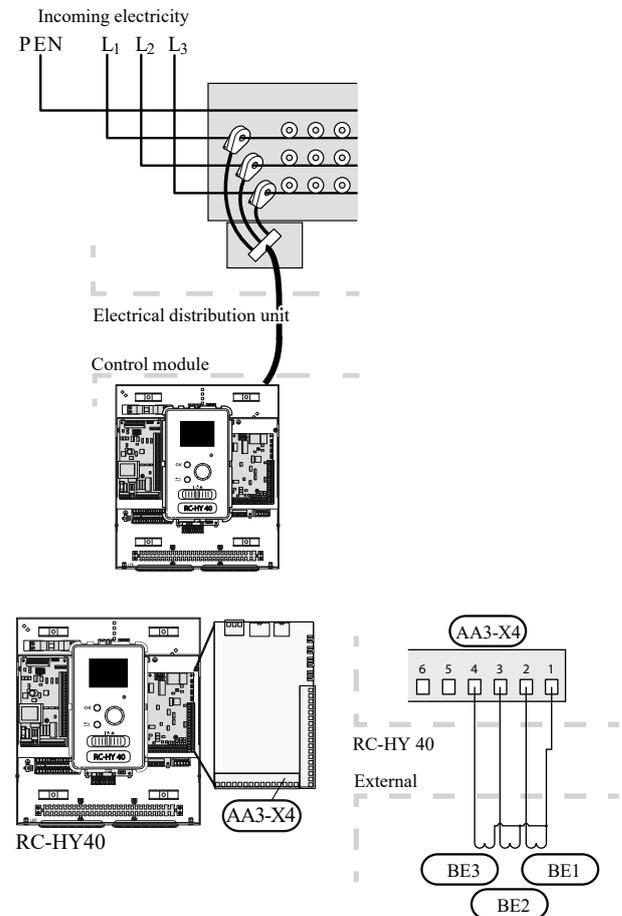
A current sensor (BE1 - BE3) should be installed on each incoming phase conductor in to the electrical distribution unit to measure the current. This is best done in the electrical distribution unit.

Connect the current sensors to a multi-core cable in an enclosure next to the electrical distribution unit. Use a multi-core cable of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> from the enclosure to the heat pump.

Connect the cable to terminal block X4:1 to 4.

X4:1 is the common terminal block for the three current sensors.

Set the size of the property's main fuse in menu 5.1.12.



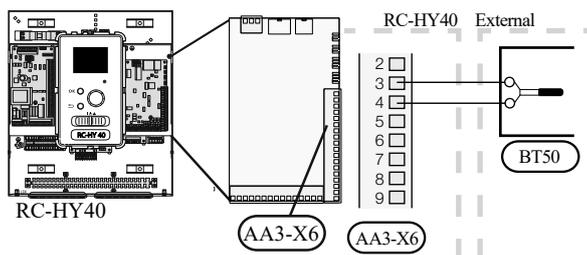
### • Room sensor BT50

Refer to Room sensor BT50 for RC-HY20 for function and installation place.

Connect the room sensor to terminal block X6:3 and X6:4 on the input board (AA3).

If the sensor is to be used to change the room temperature in °C and/or to change/stabilise the room temperature, the sensor must be activated in menu 1.9.4.

If the room sensor is used in a room with underfloor heating, it should only have an indicative function, not control of the room temperature.



## CAUTION

*Changes of temperature in accommodation take time. For example, short time periods in combination with underfloor heating will not give a noticeable difference in room temperature.*

### • Step controlled additional heat

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

### • Relay output for emergency mode

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

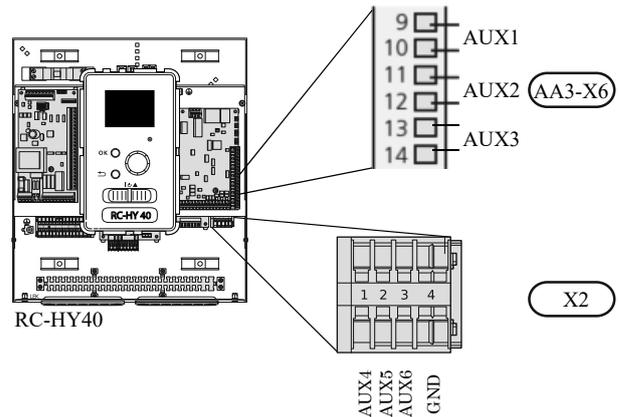
### • External circulation pump

Refer to the explanation for RC-HY20.

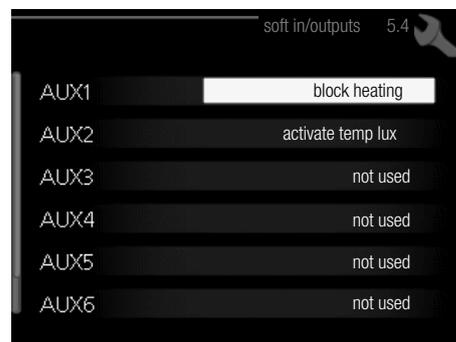
### • AUX inputs

Up to 6 other external inputs are available on RC-HY40.

AUX1 through 3 correspond to the port 9/10, 11/12, 13/14 respectively on X6 terminal on AA3 board. AUX4 through 6 correspond to the port 1, 2 and 3 on X2 terminal on RC-HY40. Port 4 on X2 terminal is GND and is common to AUX4 through 6. Connect a sensor or switch between AUX and GND with a two-core cable with a minimum cross section of 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>.



Select the appropriate function in menu 5.4.



### ■ Temperature sensor, external supply at additional heat before reversing valve (BT63)

Temperature sensor BT63 is applied in case additional heater is placed before 3-way valve (see page 23 for diagram)

The following functions are available. For details, see AUX inputs for RC-HY20.

### ■ Temperature sensor, cooling/heating (BT74)

### ■ Temperature sensor, external return line (BT71)

### ■ Temperature sensor, flow line cooling (BT64)

### ■ Contact for external tariff blocking

### ■ Switch for “SG ready”

### ■ Contact for activation of “temporary lux”

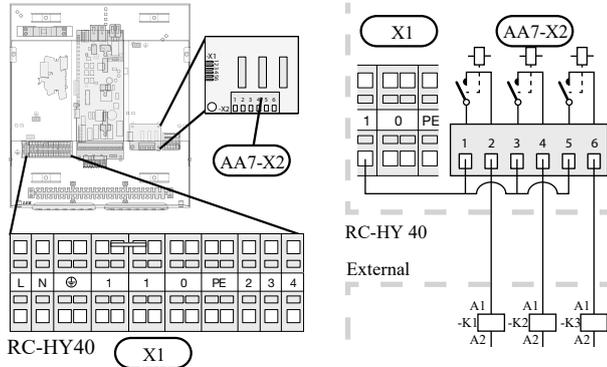
### ■ Contact for activation of “external adjustment”

### ■ Switch for external alarm

### ■ Switch for external blocking

• **AUX outputs**

External output is available on the port NC, NO and C on X7 terminal on AA3 board on RC-HY40. The relay output can have a max load of 2A at resistive load.



Following functions are available. Select the function in menu 5.4.

• Indication of buzzer alarm

When an alarm occurs, the circuit becomes closed between the port NO and C. During normal operation, the port NC and C is closed.

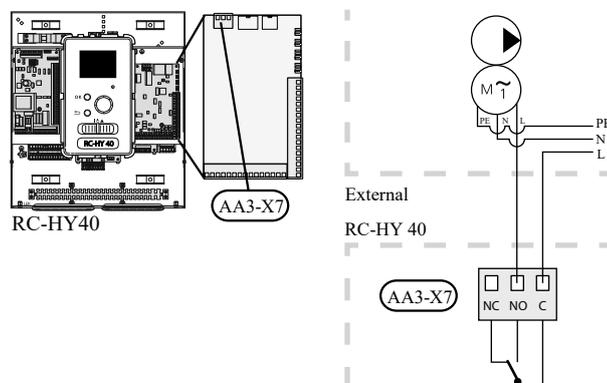
• Cooling mode indication / Active cooling mode (4-pipe cooling)

When the system turns into cooling mode, the circuit becomes closed between the port NO and C. By using this signal, it is possible to switch 3-way valve for 4-pipe cooling or to assemble a display circuit indicating cooling mode. For details of connecting the 3-way valve, refer to page 32, 33.

• External pump control (GP10)

External pump (GP10) is used in case additional heater is placed after 3-way valve that switches heating/hot water (refer to page 24).

Connect the circulation pump using the port NO and C on X7 terminal on AA3 board as shown below.



• Hot water circulation pump control (GP11)

In case the distance between hot water tap and hot water storage tank is far, the hot water supply line temperature is likely to drop and it may take time to supply hot water from the tap. In that case, hot water circulation pump (GP11) is applied to maintain hot water supply line temperature warm (refer to page 20 for diagram).

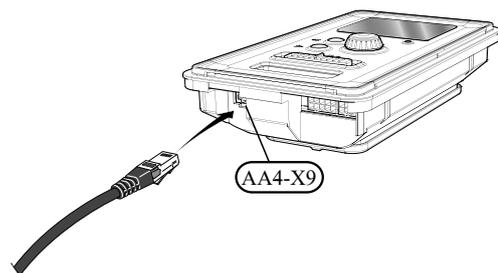
For details of connecting the pump, refer to External pump control (GP10).

**NOTE**

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

• **myUpway™**

Connect the network connected cable (straight, Cat.5e UTP) with RJ45-contact (male) to contact AA4-X9 on the display unit (as illustrated). Use the cable grommet (UB2) in the control module for cable routing.



## Commissioning and adjusting Preparations

Before starting commissioning, check the followings;

- The signal cable is connected between indoor unit and outdoor unit as well as indoor unit and controller according to the instruction.
- The power cable is connected to indoor unit, outdoor unit and controller according to the instruction.
- Operation switch in controller is in the position .
- The service valves on outdoor unit (QM35 and QM36) are open.
- Drain valve is closed before filling water in the system.
- Temperature limiter and electrical switch are not tripped.
- The system is filled with water and well vented.
- There are no leaks on the water pipe.

## Filling and venting

### Hot water tank

1. Open the hot water tap as well as venting valve if applicable, and then open the cold water cut-off valve at the inlet.
2. Fill the storage tank until obtaining uniform water outflow at the hot water tap, and then close the hot water tap and venting valve.
3. Fill the water heater coil in the tank. See Climate system for details.

After the installation and levelling the tank, follow the procedure below (for the connector pipe symbols, refer to page 18):

1. Remove protecting plugs from the connector pipes
2. Connect the hot water intake line (N).
3. Connect the cold water supply line together with the required safety valves (G).
4. If the system has the hot water circulation system, connect it to the connector pipe (L). Otherwise, plug the pipe.
5. Connect the supply (J) and return (H) of the heating medium to the coil.

### CAUTION

*If there is an electric heating module installed in the storage tank, fill the tank with water before connecting it to the electrical installation.*

### CAUTION

*Open the hot water intake valves before heating the system up for the first time or after a longer break in its operation in order to check whether the storage tank is filled with water and the cut-off valve at the cold water inlet is not closed.*

## Climate system

1. Open the vent at the top of the heating system.
2. Open all shut-off valves, where installed, so that water flows into all circuits.
3. Open the valve for filling the heating circuit and fill it with water.
4. Close the vent when water comes out continuously without bubbles.
5. Check the manometer and close the filling valve when the pressure reaches the required value (2 bar is recommended).
6. Start the circulation pump of the heating system, and open the vent from time to time and release the all remaining air in the heating system.
7. Open safety valve until the pressure of the heating system drops down to about 1 bar. If the pressure drops below 1 bar during venting, add additional water in the circuit.

## Inspection of installation

Current regulations require that the climate system is inspected before it is commissioned. The inspection must be carried out by a suitably qualified person and must be documented. Do not replace any part of the system without carrying out new checks.

## Start-up and inspection

### Before start-up

- 1 In case of cascade connection, check if each indoor unit has a unique address. See Cascade connection setting on page 25 for details.
- 2 For an outdoor unit equipped with a crank case heater, it is necessary to supply power 6-8 hours before starting compressor operation to heat the compressor with the heater. To do this, supply power to whole system and disable the compressor operation from menu 5.2.2 on the controller. Disable additional heater as well if necessary.
- 3 After 6-8 hours, enable the compressor operation in menu 5.2.2 on the controller and enable the additional heater in menu 4.9.2 and 4.9.3 on the controller.

- 4 Start commissioning by the following steps.

\*Step 2 and 3 are not necessary for FDCW60VNX-A.

### Commissioning with heat pump

Start guide is shown on the display on the controller when it is turned ON for the first time. Follow the start guide in the display, or choose menu 5.7 to show the start guide. For details, see Start guide on page 58.

### Commissioning with additional heater only

Follow the start guide in the display as same as commissioning with heat pump, and then follow the list below.

1. Go to menu 4.2 op. mode.
2. Mark "add. heat only" using the control knob and then press the OK button.
3. Return to the main menus by pressing the Back button.

### CAUTION

*When commissioning without MHI air/water heat pump an alarm communication error may appear in the display.*

*The alarm is reset if the relevant heat pump is deactivated in menu 5.2.2 ("installed heat pump").*

### 3-way valve operation check

1. Activate "AA2-K1 (QN10)" in menu 5.6.
2. Check that the reversing valve opens or is open for hot water charging.
3. Deactivate "AA2-K1 (QN10)" in menu 5.6.

### AUX function check

To check any function connected to the AUX socket,

1. Activate "AA2-X4 (RC-HY20)" or "AA3-X7 (RC-HY40)" in menu 5.6.
2. Check the desired function.
3. Deactivate "AA2-X4 (RC-HY20)" or "AA3-X7 (RC-HY40)" in menu 5.6.

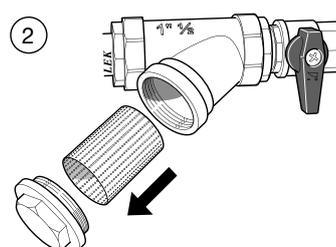
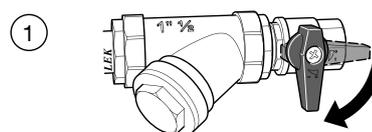
### Cooling mode

In case the climate system contains a cooling circuit, activate cooling function in menu 5.11.1.1. After that, you can choose cooling mode indication in menu 5.4 for the AUX output.

### Cleaning particle filter

Clean the particle filter (HQ1) after installation.

1. Close valve QM31 and the valve by the particle filter (HQ1).
2. Open the safety valve (QM20) to ensure that the pressure in HSB60 drops.
3. Clean the particle filter (HQ1) as illustrated.



### Secondary adjustment

Air is initially released from the hot water and venting may be necessary. If bubbling sounds can be heard from the heat pump, the circulation pump and radiators the entire system will require further venting. When the system is stable (correct pressure and all air eliminated) the automatic heating control system can be set as required

### Start guide

#### NOTE

Fill in the climate system with water before the switch is set to "I".

1. Set the control module's switch to "I".
2. Follow the instructions in the start guide in the control module display. If the start guide does not start when you start the control module, start it manually in menu 5.7.

#### TIP

See page 63 for a more in-depth introduction to the installation's control system (operation, menus etc.).

### Commissioning

The start guide is displayed when installation is started. It describes what needs to carry out at the first start together with basic settings during installation.

The start guide is displayed so that it cannot be bypassed in order to carry out the start-up correctly. You can start the start guide later in menu 5.7.

During the start-up guide, reversing valves and the shunt are run back and forth to help vent the heat pump.

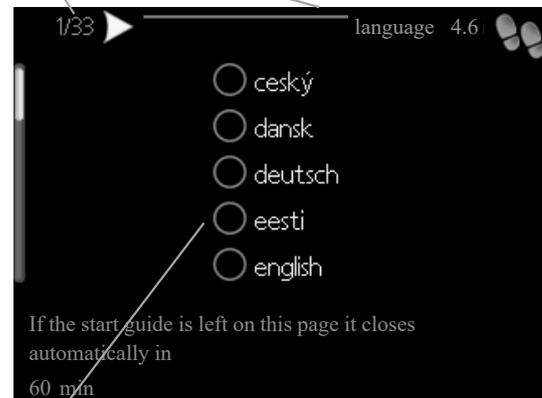
#### CAUTION

As long as the start guide is active, no function in the heat pump will start automatically.  
Each time the controller is ON, the guide will appear until it is completed on the last page.

### Operation in the start guide

A. Page

B. Name and menu number



C. Option / setting

#### A. Page

You can see the current page of the start guide.

Scroll between the pages of the start guide as follows:

1. Turn the control knob until the arrow is marked in the top left corner (at the page number).
2. Press OK button to proceed to the next page in the start guide.

#### B. Name and menu number

You can see the menu name of this page. The number refers to the menu number in the control system.

To read more about affected menus, see the help menu or read the user manual.

#### C. Option / setting

Make settings for the system here.

#### D. Help menu

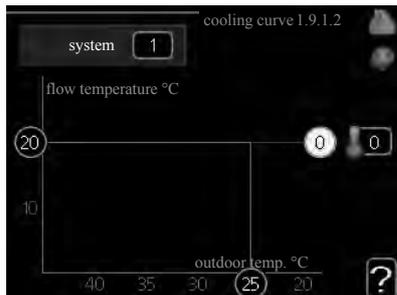
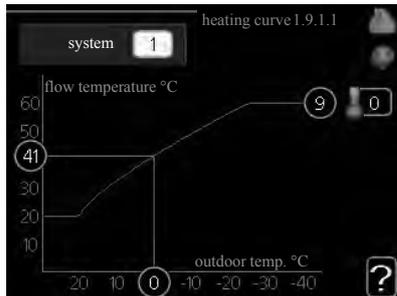
 In many menus there is a symbol indicating that extra help is available.

To access the help text:

1. Use the control knob to select the help symbol.
2. Press OK button.

The help text often consists of several windows that you can scroll between using the control knob.

## Heating/cooling curve setting



### heating curve

Setting range: 0 – 15

Default value: 9

### cooling curve (accessory required)

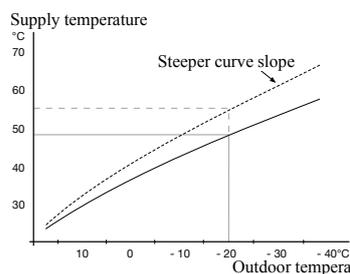
Setting range: 0 – 9

Default value: 0

The prescribed heating curve for your house can be viewed in the menu heating curve. The task of the heating curve is to give an even indoor temperature, regardless of the outdoor temperature, and thereby energy efficient operation. From this heating curve, the control module determines the temperature of the water to the heating system, supply temperature, and there by the indoor temperature. Select the heating curve and read off how the supply temperature changes at different outdoor temperatures here. If there is cooling function, the same settings can be made for the cooling curve.

### Curve coefficient

The heating/cooling curve shows the relation between the target supply temperature and the corresponding outdoor temperature. A steep curve indicates that supply temperature becomes higher at low outdoor air temperature in heating and it becomes lower at high outdoor air temperature in cooling.



The optimum slope depends on the climate conditions in your location, the type of heating device (radiators or under floor heating) and how well insulated the house is.

The curve is set when the heating installation is installed, but may need adjusting later. Normally, the curve will not need further adjustment.

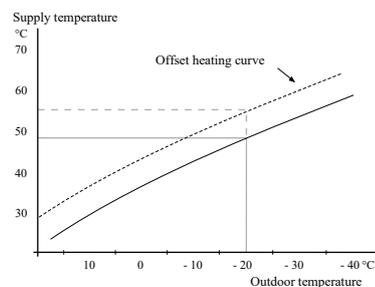
### CAUTION

*In the event of making fine adjustments of the indoor temperature, the curve must be offset up or down instead, this is done in menu 1.1 temperature.*

### Curve offset

The target temperature can be offset in parallel over the entire outdoor temperature range by this function. This is offset by 5 °C by adjusting 2 steps.

The target temperature can be parallel offset in the entire outdoor temperature range with this function. It is offset by 5 °C by adjusting 2 steps.



### Flow line temperature – maximum and minimum values

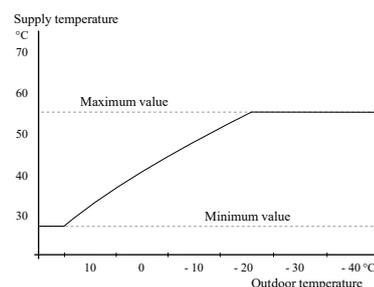
This function is used in order to limit max-min supply temperature. The heating / cooling curve becomes flat beyond max / min target temperature.

### CAUTION

*Underfloor heating systems are normally max flow line temperature set between 35 and 45°C. Take care not to cause low temperature burns in case it is set higher than 35°C.*

*Must be restricted with underfloor cooling min. flow line temp. to prevent condensation.*

*Check the max temperature for your floor with your installer/floor supplier.*



The figure at the end of the curve indicates the curve number. The figure beside the thermometer icon gives the curve offset. Use the control knob to set a new value.

Confirm the new setting by pressing the OK button.

Curve 0 is an own curve created in menu 1.9.7.

### To select another curve (slope):

1. Press OK button to access the setting mode
2. Select a new curve. The curves are numbered from 0 to 15, and the bigger number curve has steeper slope.  
Curve 0 means that own curve (menu 1.9.7) is used.
3. Press OK button to exit the setting.

### To read off a curve:

1. Turn the control knob so that the ring on the shaft with the outdoor temperature is marked.
2. Press OK button.
3. Follow the grey line up to the curve and out to the left to read off the value for the supply temperature at the selected outdoor temperature.
4. You can now select to take read outs for different outdoor temperatures by turning the control knob to the right or left and read off the corresponding flow temperature.
5. Press OK or Back button to exit read off mode.

## TIP

*Wait 24 hours before making a new setting, so that the room temperature has time to stabilise.*

*If it is cold outdoors and the room temperature is too low, increase the curve slope by one increment.*

*If it is cold outdoors and the room temperature is too high, lower the curve slope by one increment.*

*If it is warm outdoors and the room temperature is too low, increase the curve offset by one increment.*

*If it is warm outdoors and the room temperature is too high, lower the curve offset by one increment.*

## Hot water circulation setting

### hot water recirc.

#### **operating time**

Setting range: 1 – 60 min

Default value: 60 min

#### **downtime**

Setting range: 0 – 60 min

Default value: 0 min

Set the hot water circulation for up to three periods per day here. During the set periods the hot water circulation pump will run according to the settings above.

"operating time" decide how long the hot water circulation pump must run per operating instance.

"downtime" decide how long the hot water circulation pump must be stationary between operating instances.

Hot water circulation is activated in menu 5.4 "soft inputs and outputs".

## SG Ready

This function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready"-standard .

Make settings for the function "SG Ready" here.

Low price mode means that the electricity supplier has a low tariff and the system uses this to reduce costs.

Over capacity mode means that the electricity supplier has set the tariff very low and the system uses this to reduce the costs as much as possible.

### affect room temperature

Here you set whether room temperature should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

With low price mode of "SG Ready" the parallel offset of the indoor temperature is increased by "+1". If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature increases by 1 °C.

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" the parallel offset for the indoor temperature is increased by "+2".

If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature increases by 2 °C.

### affect hot water

Here you set whether the temperature of the hot water should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

With low price mode on "SG Ready" the stop temperature of the hot water is set as high as possible at only compressor operation (immersion heater not permitted).

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" the hot water is set to "luxury" (immersion heater permitted).

### affect cooling (accessory required)

Here you set whether room temperature during cooling operation should be affected when activating "SG Ready".

With low price mode of "SG Ready" and cooling operation the indoor temperature is not affected.

With over capacity mode of "SG Ready" and cooling operation the parallel offset for the indoor temperature is reduced by "-1". If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature decreases by 1 °C.

## NOTE

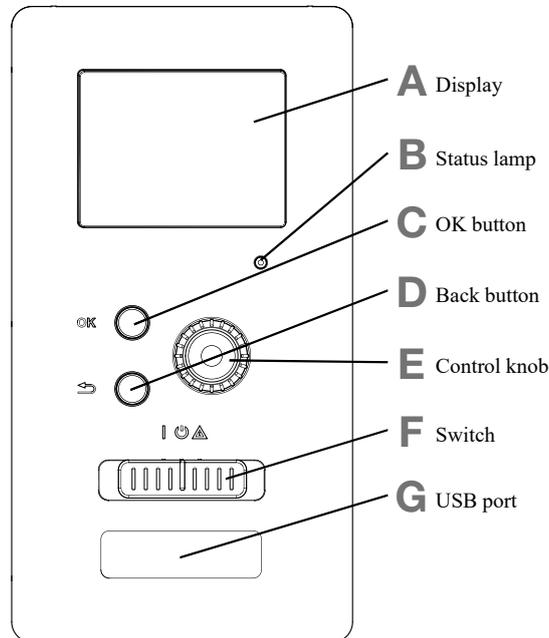
*The function must be connected to two AUX inputs and activated in menu 5.4.*

## Control Display unit

### F Switch (SF1)

The switch shows three positions:

- On (1)



### A Display

Instructions, settings and operational information are shown on the display. The easy-to-read display and menu system, make it easy to navigate between various menus and options, set comfort and get the necessary information.

### B Status lamp

The status lamp indicates the status of the control module. It:

- lights green during normal operation.
- lights yellow in emergency mode.
- lights red in the event of an alarm.

### C OK button

The OK button is used to:

- confirm selections of sub menus/options/set values/page in the start guide.

### D Back button

The back button is used to:

- go back to the previous menu.
- change a setting that has not been confirmed.

### E Control knob

The control knob can be turned to the right or left. You can:

- scroll in menus and between options.
- increase and decrease values.
- change pages in multiple page instructions (for example help text and service info).

- Standby (⏻)

- Emergency mode (⚠)

Emergency mode must only be used in the event of a fault on the control module. In this mode, the compressor in the heat pump is turned off and the immersion heater is activated.

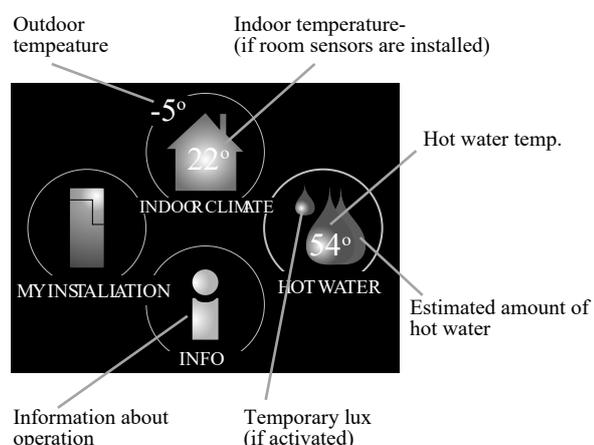
The control module display is not illuminated and the status lamp lights yellow.

### G USB port

The USB port is hidden behind the plastic badge of the product name.

The USB port is used to update the software.

## Menu system



### Menu 1 - INDOOR CLIMATE

Setting and scheduling the indoor climate. See information in the help menu or user manual.

### Menu 2 - HOT WATER

Setting and scheduling hot water production. See information in the help menu or user manual.

This menu only appears if a water heater is installed in the system.

### Menu 3 - INFO

Display of temperature and other operating information and access to the alarm log. See information in the help menu or user manual.

### Menu 4 - MY INSTALLATION

Setting time, date, language, display, operating mode etc. See information in the help menu or user manual.

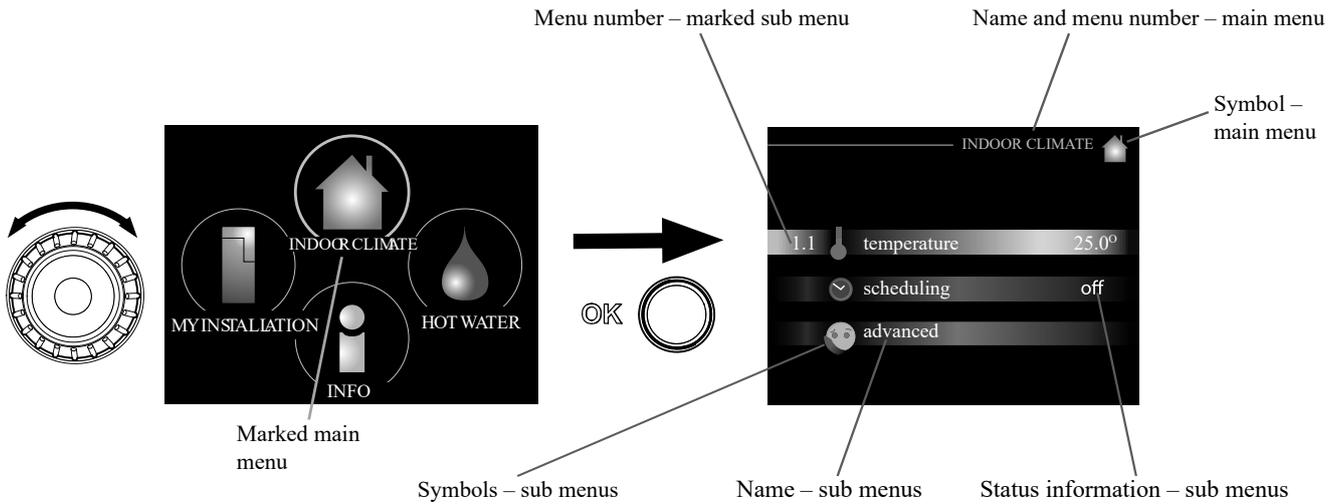
### Menu 5 - SERVICE

Advanced settings. These settings are not available to the end user. The menu is made visible by pressing the Back button for 7 seconds in the top screen. See page 68 for details.

## Symbols in the display

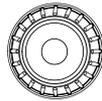
The following symbols can appear in the display during operation.

Symbol	Description
	This symbol appears when there is information to be noticed in menu 3.1.
	<p>These two symbols indicate whether the compressor in the outdoor unit or additional heat in the installation is blocked via controller.</p> <p>These functions will be blocked for example, when either of the operation mode is blocked in menu 4.2, when blocking of either function is scheduled in menu 4.9.5, or when an alarm for blocking the operation occurs.</p>
	Blocking the compressor.
	Blocking additional heat.
	This symbol appears if periodic increase or lux mode for the hot water is activated.
	This symbol indicates if "holiday setting" is active in menu 4.7.
	This symbol indicates if the controller has contact with myUpway.
	This symbol indicates if cooling is active.



### Operation

To move the cursor, turn the control knob to the left or the right. The marked position is brighter and/or has a light frame.

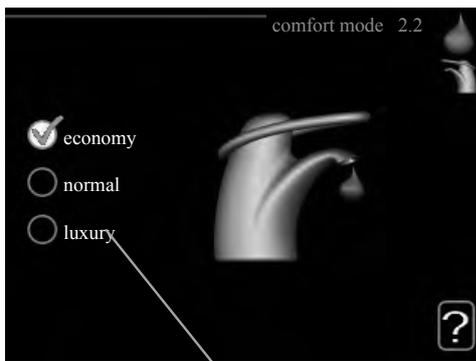


### Selecting menu

To advance in the menu system select a main menu by marking it and then pressing the OK button. A new window opens with sub menus.

Select one of the sub menus by marking it and then pressing the OK button.

### Selecting options



Alternative

In an options menu the current selected option is indicated by a green tick.

To select another option:

1. Mark the applicable option. One of the options is pre-selected (white).
2. Press the OK button to confirm the selected option.

The selected option has a green tick.

### Setting a value

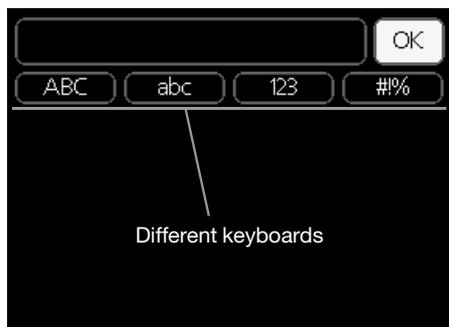


Values to be changed

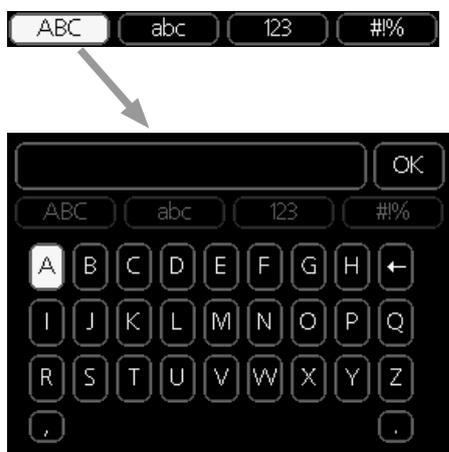
To set a value:

1. Mark the value you want to set using the control knob. 01
2. Press the OK button. The background of the value becomes green, which means that you have accessed the setting mode. 01
3. Turn the control knob to the right to increase the value and to the left to reduce the value. 04
4. Press the OK button to confirm the value you have set. To change and return to the original value, press the Back button. 04

## Use the virtual keyboard



In some menus where text may require entering, a virtual keyboard is available.

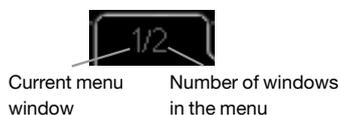


Depending on the menu, you can gain access to different character sets which you can select using the control knob. To change character table, press the Back button. If a menu only has one character set, the keyboard is displayed directly.

When you have finished writing, mark "OK" and press the OK button.

## Scroll through the windows

A menu can consist of several windows. Turn the control knob to scroll between the windows.



## Scroll through the windows in the start guide



1. Turn the control knob until one of the arrows in the top left corner (at the page number) has been marked.

2. Press the OK button to skip between the steps in the start guide.

## Help menu

**?** In many menus there is a symbol that indicates that extra help is available.

To access the help text:

1. Use the control knob to select the help symbol.
2. Press the OK button.

The help text often consists of several windows that you can scroll between using the control knob.

## Menu list

\*\* Accessories are needed. \*\* Heat pump with cooling function required. 40"

MENU			RC-HY20	RC-HY40	
<b>1 INDOOR CLIMATE</b>					
1.1 - temperature	1.1.1 heating		✓	✓	
	1.1.2 cooling **		✓	✓	
1.3 - scheduling	1.3.1 heating		✓	✓	
	1.3.2 cooling **		✓	✓	
1.9 - advanced	1.9.1 curve	1.9.1.1 heating curve	✓	✓	
		1.9.1.2 cooling curve **	✓	✓	
	1.9.2 external adjustment		✓	✓	
	1.9.3 min. flow line temp.	1.9.3.1 heating	✓	✓	
		1.9.3.2 cooling **	✓	✓	
	1.9.4 room sensor settings		✓	✓	
	1.9.5 cooling settings *		✓	✓	
	1.9.7 own curve	1.9.7.1 heating	✓	✓	
		1.9.7.2 cooling **	✓	✓	
1.9.8 point offset		✓	✓		
<b>2 HOTWATER</b>					
2.1 temporary lux			✓	✓	
2.2 comfort mode			✓	✓	
2.3 scheduling			✓	✓	
2.9 advanced	2.9.1 periodic increase		✓	✓	
	2.9.2 hot water recirc. *		✓	✓	
<b>3 INFO</b>					
3.1 service info			✓	✓	
3.2 compressor info			✓	✓	
3.3 add. heat info			✓	✓	
3.4 alarm log			✓	✓	
3.5 indoor temp. log			✓	✓	
<b>4. MY SYSTEM</b>					
4.1 plus functions	4.1.3 internet	4.1.3.1 myUpway™	✓	✓	
		4.1.3.8 tcp/ip settings	✓	✓	
		4.1.3.9 proxy settings	✓	✓	
	4.1.5 SG Ready		✓	✓	
	4.1.6 smart price adaption™		✓	✓	
	4.1.8 smart energy source™	4.1.8.1 settings		—	✓
		4.1.8.2 set. Price		—	✓
		4.1.8.3 CO2 impact		—	✓
		4.1.8.4 tariff periods, electricity		—	✓
		4.1.8.6 tariff per, ext. shunt add		—	✓
4.1.8.7 tariff per, ext. step add		—	✓		
4.2 op. mode			✓	✓	
4.3 my icons			✓	✓	
4.4 time & date			✓	✓	

\*\* Accessories are needed. \*\* Heat pump with cooling function required. 40"

MENU		RC-HY20	RC-HY40	
4.6 language		✓	✓	
4.7 holiday setting		✓	✓	
4.9 advanced	4.9.1 op. prioritisation	✓	✓	
	4.9.2 auto mode setting	✓	✓	
	4.9.3 degree minute setting	✓	✓	
	4.9.4 factory setting user	✓	✓	
	4.9.5 schedule blocking	✓	✓	
	4.9.6 schedule silent mode	✓	✓	
<b>5 SERVICE</b>				
5.1 operating settings	5.1.1 hot water settings *		✓	✓
	5.1.2 max flow line temperature		✓	✓
	5.1.3 max diff flow line temp.		✓	✓
	5.1.4 alarm actions		✓	✓
	5.1.12 addition		✓	✓
	5.1.14 flow set. climate system		✓	✓
	5.1.22 heat pump testing		✓	✓
	5.1.23 compressor curve		✓	✓
5.2 system settings	5.2.2 installed slaves		✓	✓
	5.2.3 docking		✓	✓
	5.2.4 accessories		✓	✓
5.3 accessory settings	5.3.2 shunt controlled add. heat *		—	✓
	5.3.3 extra climate system *		—	✓
	5.3.6 step controlled add. Heat		—	✓
	5.3.8 hot water comfort *		—	✓
	5.3.20 flow sensor*		—	✓
5.4 soft in/outputs		✓	✓	
5.5 factory setting service		✓	✓	
5.6 forced control		✓	✓	
5.7 start guide		✓	✓	
5.8 quick start		✓	✓	
5.9 floor drying function		✓	✓	
5.10 change log		✓	✓	
5.11 slave settings	5.11.1 EB101	5.11.1.1 heat pump	✓	✓
		5.11.1.2 charge pump (GP12)	✓	✓
	5.11.2 EB102		—	✓
	5.11.3 EB103		—	✓
	5.11.4 EB104		—	✓
	5.11.5 EB105		—	✓
	5.11.6 EB106		—	✓
	5.11.7 EB107		—	✓
	5.11.8 EB108		—	✓
5.12 country		✓	✓	

### Sub-menus

Menu SERVICE has orange text and is intended for the advanced user. This menu has several sub-menus.

Status information for the relevant menu can be found on the display to the right of the menus.

**operating settings:** Operating settings for the control module.

**system settings:** System settings for the control module, activating accessories etc.

**soft in/outputs:** Setting software controlled in and outputs on the input card (AA3) and terminal block (X2).

**factory setting service:** Total reset of all settings (including settings available to the user) to default values.

**forced control:** Forced control of the different components in the indoor module.

**start guide:** Manual start of the start guide which is run the first time when the control module is started.

**quick start:** Quick starting the compressor.

### NOTE

*Incorrect settings in the service menus can damage the installation.*

### Menu 5.1 - operating settings

Operating settings can be made for the control module in the sub menus.

#### Menu 5.1.1 - hot water settings

##### **economy**

Setting range start temp. economy: 5 – 55 °C

Factory setting start temp. economy: 42 °C

Setting range stop temp. economy: 5 – 60 °C

Factory setting stop temp. economy: 48 °C

##### **normal**

Setting range start temp. normal: 5 – 60 °C

Factory setting start temp. normal: 46 °C

Setting range stop temp. normal: 5 – 65 °C

Factory setting stop temp. normal: 50 °C

##### **luxury**

Setting range start temp. lux: 5 – 70 °C

Factory setting start temp. lux: 49 °C

Setting range stop temp. lux: 5 – 70 °C

Factory setting stop temp. lux: 53 °C

##### **stop temp. per. increase**

Setting range: 55 – 70 °C

Factory setting: 55 °C

##### **charge method**

Setting range: target temp, delta temp

Default value: delta temp

Here you set the start and stop temperature of the hot water for the different comfort options in menu 2.2 as well as the stop temperature for periodic increase in menu 2.9.1.

The charge method for hot water mode is selected here. "delta temp" is recommended for heaters with charge coil, "target temp" for heaters with domestic coil.

#### Menu 5.1.2 - max flow line temperature

##### **climate system**

Setting range: 5 – 70 °C

Default value: 60 °C

Set the maximum supply temperature for the climate system here. If the installation has more than one climate system, individual maximum supply temperatures can be set for each system. Climate systems 2 – 8 cannot be set to a higher max supply temperature than climate system 1.

### CAUTION

*Underfloor heating systems are normally max flow line temperature set between 35 and 45°C.*

*Be careful not to cause low temperature burn if it is set at 35°C or higher.*

*Check the max floor temperature with your floor supplier.*

**Menu 5.1.3 - max diff flow line temp.****max diff compressor**

Setting range: 1 – 25 °C

Default value: 10 °C

**max diff addition**

Setting range: 1 – 24 °C

Default value: 7 °C

Here you set the maximum permitted difference between the calculated and actual supply temperature during compressor mode and add. heat mode. Max diff. additional heat can never exceed max diff. compressor

**max diff compressor**

When the current supply temperature **deviates** from the set value compared to that calculated, the heat pump is forced to stop irrespective of the degreeminute value.

If the current supply temperature exceeds the calculated flow temperature plus the set value, the degree minute value is set to 0. The compressor in the heat pump stops when there is only a heating demand.

**max diff addition**

If "addition" is selected and activated in menu 4.2 and the present supply temp **exceeds** the calculated temperature plus the set value, the additional heat is forced to stop.

**Menu 5.1.4 - alarm actions**

Select how to control the heat pump in the event of an alarm. You can choose to stop producing hot water and/or reduce the room temperature.

**CAUTION**

*If no alarm action is selected, it can result in higher energy consumption in the event of an alarm.*

**Menu 5.1.12 - addition**

add type: step controlled

**max step**

Setting range (binary stepping deactivated): 0 – 3

Setting range (binary stepping activated): 0 – 7

Default value: 3

**fuse size**

Setting range: 1 – 200 A

Factory setting: 16 A

You can set the maximum number of permitted additional heat steps, if there is internal additional heat in the tank (only accessible if the additional heat is positioned after QN10), whether binary stepping is to be used and the size of the fuse.

**<Add. Type: shurt controlled (RC-HY40 only)>****prioritised additional heat**

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

**minimum running time**

Setting range: 0 – 48 h

Default value: 12 h

**min temp.**

Setting range: 5 – 90 °C

Default value: 55 °C

**mixing valve amplifier**

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

**mixing valve step delay**

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

**fuse size**

Setting range: 1 – 200 A

Factory setting: 16 A

**transformation ratio**

Setting range: 300 – 3000

Factory setting: 300

Select this option if shunt controlled additional heat is connected.

Set when the addition is to start, the minimum run time and the minimum temperature for external addition with shunt here. External addition with shunt is for example a wood/oil/gas/pellet boiler.

You can set shunt valve amplification and shunt valve waiting time.

Selecting "prioritised additional heat" uses the heat from the external additional heat instead of the heat pump.

The shunt valve is regulated as long as heat is available, otherwise the shunt valve is closed.

**TIP**

*See the accessory installation instructions for function description.*

**Menu 5.1.14 - flow set. climate system****presettings**

Setting range: radiator, floor heat., rad. + floor heat.

Default value: radiator

Setting range DOT: -40.0 – 20.0 °C

The factory setting of DOT value depends on the country that has been given for the product's location.

The example below refers to Sweden.

Factory setting DOT: -20.0 °C

**own setting**

Setting range dT at DOT: 0.0 – 25.0

Factory setting dT at DOT: 10.0  
 Setting range DOT: -40.0 – 20.0 °C  
 Factory setting DOT: -20.0 °C

Select the type of heating distribution system.

dT at DOT is the difference in degrees between flow and return temperatures at dimensioned outdoor temperature.

**Menu 5.1.22 - heat pump testing**

**NOTE**

*This menu is intended for testing heat pump according to different standards.  
 Use of this menu for other reasons may result in your installation not functioning as intended.*

This menu contains several sub-menus, one for each standard.

**Menu 5.1.23 - compressor curve**

Set whether the compressor in the heat pump should work to a particular curve under specific requirements or if it should work to predefined curves.

You can set a curve for each operation mode (heat, hot water, coolingetc.) by unticking "auto", turning the control knob until a temperature is marked and pressing OK. You can set at what temperature max- min frequencies will occur.

This menu consists of several windows (one for each operation mode). Use the navigation arrow in the top left corner to change between the windows.

**Menu 5.2 - system settings**

Make different system settings for your installation here, e.g. activate the connected heat pump and which accessories are installed.

**Menu 5.2.2 - installed heat pump**

If a heat pump is connected to the master installation, set it here.

For RC-HY40, you can set slave unit to be connected.

There are two ways of activating connected slaves. You can either mark the alternative in the list or use the automatic function "search installed slaves".

**search installed slaves**

Mark "search installed slaves" and press the OK button to automatically find connected slaves for the master heat pump.

**Menu 5.2.3 – docking (RC-HY 40 only)**

Enter how your system is docked regarding pipes, for example to hot water heating and heating the building.

This menu has a docking memory which means that the control system remembers how a particular reversing valve is docked and automatically enters the correct docking the next time you use the same reversing valve.

Slave (heat pump)      Workspace for docking



Compressor      Marking frame

**Slave:** Here you select for which heat pump the docking setting is to be made.

**Compressor:** Select if the compressor in the heat pump is blocked (factory setting), or standard (docked for example to pool heating, hot water charging and heating the building).

**Marking frame:** Move around the marking frame using the control knob. Use the OK button to select what you want to change and to confirm setting in the options box that appears to the right.

**Workspace for docking:** The system docking is drawn here.

Symbol	Description
	Compressor (blocked)
	Compressor (standard)
	Reversing valves for hot water, cooling. The designations above the reversing valve indicate where it is electrically connected (EB101 = Slave 1, etc.).
	Hot water charging
	Heating (heating the building, includes any extra climate system)
	Cooling

### Menu 5.2.4 - accessories

Set which accessories are installed on the installation here.

If the water heater is connected, hot water charging must be activated here.

### Menu 5.3 - accessory settings

The operating settings for accessories that are installed and activated are made in the sub-menus for this.

#### Menu 5.3.2 - shunt controlled add. Heat

##### ***prioritised additional heat***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

##### ***start diff additional heat***

Setting range: 0 – 2000 GM

Default values: 400 GM

##### ***minimum running time***

Setting range: 0 – 48 h

Default value: 12 h

##### ***min temp.***

Setting range: 5 – 90 °C

Default value: 55 °C

##### ***mixing valve amplifier***

Setting range: 0.1 –10.0

Default value: 1.0

##### ***mixing valve step delay***

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Set when the addition is to start, the minimum run time and the minimum temperature for external addition with shunt here. External addition with shunt is for example a wood/oil/gas/pellet boiler.

You can set shunt valve amplification and shunt valve waiting time.

Selecting "prioritised additional heat" uses the heat from the external additional heat instead of the heat pump.

The shunt valve is regulated as long as heat is available, otherwise the shunt valve is closed.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

#### Menu 5.3.3 - extra climate system

##### ***use in heating mode***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: on

##### ***use in cooling mode***

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

##### ***mixing valve amplifier***

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

##### ***mixing valve step delay***

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Here you select which climate system (2 - 8) you wish to set. In the next menu you can make settings for the climate system

that you have selected. If this function is activated, you can set "cooling flow temp. at +20°C" and "cooling flow temp. at +40°C" for each climate system where the function is activated.

### CAUTION

*This setting option only appears if "cooling permitted" is activated in menu 5.11.1.1.*

The shunt amplification and shunt waiting time for the different extra climate systems that are installed are also set here.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.6 - step controlled add. heat

#### start addition

Setting range: 0 – 2000 GM

Default values: 400 GM

#### diff. between additional steps

Setting range: 0 – 1000 GM

Default values: 30 GM

#### max step

Setting range

(binary stepping deactivated): 0 – 3

Setting range

(binary stepping activated): 0 – 7

Default value: 3

#### binary stepping

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

Make settings for step controlled addition here. Step controlled addition is for example an external electric boiler.

It is possible, for example, to select when the additional heat is to start, to set the maximum number of permitted steps and whether binary stepping is to be used.

When binary stepping is deactivated (off), the settings refer to linear stepping.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.8 - hot water comfort

#### activating imm heater

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### activ. imm heat in heat mode

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### activating the mixing valve

Setting range: on/off

Factory setting: off

#### outgoing hot water

Setting range: 40 – 65 °C

Default value: 55 °C

#### mixing valve amplifier

Setting range: 0.1 – 10.0

Default value: 1.0

#### mixing valve step delay

Setting range: 10 – 300 s

Default values: 30 s

Make settings for the hot water comfort here.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

**activating imm heater:** The immersion heater is activated here if installed in the water heater.

**activ. imm heat in heat mode:** Activate here whether the immersion heater in the tank (required if the alternative above is activated) will be permitted to charge hot water, if the compressors in the heat pump prioritise heating.

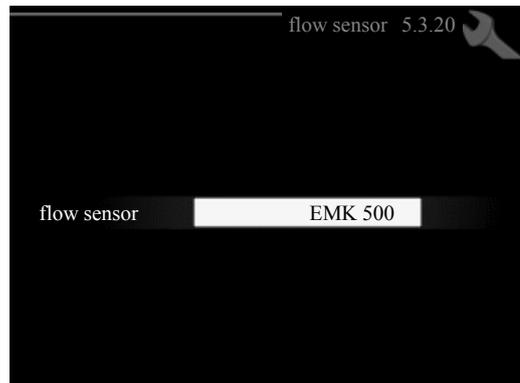
**activating the mixing valve:** Activate here whether a mixer valve for limiting the temperature of hot water from the water heater is installed.

If this alternative has been activated, you can set the outgoing hot water temperature, shunt amplification and shunt waiting time for the mixer valve.

**outgoing hot water:** Set the temperature at which the mixing valve is to restrict hot water from the water heater.

See the accessory installation instructions for function description.

### Menu 5.3.20 - flow sensor



#### flow sensor

Setting option: EMK 500, EMK 310 / 300, EMK 150

Factory setting: EMK 500

Here you select which flow sensor is used for the energy measurement.

### Menu 5.4 – soft in/outputs

You can set the function of in/output for each terminal (AUX1-6 and output).

Position of the terminal depends on the type of controller.

RC-HY20: port 11-18 on X2 terminal (AUX1-6), X4 terminal on AA2 board (output)

RC-HY40: port 9-14 on terminal X6 and port 1-4 on X2 terminal on AA3 board (AUX1-6), X7 terminal on AA3 board (output)

### Menu 5.5 - factory setting service

All settings can be reset (including settings available to the user) to default values here.

#### NOTE

*When resetting, the start guide is displayed the next time the control module is restarted.*

### Menu 5.6 - forced control

You can force control the different components in the control module and any connected accessories here.

### Menu 5.7 - start guide

When the control module is started for the first time the start guide starts automatically. Start it manually here.

See page 25 for more information about the start guide.

### Menu 5.8 - quick start

It is possible to start the compressor from here.

#### CAUTION

*There must be a heating or hot water demand to start the compressor.*

#### CAUTION

*Do not quick start the compressor too many times over a short period of time as this may damage the compressor and its surrounding equipment.*

### Menu 5.9 - floor drying function

#### length of period 1 – 7

Setting range: 0 – 30 days

Factory setting, period 1 – 3, 5 – 7: 2 days

Factory setting, period 4: 3 days

#### temp. period 1 – 7

Setting range: 15 – 70 °C

Default value:

temp. period 1	20 °C
temp. period 2	30 °C
temp. period 3	40 °C
temp. period 4	45 °C
temp. period 5	40 °C
temp. period 6	30 °C
temp. period 7	20 °C

Set the function for under floor drying here.

You can set up to seven period times with different calculated flow temperatures. If less than seven periods

are to be used, set the remaining period times to 0 days.

Mark the active window to activate the underfloor drying function. A counter at the bottom shows the number of days the function has been active.

#### TIP

*If operating mode "add. heat only" is to be used, select it in menu 4.2.*

### Menu 5.10 - change log

Read off any previous changes to the control system here.

The date, time and ID no. (unique to certain settings) and the new set value is shown for every change.

#### NOTE

*The change log is saved at restart and remains unchanged after factory setting.*

### Menu 5.11 - heat pump settings

Settings for installed heat pump can be made in the submenus.

#### Menu 5.11.1 - EB101 - EB108

Make settings specifically for the installed heat pump and charge pump here.

For RC-HY40, it is possible to connect up to 8 heat pumps.

##### Menu 5.11.1.1 - heat pump

Make settings for the installed heat pump here. To see what settings you can make, see installation manual for the heat pump.

##### Menu 5.11.1.2 - charge pump (GP12)

###### **op. mode**

Heating/cooling

Setting range: auto / intermittent

Default value: auto

Set the operating mode for the charge pump here.

**auto:** The charge pump runs according to the current operating mode for SMO 20.

**intermittent:** The charge pump starts and stops 20 seconds before and after the compressor in the heat pump.

###### **speed during operation heating, hot water, cooling**

Setting range: auto / manual

Default value: auto

###### **Manual setting**

Setting range: 1 – 100 %

Default values: 70 %

###### **speed in wait mode**

Setting range: 1 – 100 %

Default values: 30 %

###### **max. allowed speed**

Setting range: 80 – 100 %

Default values: 100 %

Set the speed at which the charge pump is to operate in the present operating mode. Select "auto" if the speed of the charge pump is to be regulated automatically (factory setting) for optimal operation.

If "auto" is activated for heating operation, you can also make the setting "max. allowed speed" which restricts the charge pump and does not allow it to run at a higher speed than the set value.

For manual operation of the charge pump deactivate "auto" for the current operating mode and set the value to between 1 and 100 % (the previously set value for "max. allowed speed" no longer applies).

Speed in standby mode (only used if "auto" has been selected for "Operating mode") means the charge pump operates at the set speed during the time when there is neither a need for compressor operation nor additional heat.

#### 5.12 - country

Select here where the product was installed. This allows access to country specific settings in your product.

Language settings can be made regardless of this selection.

### **NOTE**

*This option locks after 24 hours, restart of display or program updating.*

## Service

### Service actions

#### NOTE

*Servicing should only be carried out by persons with the necessary expertise.  
When replacing components on the system, only genuine replacement parts may be used.*

#### NOTE

*If an electrical connection has been disconnected and is connected, ground must be checked using a suitable multimeter.*

### Maintenance

#### General inspection

Check the following:

1. Condition of casing.
2. Electrical connections.
3. Alarm log.

Correct any fault before continuing.

#### Climate system

Check the following:

1. Climate system start and stop temperature.
2. Heating curve settings.
3. Function of the room sensor (if installed).
4. System pressure.
5. Flow and return temperature. The difference must be 5-10 °C.

Correct any fault before continuing.

### Emergency mode

#### NOTE

*Switch (SF1) must not be put into mode "1" or  $\Delta$  before the installation is filled with water.  
The compressor in the heat pump can be damaged.*

Emergency mode is used in event of operational interference and in conjunction with service. Hot water is not produced in emergency mode.

Emergency mode is activated by setting switch (SF1) in mode " $\Delta$ ". This means that:

- The status lamp illuminates yellow.
- The display is not lit and the control computer is not connected.
- Hot water is not produced.
- The compressors are switched off. Charge pump (EB101-GP12) is running.
- The heating medium pump is active.
- The emergency mode relay (K1) is active.

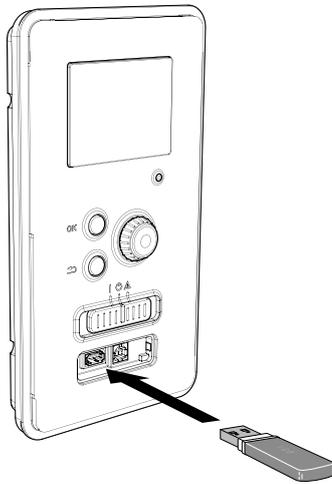
External additional heat is active if it is connected to the emergency mode relay (K1, terminal block X1).

Ensure that the heating medium circulates through the external additional heat.

#### Temperature sensor data

Temperature (°C)	Resistance (kOhm)	Voltage (VDC)
-40	351.0	3.256
-35	251.6	3.240
-30	182.5	3.218
-25	133.8	3.189
-20	99.22	3.150
-15	74.32	3.105
-10	56.20	3.047
-5	42.89	2.976
0	33.02	2.889
5	25.61	2.789
10	20.02	2.673
15	15.77	2.541
20	12.51	2.399
25	10.00	2.245
30	8.045	2.083
35	6.514	1.916
40	5.306	1.752
45	4.348	1.587
50	3.583	1.426
55	2.968	1.278
60	2.467	1.136
65	2.068	1.007
70	1.739	0.891
75	1.469	0.785
80	1.246	0.691
85	1.061	0.607
90	0.908	0.533
95	0.779	0.469
100	0.672	0.414

## USB service outlet



RC-HY20/40 is equipped with a USB socket in the display unit. This USB socket can be used to connect a USB memory to update the software, save logged information and handle the settings in RC-HY20/40.



When a USB memory is connected a new menu (menu 7) appears in the display.

## Menu 7.1 - update firmware



This allows you to update the software in RC-HY20/40.

### NOTE

*For the following functions to work the USB memory must contain files with software for RC-HY20/40.*

This information states which product the software is intended for, the software version and general information about them. If you wish to select another file than the one selected, the correct file can be selected by "choose another file".

### start updating

Select "start updating" if you want to start the update.

You are asked whether you really want to update the software. Respond "yes" to continue or "no" to undo.

If you responded "yes" to the previous question the update starts and you can now follow the progress of the update on the display. When the update is complete RC-HY20/40 restarts.

### NOTE

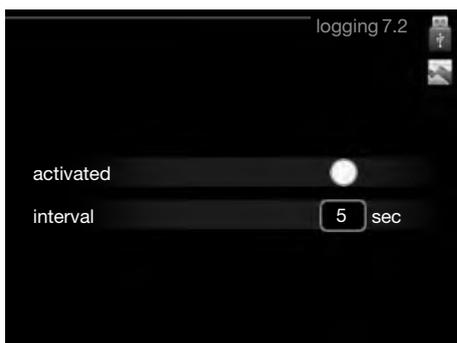
*A software update does not reset the menu settings in RC-HY20/40.*

### NOTE

*If the update is interrupted before it is complete (for example power cut etc.) the software can be reset to the previous version if the OK button is kept pressing during start up until the green lamp starts to illuminate (takes about 10 seconds).*

**choose another file**

Select "choose another file" if you do not want to use the suggested software. When you scroll through the files, information about the marked software is shown in a fact box just as before. When you have selected a file with the OK button you will return to the previous page (menu 7.1) where you can choose to start the update.

**Menu 7.2 - logging**

Setting range: 1 s – 60 min

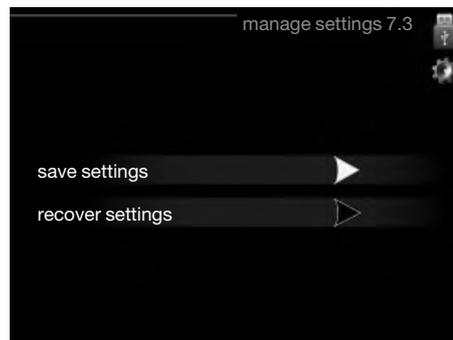
Factory setting range: 5 s

You can set the interval of the log data storage and start saving the log data on the USB memory.

1. Set the desired interval between loggings.
2. Tick "activated".
3. The present values from RC-HY20/40 are saved in a file in the USB memory at the set interval until "activated" is unticked.

**NOTE**

*Untick "activated" before removing the USB memory.  
Menu 7.3 - manage settings*

**Menu 7.3 - manage settings**

Here you can manage (save as or retrieve from) all the menu settings (user and service menus) in RC-HY20/40 with a USB memory.

Via "save settings" you save the menu settings to the USB memory in order to restore them later or to copy the settings to another RC-HY20/40.

**NOTE**

*When you save the menu settings to the USB memory you replace any previously saved settings on the USB memory.*

Via "recover settings" you reset all menu settings from the USB memory.

**NOTE**

*Reset of the menu settings from the USB memory cannot be undone.*

## Disturbance in comfort

In most cases, the control module notes a malfunction and indicates this with alarms and shows instructions to rectify it in the display. See "Manage alarm" for information about managing alarms. If the malfunction does not appear in the display, or if the display is not lit, the following troubleshooting guide can be used.

### Manage alarm



In the event of an alarm, some kind of malfunction has occurred, which is indicated by the status lamp changing from green continuously to red continuously. In addition, an alarm bell appears in the information window.

#### Alarm

In the event of an alarm with a red status lamp a malfunction has occurred that the heat pump and/or control module cannot remedy itself. In the display, by turning the control knob and pressing the OK button, you can see the type of alarm it is and reset it. You can also choose to set the installation to aid mode.

**info / action** Here you can read what the alarm means and receive tips on what you can do to correct the problem that caused the alarm.

**reset alarm** In most cases it is enough to select "reset alarm" to correct the problem that caused the alarm. If a green light illuminates after selecting "reset alarm" the alarm has been remedied. If a red light is still visible and a menu called "alarm" is visible in the display, the problem that caused the alarm remains. If the alarm disappears and then returns, see the troubleshooting section (page 64 and 65).

**aid mode** "aid mode" is a type of emergency mode. This means that the installation produces heat and/or hot water despite there being some kind of problem. This can mean that the heat pump's compressor is not running. In this case any electrical addition produces heat and/or hot water.

#### NOTE

To select aid mode an alarm action must be selected in the menu 5.1.4.

#### CAUTION

Selecting "aid mode" is not the same as correcting the problem that caused the alarm. The status lamp will therefore continue to be red.

## Troubleshooting

If the operational interference is not shown in the display the following tips can be used:

### Basic actions

Start by checking the following possible fault sources:

- The switch's (SF1) position.
- Group and main fuses of the accommodation.
- The property's earth circuit breaker.
- The control module's miniature circuit breaker (FA1).

### Low hot water temperature or a lack of hot water

This part of the fault-tracing chapter only applies if the water heater is installed in the system.

- Closed or choked filling valve for the hot water heater.
  - Open the valve.
- Mixing valve (if there is one installed) set too low.
  - Adjust the mixer valve.
- Control module in incorrect operating mode.
  - If mode "manual" is selected, select "addition".
- Large hot water consumption.
  - Wait until the hot water has heated up. Temporarily increased hot water capacity (temporary lux) can be activated in menu 2.1.
- Too low hot water setting.
  - Enter menu 2.2 and select a higher comfort mode.
- Too low or no operating prioritisation of hot water.
  - Enter menu 4.9.1 and increase the time for when hot water is to be prioritised.

### Low room temperature

- Closed thermostats in several rooms.
  - Set the thermostats to max, in as many rooms as possible. Adjust the room temperature via menu 1.1, instead of choking the thermostats.
- Control module in incorrect operating mode.
  - Enter menu 4.2. If mode "auto" is selected, select a higher value on "stop heating" in menu 4.9.2.
  - If mode "manual" is selected, select "heating". If this is not enough, select "addition".
- Too low set value on the automatic heating control.
  - Enter menu 1.1 "temperature" and adjust the offset heating curve up. If the room temperature is only low in cold weather the curve slope in menu 1.9.1 "heating curve" needs adjusting up.
- Too low or no operating prioritisation of heat.
  - Enter menu 4.9.1 and increase the time for when heating is to be prioritised.
- "Holiday mode" activated in menu 4.7.
  - Enter menu 4.7 and select "Off".

- External switch for changing the room heating activated.
  - Check any external switches.
- Air in the climate system.
  - Vent the climate system.
- Closed valves to the climate system.
  - Open the valves.
- Incorrectly adjusted flow across the heat pump.
  - Check whether alarm high condenser in (163) or high condenser out (162) is in the alarm log. Follow the instructions for adjusting charge flow.

### High room temperature

- Too high set value on the automatic heating control.
  - Enter menu 1.1 (temperature) and reduce the offset heating curve. If the room temperature is only high in cold weather the curve slope in menu 1.9.1 "heating curve" needs adjusting down.
- External switch for changing the room heating activated.
  - Check any external switches.

### Low system pressure

- Not enough water in the climate system.
  - Top up the water in the climate system.

### The compressor does not start

- There is no heating requirement.
  - The heat pump does not call on heating nor hot water.
- Temperature conditions tripped.
  - Wait until the temperature condition has been re-set.
- Minimum time between compressor starts has not been reached.
  - Wait 30 minutes and check if the compressor has started.
- Alarm tripped.
  - Follow the display instructions.

## Additional heating only

If you are unsuccessful in rectifying the fault and are unable to heat the house, you can, whilst waiting for assistance, continue running the heat pump in "add. heat only". This means that additional heating only is used to heat the house.

### Set the installation to additional heat mode

1. Go to menu 4.2 op. mode.
2. Mark "add. heat only" using the control knob and then press OK button.

Return to the main menus by pressing the Back button.

### CAUTION

*When commissioning without MTH air/water heat pump an alarm communication error may appear in the display. The alarm is reset if the relevant heat pump is deactivated in menu 5.2.2 ("installed heat pump").*

## Alarm list

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
157	Low lp cooling	Protection against freezing in water HX during cooling operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Low/no water flow</li> </ul>
162	High condenser out temperature	Too high temperature out from the condenser. Self-resetting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Low flow during heating operation</li> <li>■ Too high set temperatures</li> </ul>
163	High condenser in temperature	Too high temperature into the condenser. Self-resetting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Temperature generated by another heat source</li> </ul>
183	Defrosting in progress	Not an alarm, but an operating status.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Set when the heat pump runs the defrosting procedure</li> </ul>
220	High pressure alarm	BP4 has been above 4,15MPa 5 times within 60 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or blocked heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Expansion valve not correctly connected</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Low or no flow during heating operation</li> <li>■ Defective circulation pump</li> <li>■ Defective fuse, F(4A)</li> </ul>
221	Low pressure alarm	Tool low value on the low pressure sensor 3 times within 60 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on input for low pressure sensor</li> <li>■ Defective low pressure sensor</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on input for suction gas sensor (Tho-S)</li> <li>■ Defective suction gas sensor (Tho-S)</li> </ul>
223	Com. fct from the heat pump	Communication between the control board and the communication board is interrupted. There must	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Any circuit breakers for FDCW off</li> <li>■ Incorrect cable routing</li> </ul>
224	Fan alarm from heat pump	Deviations in the fan speed in FDCW.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The fan cannot rotate freely</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Defective fan motor</li> <li>■ Control board in FDCW dirty</li> <li>■ Fuse (F2) blown</li> </ul>
228	Failed defrosting	10 aborted defrost due to alarm: 418,419 or 343	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> <li>■ Too low return temperatur</li> </ul>
230	Hot gas alarm	Temperature deviation on the hot gas sensor (Tho-D) twice within 60 minutes or for 60 minutes continuously.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Ambient temperature sensor")</li> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Blocked</li> <li>■ If the fault persists during cooling, there may be an insufficient amount of refrigerant.</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
261	High HWX temp	Temperature deviation on the heat exchanger sensor (Tho-R1/R2) five times within 60 minutes or for 60 minutes continuously.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Insufficient air circulation or blocked heat exchanger</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Too much refrigerant</li> </ul>
262	Inv. err.	When IPM (Intelligent power module) displays FO-signal (Fault Output) five times during a 60-minute period.	Can occur when 15V power supply to the inverter PCB is unstable.
263	Inv. err.	Voltage from the inverter outside the parameters four times within 30 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Incoming power supply interference</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Insufficient amount of refrigerant</li> <li>■ Compressor fault</li> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> </ul>
264	Communication error with inverter.	Communication between circuit board for inverter and control board broken.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit in connection between boards</li> <li>■ Defective low pressure sensor</li> <li>■ Defective circuit board for inverter in FDCW</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
265	Inv. err.	Continuous deviation on power transistor for 15 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Defective fan motor</li> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> </ul>
266	Low refrig	Insufficient refrigerant is detected upon star-up cooling mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Loose connection sensor (BT15, BT3)</li> <li>■ Defective sensor (BT15, BT13)</li> <li>■ Too little refrigerant</li> </ul>
267	Inv. err.	Failed start for compressor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Defective circuit board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Compressor fault</li> </ul>
268	Inv. err.	Overcurrent, Inverter A/F module	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sudden power failure</li> </ul>
271	Lw otd tmp	Temperature of BT28 below the value that permits operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Cold weather conditions</li> <li>■ Sensor fault</li> </ul>
272	High otd tmp	Temperature of BT28 above the value that permits operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Warm weather conditions</li> <li>■ Sensor fault</li> </ul>
277	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, heat exchanger in FDCW(Tho-R).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
278	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, outdoor temperature sensor in FDCW (Tho-A).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>

## Disturbance in comfort

Alarm nr.	Alarm text on the display	Description	May be due to
279	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, hot gas in FDCW (Tho-D).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
280	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, suction gas in FDCW (Tho-S)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> </ul>
281	Sensor fault from heat pump	Sensor fault, low pressure transmitter in FDCW.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Service valve closed</li> <li>■ Defective control board in FDCW</li> <li>■ Fault in the refrigerant circuit</li> </ul>
294	Incompatible heat pump	Heat pump and indoor module do not work properly together due to technical parameters.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Outdoor module and indoor module are not compatible.</li> </ul>
343	Low temp water out	Low water out temperature during cooling or tank defrost operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> <li>■ Too low return temperatur</li> </ul>
347	Temp high press	Temporary high pressure alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ No/low water flow</li> <li>■ Air in water system</li> </ul>
403	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor incoming water in indoor unit (BT3).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
404	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor high pressure heating/ low pressure cooling in indoor unit (BP4).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
412	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor outgoing water in indoor unit (BT12).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
415	Sensor fault from PCA 154	Sensor fault, Sensor fluid pipe in indoor unit (BT15).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Open circuit or short circuit on sensor input</li> <li>■ Sensor does not work (see section "Disturbances in comfort")</li> <li>■ Defective control board AA23 in indoor unit.</li> </ul>
418	Low temp water out	Anti-freeze protection water heat exchanger during defrost.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water flow</li> </ul>
419	Freeze prot. exch. defr.	Anti-freeze protection water heat exchanger during defrost.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Too low water return temperature</li> </ul>

## Accessories

### **EMK300M**

Part no. MCD291A013

### **EMK500M**

Part no. MCD291A014

### **Charge pump CPD 11**

Charge pump for heat pump

#### **CPD 11-25M/65**

Part no. MCD291A016

#### **CPD 11-25M/75**

Part no. MCD291A017

### **External electric additional heat ELK**

These accessories may require accessories card AXC 30 (step controlled addition).

#### **ELK 9M**

Immersion heater

9 kW 3 x 400 V

Part no. MCD291A015

### **Hot water control**

#### **VST 05M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø22

Max heat pump size 8 kW

Part no. MCD291A018

#### **VST 11M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø28

(Max recommended output, 17 kW)

Part no. MCD291A019

#### **VST 20M**

Reversing valve, Cu pipe Ø35

(Max recommended output, 40 kW)

Part no. MCD291A020

### **Reversing valve for cooling**

#### **VCC 05M**

Part no. MCD291A021

#### **VCC 11M**

Part no. MCD291A022

### **Electrical model**

#### **MEL 1030M**

Part no. MCD291A023

### **Anode**

#### **Anode for tank**

##### **Anode T300**

Part no. MCD291A024

##### **Anode T500**

Part no. MCD291A025

#### **Anode M300**

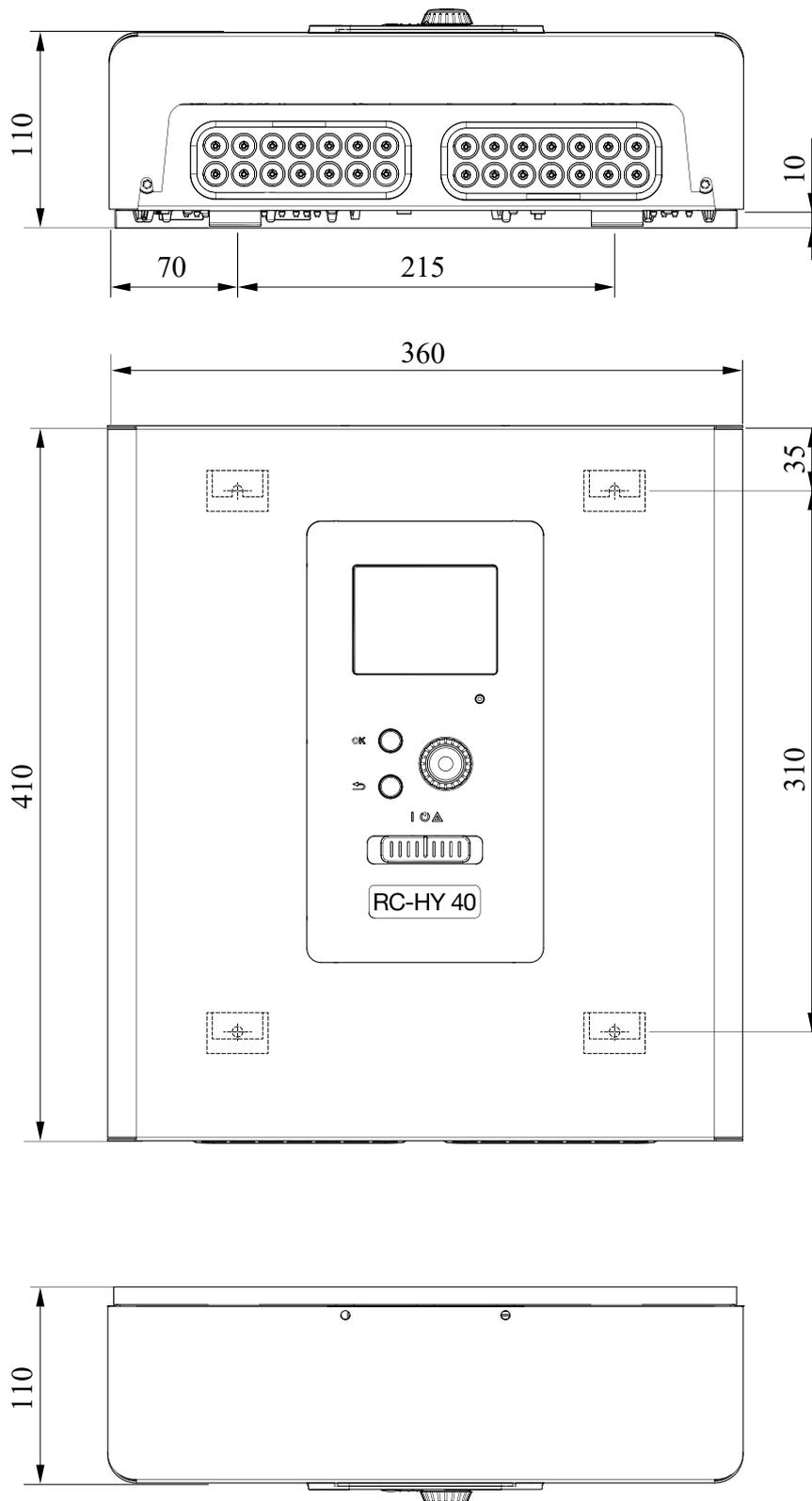
Part no. MCD291A026

#### **Anode M500**

Part no. MCD291A027

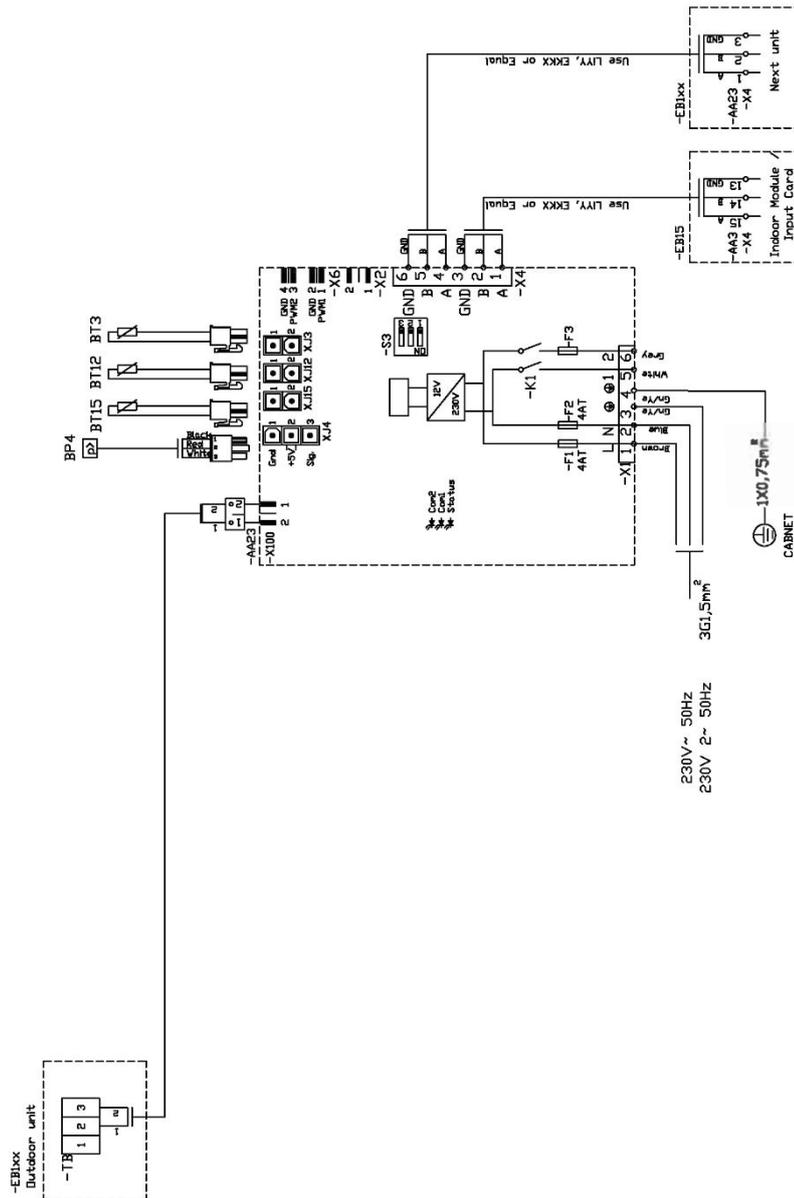
## Technical data

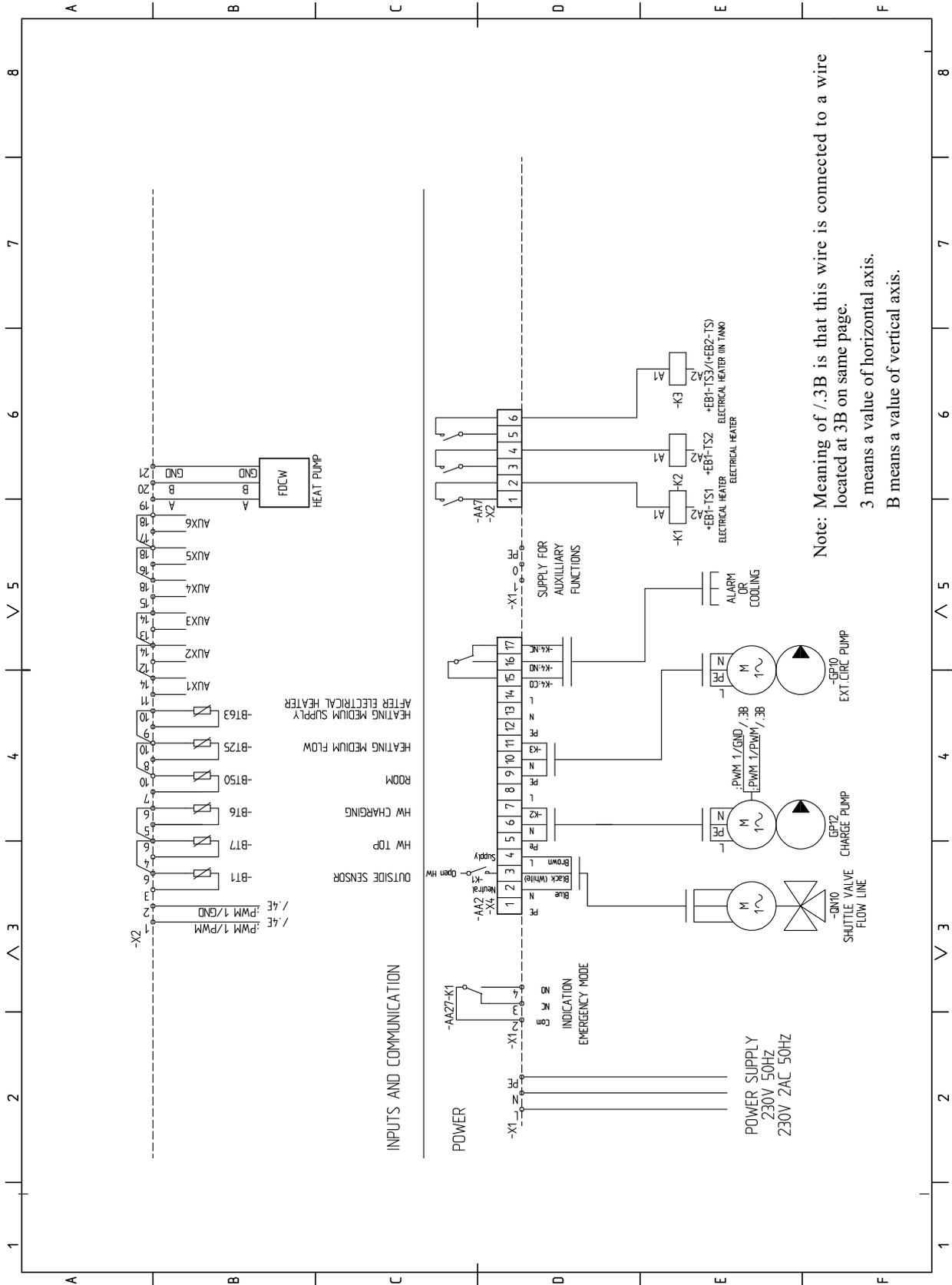
### Dimensions and setting-out coordinates

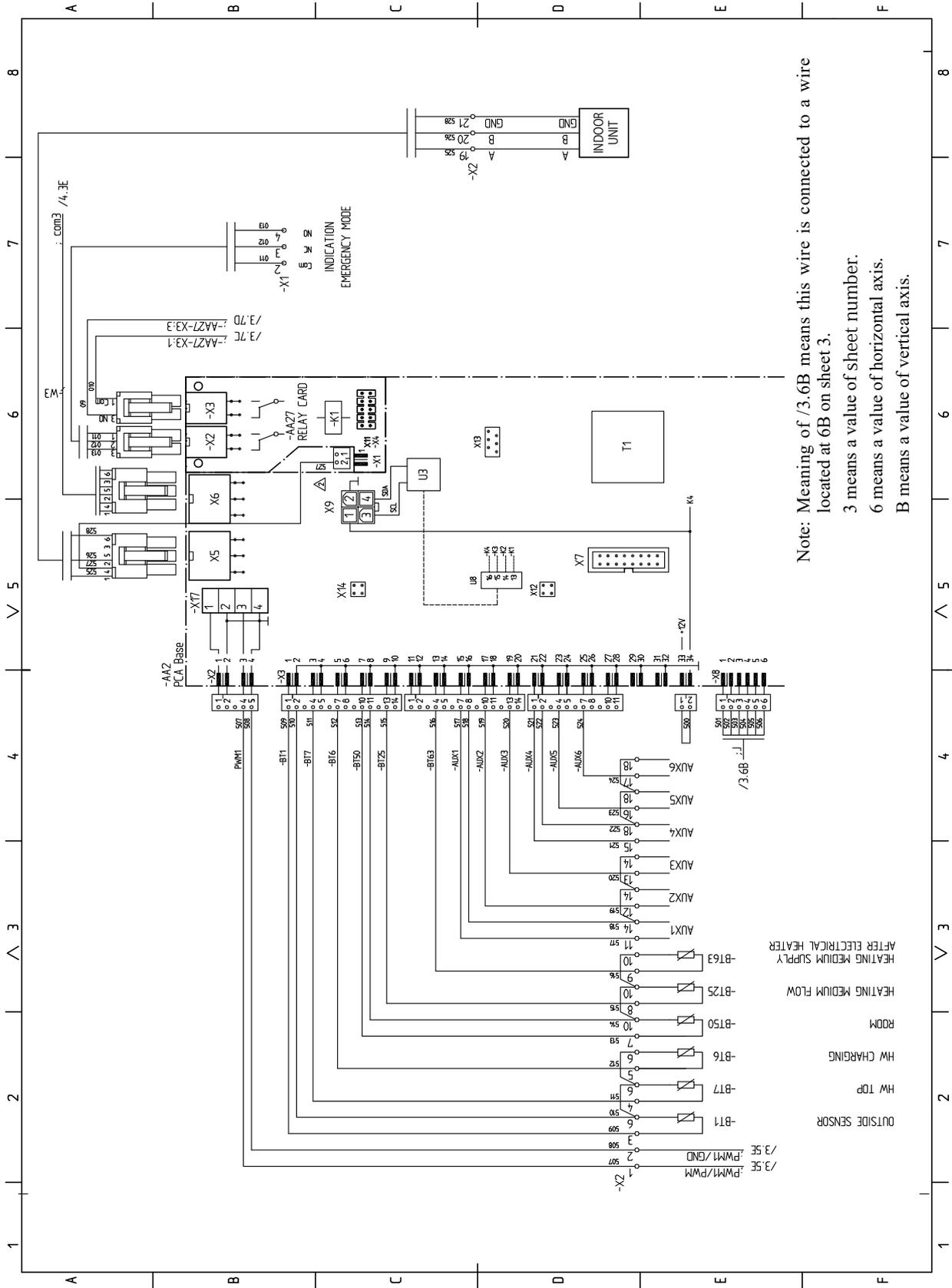


# Electrical circuit diagram

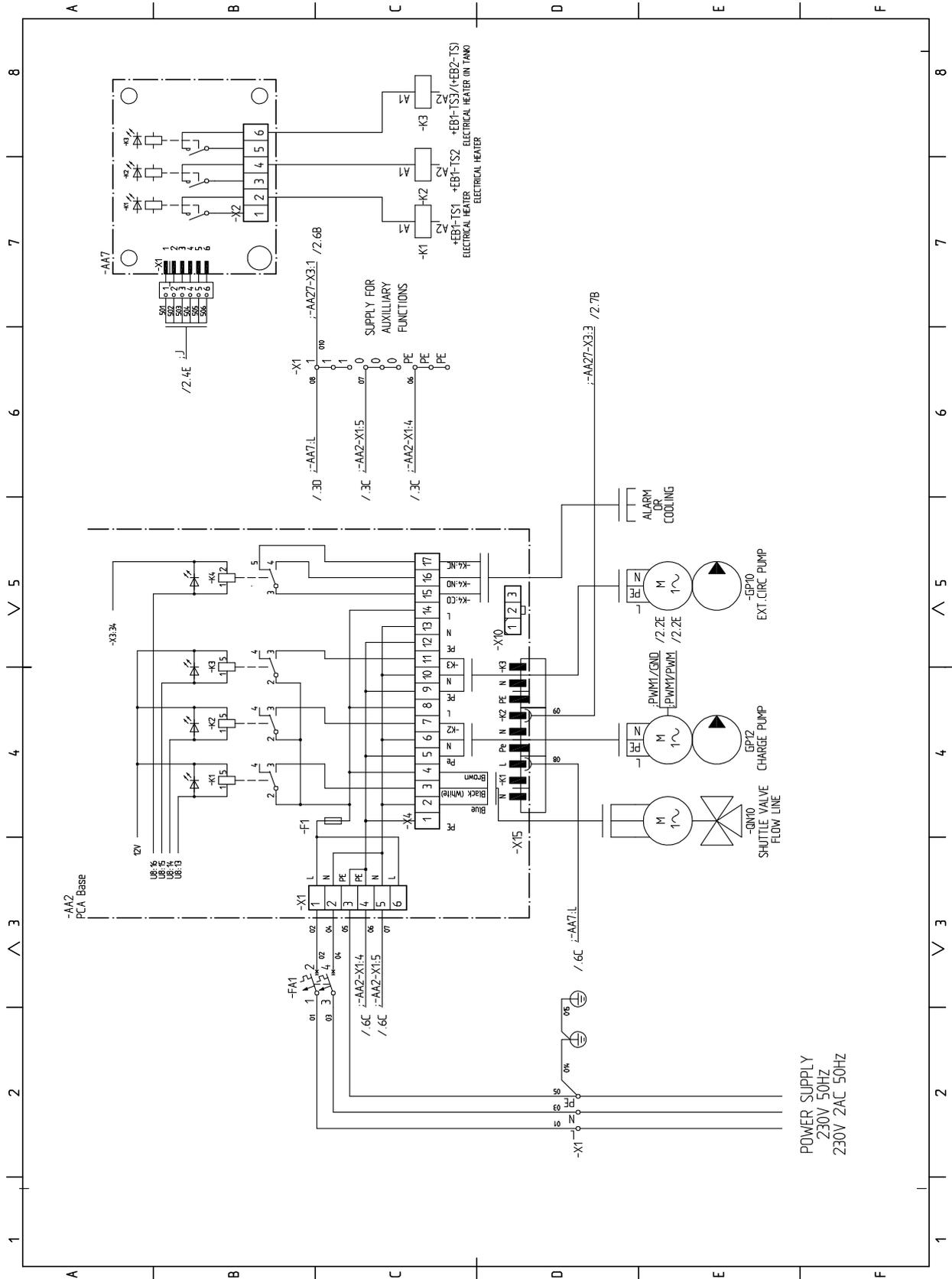
## HSB140





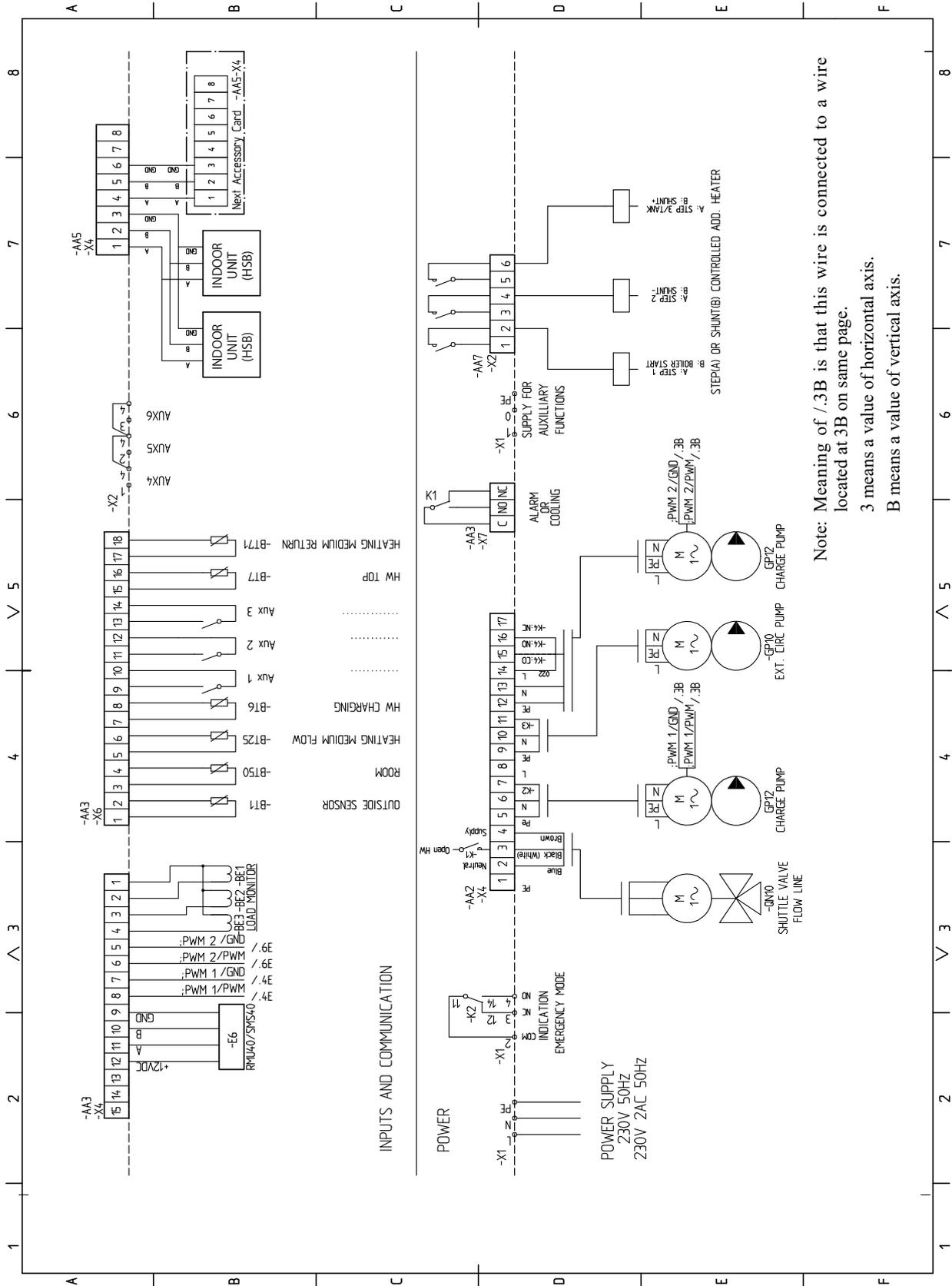


Note: Meaning of /3.6B means this wire is connected to a wire located at 6B on sheet 3.  
 3 means a value of sheet number.  
 6 means a value of horizontal axis.  
 B means a value of vertical axis.

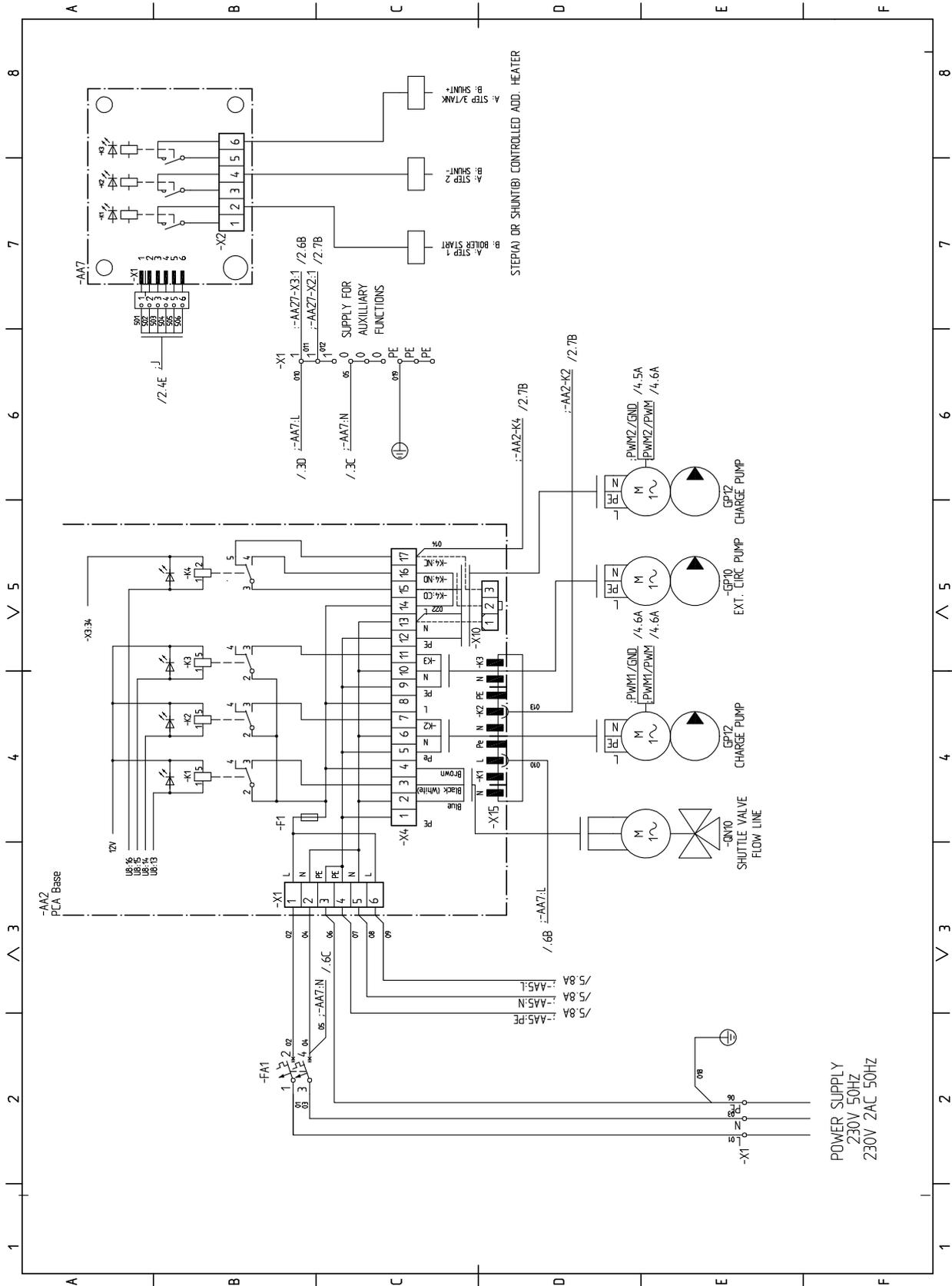


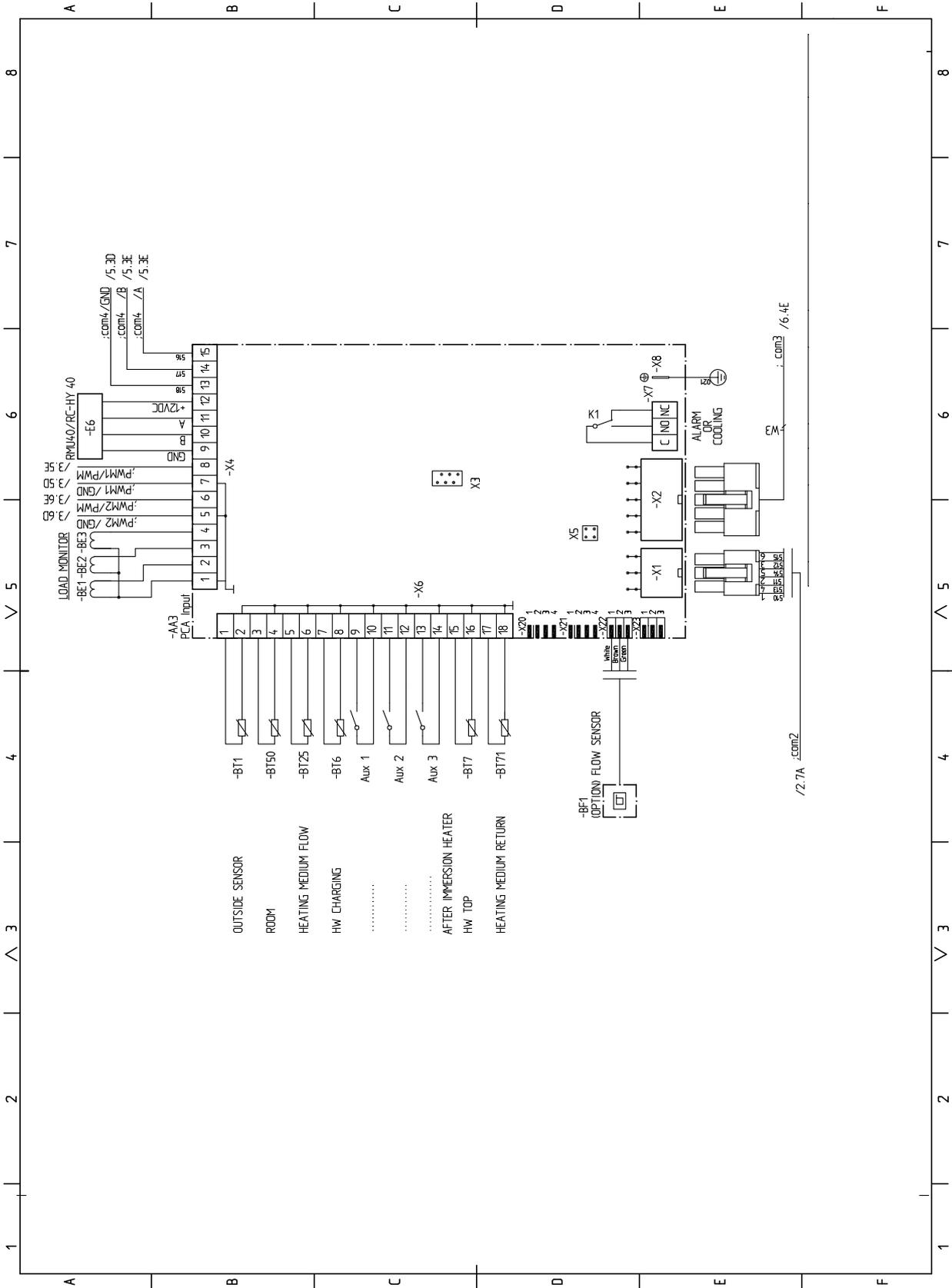
POWER SUPPLY  
230V 50HZ  
230V 2AC 50HZ



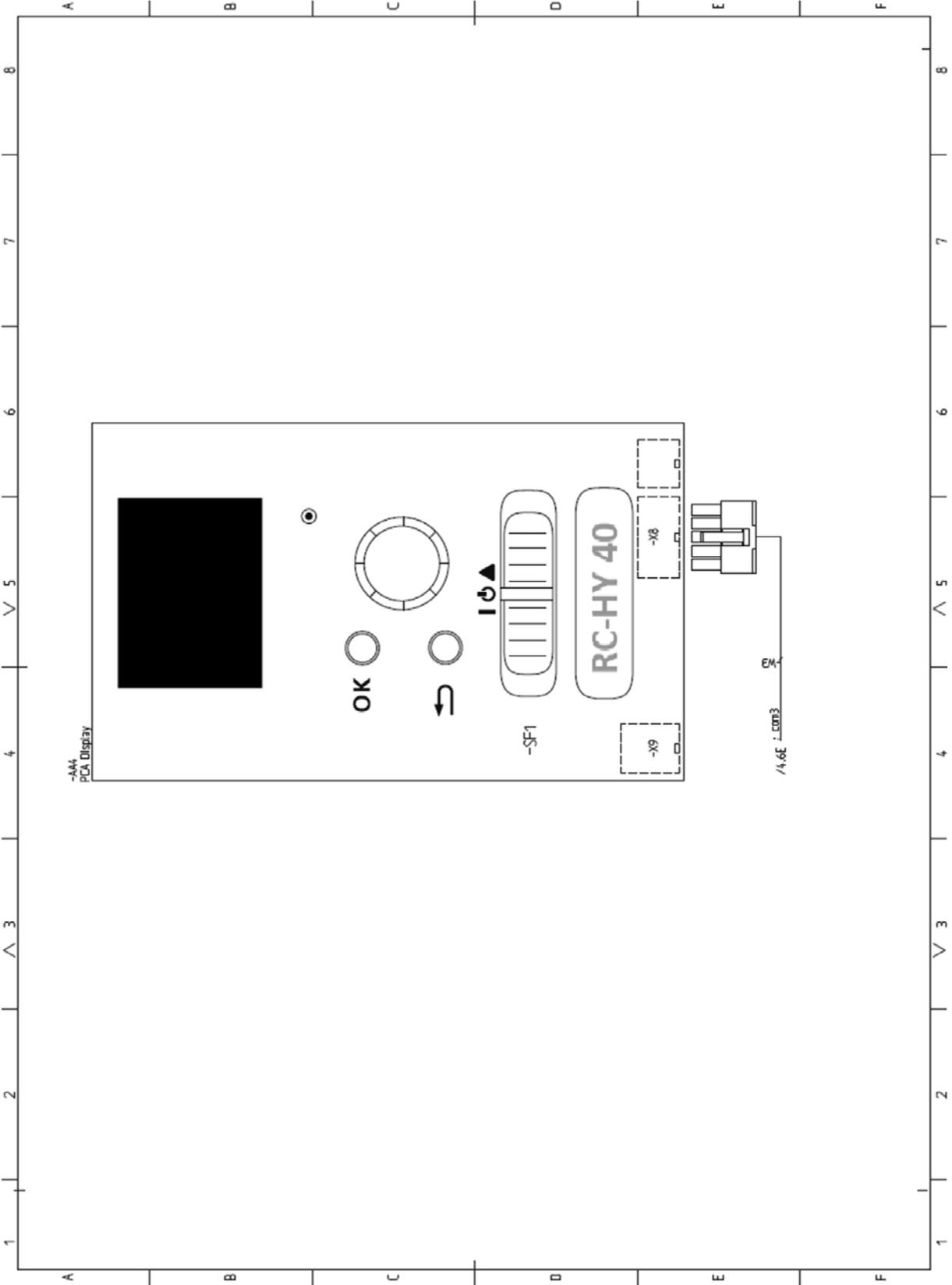














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